# COMP-352 Tutorial #3

## Abstract Data Types

**ADT** is a type of objects whose behaviour is defined by the set of values and operations.

- ADT vs In-built data types
- Only Definition: ADTs are implementation-independent
- Examples: List, Stack, Queue...etc.
- Case: Implementation of Queue ADT based on LL vs Arrays
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/abstract-data-types/

#### Some ADTs

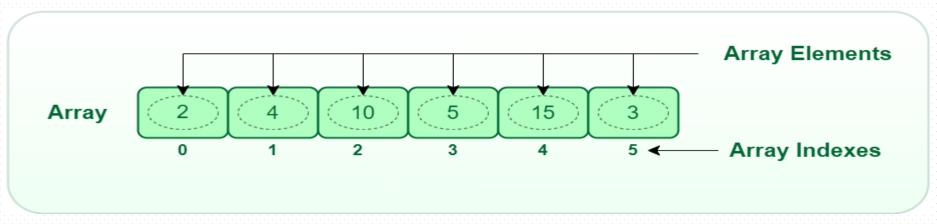
#### **ARRAYS:**

- Elements are stored in sequential memory addresses, thus INDEXES
- Faster access to Element
- Really good in Arithmetic operations
- Defined Size, allocated during compile time

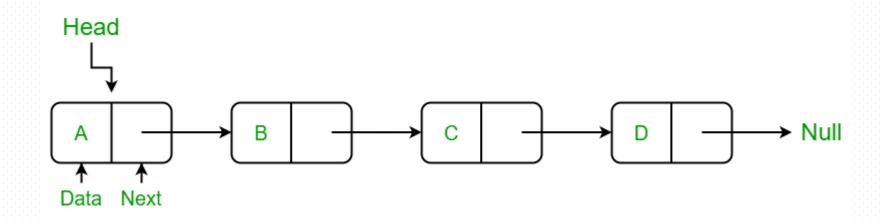
#### LISTS:

- Elements are not contiguous stored, they point to the next elements
- Elements are usually composed of pointers, one to the next and the other to a DS
- Really good with Insertions
- Dynamic Size, allocated during the run time

## Arrays & Linked Lists



ARRAYS: <a href="https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/array-data-structure/">https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/array-data-structure/</a>



LINKED LISTS: <a href="https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/what-is-linked-list/">https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/what-is-linked-list/</a>

## Some ADTs (cont'd)

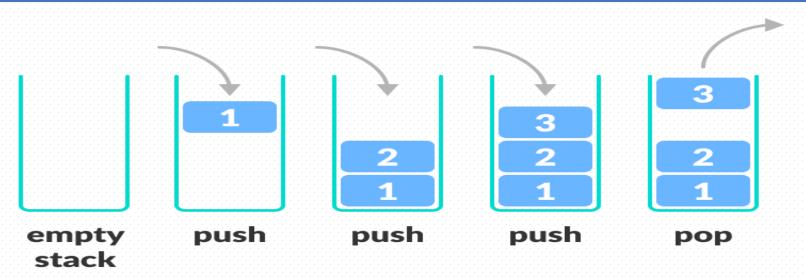
#### STACKS:

- Elements are stored on top of each other
- It follows the LIFO (Last In, First Out) ordering
- Really good for recursion, hence it is used by the OS for return calls
- Can be based on an array or linked list
- Operations: push(), pop(), peek(), size(), isEmpty(), isFull()

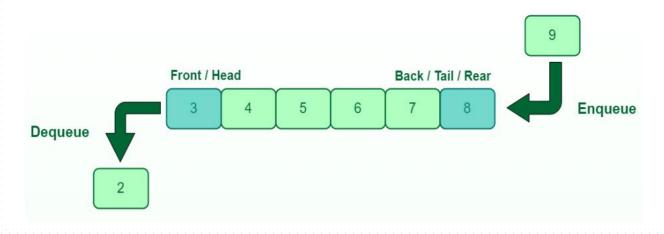
#### **QUEUES:**

- Elements are stored similar to the Stack DS
- It follows the FIFO (First In, First Out) ordering open at both ends
- Really good with first come first served cases
- Can be based on an array or linked list
- Operation: enqueue(), Dequeue(), peek(), size(), isEmpty(), isFull()

