

# Programmation Impérative 2 - L2 Informatique

Solutions exo TD 4

## Exercice I -

```
#include <stdlib.h>

struct fish {
    const char *name;
    const char *species;
    int teeth;
    int age;
};

void catalog(struct fish f) {
    printf("%s is a %s with %d teeth. He is %d\n", f.name , f.species , f.teeth , f.age );
}

int main() {
    struct fish snappy = {"Snappy", "Piranha", 69, 4};
    catalog(snappy);

    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

## Exercice II -

```
1 b
2 d
3 f
4 g
5 a
6 c
7 e
```

## Exercice III -

1. struct fish snappy = {"Snappy", "Piranha", 69, 4, {"meat",0.2},{ "swim in the jacuzzi", 7.5}}};
2. void label(struct fish a)  
{  
 printf("Name:%s\nSpecies:%s\n%d years old, %d teeth\n", a.name, a.species, a.age,a.teeth);  
 printf("Feed with %.2f lbs of %s and allow to %s for %.2f hours\n", a.care.food.weight, a.care.food.ingredients, a.care.exercise.description, a.care.exercise.duration);  
}

#### Exercice IV -

```
1 b
2 j
3 a
4 d
5 e
6 g
7 c
8 f
9 i
10 h
11 k
12 l
```

#### Exercice V -

```
void display(island *start) {
    island *i = start;

    for (; i != NULL ; i = i->next) {
        printf("Name: %s open: %s-%s\n", i->name , i->opens, i-> closes);
    }
}
```

#### Exercice VI -

```
island* create(char *name) {
    island *i = (island*) allocation_mem(1,sizeof(island));
    i->name = (char *) allocation_mem(strlen(name)+1,sizeof(char));
    strcpy(i->name,name);
    i->opens = "09:00";
    i->closes = "17:00";
    i->next = NULL;
    return i;
}
```

A noter, la commande `i->name = strdup(name);` peut remplacer les 2 lignes au dessus de `i->name : (char *) ...; strcpy(i->name,name);`

```
void release(island *start) {
    island *i = start;
    island *next = NULL;
    for (; i != NULL; i = next) {
        next = i->next ;
        libere_mem_peda((void **)&(i->name)); //cf TD3
        libere_mem_peda((void **)&i); // cf TD3
    }
}
```

```

void main(){
    island *start = NULL;
    island *i = NULL;
    island *next = NULL;
    char name[80];

    for(; fgets(name,80, stdin) != NULL ;i= next ){
        next = create(name);

        if (start == NULL)
            start = next;
        if (i != NULL)
            i-> next = next;
    }
    display(start);
    release(start);
}

```

#### Exercise VII -

```

1 f
2 a
3 c
4 d
5 b
6 e

```