

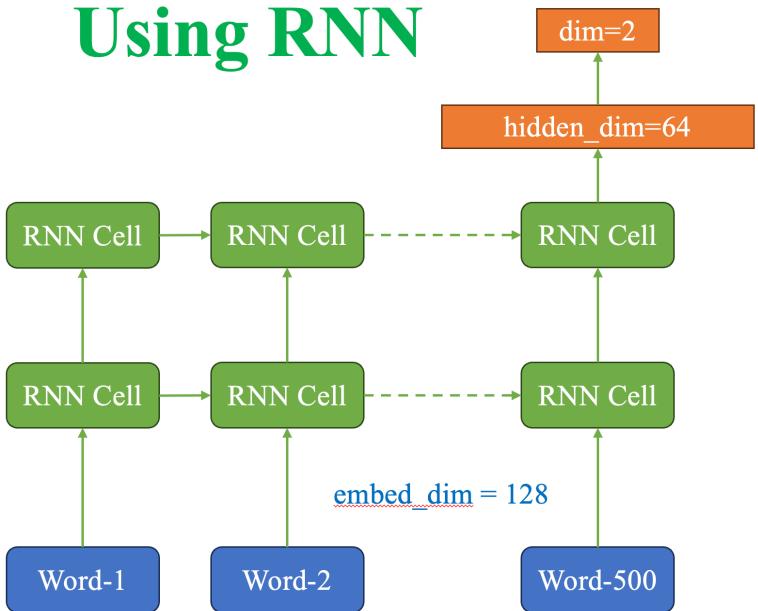
# Deep Architectures for POS Tagging

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Ph.D. in Computer Science

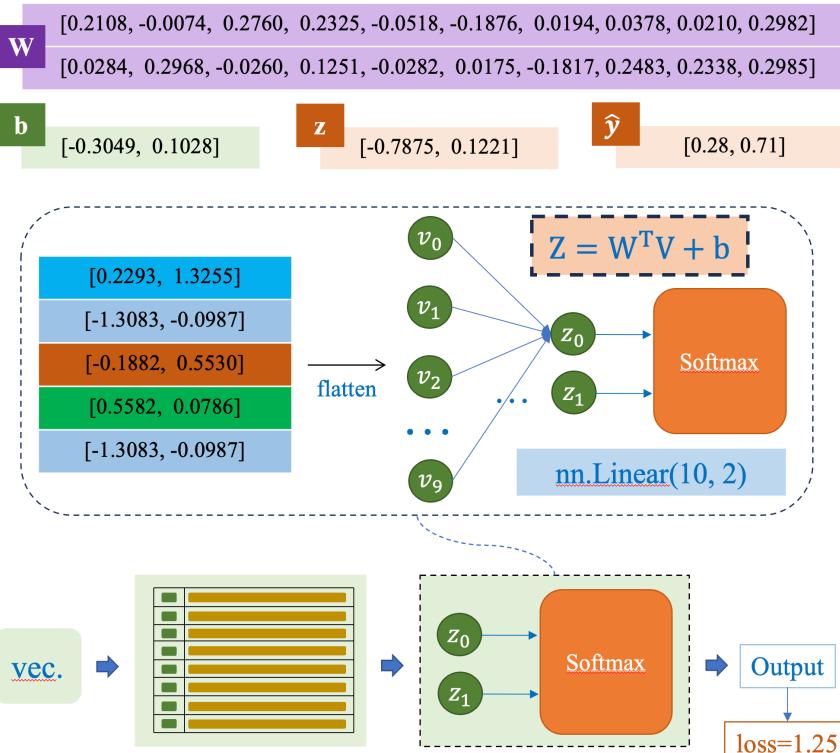
# Objectives

## Review

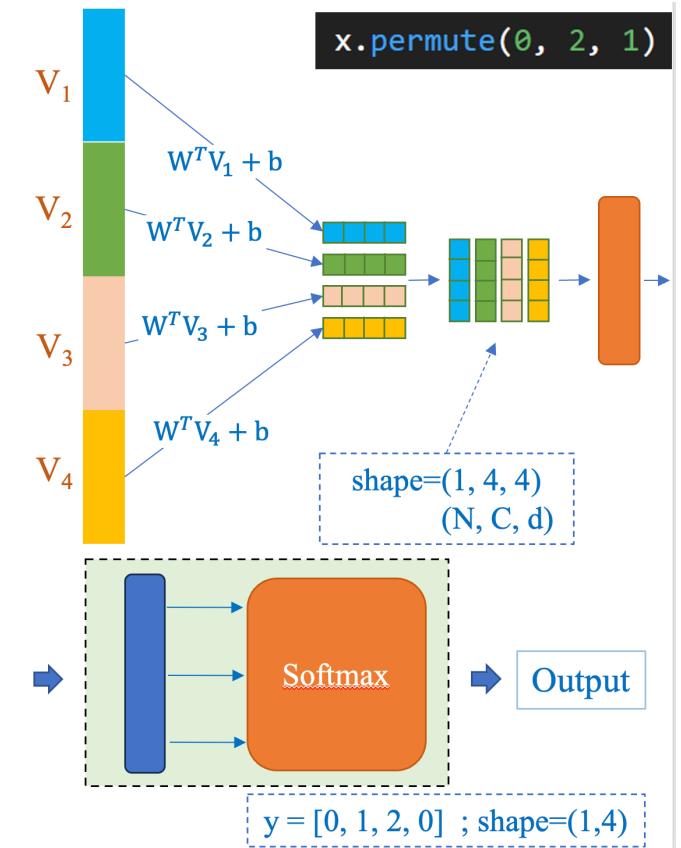
### Using RNN



## Text Classification



## POS Tagging



# Outline

## SECTION 1

# Review

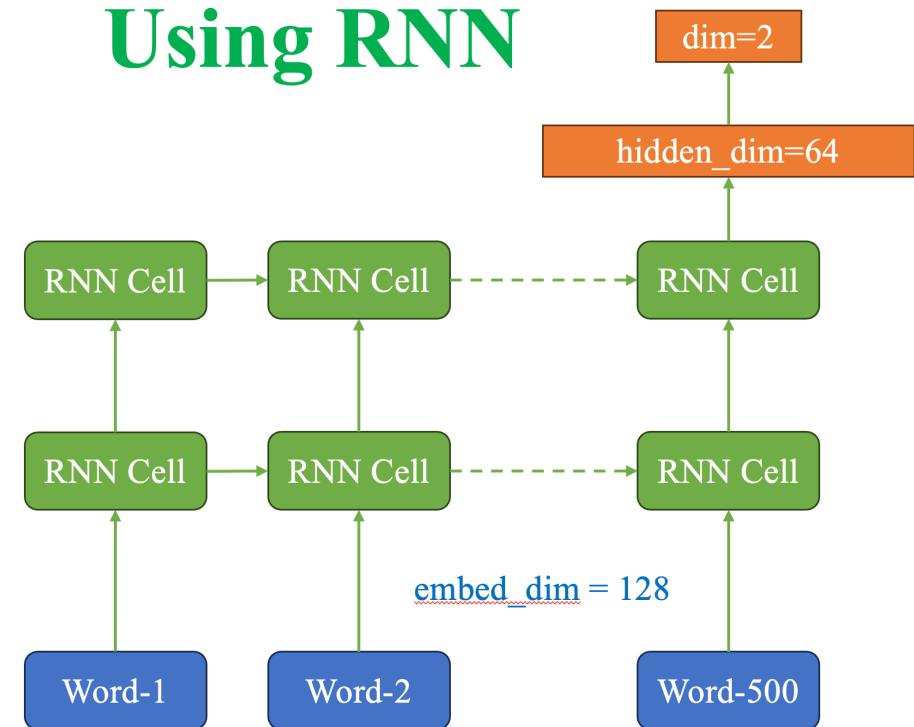
## SECTION 2

# Text Classification

## SECTION 3

# POS Tagging

# Using RNN



# Text Classification

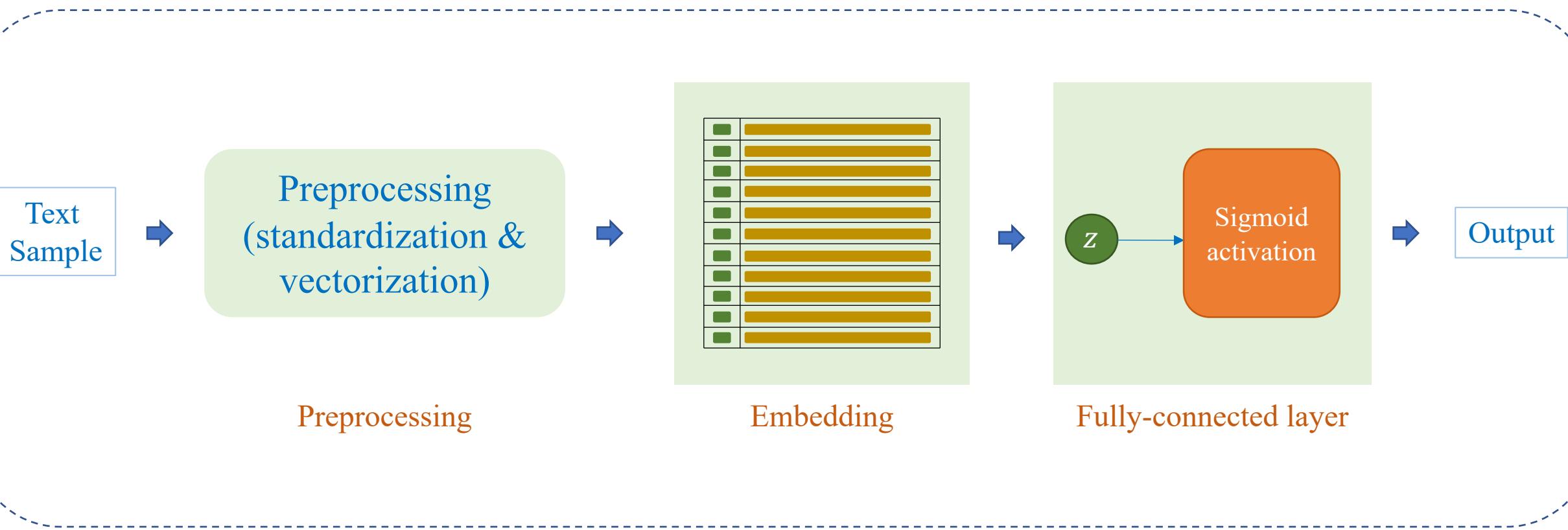
## ❖ IMDB dataset

- 50,000 movie review for sentiment analysis
- Consist of:
  - + 25,000 movie review for training
  - + 25,000 movie review for testing
- Label: positive – negative

“A wonderful little production.   The filming technique is very unassuming- very old-time-BBC fashion and gives a comforting, and sometimes discomforting, sense of realism to the entire piece.....”	positive
“This show was an amazing, fresh & innovative idea in the 70's when it first aired. The first 7 or 8 years were brilliant, but things dropped off after that. By 1990, the show was not really funny anymore, and it's continued its decline further to the complete waste of time it is today....”	negative
“I thought this was a wonderful way to spend time on a too hot summer weekend, sitting in the air conditioned theater and watching a light-hearted comedy. The plot is simplistic, but the dialogue is witty and the characters are likable (even the well bread suspected serial killer)....”	positive
“BTW Carver gets a very annoying sidekick who makes you wanna shoot him the first three minutes he's on screen.”	negative

# Text Classification

## ❖ Simple approach



# Embedding

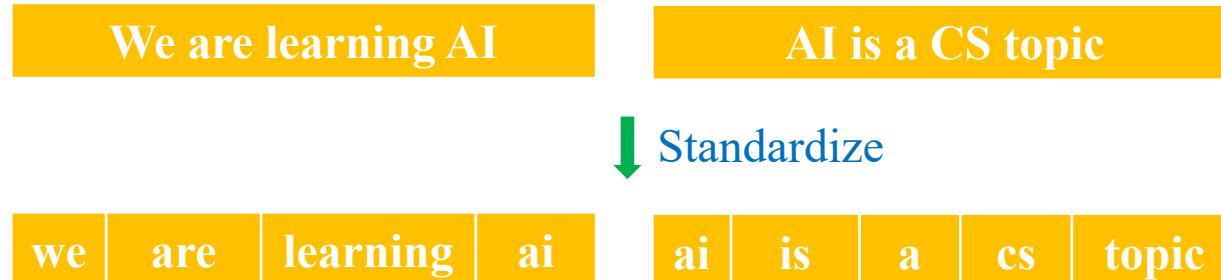
index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
word	[UNK]	pad	ai	a	are	cs	is	learning

- Example corpus

sample1: 'We are learning AI'

sample2: 'AI is a CS topic'

- (1) Build vocabulary from corpus



```
from torchtext.data.utils import get_tokenizer

sample1 = 'We are learning AI'
sample2 = 'AI is a CS topic'

# Define tokenizer function
tokenizer = get_tokenizer('basic_english')
sample1_tokens = tokenizer(sample1)
sample2_tokens = tokenizer(sample2)

print(sample1_tokens)
print(sample2_tokens)

['we', 'are', 'learning', 'ai']
['ai', 'is', 'a', 'cs', 'topic']
```

# Embedding

index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
word	[UNK]	pad	ai	a	are	cs	is	learning

- Example corpus

sample1: 'We are learning AI'

sample2: 'AI is a CS topic'

- (1) Build vocabulary from corpus

#different words are enormous

How to represent 'text' effectively?

- Use a limited number of words
- Get data sample-by-sample

```
from torchtext.data.utils import get_tokenizer
from torchtext.vocab import build_vocab_from_iterator

sample1 = 'We are learning AI'
sample2 = 'AI is a CS topic'
data = [sample1, sample2]

# Create a function to yield list of tokens
tokenizer = get_tokenizer('basic_english')
def yield_tokens(examples):
    for text in examples:
        yield tokenizer(text)

# Create vocabulary
vocab_size = 8
vocab = build_vocab_from_iterator(yield_tokens(data),
                                  max_tokens=vocab_size,
                                  specials=[ "<unk>",
                                             "<pad>" ])
vocab.set_default_index(vocab["<unk>"])

vocab.get_stoi()
```

{ '<unk>': 0,  
'<pad>': 1,  
'ai': 2,  
'a': 3,  
'is': 6,  
'are': 4,  
'learning': 7,  
'cs': 5}

# Embedding

index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
word	[UNK]	pad	ai	a	are	cs	is	learning

- Example corpus

sample1: 'We are learning AI'

sample2: 'AI is a CS topic'

- (1) Build vocabulary from corpus

- (2) Transform text into features

We are learning AI

AI is a CS topic

↓ Standardize

we | are | learning | ai

ai | is | a | cs | topic

↓ Vectorization

0 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 1

2 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 0

'We'      'are'      'learning'      'AI'

```
tokens = tokenizer(sample1)
print(tokens)
```

```
sample1_tokens = [vocab[token] for token in tokens]
print(sample1_tokens)
```

```
['we', 'are', 'learning', 'ai']
[0, 4, 7, 2]
```

```
tokens = tokenizer(sample2)
print(tokens)
```

```
sample2_tokens = [vocab[token] for token in tokens]
print(sample2_tokens)
```

```
['ai', 'is', 'a', 'cs', 'topic']
[2, 6, 3, 5, 0]
```

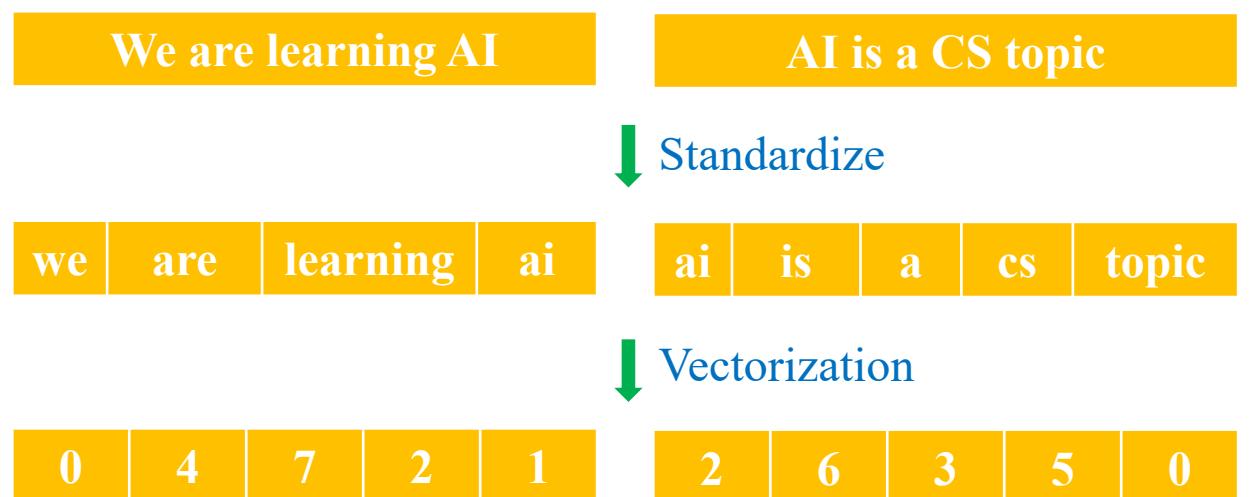
# Embedding

- Example corpus

sample1: 'We are learning AI'

sample2: 'AI is a CS topic'

- (1) Build vocabulary from corpus
- (2) Transform text into features

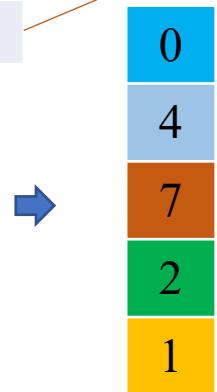


```
def vectorize(text, vocab, seq_len):  
    tokens = tokenizer(text)  
    tokens = [vocab[token] for token in tokens]  
  
    num_pads = sequence_length - len(tokens)  
    tokens = tokens[:sequence_length]  
    + [vocab["<pad>"]]*num_pads  
  
    return torch.tensor(tokens, dtype=torch.long)  
  
# Vectorize the samples  
sequence_length = 5  
vectorized_sample1 = vectorize(sample1, vocab,  
                                sequence_length)  
vectorized_sample2 = vectorize(sample2, vocab,  
                                sequence_length)  
  
print("Vectorized Sample 1:", vectorized_sample1)  
print("Vectorized Sample 2:", vectorized_sample2)  
  
Vectorized Sample 1: tensor([0, 4, 7, 2, 1])  
Vectorized Sample 2: tensor([2, 6, 3, 5, 0])  
  
sample3 = 'AI topic in CS is difficult'  
vectorized_sample3 = vectorize(sample3, vocab,  
                                sequence_length)  
print(vectorized_sample3)  
tensor([2, 0, 0, 5, 6])
```

# Embedding Layer

index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	ai
3	a
4	are
5	cs
6	is
7	learning

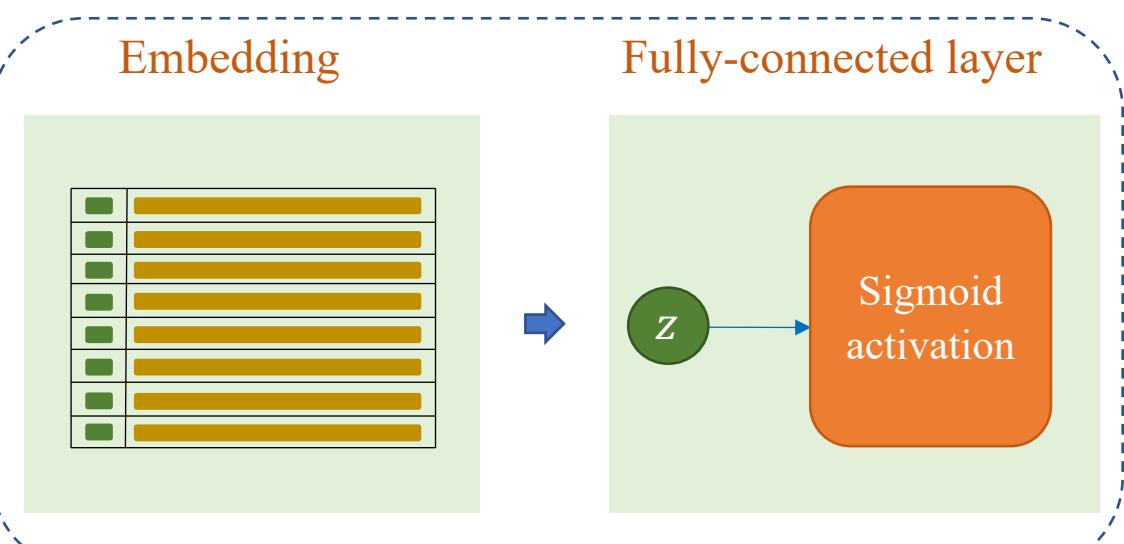
We are learning AI



```
vocab_size = 8  
embed_dim = 4  
embedding = nn.Embedding(vocab_size,  
                           embed_dim)
```

