



# Regulation of transposable element transposition at the final layer

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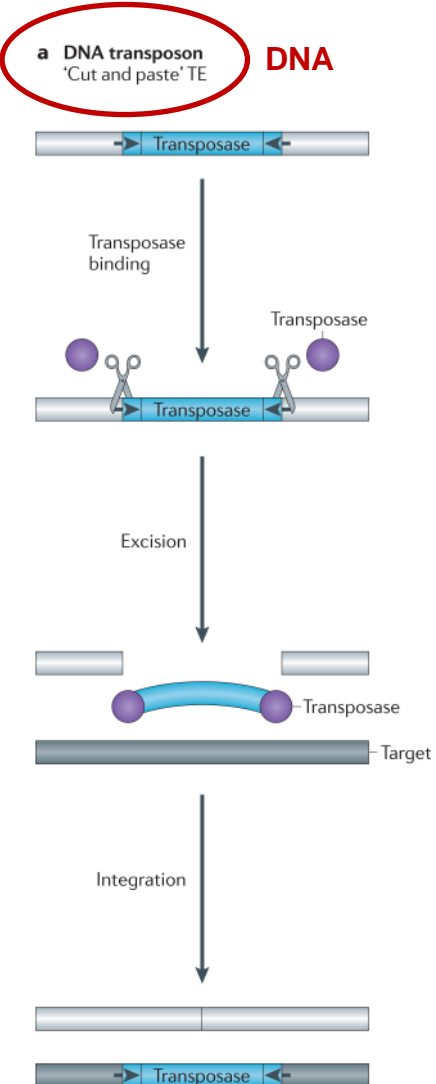
August 7, 2020

