Course: CSE 165

All the exercises below are selected from the textbook: Thinking in C++.

1. [Exercise 5 on Page 780, Vol 1] Templatize the fibonacci() function on the type of value that it produces (so it can produce long, float, etc. instead of just int). [30 pts]

Introduction to Fibonacci numbers:

The formula to calculate the $(n + 1)^{th}$ number in the sequence of Fibonacci numbers can be given as $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$ where n > 1.

 $F_{n-1} \rightarrow n^{th}$ Fibonacci number, $F_{n-2} \rightarrow (n-1)^{th}$ Fibonacci number, $F_0 = 0$,

 $F_1 = 1$.

In your implementation, fibonacci(n) returns F_n. Output: In main(), call fibonacci(90) to print out F₉₀.

2. [Exercise 1 on Page 397, Vol 2] Create a class (e.g., MyClass). Within this class, make a nested class (e.g., MyException) to use as an exception object. It takes a single char* as its argument (e.g., MyException(const char* str) {myString = str; /* Note myString is a private data member of MyException */}); this represents a description string. Within MyClass, create a member function (e.g., myFun) that throws this exception. And within MyException, create a member function (e.g., printException) to print out myString. [70 pts]

In main(), do the following:

- a. Create an object (e.g., myObj) of MyClass.
- b. Write a try block that calls myObj.myFun().
- c. Write a catch clause that handles the exception by printing out its description string (i.e., calling the member function printException() of MyException).

Requirements:

- * Usage of spaces, blank lines, indention, and comments for readability.
- * Descriptive names of variables, functions, structs, classes, and objects (if any).
- * Appropriate usage of structs, classes, and objects (if any).

Penalties:

- * Zero if you have possession of a copy of online solutions or work done by someone else.
- * 5-point deduction per day late