Parameter containing:

```
tensor([-0.1882,  0.5530,  1.6267,  0.7013],  
       [ 1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701,  1.3586],  
       [ 1.0281, -1.9094,  0.3182,  0.4211],  
       [-1.3083, -0.0987,  0.7647, -0.3680],  
       [ 0.2293,  1.3255,  0.1318,  2.0501],  
       [ 0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745,  0.7203],  
       [ 0.5582,  0.0786, -0.6817,  0.6902],  
       [ 0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823,  1.5977]),
```



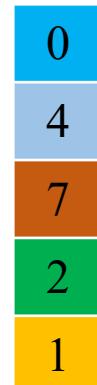
# Revisit input x

Convert from text to numbers

index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	ai
3	a
4	are
5	cs
6	is
7	learning

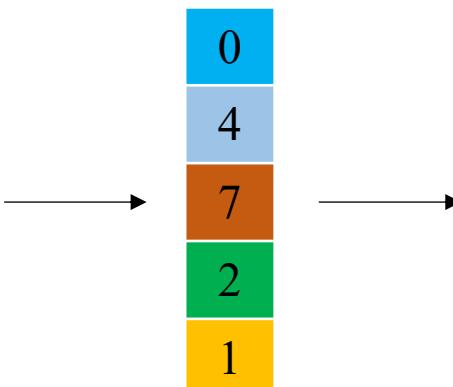
A sample X

We are learning AI



A sample X

We  
are  
learning  
AI  
<pad>



Parameter containing:

```
tensor([[-0.1882,  0.5530,  1.6267,  0.7013],  
       [ 1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701,  1.3586],  
       [ 1.0281, -1.9094,  0.3182,  0.4211],  
       [-1.3083, -0.0987,  0.7647, -0.3680],  
       [ 0.2293,  1.3255,  0.1318,  2.0501],  
       [ 0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745,  0.7203],  
       [ 0.5582,  0.0786, -0.6817,  0.6902],  
       [ 0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823,  1.5977]],  
      requires_grad=True)
```

X<sub>1</sub>: [-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]

X<sub>2</sub>: [ 0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]

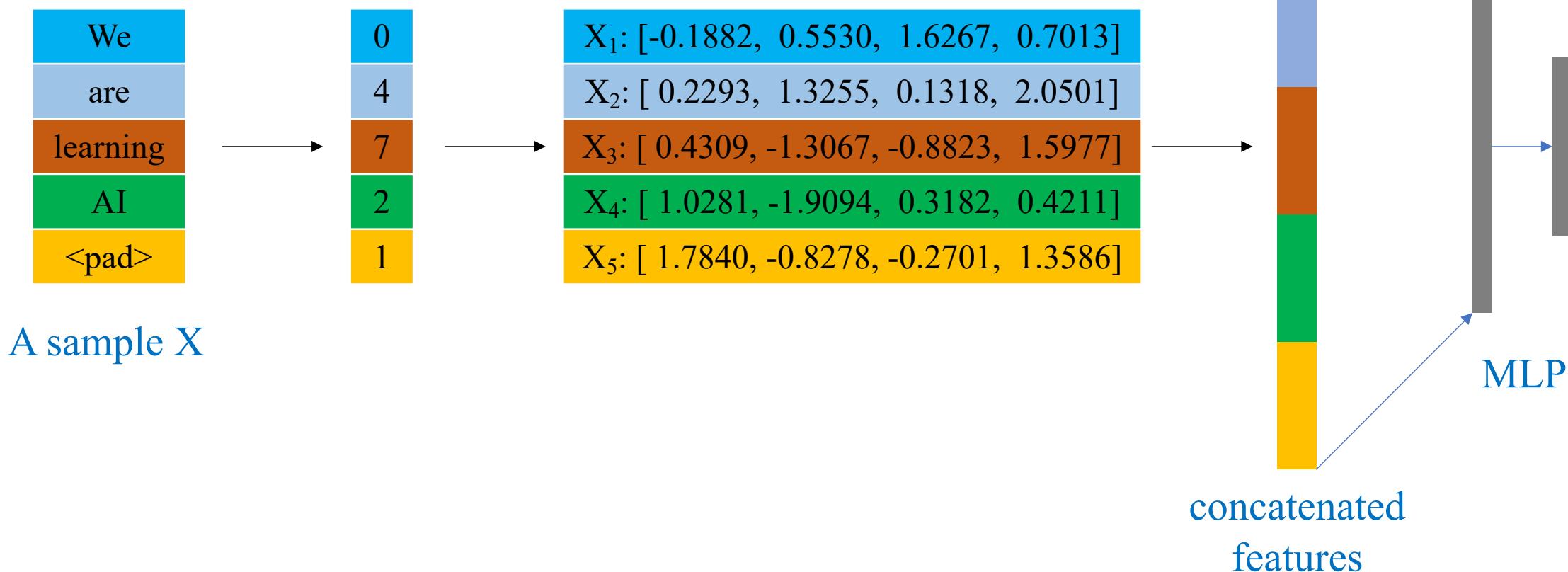
X<sub>3</sub>: [ 0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]

X<sub>4</sub>: [ 1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]

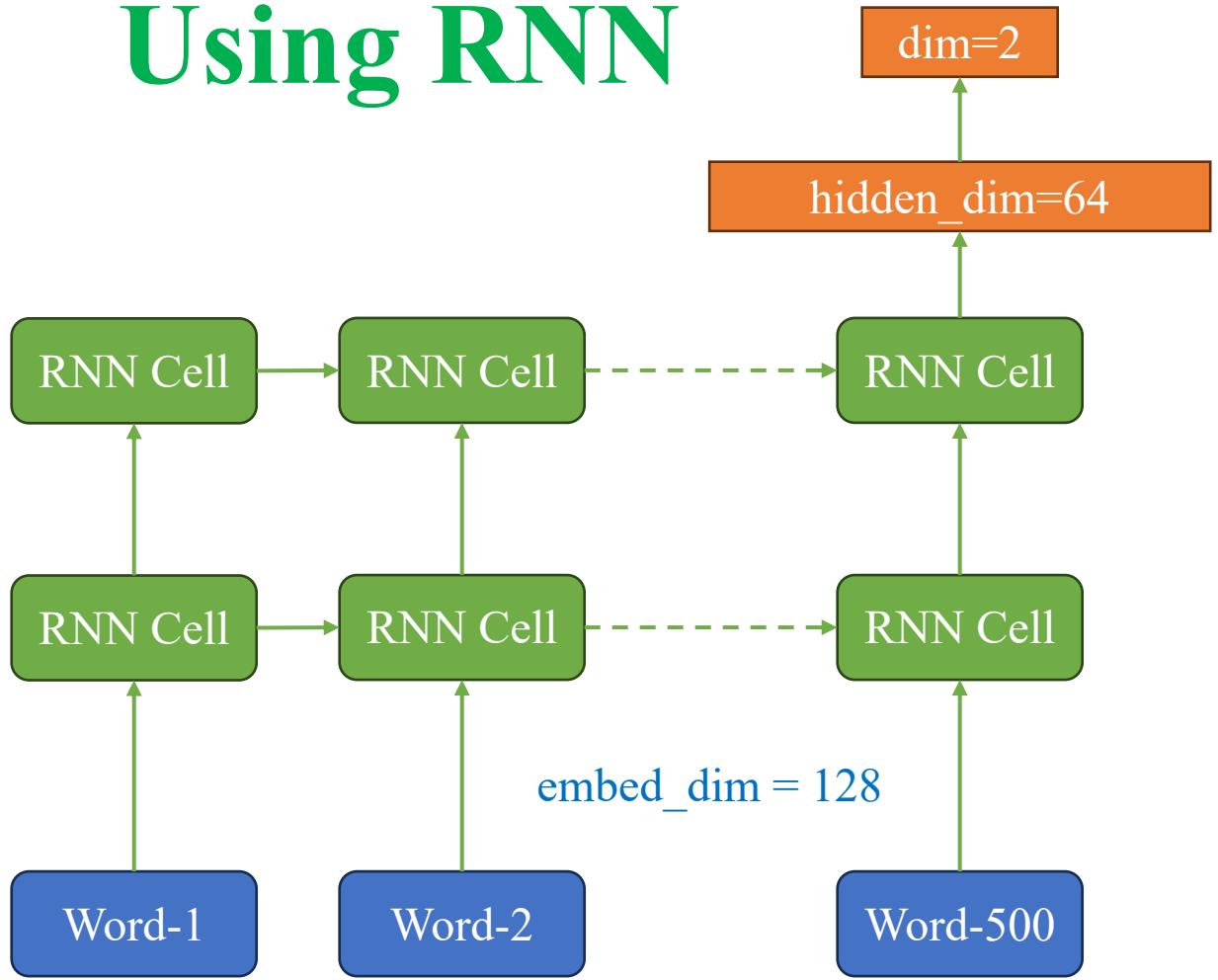
X<sub>5</sub>: [ 1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]

# How to deal with this input?

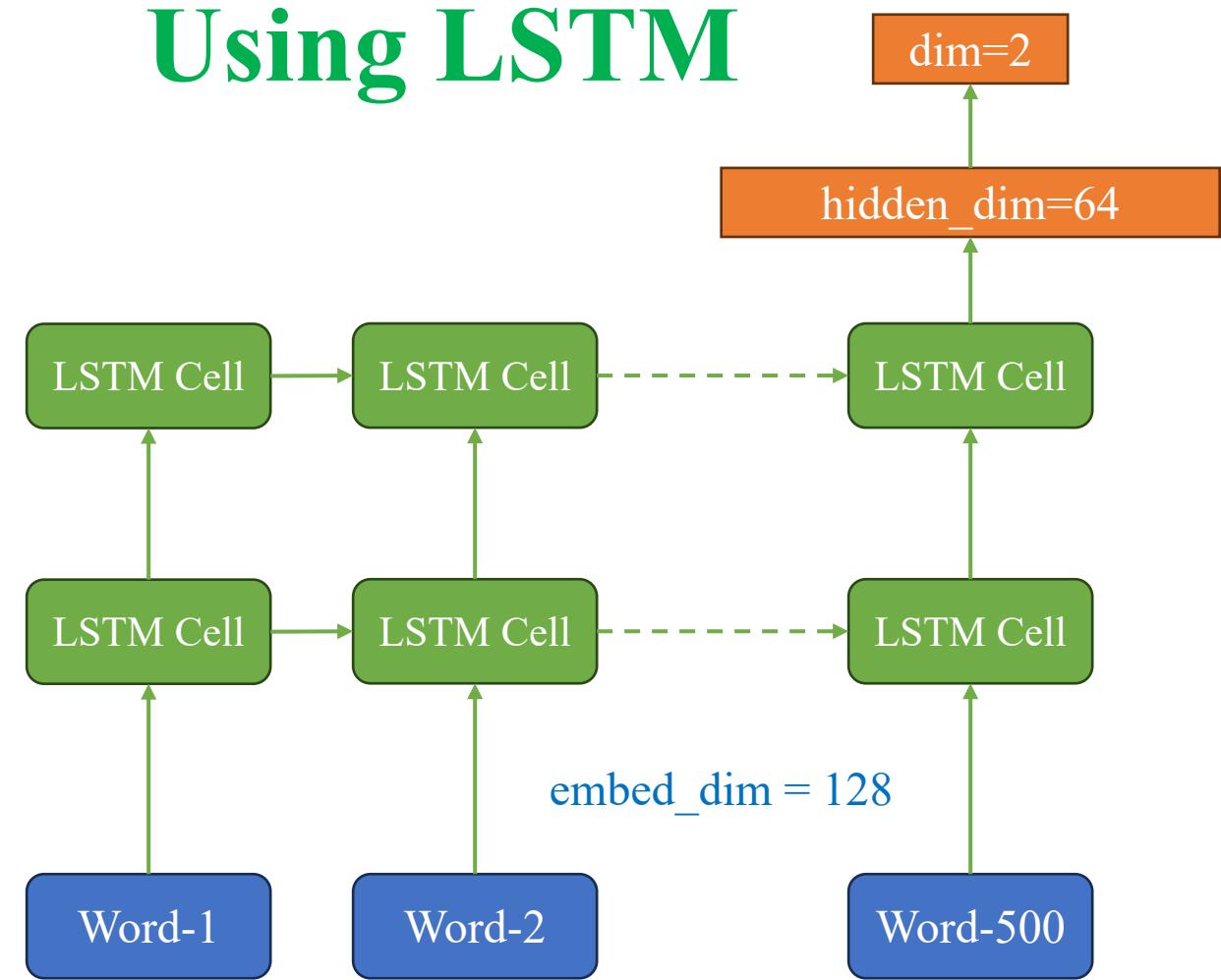
- ❖ Simplest idea: Based on MLP
- ❖ Concatenate all the features



# Using RNN

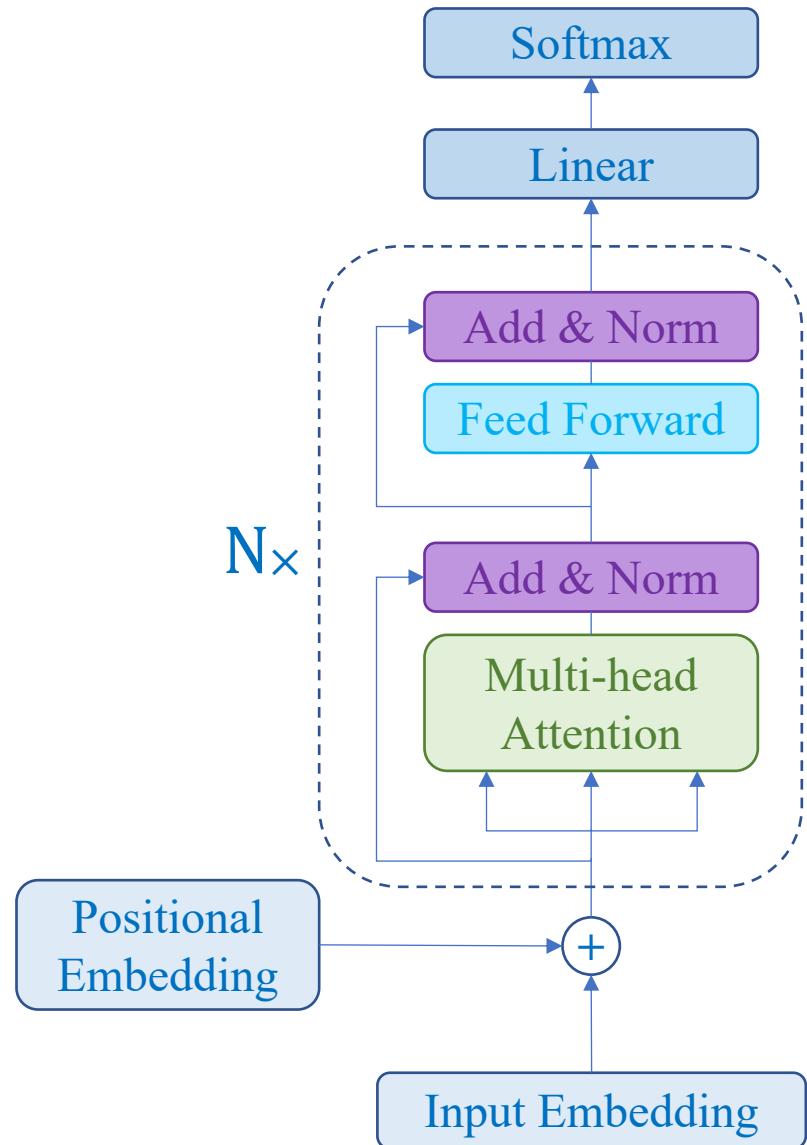


# Using LSTM



Layer (type:depth-idx)	Output Shape
—Embedding: 1-1	<code>[-1, 500, 128]</code>
—RNN: 1-2	<code>[-1, 500, 64]</code>
—Linear: 1-3	<code>[-1, 2]</code>

# Transformer Models for Text Classification

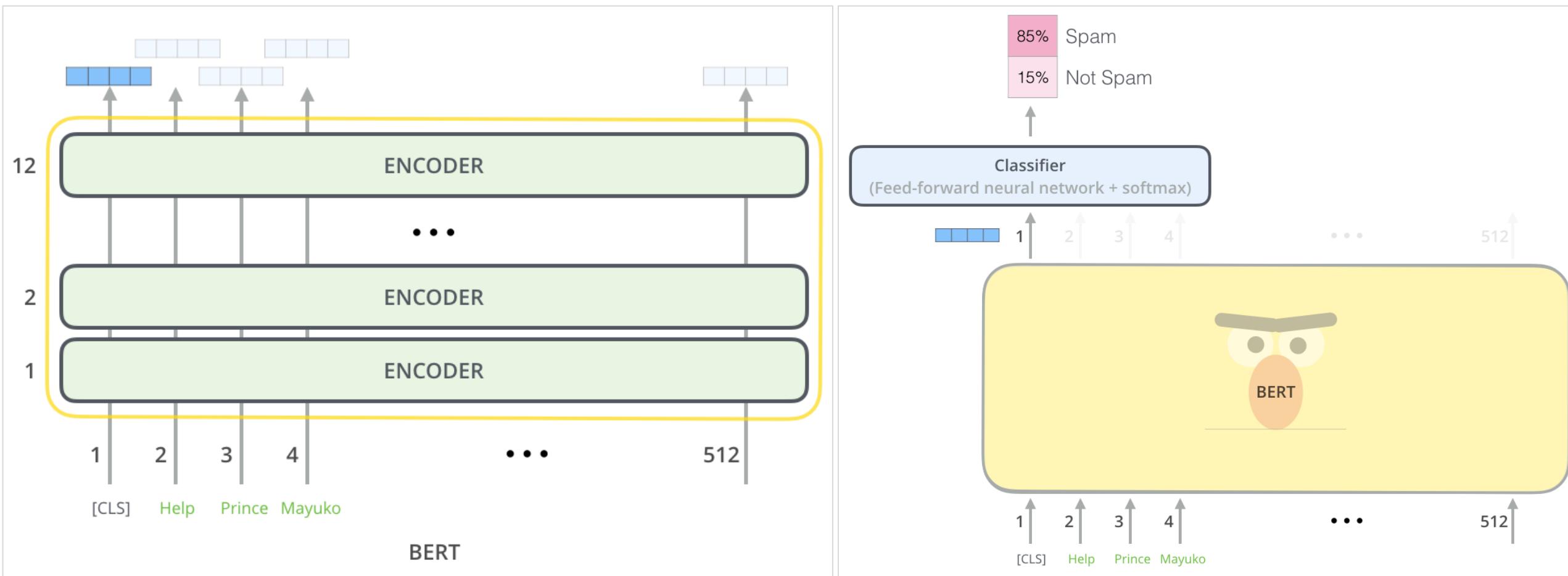


```
class TransformerTextCls(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, vocab_size,
                 max_length, embed_dim,
                 num_heads, ff_dim,
                 dropout, device):
        super().__init__()
        self.embed_layer = TokenAndPositionEmbedding(vocab_size,
                                                      embed_dim,
                                                      max_length)
        self.transformer_layer = TransformerBlock(embed_dim,
                                                num_heads,
                                                ff_dim)
        self.pooling = nn.AvgPool1d(kernel_size=max_length)
        self.fc = nn.Linear(in_features=embed_dim,
                            out_features=2)
        self.relu = nn.ReLU()

    def forward(self, x):
        output = self.embed_layer(x)
        output = self.transformer_layer(output, output, output)
        output = self.pooling(output.permute(0,2,1)).squeeze()
        output = self.fc(output)

        return output
```

# Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers



# Text Classification: Example 1

# Step-by-Step Example: Text Classification

Doc	Label
gây ông đập lưng ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1

