

# *COEN-352*

## *Tutorial #8*

---

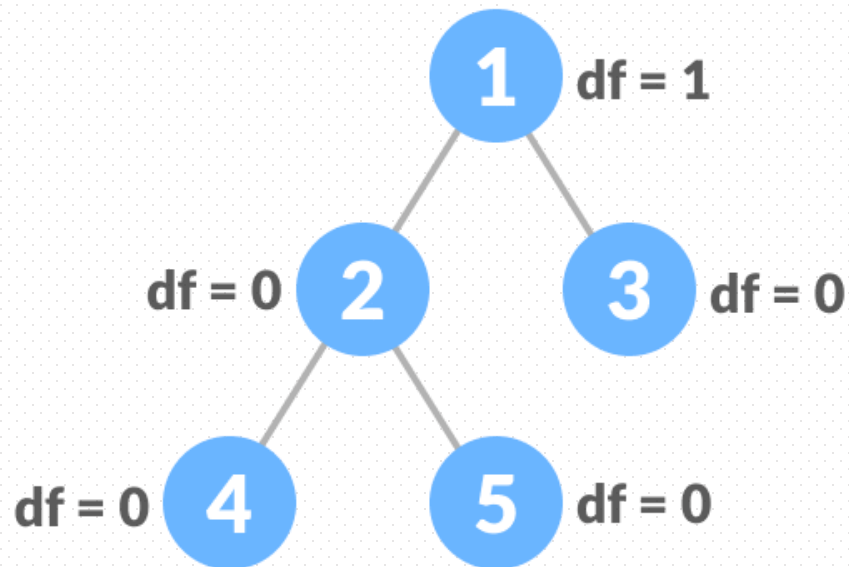
March 20<sup>th</sup>, 2023

# Balanced & Unbalanced Trees

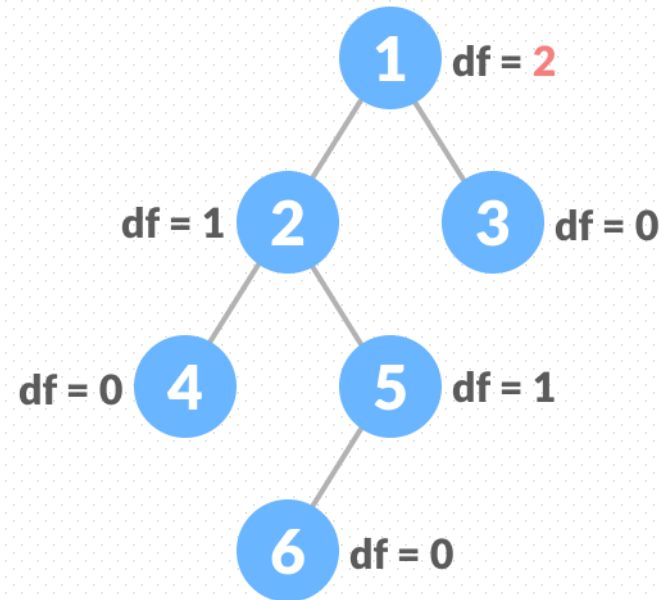
**Balanced Tree:** a binary tree in which the height of the left and right subtree of any node differ by not more than 1:

- Difference between the left and the right subtree for any node is not more than one
- The left subtree and right subtree are balanced

Balanced Tree



Unbalanced Tree



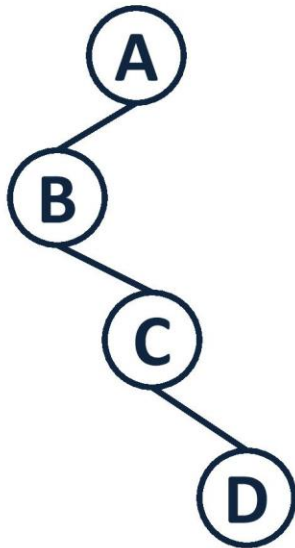
$df = |\text{height of left child} - \text{height of right child}|$

