

Algebra II - Quiz 2 - 30 Marks

February 3, 2024: Time: One hour

1. Let G be a finite group. Show that the following are equivalent: (10 marks)

- (a) $|G|$ is prime.
- (b) $G \neq \langle 1_G \rangle$ and G has no proper subgroups.
- (c) $G \cong \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ for some prime p .

Handwritten notes:
 H_1, H_2, \dots, H_n
 K_1, K_2, \dots, K_n
 $H \cap K$

2. Let H and K be subgroups of G . Show that there is a bijection

$$\phi: H/(H \cap K) \rightarrow (HK)/K.$$

(5 marks)

Handwritten note: $H \cap K$ is normal to H

Handwritten notes:
 $H \cap K$ is normal to H
 K is normal to HK

3. Let $G = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}/p^2\mathbb{Z} \text{ \& } a \not\equiv 1 \pmod{p} \right\}$. Is G a group. If no justify. If yes determine the order of the group. (5 marks)

4. Let $n \geq 3$, $G = S_n$ be the symmetric group and A_n be the alternating group.

- (a) Let $\tau = (i_1 \ i_2 \ \dots \ i_r)$ be a cycle and σ any permutation. Suppose $\sigma(i_r) = j_r$. Show that $\sigma\tau\sigma^{-1} = (j_1 \ \dots \ j_r)$ (2 marks)

(b) Prove or disprove: Let $G = A_4$. There exists proper subgroups H and K such that $A_4 = H \times K$. [Hint: Consider $\phi: H \times K \rightarrow G$] (8 marks)

Handwritten notes for (b):
 $A_4 = C_3 \times V_4$
 (123)
 $(12)(34)$
 $(14)(23)$
 $(13)(24)$
 (1234)
 (1324)
 (1423)
 (1342)

Handwritten notes for (b):
 4123
 3412
 2341
 1234