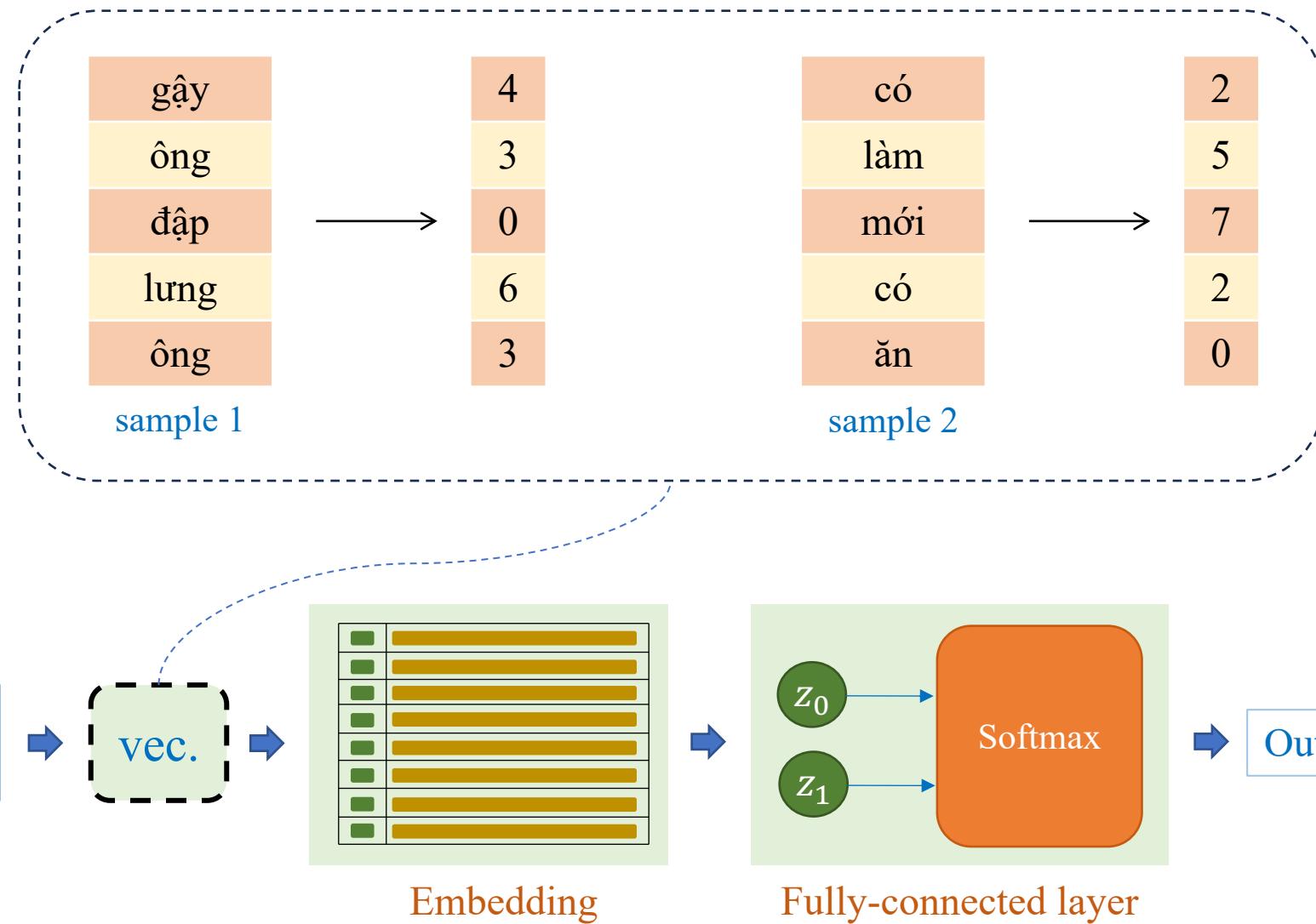
Training data

- negative (0)
- positive (1)

building dictionary

index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	có
3	ông
4	gập
5	làm
6	lưng
7	mới

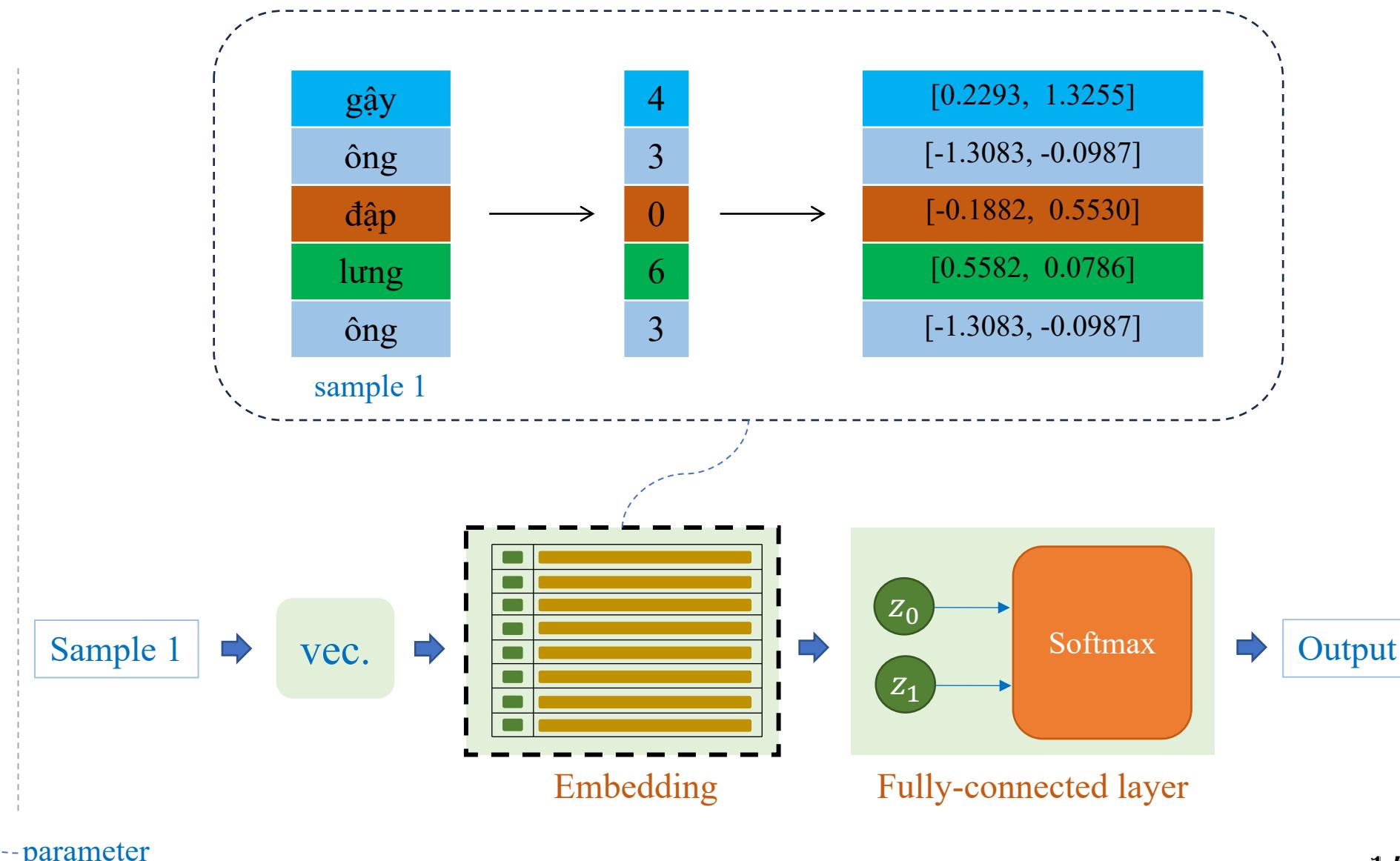
vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 5



# Step-by-Step Example: Text Classification

Doc	Label
gây ông đập lưng ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067]

Embedding  $8 \times 2$   
(Random initialization)

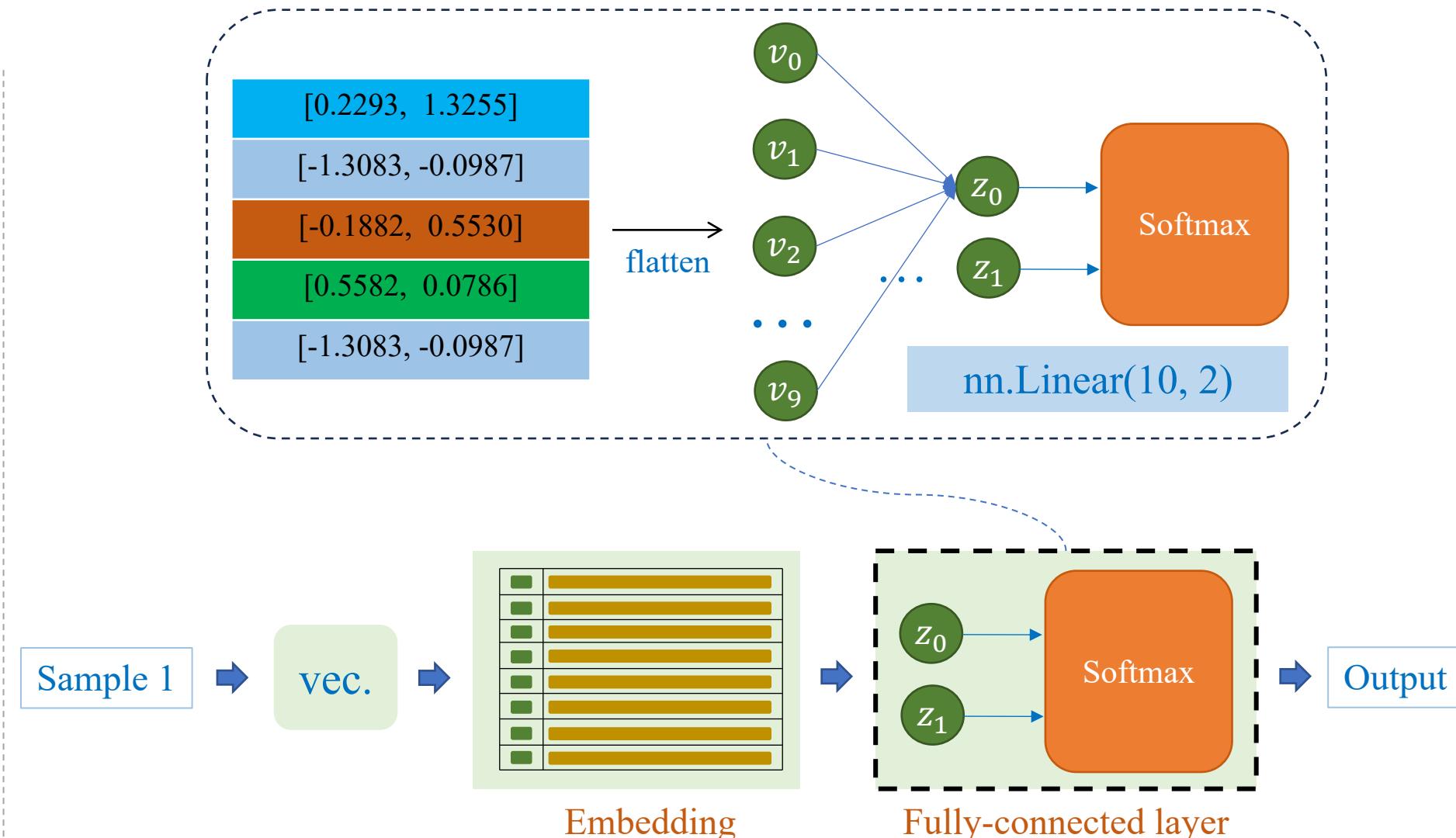


# Step-by-Step Example: Text Classification

Doc	Label
gây ông đập lưng ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067]

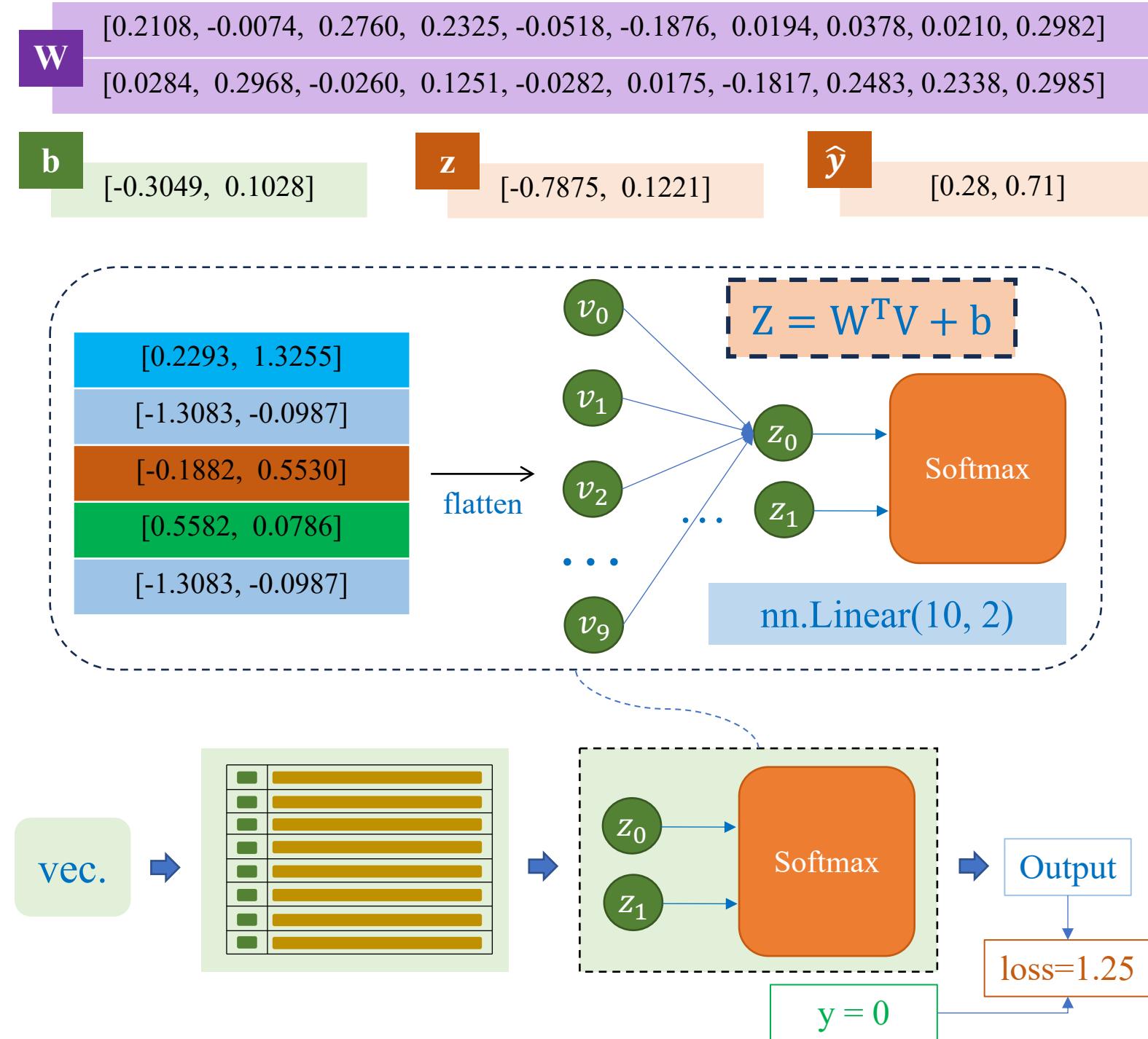
Embedding



# Example Text Classification

Doc	Label
gây ông đập lưng ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067]

Embedding



# Example Text Classification

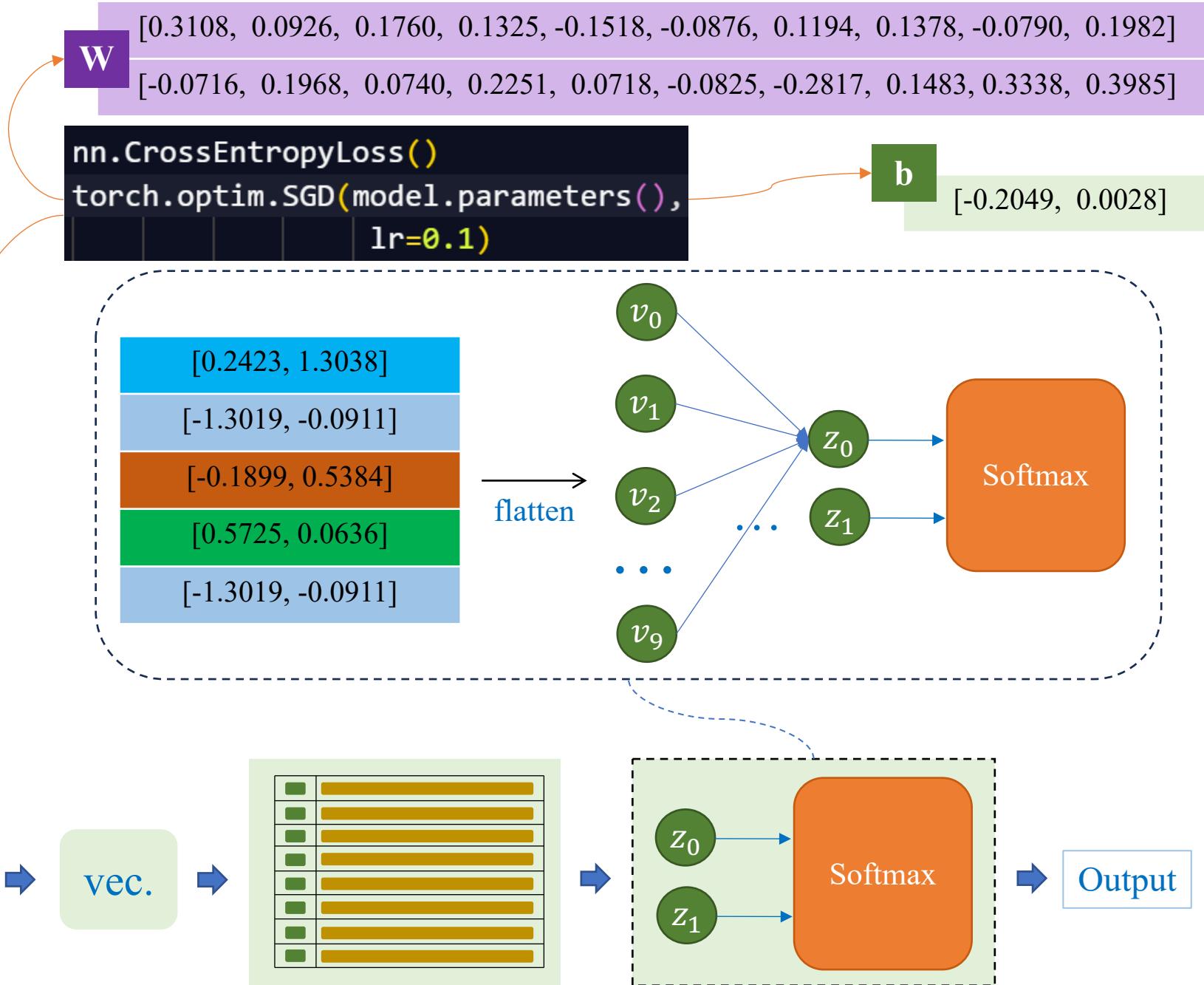
Doc	Label
gây ông đập lưng ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1

	embedding
0	[-0.1899, 0.5384]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094]
3	[-1.3019, -0.0911]
4	[0.2423, 1.3038]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624]
6	[0.5725, 0.0636]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067]

Embedding

$$\theta_t = \theta_{t-1} - \eta \nabla_{\theta} L$$

update



# Example Text Classification

Doc	Label
gây ông đập lưng ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1
0	[-0.1899, 0.5384]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094]
3	[-1.3019, -0.0911]
4	[0.2423, 1.3038]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624]
6	[0.5725, 0.0636]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067]