# Useless Binary Search Tree

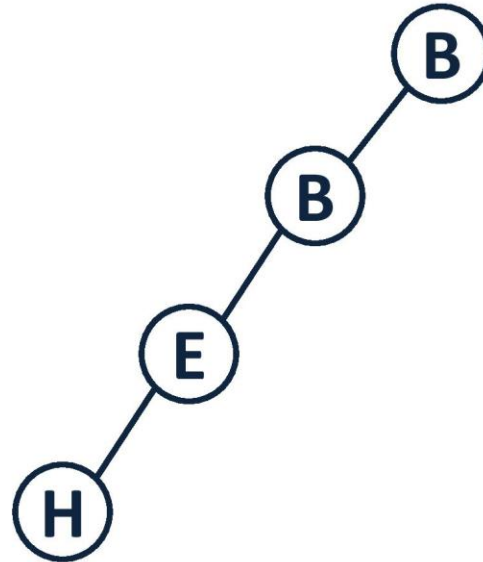
---

- What is the worst-case Binary Search Implementation?

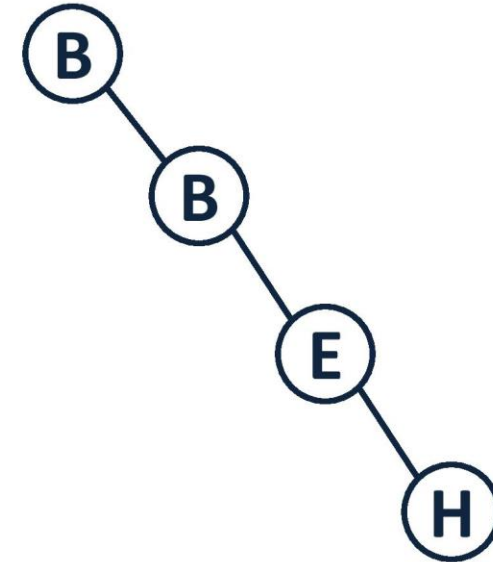
**Pathological Tree**



**Left Skewed Tree**



**Right Skewed Tree**



Source: <https://codepumpkin.com/binary-tree-types-introduction/>

# Self-Balancing Binary Trees

---

## **Self-balancing Binary Search Trees (SBBST):**

- A type of BST which tries to balance itself, in case of arbitrary insertions and deletions, by using **rotations** mainly.
- The height is typically maintained in order of **Log n** so that all operations take **O(Log n)** time on average.

## **Types of SBBST:**

- **Red-black tree:** A tree that balances itself based on coloring
- **AVL tree:** Tree rotations are done on the Nodes
- **2-3 tree:** Each node can either have two or three children