Department of Biomedical Informatics

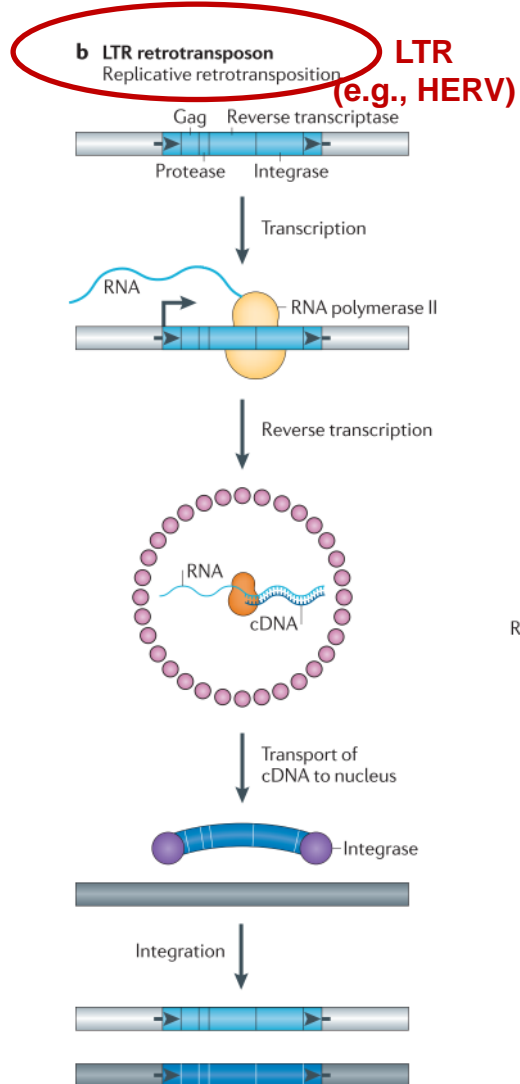
Ohio State University

# Transposable element (TE)

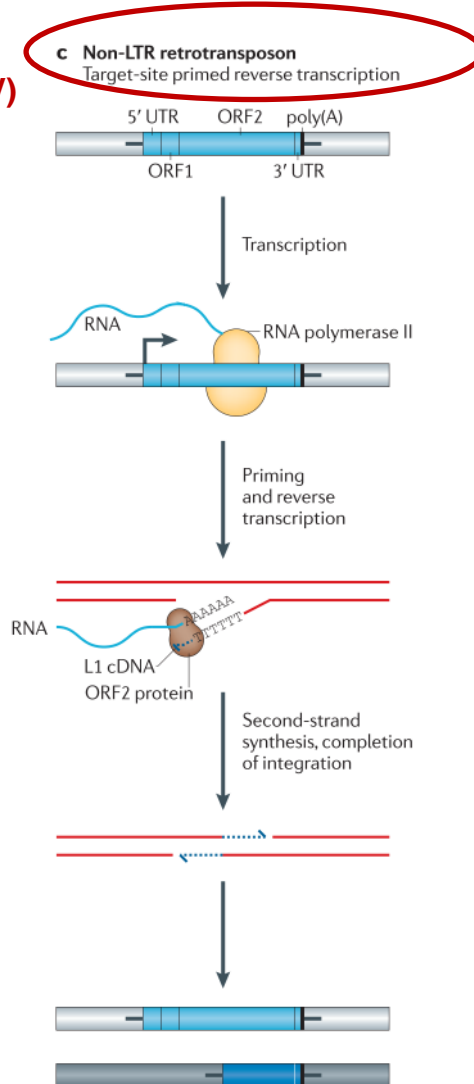
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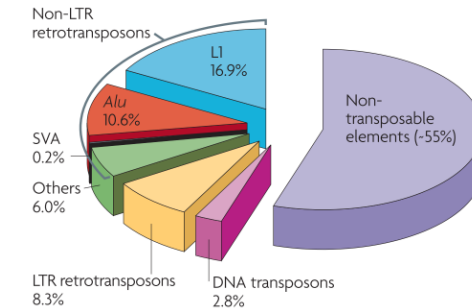
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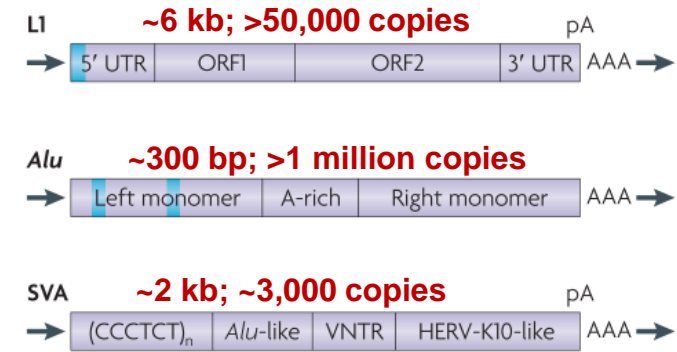
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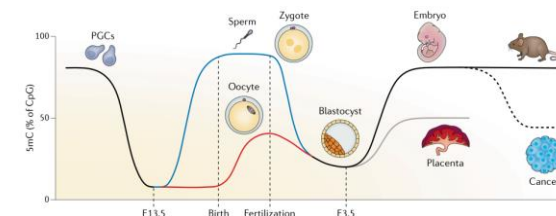
## ➤ ~45% of human genome