Embedding

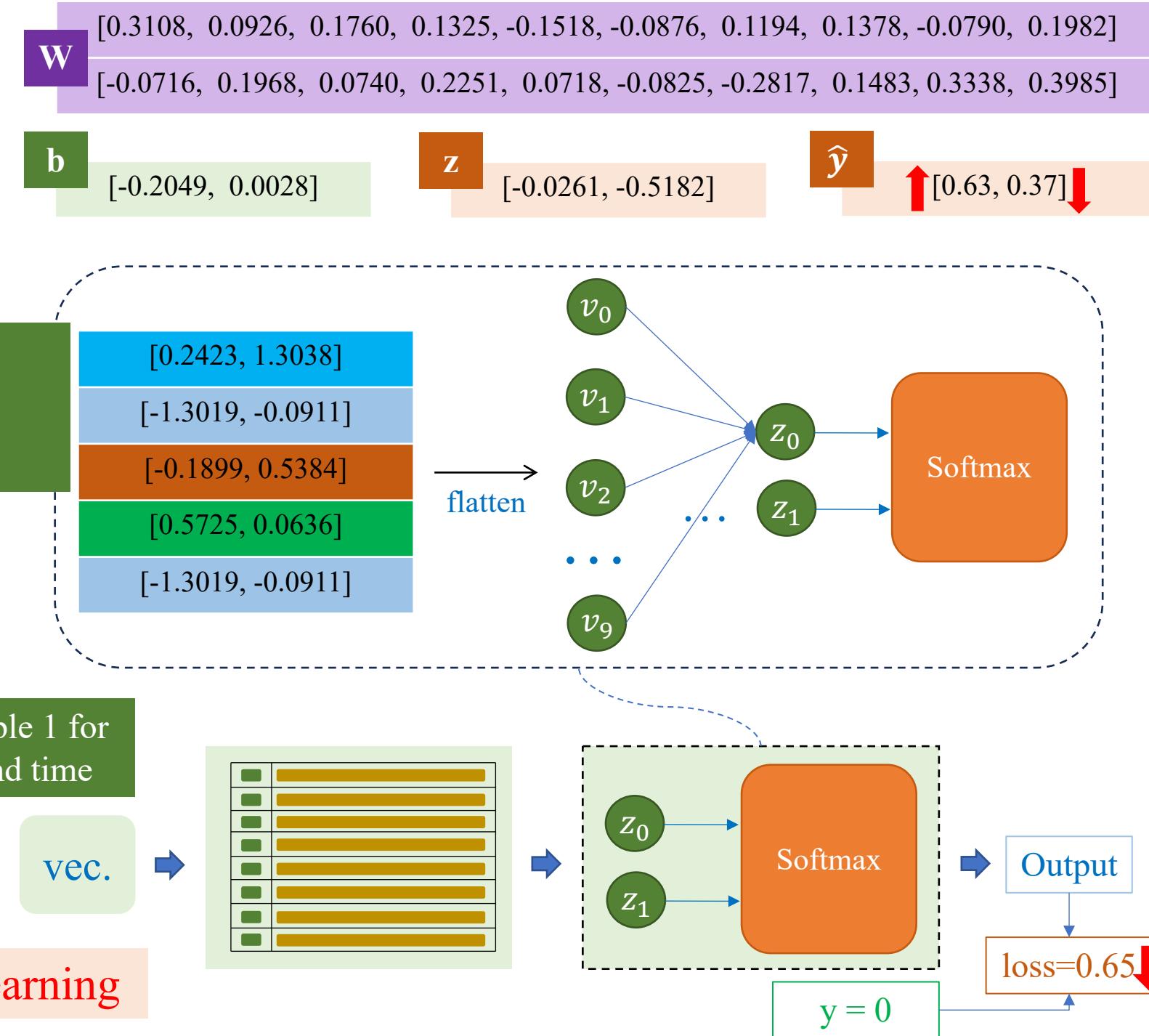
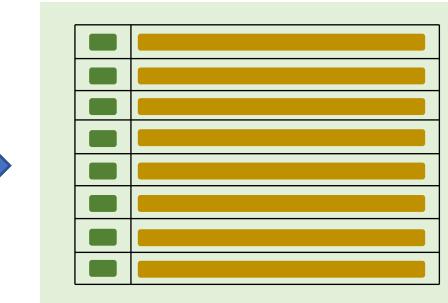
Model is learning

- Loss reduces
- $\hat{y}_0$  increases
- $\hat{y}_1$  reduces

Feed sample 1 for  
the second time

Sample 1

vec.



# Text Classification: Example 2

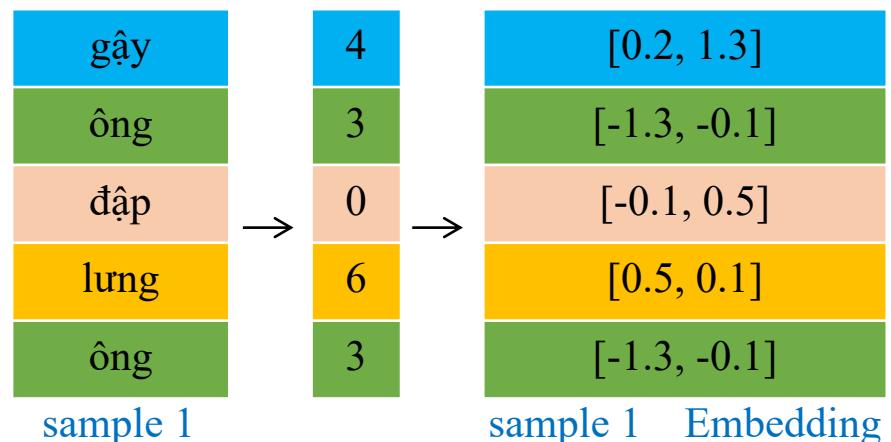
Doc	Label
gây ông đậm lุง ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1

building dictionary  
vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 5

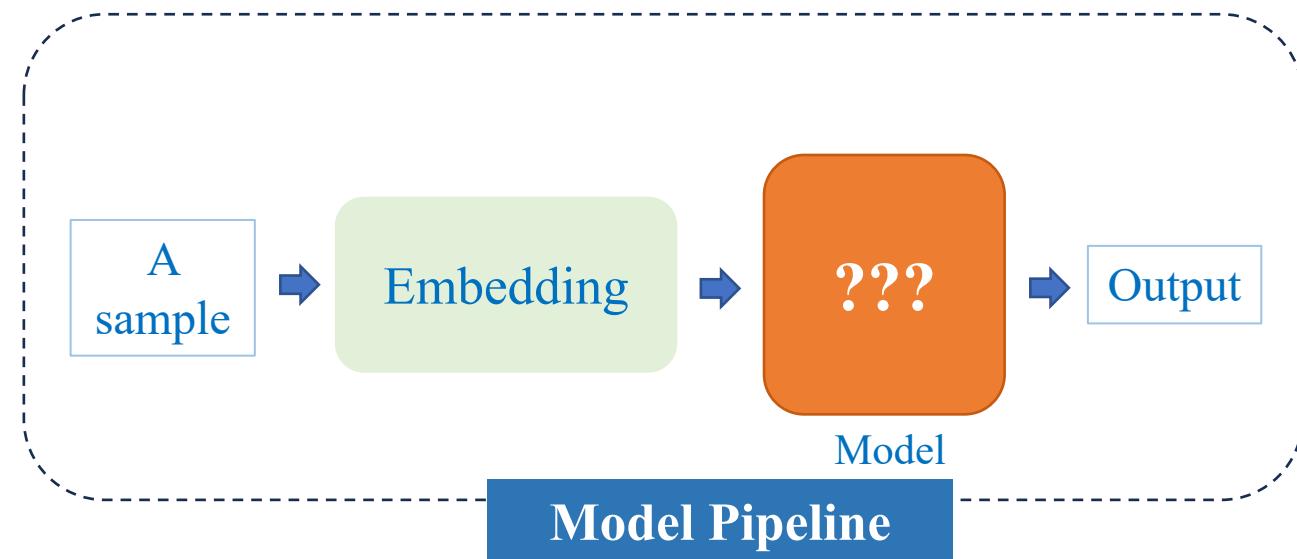
index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	có
3	ông
4	gây
5	làm
6	lุง
7	mới

0	[-0.1, 0.5]
1	[1.7, -0.8]
2	[1.0, -1.9]
3	[-1.3, -0.1]
4	[0.2, 1.3]
5	[0.4, -0.6]
6	[0.5, 0.1]
7	[0.4, -1.3]

Dictionary



Vectorization and Embedding



sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

<b>W</b>	[-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] [-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1]	<b>w<sub>0</sub></b> <b>w<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>b</b>	[0.1]
----------	---	--	----------	-------

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels

<b>w<sub>0</sub></b> [-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3]	
	Window_0 <sub>0</sub>
	0.2 -1.3 -0.1 0.5 -1.3
	1.3 -0.1 0.5 0.1 -0.1

$$(-0.3 * 0.2) + (0.1 * -1.3) + (0.1 * -0.1) + (0.3 * 0.5) = -0.05$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lưng	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

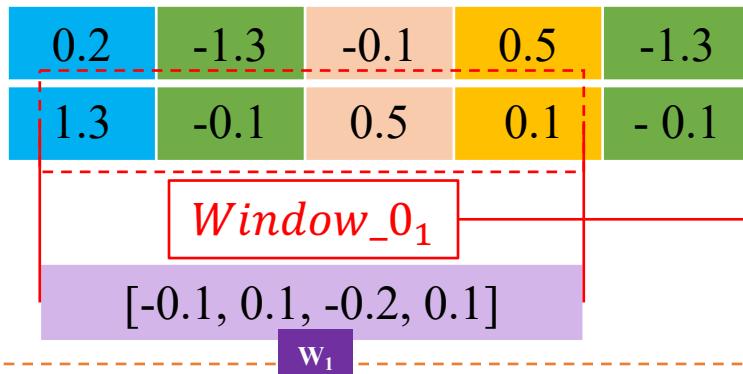
Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

**W** [-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] **w<sub>0</sub>** [0.1]  
[-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1] **w<sub>1</sub>**

**Conv1d**  
in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels



$$(-0.1 * 1.3) + (0.1 * -0.1) + (-0.2 * 0.5) + (0.1 * 0.1) = -0.23$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

<b>W</b>	[-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] [-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1]	<b>w<sub>0</sub></b> <b>w<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>b</b>	[0.1]
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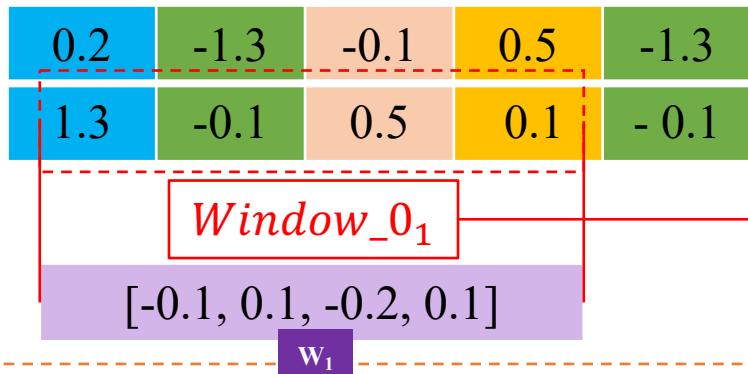
**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels

$$\begin{aligned} Window_0 &= Window_{0_0} + Window_{0_1} + bias \\ &= (-0.05) + (-0.23) + 0.1 = -0.18 \end{aligned}$$



sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

<b>W</b>	[-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3]	<b>w<sub>0</sub></b>	<b>b</b>	[0.1]
	[-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1]	<b>w<sub>1</sub></b>		

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels

W <sub>0</sub>	[-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3]				
Window_1 <sub>0</sub>	[0.2, -1.3, -0.1, 0.5, -1.3]				
0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3	
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1	

$$(-0.3 * -1.3) + (0.1 * -0.1) + (0.1 * 0.5) + (0.3 * -1.3) = 0.04$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

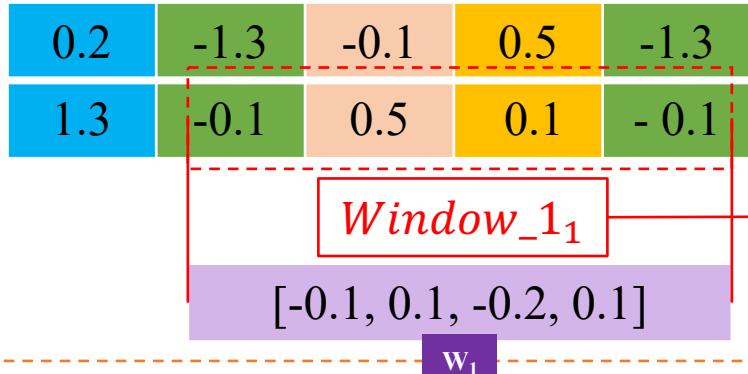
<b>W</b>	[-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] [-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1]	<b>w<sub>0</sub></b> <b>w<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>b</b>	[0.1]
----------	---	--	----------	-------

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels



sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

<b>W</b>	[-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] [-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1]	<b>w<sub>0</sub></b> <b>w<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>b</b>	[0.1]
----------	---	--	----------	-------

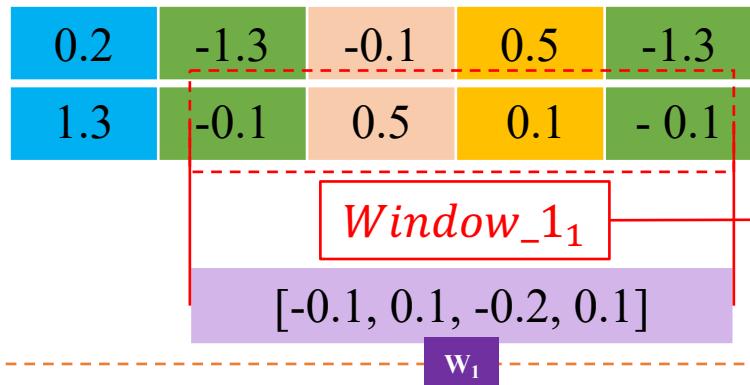
**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels

$$\begin{aligned} Window_1 &= Window_{1_0} + Window_{1_1} + bias \\ &= 0.04 + 0.03 + 0.1 = 0.17 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} &(0.1 * -0.1) + (0.1 * 0.5) + (-0.2 * 0.1) + (0.1 * -0.1) \\ &= 0.03 \end{aligned}$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

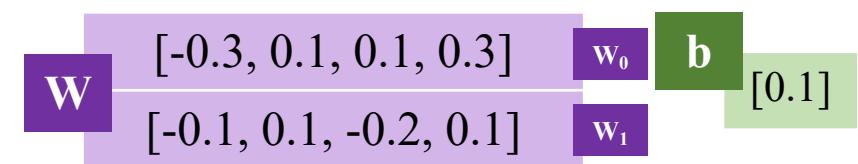
[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)



**Conv1d**  
in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels

$$\begin{aligned}Window_0 &= Window_{0_0} + Window_{0_1} + bias \\&= (-0.05) + (-0.23) + 0.1 = -0.18\end{aligned}$$



-0.18 0.17

Shape=(1,1,2)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

$$\begin{aligned}Window_1 &= Window_{1_0} + Window_{1_1} + bias \\&= 0.04 + 0.03 + 0.1 = 0.17\end{aligned}$$

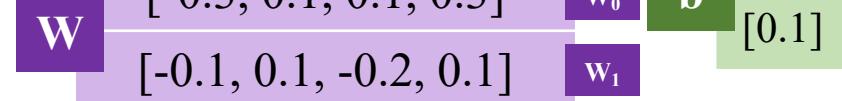
sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]
Shape=(1,5,2) (bs, seq_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)



**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

-0.18 0.17

Shape=(1,1,2)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

-0.18 0.17

**Flatten**

-0.18  
0.17

Shape=(1,1,2)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

**softmax**

% class 0  
% class 1

0.4134  
0.5866

0.8834

**Loss**

$y = 0$

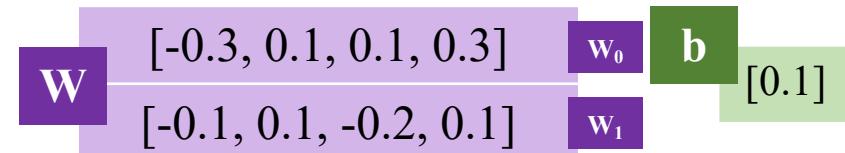
sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)



**Conv1d**  
in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

-0.18 0.17

Shape=(1,1,2)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

-0.18 0.17

**Flatten**

-0.18  
0.17

Shape=(1,2)  
(bs, dim)

**softmax**

% class 0  
% class 1

Update

0.4134  
0.5866

0.8834

Loss

$y = 0$

# Text Classification: Example 3

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

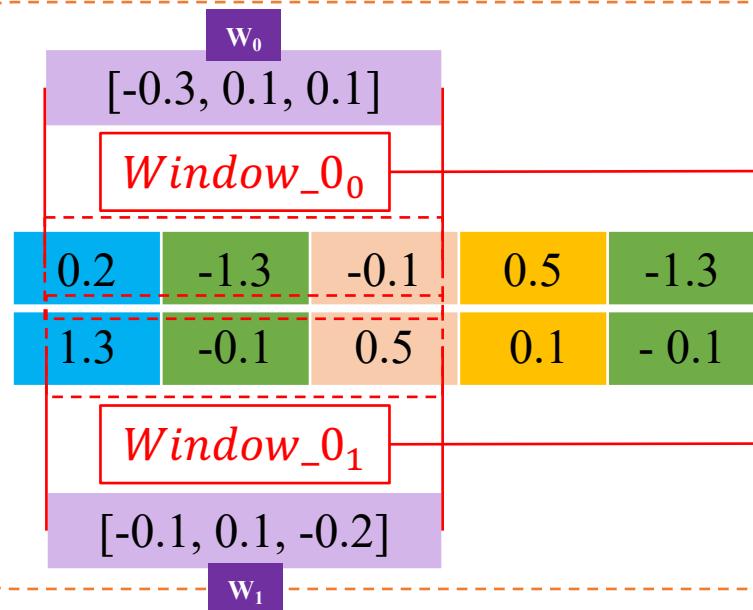
**W** [-0.3, 0.1, 0.1] **w<sub>0</sub>** **b** [0.1]  
[-0.1, 0.1, -0.2] **w<sub>1</sub>**

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=3

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels



$$(-0.3 * 0.2) + (0.1 * -1.3) + (0.1 * -0.1) = -0.2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Window}_0 &= \text{Window}_{0_0} + \text{Window}_{0_1} + \text{bias} \\ &= (-0.2) + (-0.24) + 0.1 = -0.34\end{aligned}$$

$$(-0.1 * 1.3) + (0.1 * -0.1) + (-0.2 * 0.5) = -0.24$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

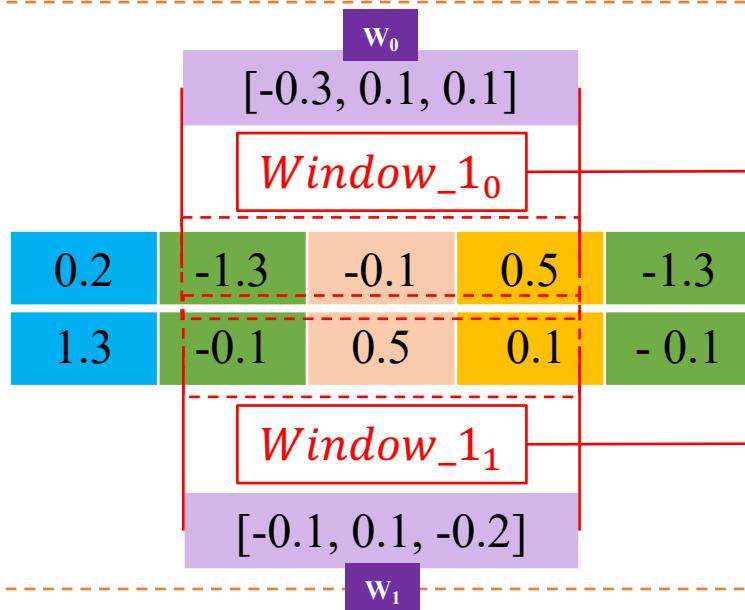
**W** [-0.3, 0.1, 0.1] **w<sub>0</sub>** **b** [0.1]  
[-0.1, 0.1, -0.2] **w<sub>1</sub>**

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=3

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim → each in\_channels



$$(-0.3 * -1.3) + (0.1 * -0.1) + (0.1 * 0.5) = 0.43$$

$$\begin{aligned} Window_1 &= Window_{1_0} + Window_{1_1} + bias \\ &= 0.43 + 0.04 + 0.1 = 0.57 \end{aligned}$$

$$(-0.1 * -0.1) + (0.1 * 0.5) + (-0.2 * 0.1) = 0.04$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

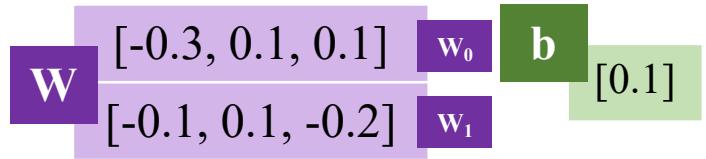
Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)

(bs, emb, seq\_len)