# AVL Trees

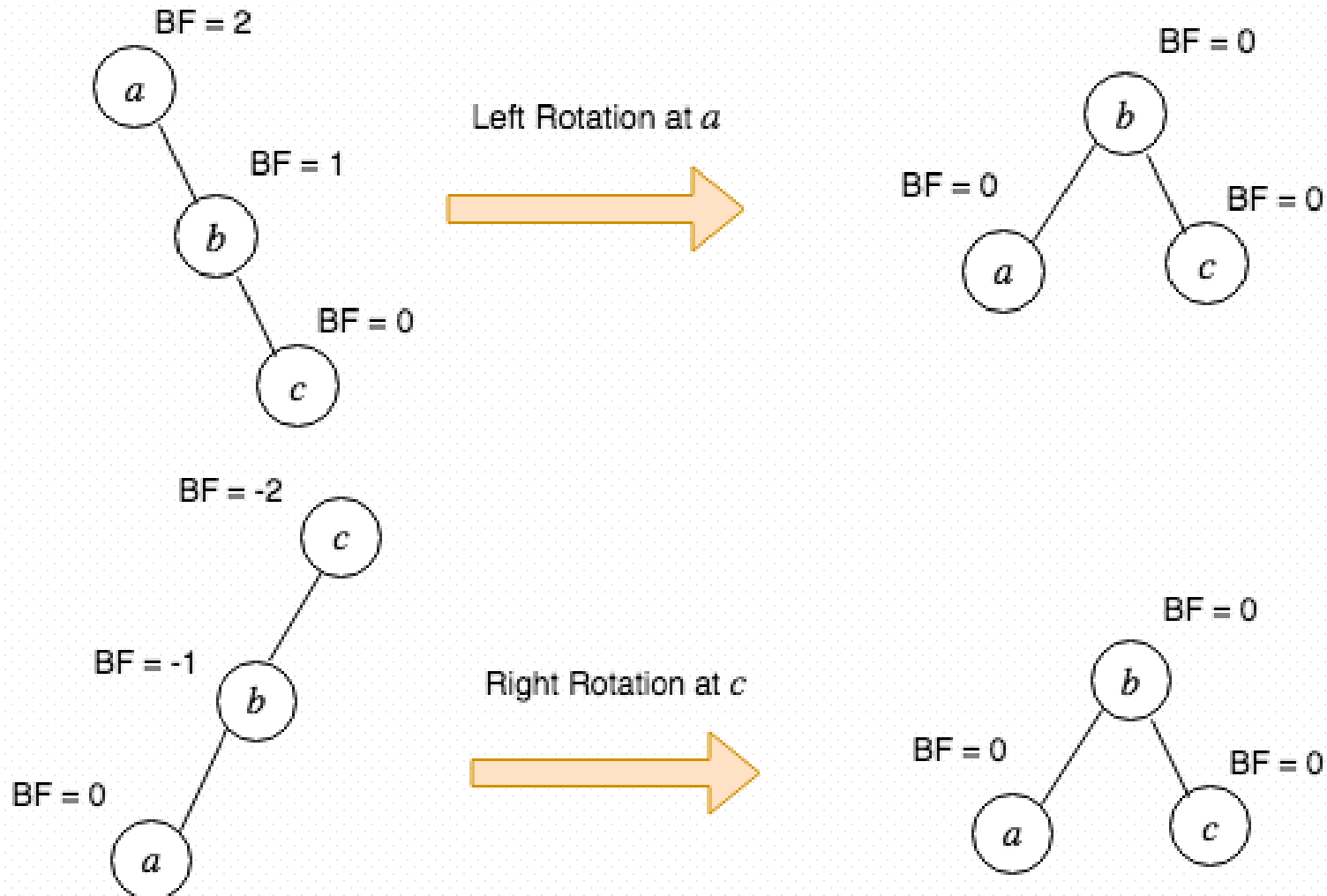
---

**AVL Trees** are height balanced binary search trees that does only frequent rotations after arbitrary insertions and deletions.