## ➤ Active TEs

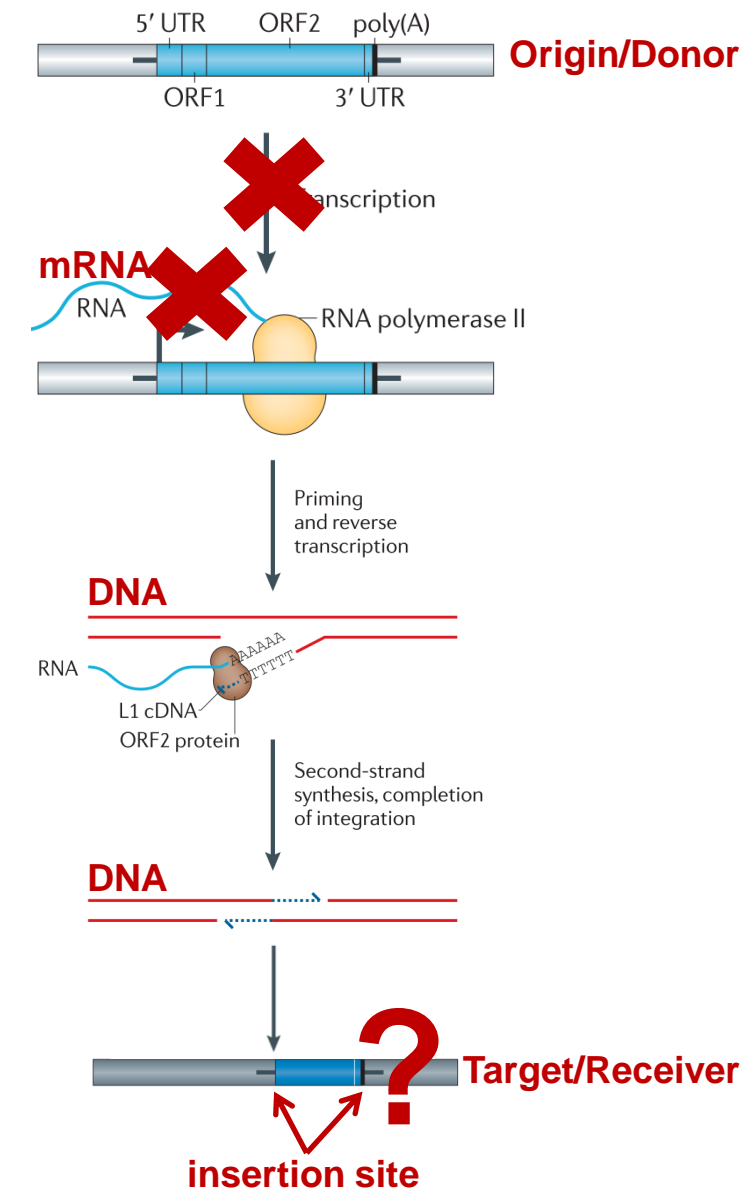


## ➤ Transposition/mobilization



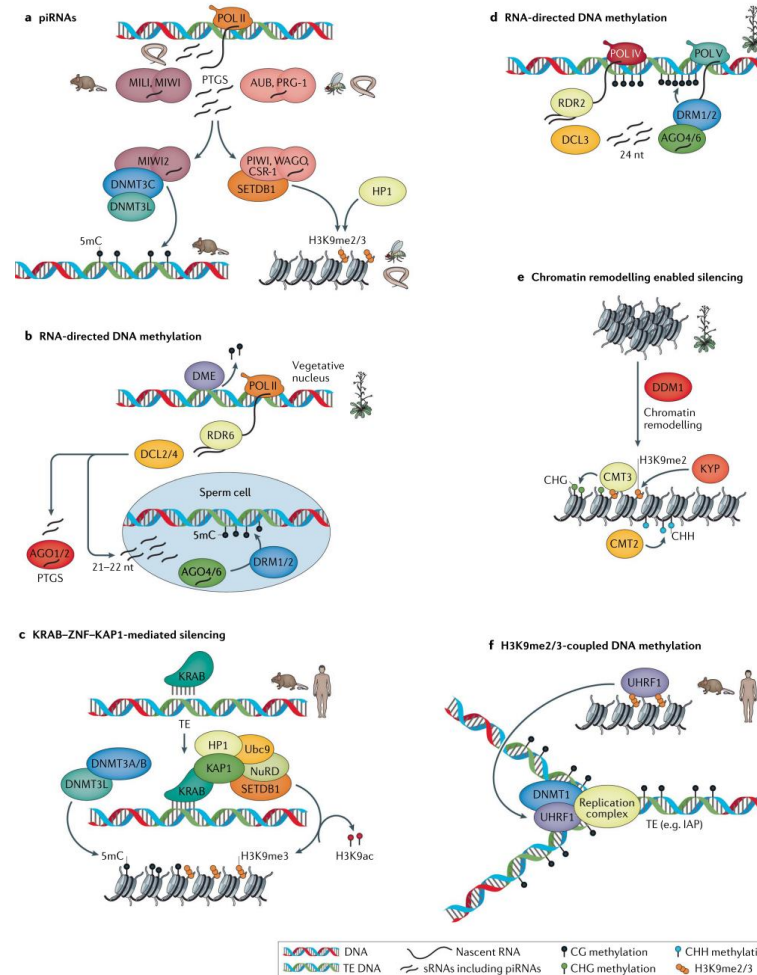
# Regulation of TE activity at different layers