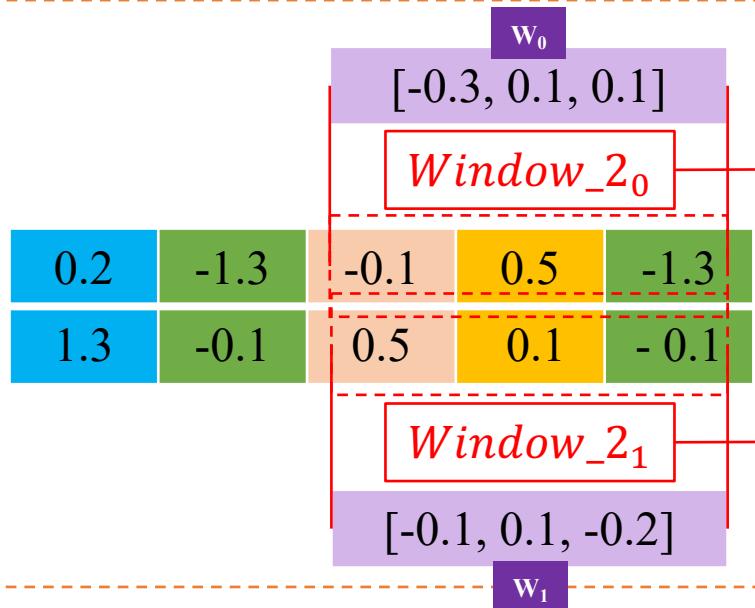


**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=3

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim  $\rightarrow$  each in\_channels



$$(-0.3 * -0.1) + (0.1 * 0.5) + (0.1 * -1.3) = -0.05$$

$$Window_2 = Window_{2_0} + Window_{2_1} + bias  
= (-0.05) + (-0.02) + 0.1 = 0.03$$

$$(-0.1 * 0.5) + (0.1 * 0.1) + (-0.2 * -0.1) = -0.02$$

sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

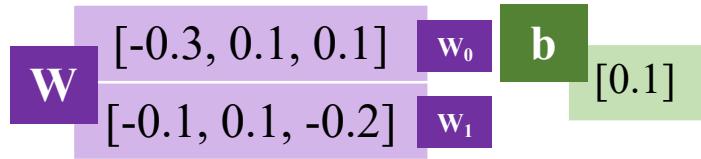
[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)



Conv1d

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=3

Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

each emb\_dim  $\rightarrow$  each in\_channels

$$Window_0 = Window_{0_0} + Window_{0_1} + bias \\ = (-0.2) + (-0.24) + 0.1 = -0.34$$

$$Window_1 = Window_{1_0} + Window_{1_1} + bias \\ = 0.43 + 0.04 + 0.1 = 0.57$$

$$Window_2 = Window_{2_0} + Window_{2_1} + bias \\ = (-0.05) + (-0.02) + 0.1 = 0.03$$



-0.34	0.57	0.03
-------	------	------

Shape=(1,1,3)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]
Shape=(1,5,2) (bs, seq_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{W} \\ \hline [-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] \\ [-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{w}_0 \\ \mathbf{w}_1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{b} \\ \hline [0.1] \end{array}$$

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

-0.34	0.57	0.03
-------	------	------

Shape=(1,1,3)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

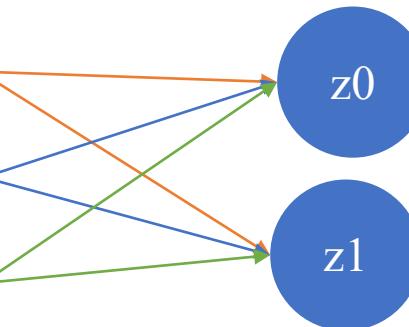
**MLP**

-0.34	0.57	0.03
-------	------	------

**Flatten**

-0.34
0.57
0.03

Shape=(1,3)  
(bs, dim)

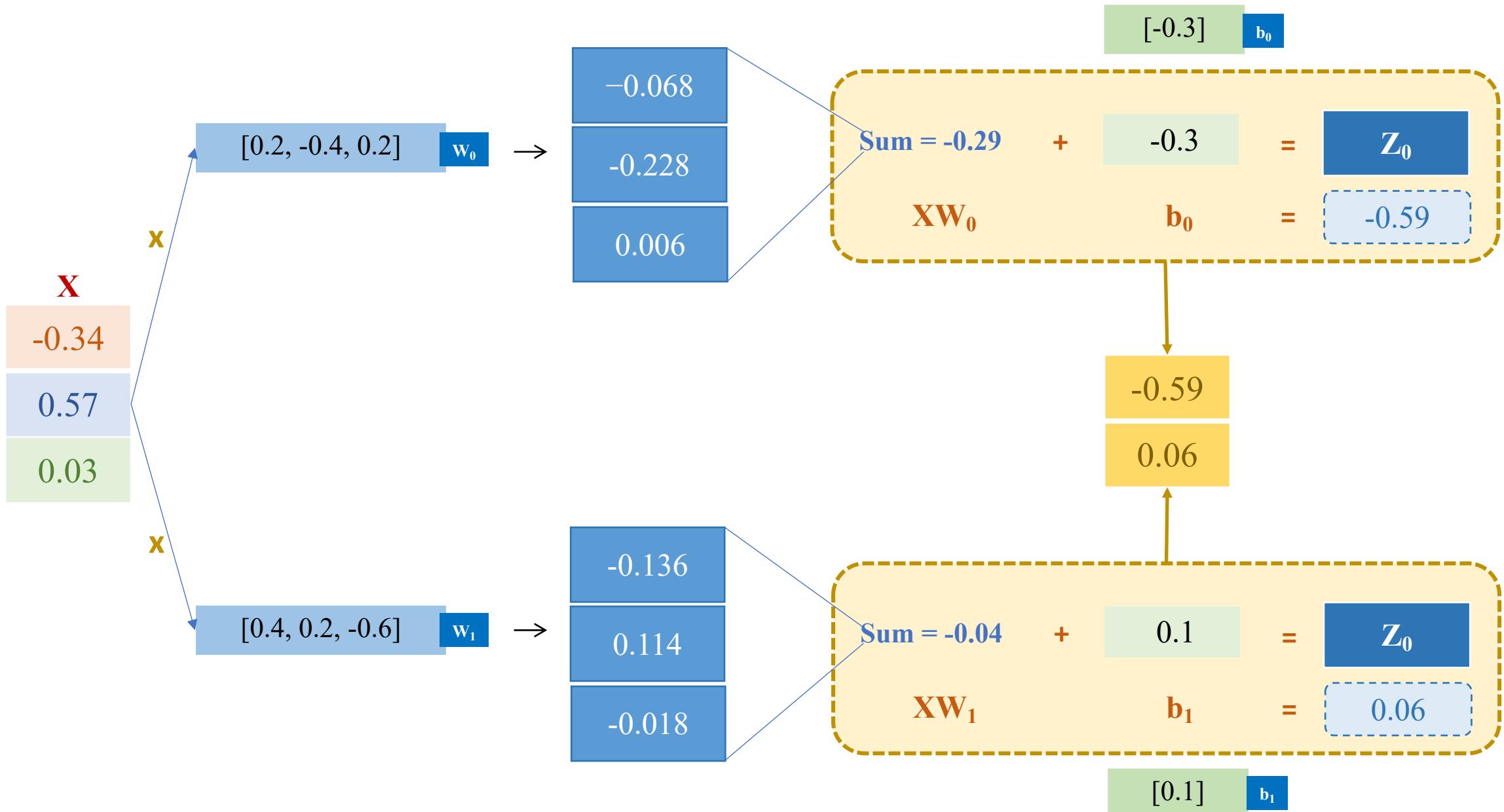


Shape=(1,2,4)  
(f\_out, f\_in, k\_size)

$$Z_i = XW_i + b_i$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{W} \\ \hline [0.2, -0.4, 0.2] \\ [0.4, 0.2, -0.6] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{w}_0 \\ \mathbf{w}_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{b} \\ \hline [-0.3, 0.1] \end{array}$$



sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]
Shape=(1,5,2) (bs, seq_len, emb)

`x.permute(0, 2, 1)`

0.2	-1.3	-0.1	0.5	-1.3
1.3	-0.1	0.5	0.1	-0.1

Shape=(1,2,5)  
(bs, emb, seq\_len)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{W} &: [-0.3, 0.1, 0.1, 0.3] & w_0 &: [0.1] \\ &: [-0.1, 0.1, -0.2, 0.1] & w_1 &: [ ] \end{aligned}$$

**Conv1d**

in\_channels=2,  
out\_channels=1  
kernel\_size=4

-0.34	0.57	0.03
-------	------	------

Shape=(1,1,3)  
(bs, C\_out, L\_out)

1.0701

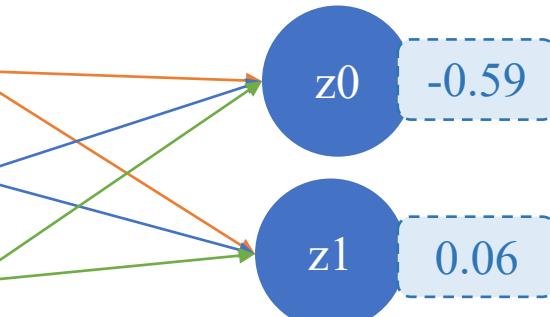
**MLP**

-0.34	0.57	0.03
-------	------	------

-0.34
0.57
0.03

**Flatten**

Shape=(1,3)  
(bs, dim)



**softmax**

% class 0  
% class 1

0.3430
0.6570

**Loss**

$y = 0$

# Text Classification: Example 4

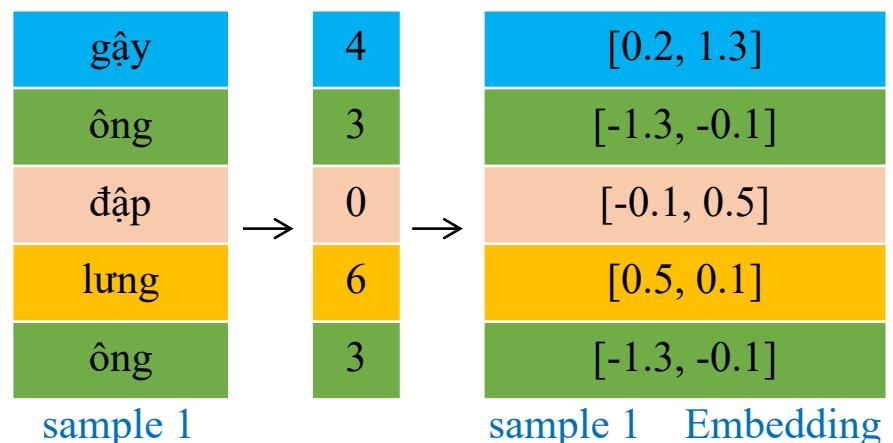
Doc	Label
gây ông đậm lุง ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1

building dictionary  
vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 5

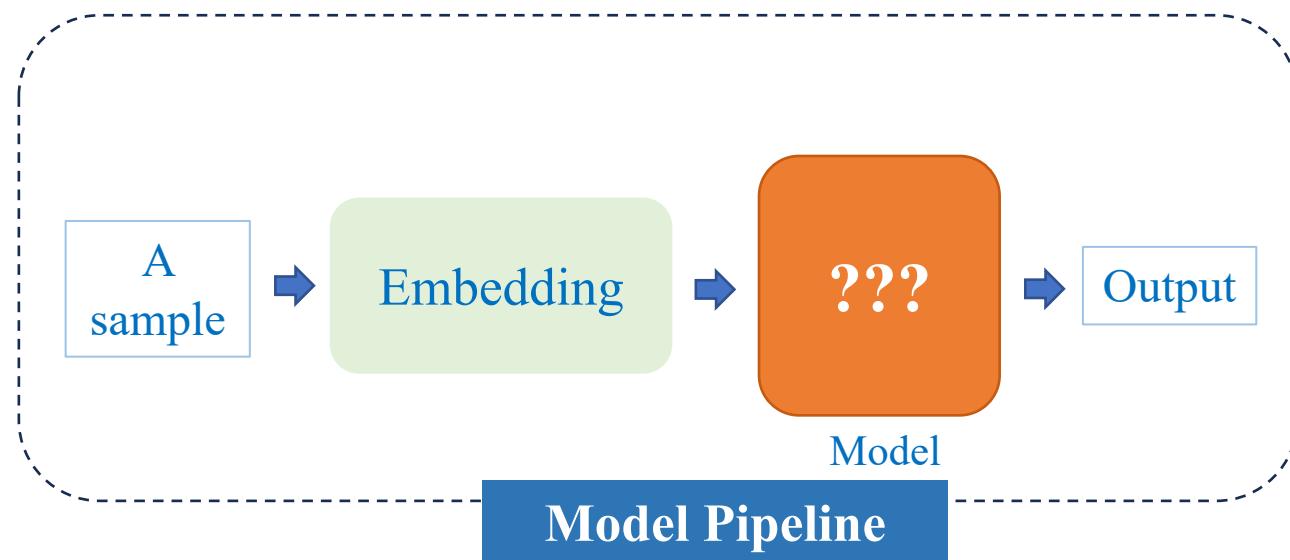
index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	có
3	ông
4	gây
5	làm
6	lุง
7	mới

0	[-0.1, 0.5]
1	[1.7, -0.8]
2	[1.0, -1.9]
3	[-1.3, -0.1]
4	[0.2, 1.3]
5	[0.4, -0.6]
6	[0.5, 0.1]
7	[0.4, -1.3]

Dictionary



Vectorization and Embedding



Model Pipeline

sample 1

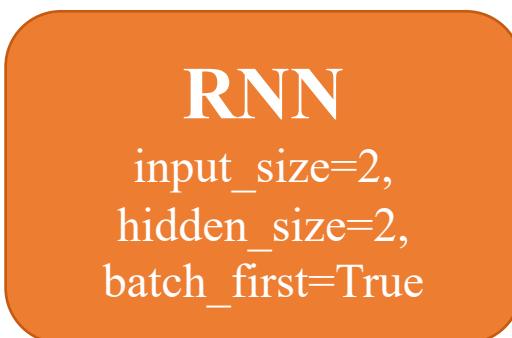
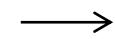
gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)



Shape=(2,2)  
(hidden\_sz, input\_sz)

$W_{ih}$  [-0.4, 0.1]  $w_0$   
[0.4, -0.4]  $w_1$

$W_{hh}$  [-0.5, 0.1]  $w_0$   
[-0.2, -0.2]  $w_1$

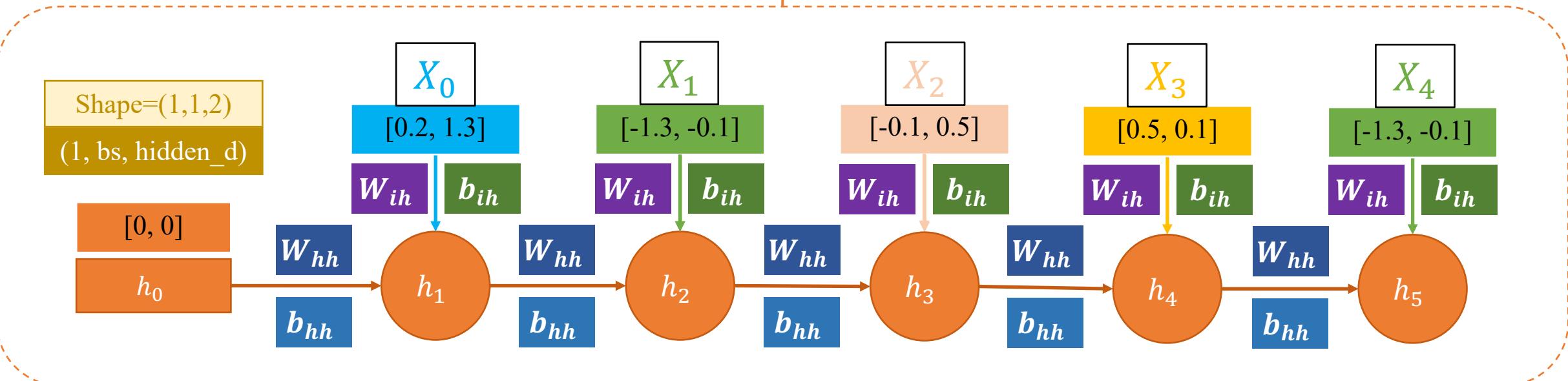
Shape=(2,2)  
(hidden\_sz, input\_sz)

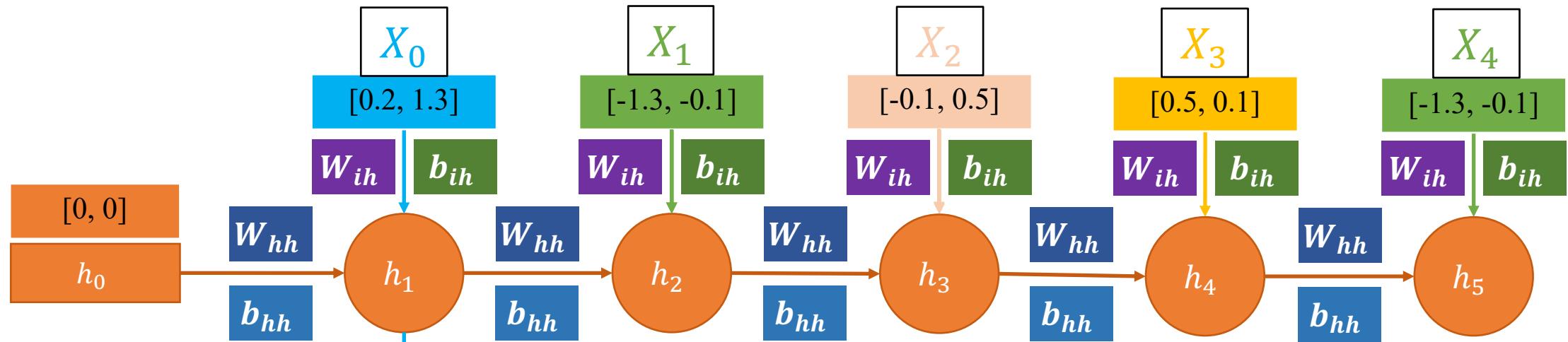
Shape=(2)  
(hidden\_sz)

$b_{ih}$  [0.4, 0.5]

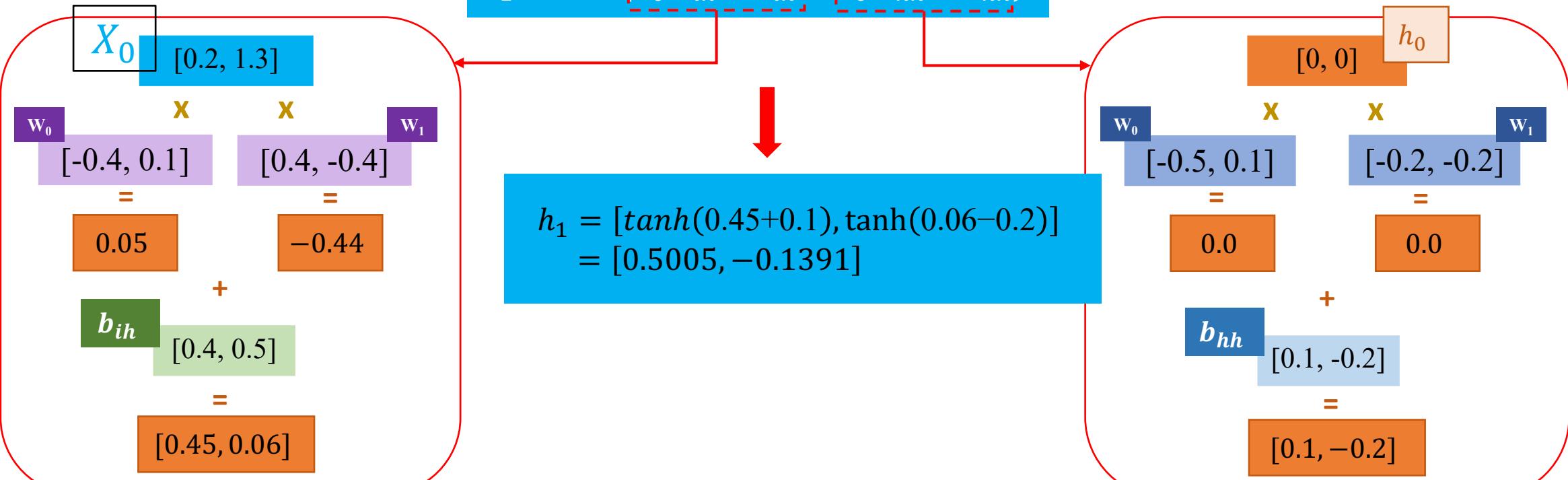
$b_{hh}$  [0.1, -0.2]