## STACKS & QUEUES

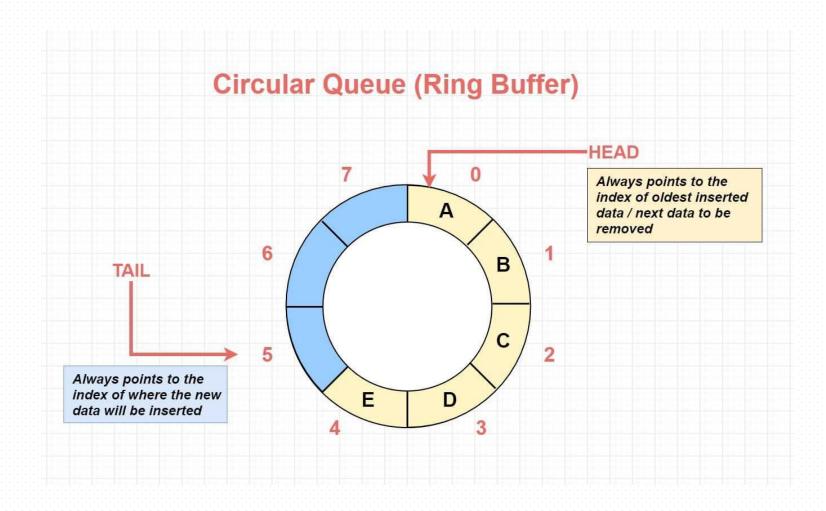


STACK: <a href="https://www.programiz.com/dsa/stack">https://www.programiz.com/dsa/stack</a>



QUEUE: <a href="https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/queue-data-structure/">https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/queue-data-structure/</a>

## Circular QUEUE

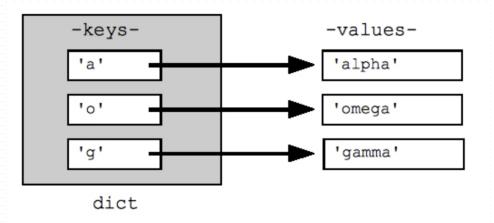


CIRCULAR QUEUE: <a href="https://www.sahinarslan.tech/posts/deep-dive-into-data-structures-using-javascript-circular-queue-ring-buffer">https://www.sahinarslan.tech/posts/deep-dive-into-data-structures-using-javascript-circular-queue-ring-buffer</a>

## Some ADTs (cont'd)

#### **DICTIONARIES:**

- Similar to arrays but elements are stored based on a key
- Given a key, some value or data is returned keys are associated with a value
- Can be though of as mapping
- Can be based on an array or linked list
- Operations: search(), insert(), delete(), isEmpty(), isFull()

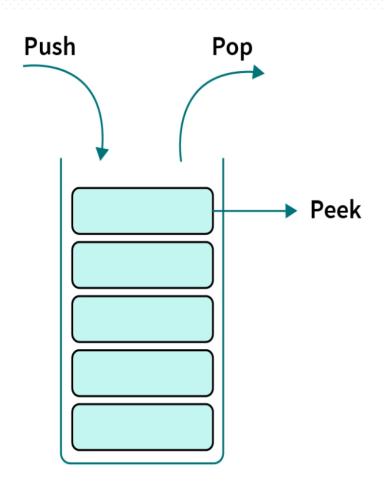


DICTIONARIES: <a href="https://www.datacamp.com/tutorial/python-dictionaries">https://www.datacamp.com/tutorial/python-dictionaries</a>

### OTHER ADTS

- BAGS
- TREE
- GRAPH
- HASH TABLE/MAP
- TABLE
- VECTOR
- MAP
- MATRICES

## **EXERCISE: Stack Implementation**



**TASK:** Provide a simple implementation of the Stack Data Structure for **Integers**:

- The functions push() and pop() are required to be implemented.
- Next, try to implement peek()[similar to pop() but no items are removed].
- Implement either based on Array or LinkedList ADTs
- Bonus: Make it generic.

## THANK YOU