## ➤ L1 transposition process



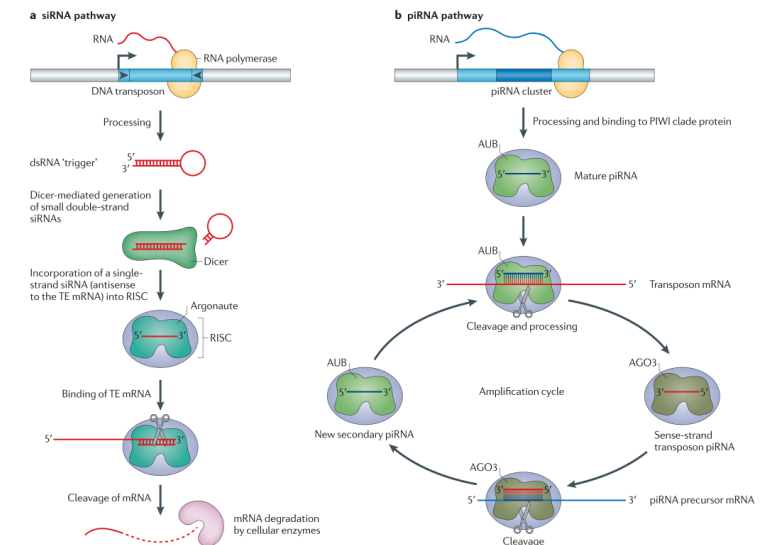
## ➤ First-layer defense: Transcription repression

- DNA methylation
- Histone modification
- Transcription factor



## ➤ Second-layer defense: mRNA degradation

- Small interfering RNA
- miRNA
- piRNA



## ➤ Final-layer defense: Receiver (target genomic region)

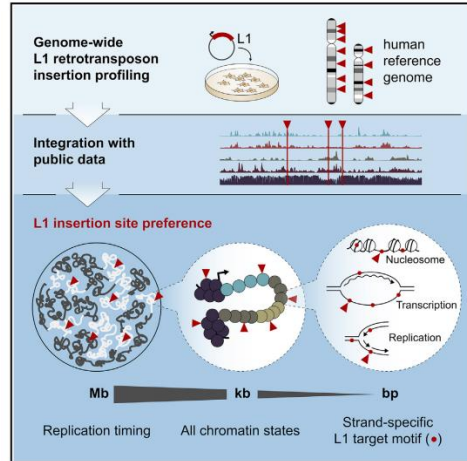
- Sequence feature
- Epigenetic status
- ...

# Regulation of L1 transposition at the final layer: insights from *in vitro* studies

## Molecular Cell

### The Landscape of L1 Retrotransposons in the Human Genome Is Shaped by Pre-insertion Sequence Biases and Post-insertion Selection

#### Graphical Abstract



#### Authors

Tania Sultana, Dominic van Essen, Oliver Siol, ..., Jean-Christophe Andrau, Nicolas Gilbert, Gael Cristofari

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#### In Brief

Sultana, van Essen, et al. report the genome-wide profiling of new L1 retrotransposon insertions in cultured cells. They uncover the contribution of sequence and genomic contexts on integration site selection, its link with host DNA replication, and the role of post-integration selection in the genomic distribution of L1 elements.

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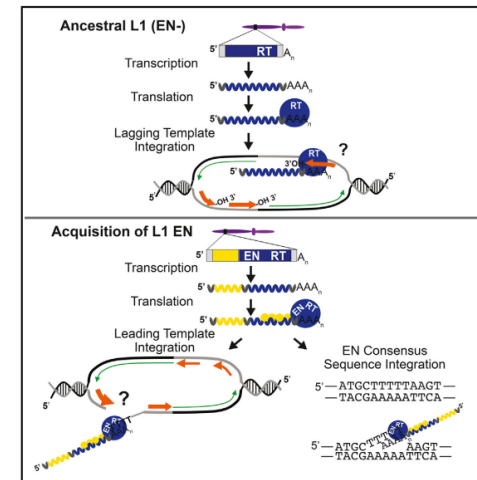
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- Ion Torrent
- ~400 bp
- WGS
- HeLa cell line
- 1565 insertions

## Cell

### Genome-wide *de novo* L1 Retrotransposition Connects Endonuclease Activity with Replication

#### Graphical Abstract



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- PacBio
- 300-1200 bp
- Target
- 4 human cell lines
- >88,000 insertions

#### Authors

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#### In Brief

The examination of *de novo* engineered L1 retrotransposition events in cultured human cells reveals that L1 endonuclease activity and DNA replication dictate L1 insertion preferences and promote its widespread integration throughout the human genome.