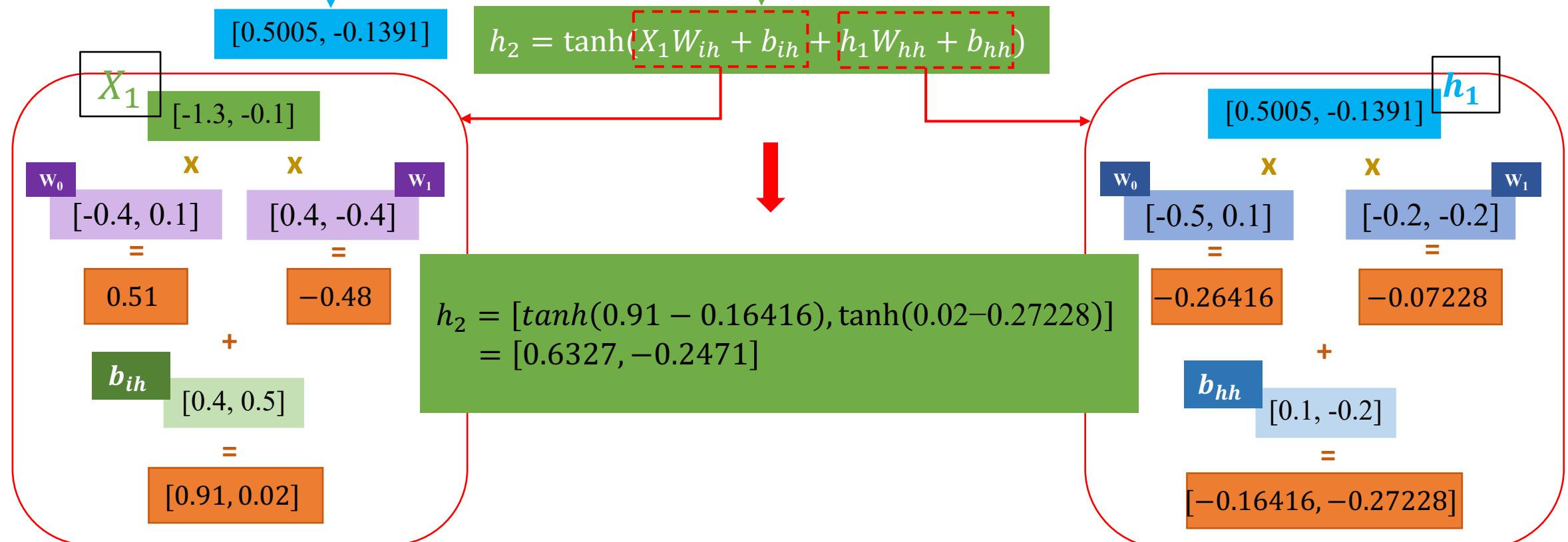
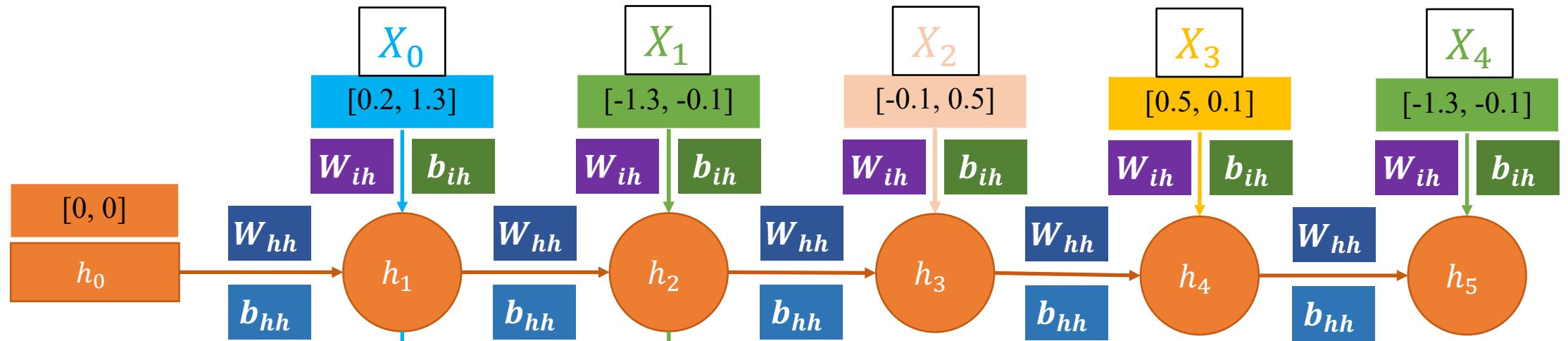
Shape=(2)  
(hidden\_sz)

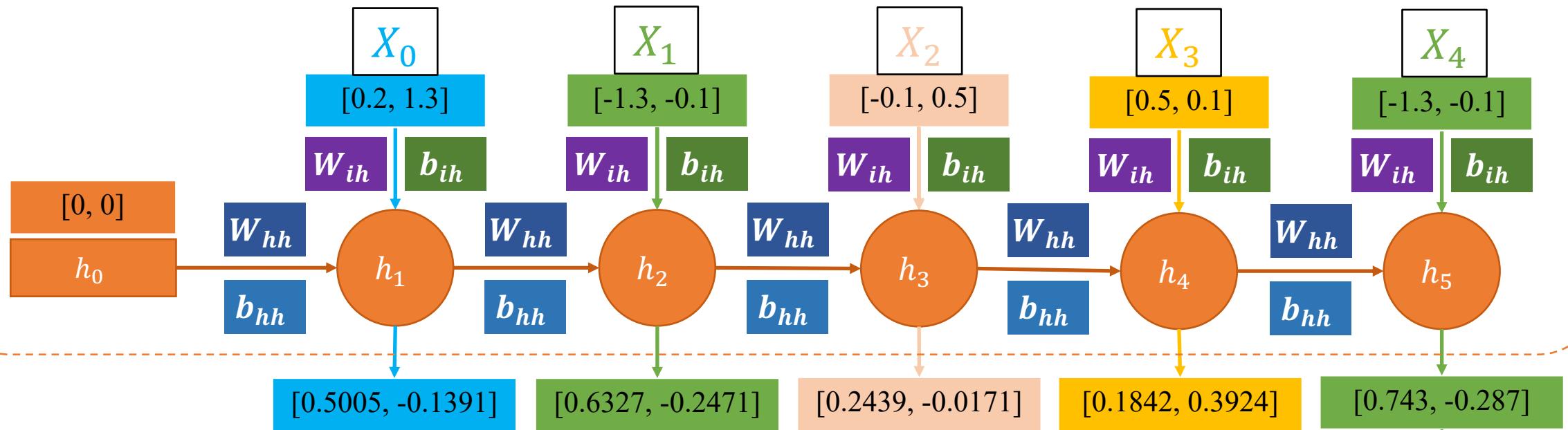




$$h_1 = \tanh(X_0 W_{ih} + b_{ih} + h_0 W_{hh} + b_{hh})$$







$0.743$   
 $-0.287$

Shape=(1,2)  
 $(bs, \text{hidden\_d})$

softmax

% class 0  
% class 1

$0.7369$   
 $0.2631$

0.3053

Loss

$y = 0$

# Text Classification: Example 5

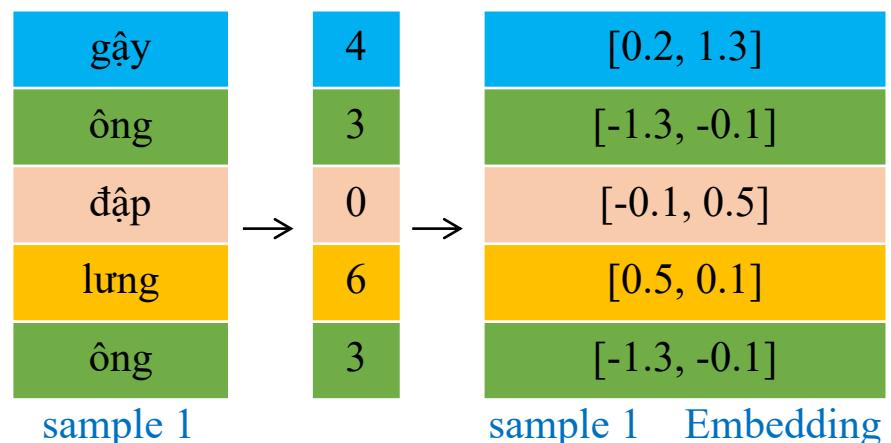
Doc	Label
gây ông đậm lุง ông	0
có làm mới có ăn	1

building dictionary  
vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 5

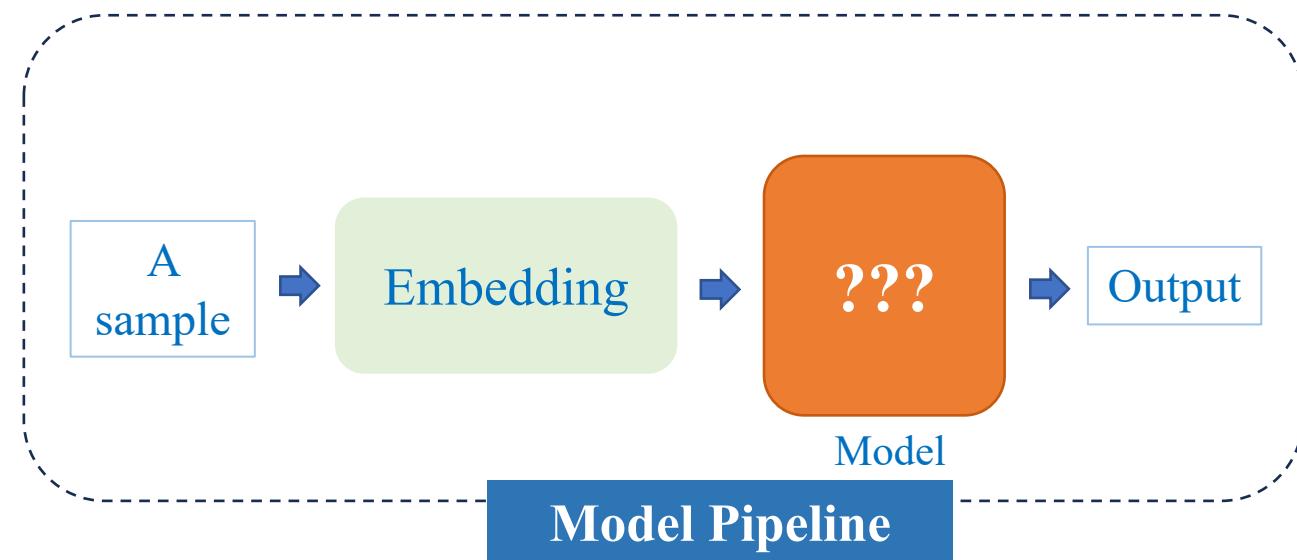
index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	có
3	ông
4	gây
5	làm
6	lุง
7	mới

0	[-0.1, 0.5]
1	[1.7, -0.8]
2	[1.0, -1.9]
3	[-1.3, -0.1]
4	[0.2, 1.3]
5	[0.4, -0.6]
6	[0.5, 0.1]
7	[0.4, -1.3]

Dictionary



Vectorization and Embedding



sample 1

gây	4
ông	3
đập	0
lung	6
ông	3

Shape=(1,5)  
(bs, seq\_len)

sample 1 \_ Embedding

[0.2, 1.3]
[-1.3, -0.1]
[-0.1, 0.5]
[0.5, 0.1]
[-1.3, -0.1]

Shape=(1,5,2)  
(bs, seq\_len, emb)

RNN  
input\_size=2,  
hidden\_size=3,  
batch\_first=True

Shape=(3,2)  
(hidden\_sz, input\_sz)

$W_{ih}$	[-0.4, 0.1]	$w_0$
	[0.4, -0.4]	$w_1$
	[0.2, -0.4]	$w_2$

Shape=(3)  
(hidden\_sz)

$b_{ih}$	[0.4, 0.5, -0.5]
----------	------------------

$W_{hh}$	[-0.5, 0.1, 0.1]	$w_0$
	[-0.2, -0.2, -0.2]	$w_1$
	[-0.4, -0.2, 0.2]	$w_2$

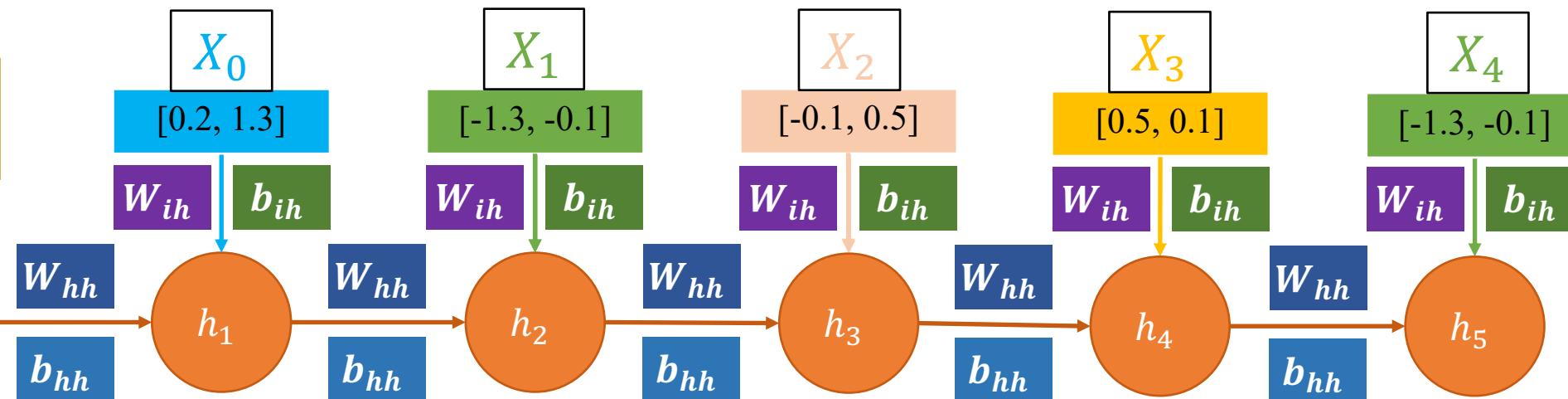
$b_{hh}$	[0.1, -0.2, 0.1]
----------	------------------

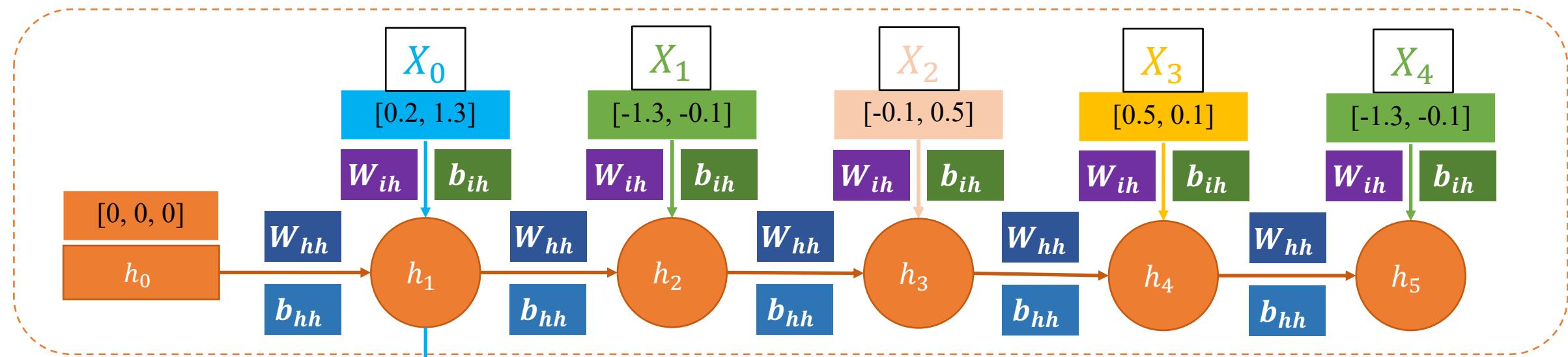
Shape=(3)  
(hidden\_sz)

Shape=(3,3)  
(hidden\_sz, hidden\_sz)

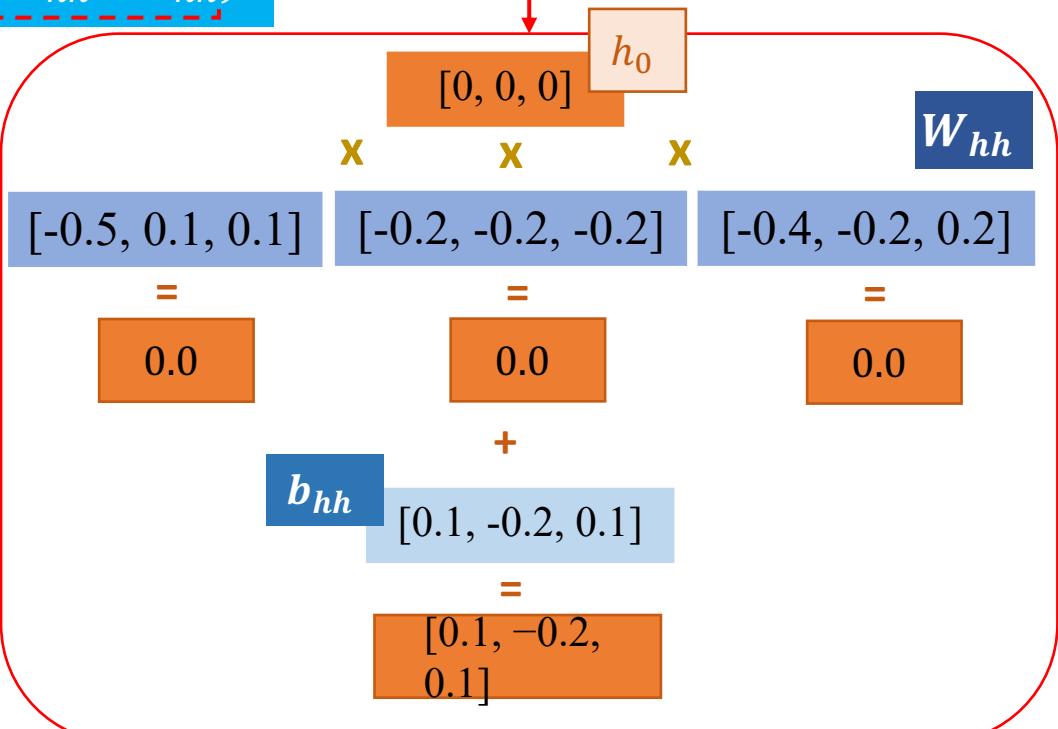
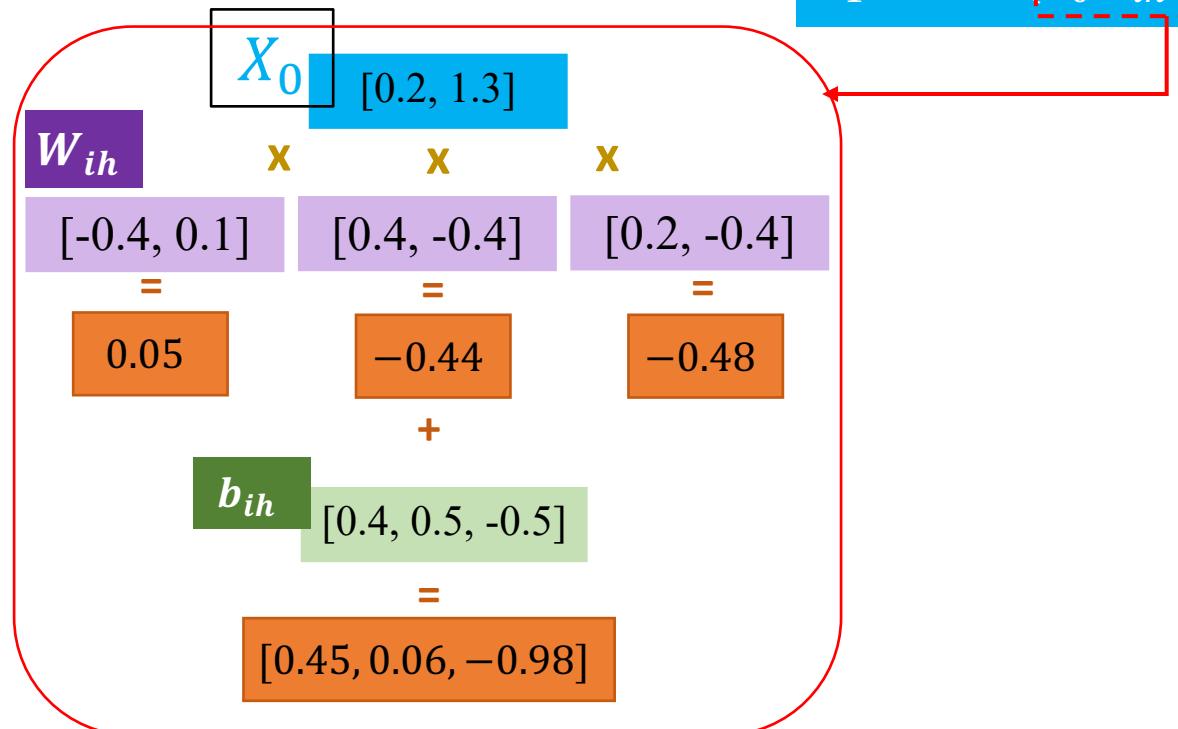
Shape=(1,1,3)  
(1, bs, hidden\_d)

