

# Report 1: Rudy the HTTP Server

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## 1 Introduction

*Summary of the work you've done, what are the topics we cover in this seminar, etc. Remember that you should deliver this report at the start of the seminar.*

The main goal of this assignment was to implement a simple HTTP server using Erlang. The server had to be able to receive connections from a socket, parse the HTTP request and send back an answer. Another important aspect was to understand more about Erlang processes and how to use them to handle multiple clients concurrently. Finally I had to evaluate the performance of my server comparing the different implementation approaches I explored.

## 2 Main problems and solutions

*Summarize your problems, proposed solutions, etc. You do not need to copy&paste your code. Only if needed, you may write down small code snippets to show how you have solved a specific problem/question.*

The first task was to create a simple HTTP server that could handle requests sequentially. This was quite straightforward using the built-in `gen_tcp` module to handle socket connections. Once I implemented the basic server, I did a benchmark to see how it performed handling 100 requests sequentially.

Listing 1: Benchmarking the sequential server

```
1 (client@DORORO)1> test:bench(localhost, 8080).  
2 Time Elapsed 174.338 ms  
3 ok
```

Normalizing the time elapsed by the number of requests, I got an average latency of 1.743 ms per request. Hence our server is able to handle around 573 requests per second.

The next step was to add a small processing delay (40 ms) to simulate a more realistic scenario and see if the overhead given by the parsing of the request is significant.

Listing 2: Benchmarking the sequential server with processing delay

```
1 (client@DORORO)1> test:bench(localhost, 8080).
2 Time Elapsed 4408.464 ms
3 ok
```

The artificial delay radically increases the latency time to 44 ms per request, showing that the overhead of the server is negligible compared to the processing time.

### 3 Evaluation

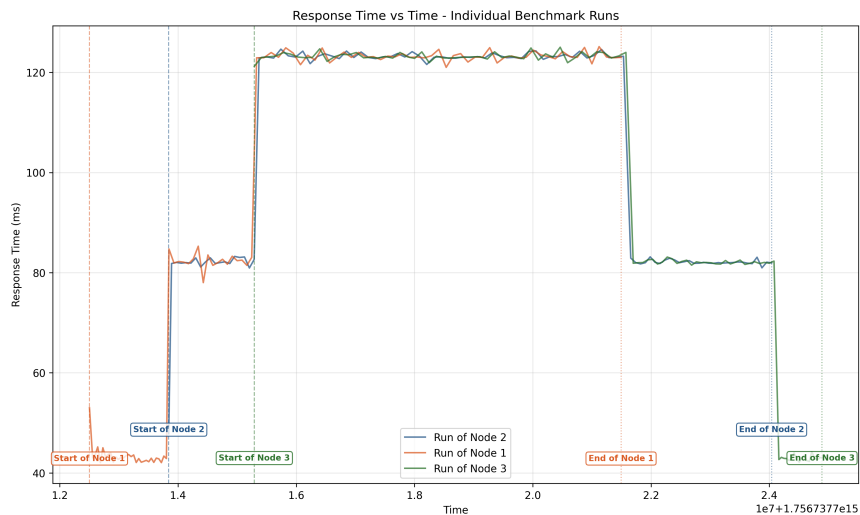


Figure 1: Latency Comparison (Sequential)

### 4 Conclusions

*Change the layout of this template as you want. It's only for your guidance but if you feel that you need a different structure, feel free to change it. The report should not be too long ( $\approx$  2-3 pages).*

What have you learnt from the problem presented? Was it useful?

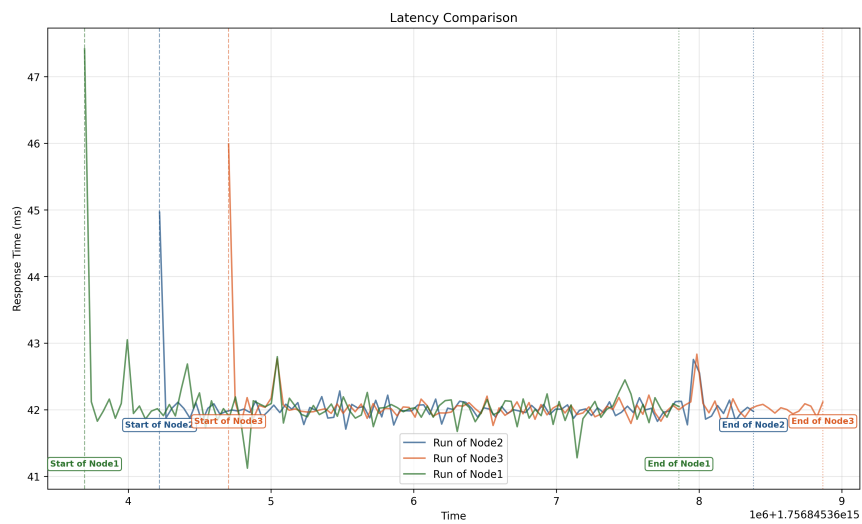


Figure 2: Latency Comparison (Concurrent)