# Genomic/epigenomic feature of L1 insertion sites

Sample	HeLa	PA-1	NPC	hESC
# Independent Samples	7	12	9	10
PacBio CCS Read Counts	280,780	284,764	205,376	232,039
Unique L1 Insertions	21,497	27,777	12,117	3,582

- HeLa: epithelial, adenocarcinoma
- PA-1: epithelial, teratocarcinoma
- hESC: H9 cell line
- NPC: H9-derived neural progenitor cells

## ○ Sequence



## ○ Homogeneous throughout the genome

- Genic
- Intergenic
- Functional elements (enhancer, promoter)

## ○ No/weak association with

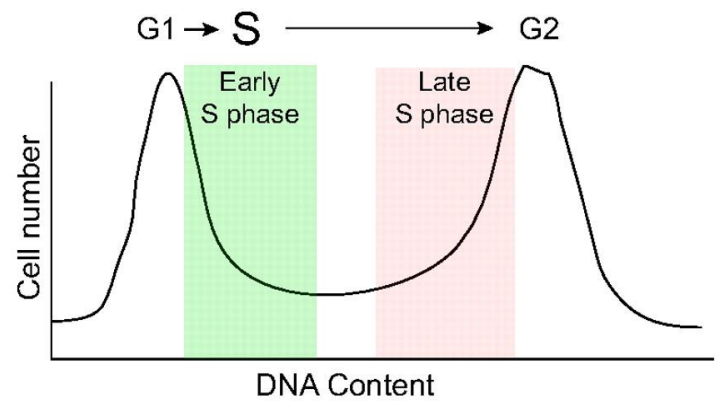
- Gene transcription
- Histone modifications
- Chromatin accessibility



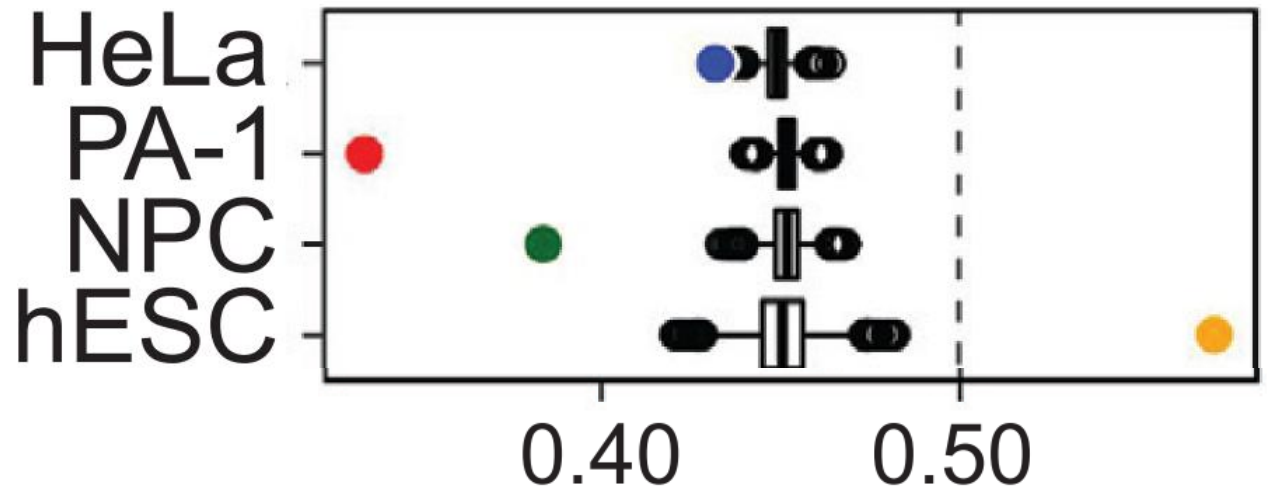
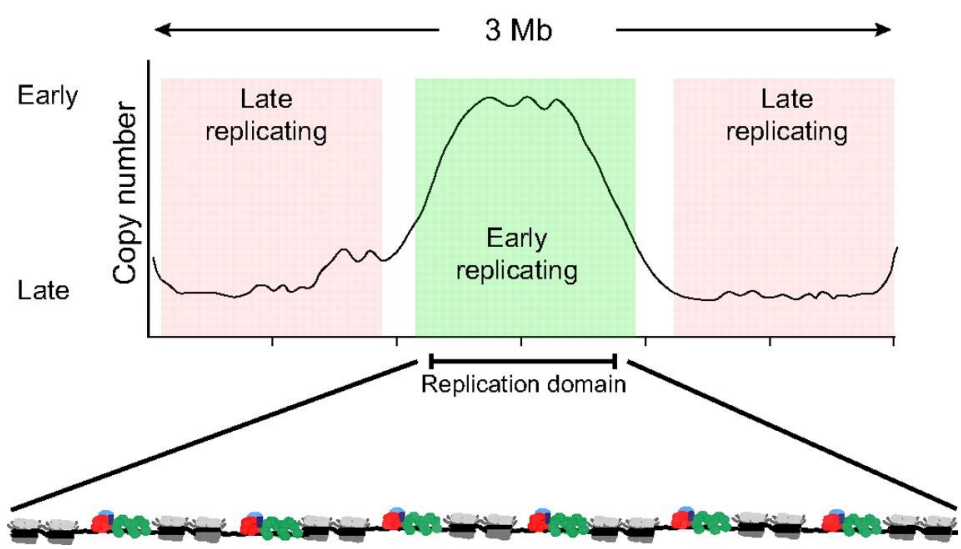
# L1 insertion vs Replication timing: early (hESC) or late (PA-1) S phase of cell cycle