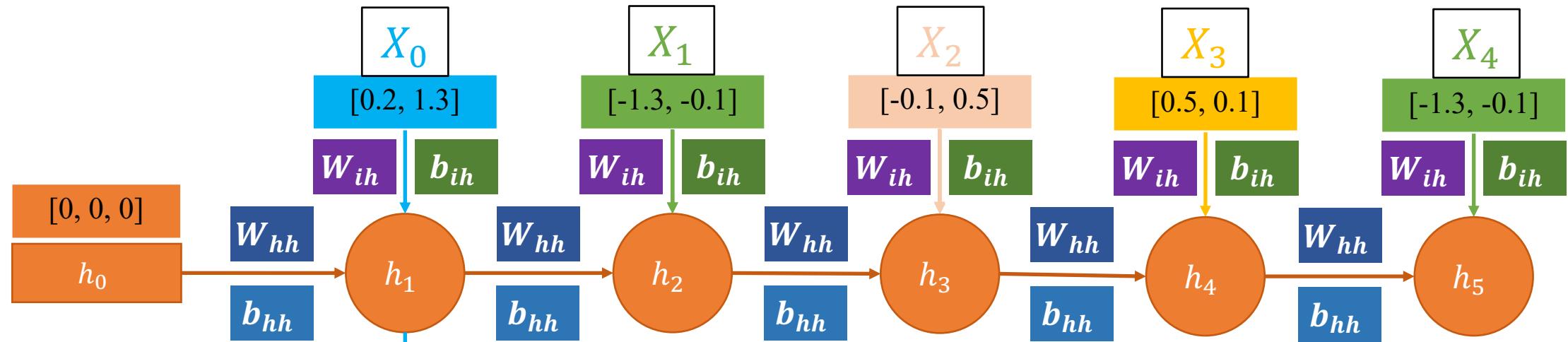
[0, 0, 0]
$h_0$





$$h_1 = \tanh(X_0 W_{ih} + b_{ih} + h_0 W_{hh} + b_{hh})$$





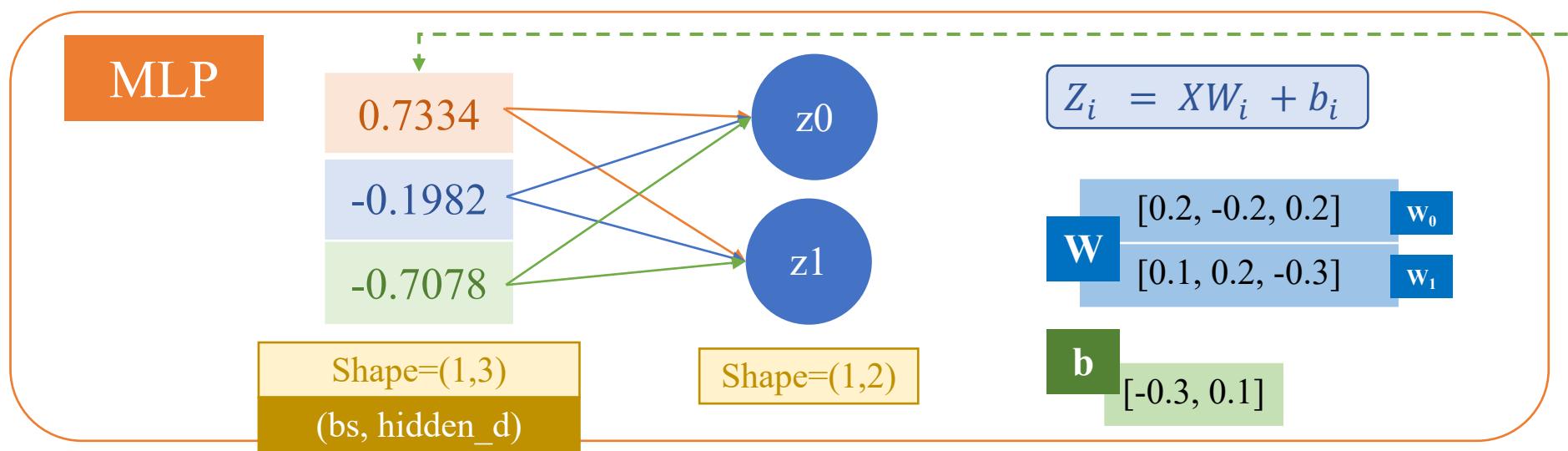
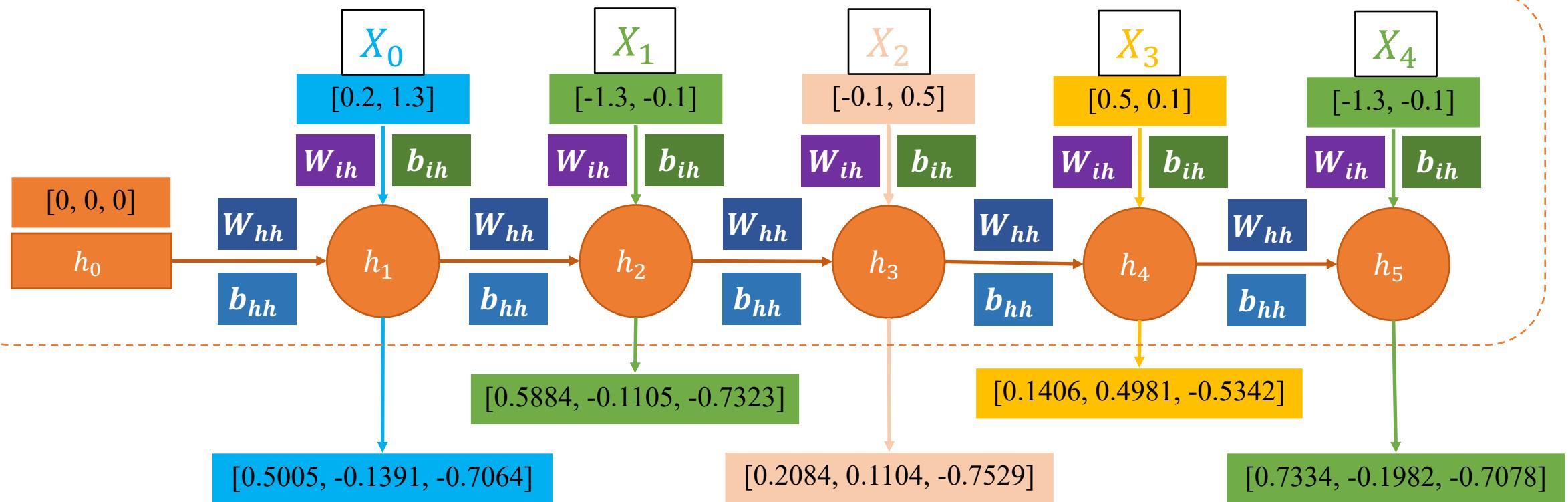
$$h_1 = \tanh(X_0 W_{ih} + b_{ih} + h_0 W_{hh} + b_{hh})$$

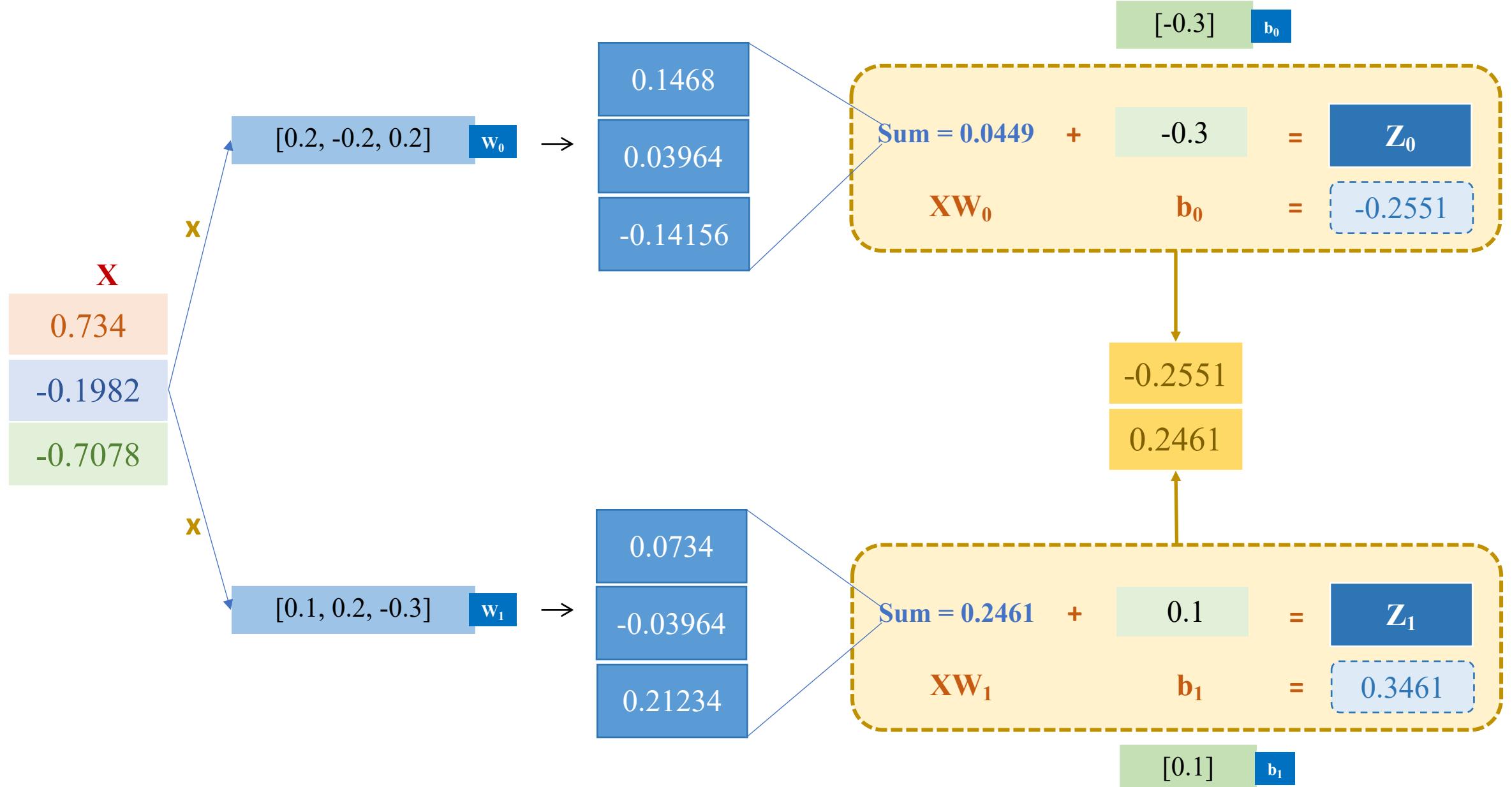
$[0.45, 0.06, -0.98]$

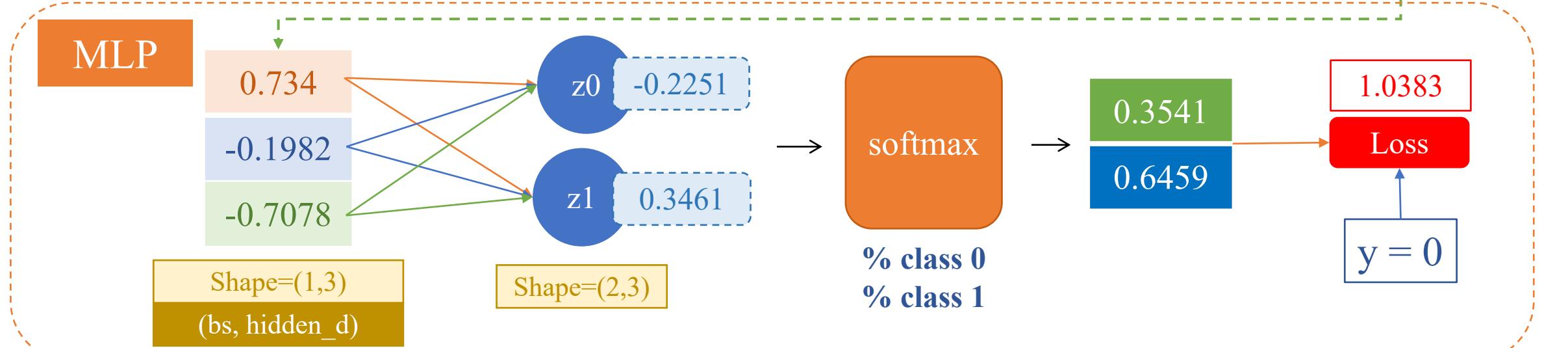
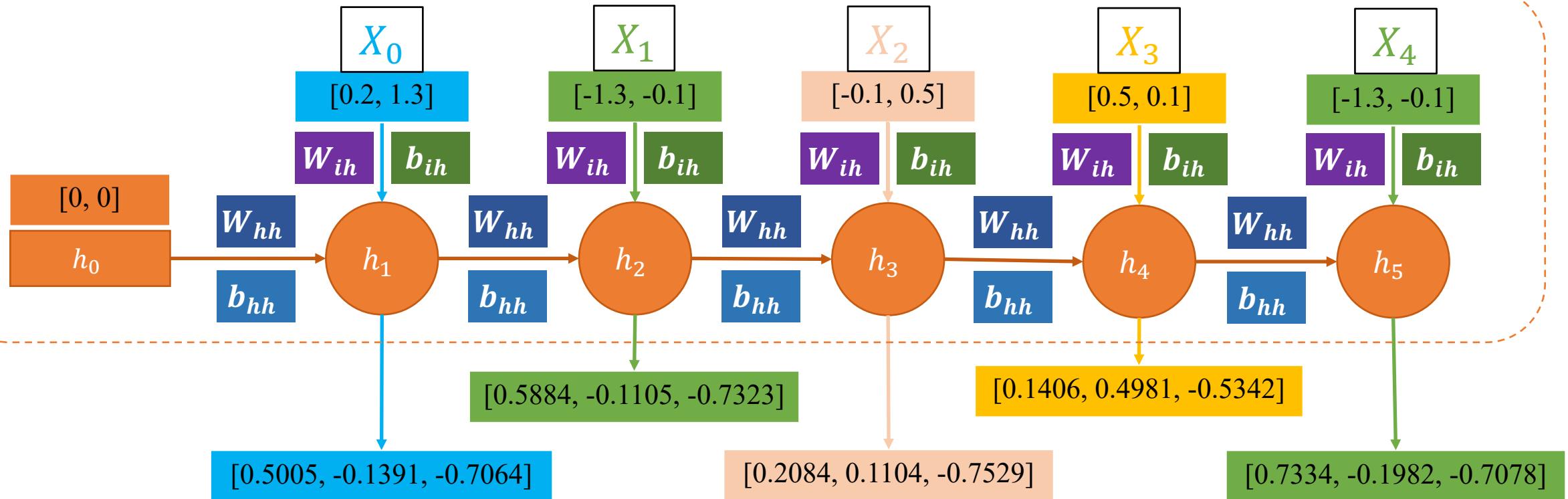
$[0.1, -0.2, 0.1]$

$$h_1 = [\tanh(0.45+0.1), \tanh(0.06-0.2), \tanh(-0.98 + 0.1)]$$

$$h_1 = [0.5005, -0.1391, -0.7064]$$







# Outline

SECTION 1

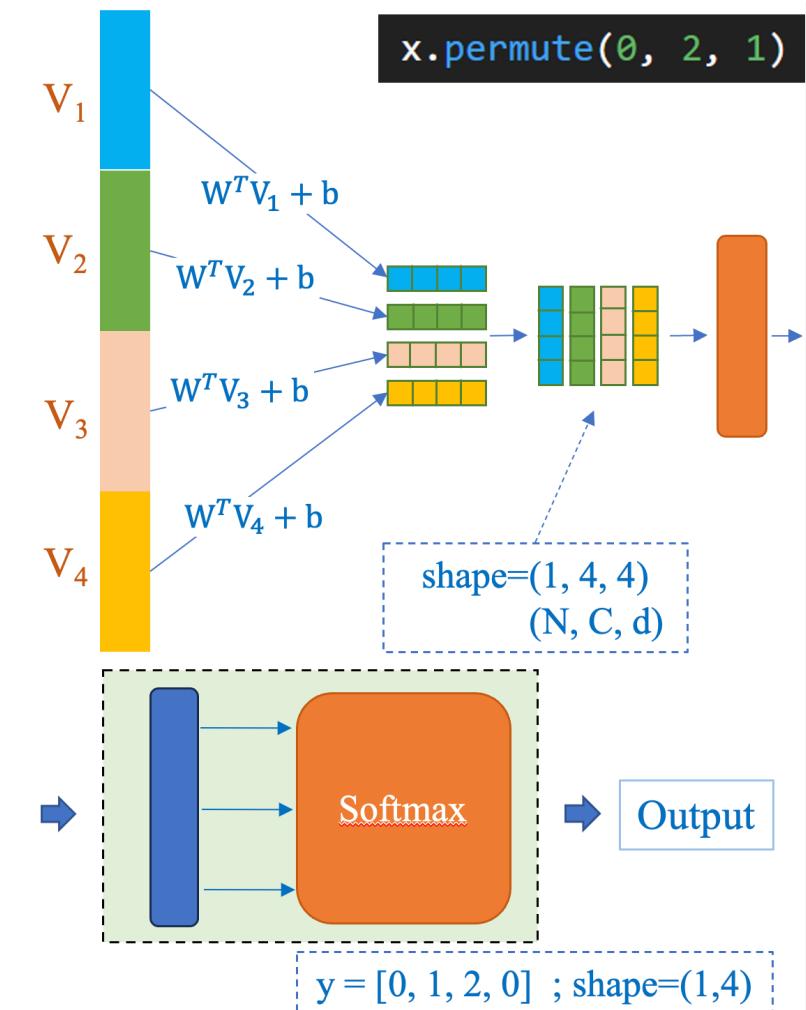
## Review

SECTION 2

## Text Classification

SECTION 3

## POS Tagging





# Conll2003 Dataset for Part-of-Speed Tagging

Num\_classes = 47

0	"	Quotation mask
1		space
2	#	Hash
3	\$	Dolla
4	(	Opening parenthesis
5	)	Closing parenthesis
6	,	Comma
7	.	Dot
8	:	Colon
9	'`	Apostrophe

Train

14041

Val

3250

Test

3453

10	CC	Coordinating conjunction
11	CD	Cardinal number
12	DT	Determiner
13	EX	Existential <i>there</i>
14	FW	Foreign word
15	IN	Preposition or subordinating conjunction
16	JJ	Adjective
17	JJR	Adjective, comparative
18	JJS	Adjective, superlative
19	LS	List item marker

20	MD	Modal
21	NN	Noun, singular or mass
22	NNP	Proper noun, singular
23	NNPS	Proper noun, plural
24	NNS	Noun, plural
25	NN SYM	Noun or Symbol
26	PDT	Predeterminer
27	POS	Possessive ending
28	PRP	Personal pronoun
29	PRP\$	Possessive pronoun