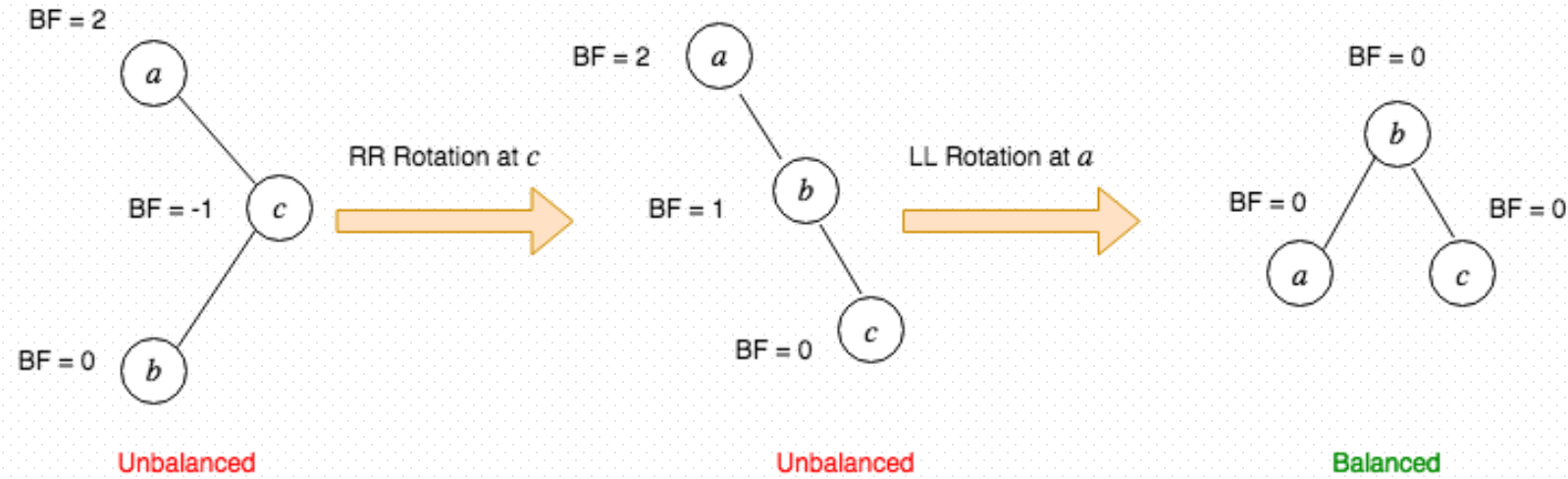
## **Rotations:**

- Left Rotation (LL)
- Right Rotation (RR)
- Left-Right Rotation (LR)
- Right-Left Rotation (RL)

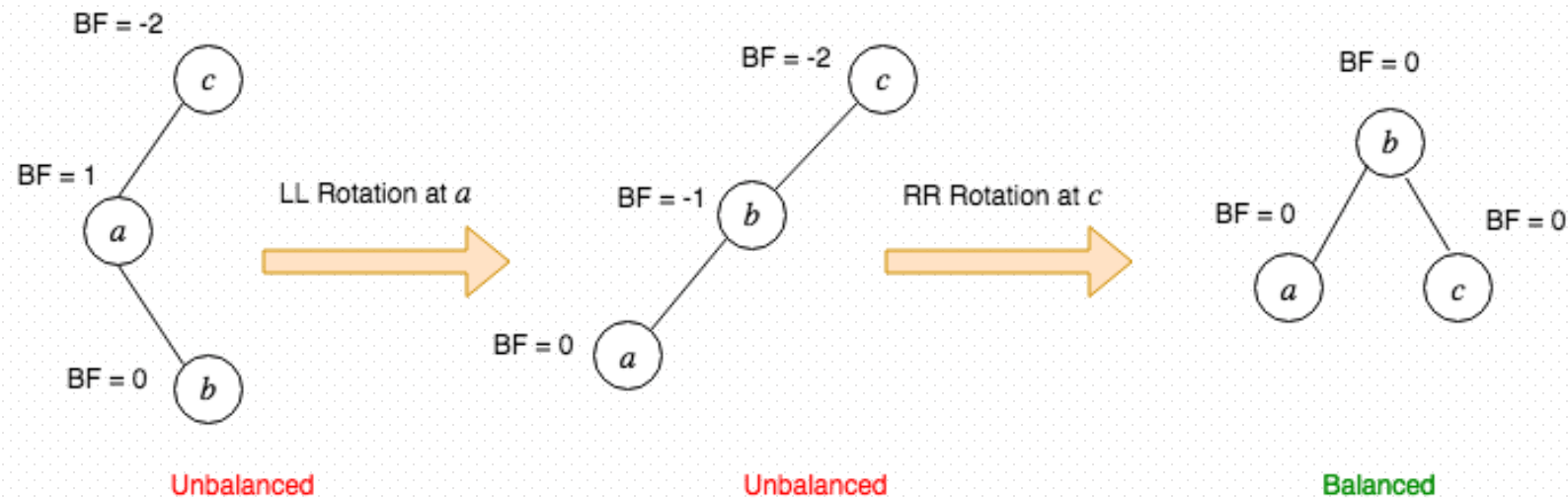
# AVL Trees - Left and Right Rotations



# AVL Trees – Left-Right and Right-Left Rotations



LR Rotation



RL Rotation

*THANK YOU*

---