## DNA replication

A Analyzing replication domains

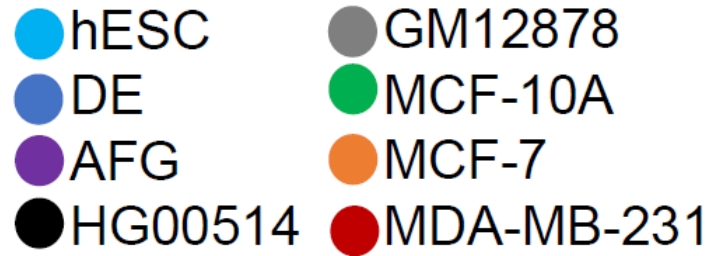


B A replication domain

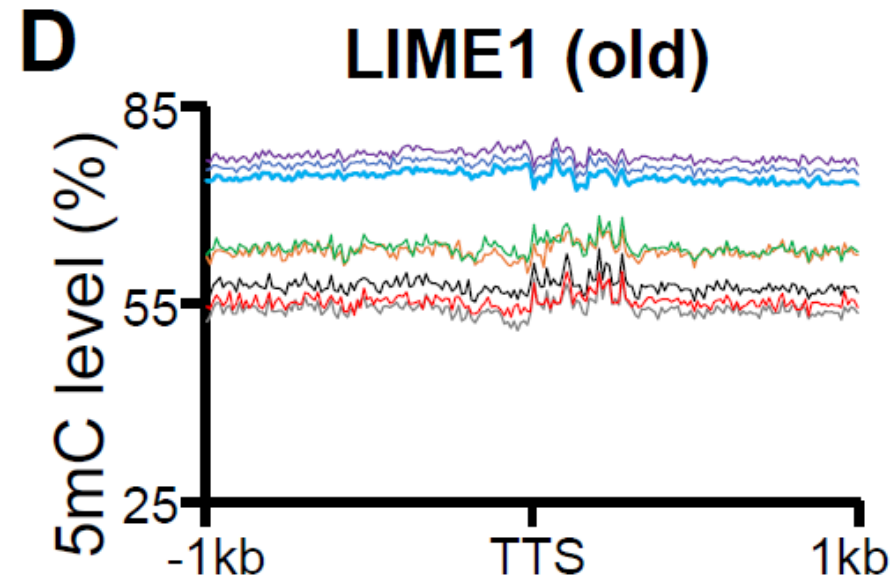
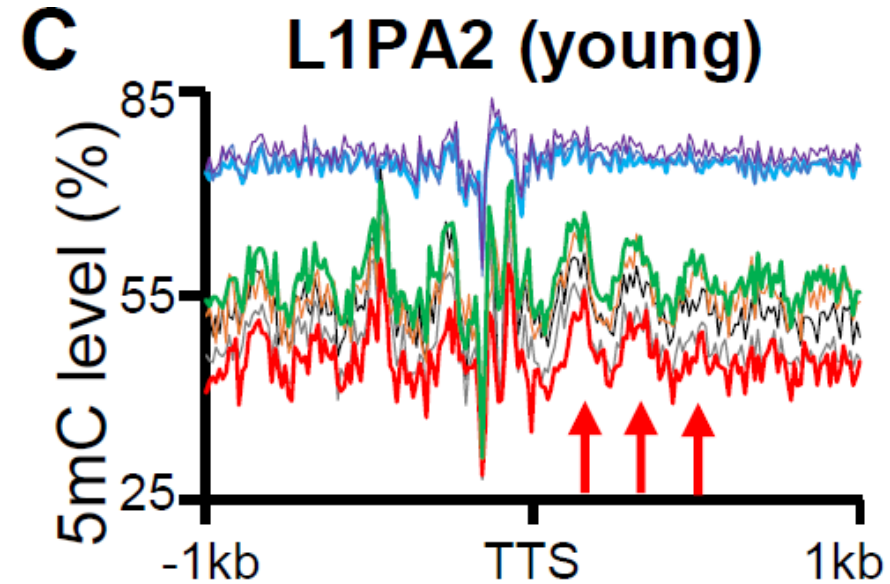


**Fraction of L1 insertions at the early replication region**

# Differential DNA methylation pattern between cell types?



- hESC: human embryo stem cell
- DE: definitive endoderm
- AFG: anterior foregut
- HG00514/GM12878: lymphocyte
- MCF-10A: epithelial, breast tissue
- MCF-7/MDA-MB-231: breast cancer

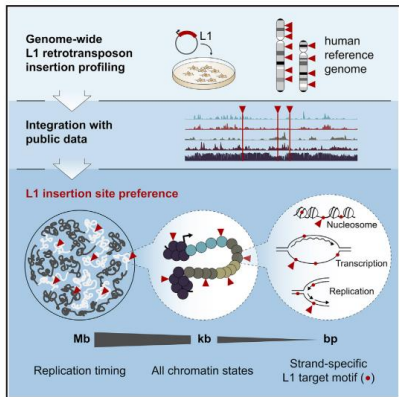


# Limits and Directions

# Molecular Cell

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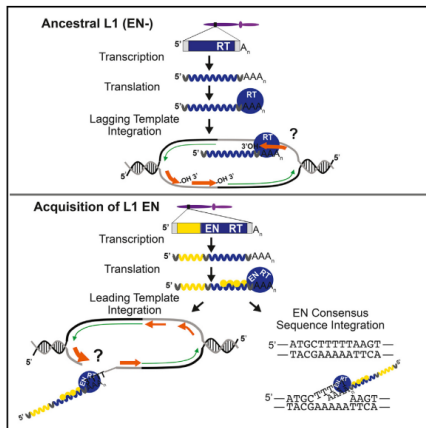
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## Cell

## Genome-wide *de novo* L1 Retrotransposition Connects Endonuclease Activity with Replication

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## In Brief

The examination of *de novo* engineered L1 retrotransposition events in cultured human cells reveals that L1 endonuclease activity and DNA replication dictate L1 insertion preferences and promote its widespread integration throughout the human genome.

- Full-length insight of L1 insertion
  - MeSMLR-seq
- Matched data for epigenetic markers
  - DNA methylation
  - Chromatin accessibility
  - Nucleosome positioning

- Blind to the full-length of L1 insertions
  - 3'end PacBio target sequencing (Cell)
  - Short-read sequencing (Mol Cell)
- No matched data for epigenetics data
  - Before and after L1 insertion
- No DNA methylation or nucleosome positioning analyses
- Association

## MeSMLR-seq + Others

- **TE/L1 insertion**
- **DNA replication**
- **DNA methylation**
- **Nucleosome positioning**



**Thanks**