# Conll2003 Dataset for Part-of-Speech Tagging

Num\_classes = 47

## Example

### Input tokens

```
[ "Cup", "qualifying", "round", "", "second", "leg", "soccer", "matches", "on", "Thursday"]
```

### Label

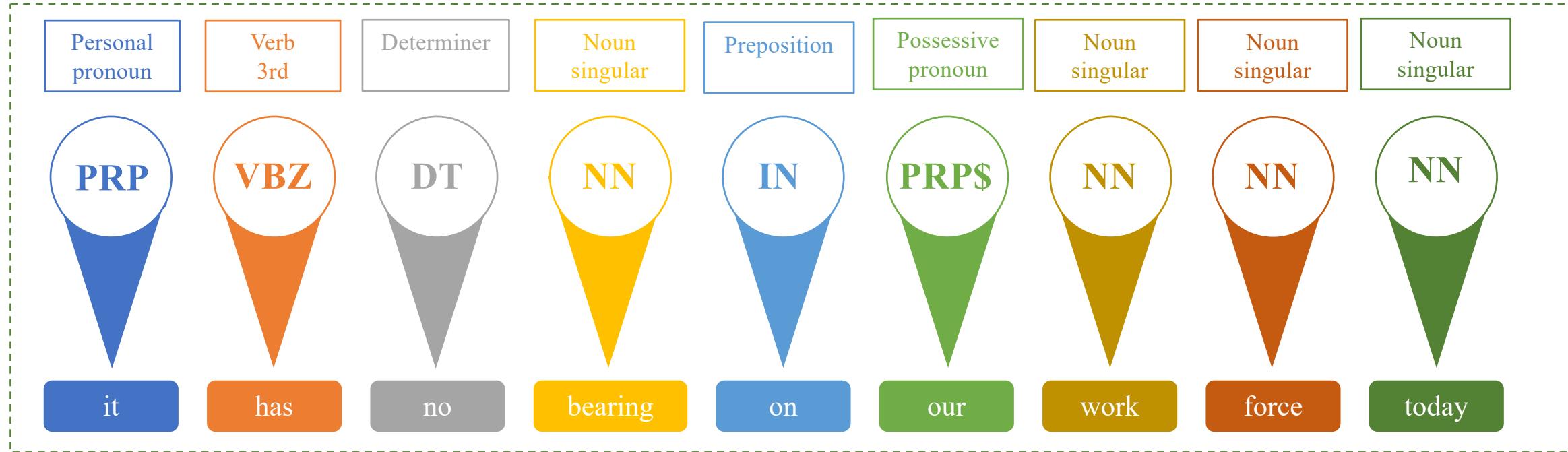
```
[ "NNP", "VBG", "RB", "", "JJ", "NN", "NN", "NNS", "IN", "NNP"]
```

### Label-encoded

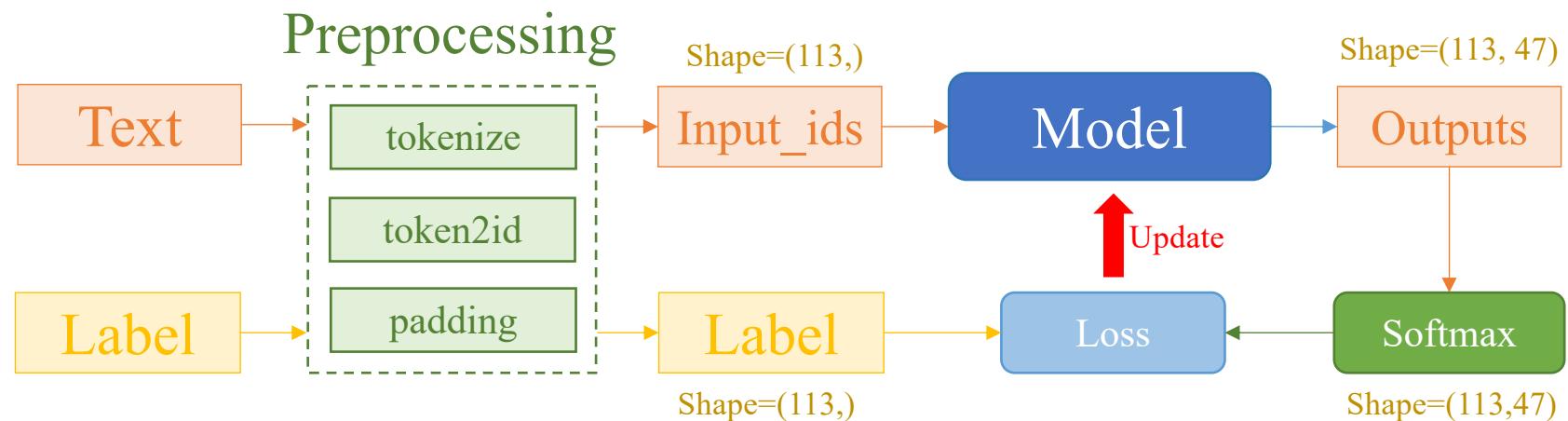
```
[ 22, 39, 30, 6, 16, 21, 21, 24, 15, 22 ]
```

30	RB	Adverb
31	RBR	Adverb, comparative
32	RBS	Adverb, superlative
33	RP	Particle
34	SYM	Symbol
35	TO	to
36	UH	Interjection
37	VB	Verb, base form
38	VBD	Verb, past tense
39	VBG	Verb, gerund or present participle
40	VBN	Verb, past participle
41	VBP	Verb, non-3rd person singular present
42	VBZ	Verb, 3rd person singular present
43	WDT	Wh-determiner
44	WP	Wh-pronoun
45	WP\$	Possessive wh-pronoun
46	WRB	Wh-adverb

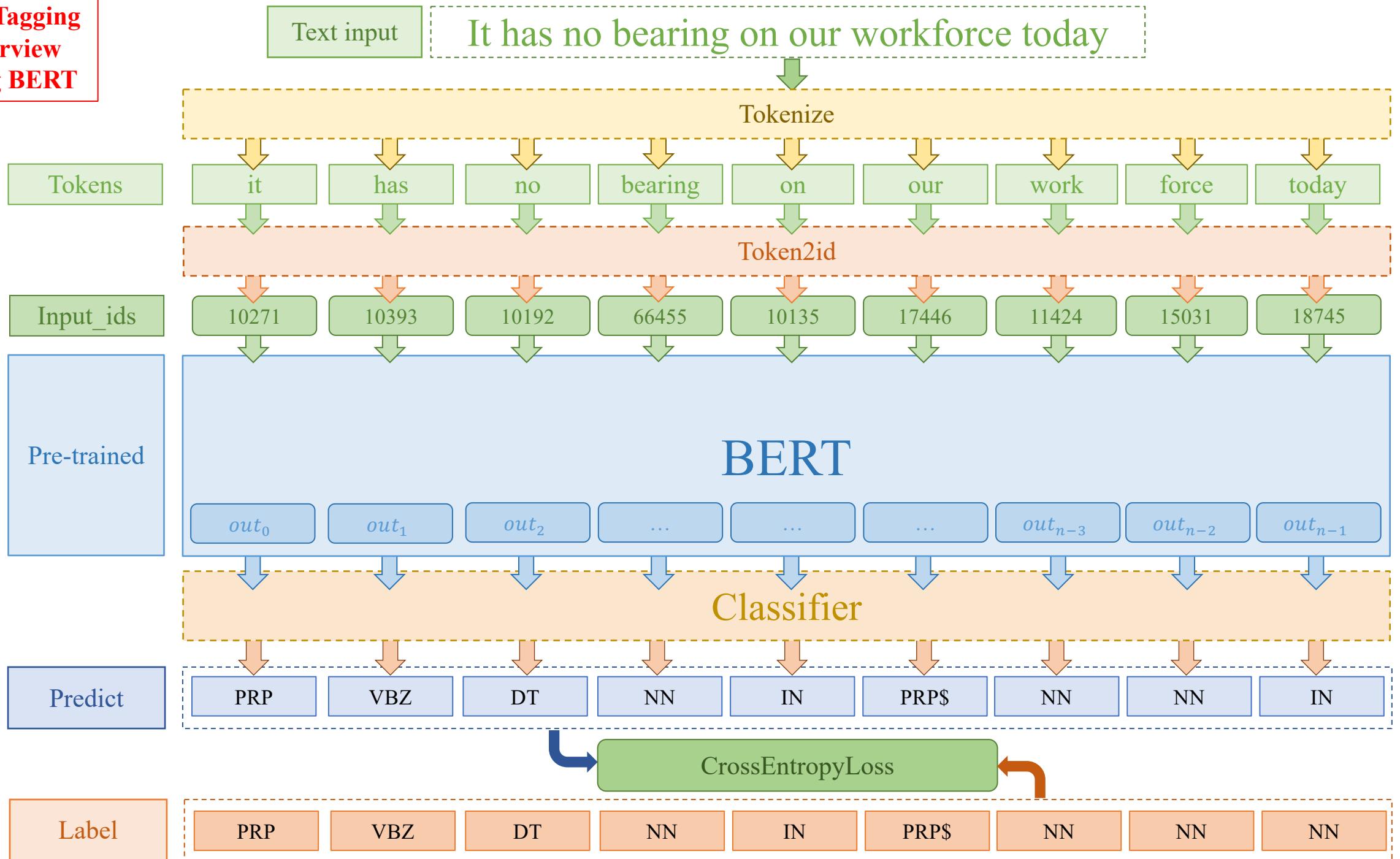
# Part-of-speed Tagging



Index	Label
0	<unk>
1	NN
2	IN
3	NNP
...	...
43	LS
44	FW
45	UH
46	SYM



**POS Tagging  
Overview  
Using BERT**



# POS Tagging (1): One-Word Input

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

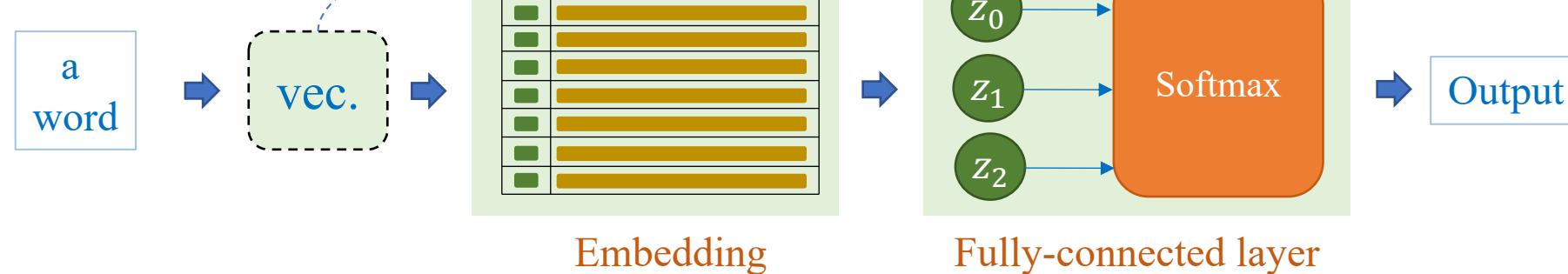
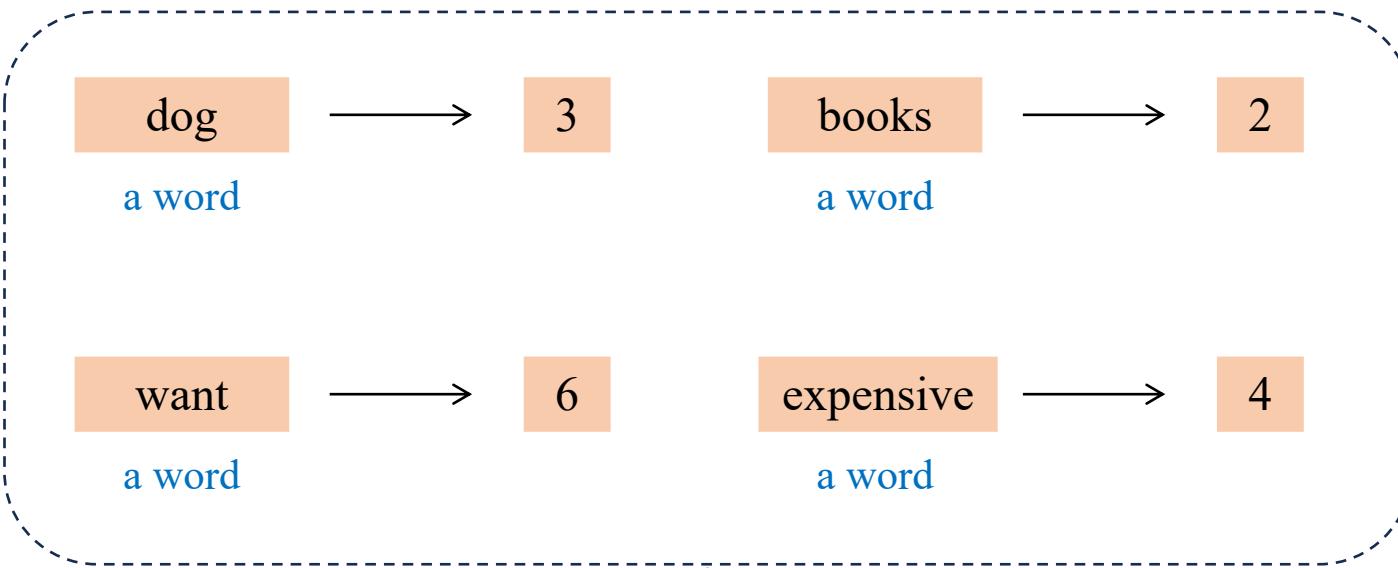
building  
dictionary

index	word
0	a
1	are
2	books
3	dog
4	expensive
5	i
6	want

vocab size = 7  
word-based classification

Label

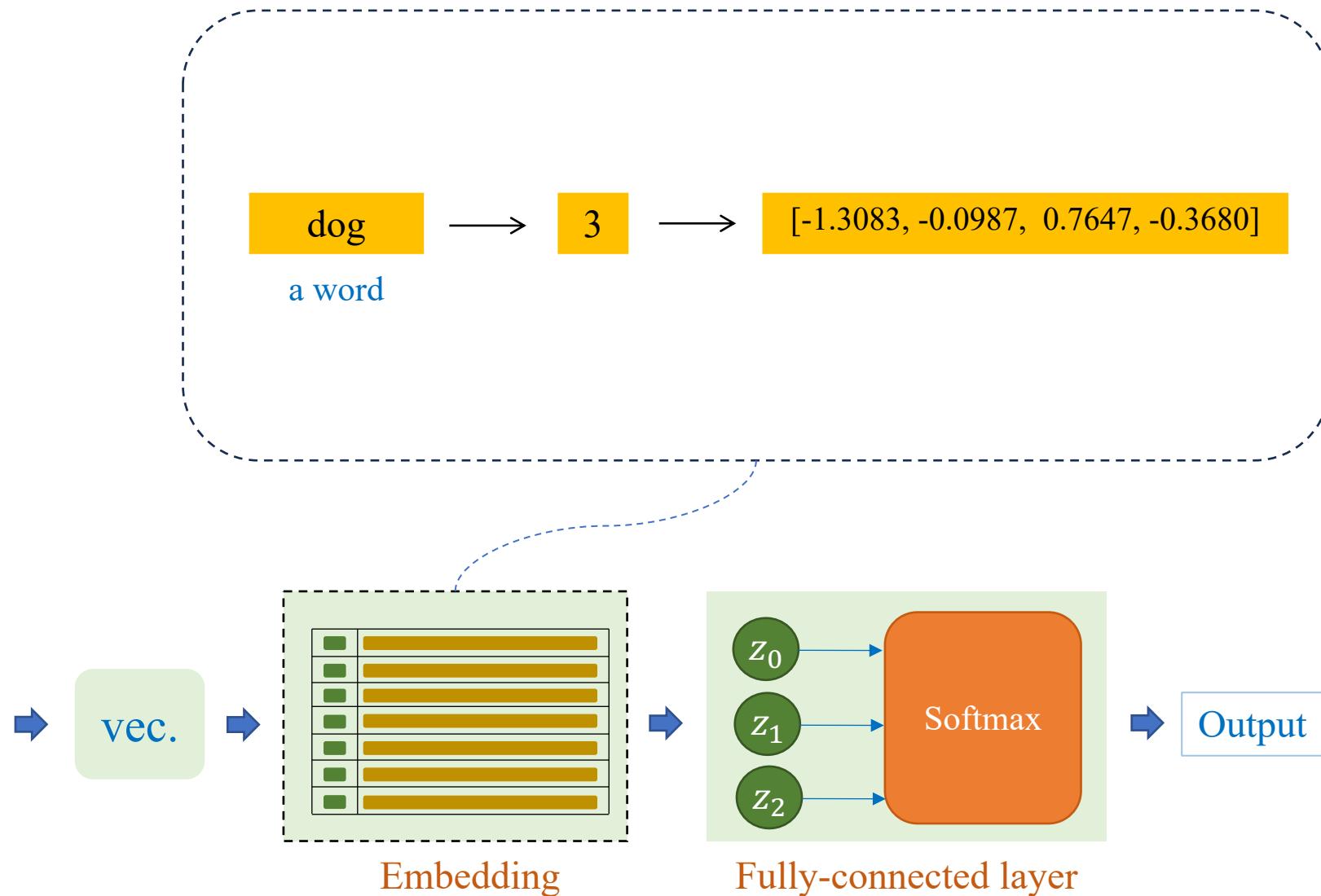
- 0: (pro)noun
- 1: verb
- 2: others



# POS Tagging (1): One-Word Input

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

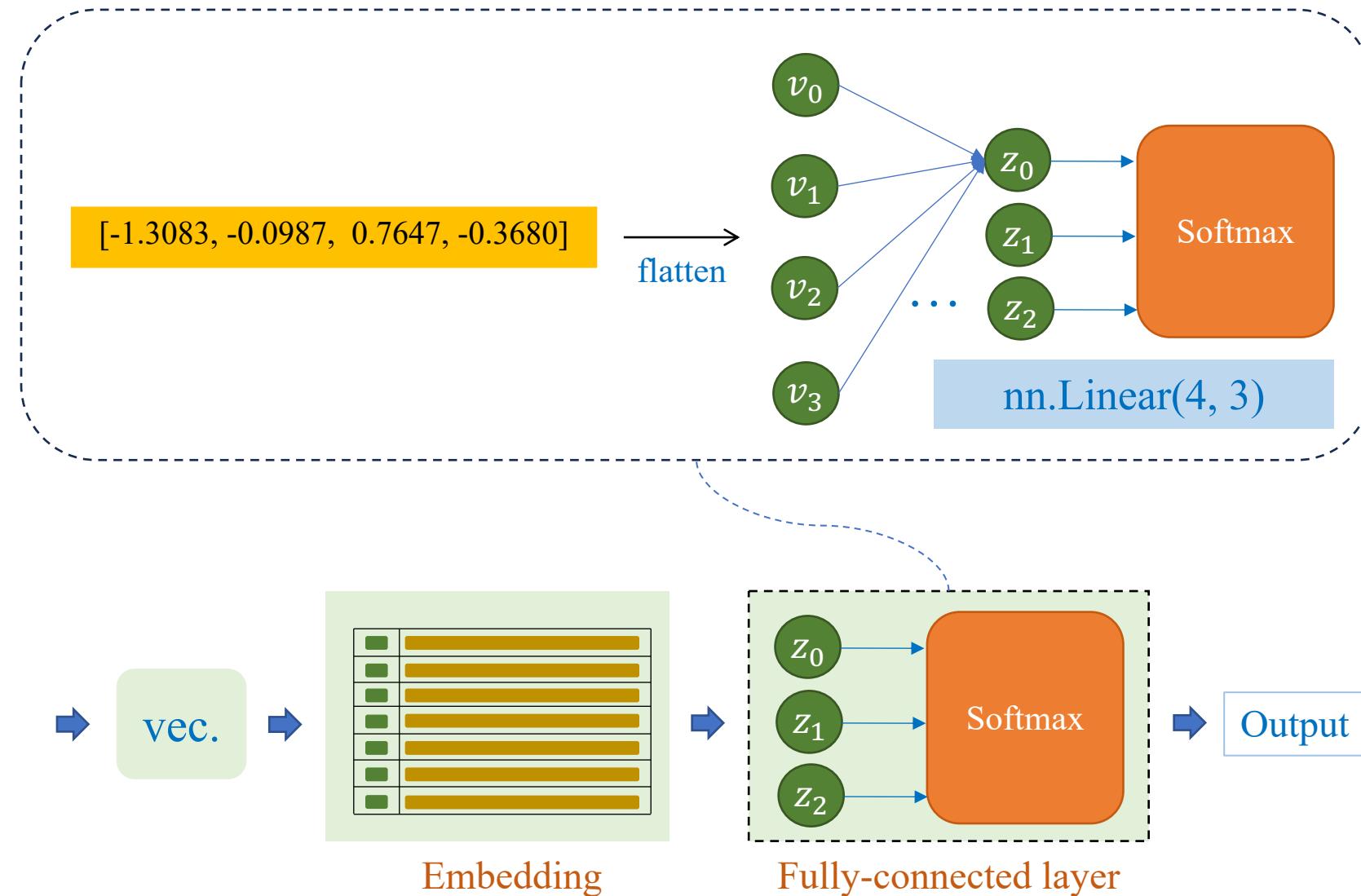
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]



# POS Tagging (1): One-Word Input

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

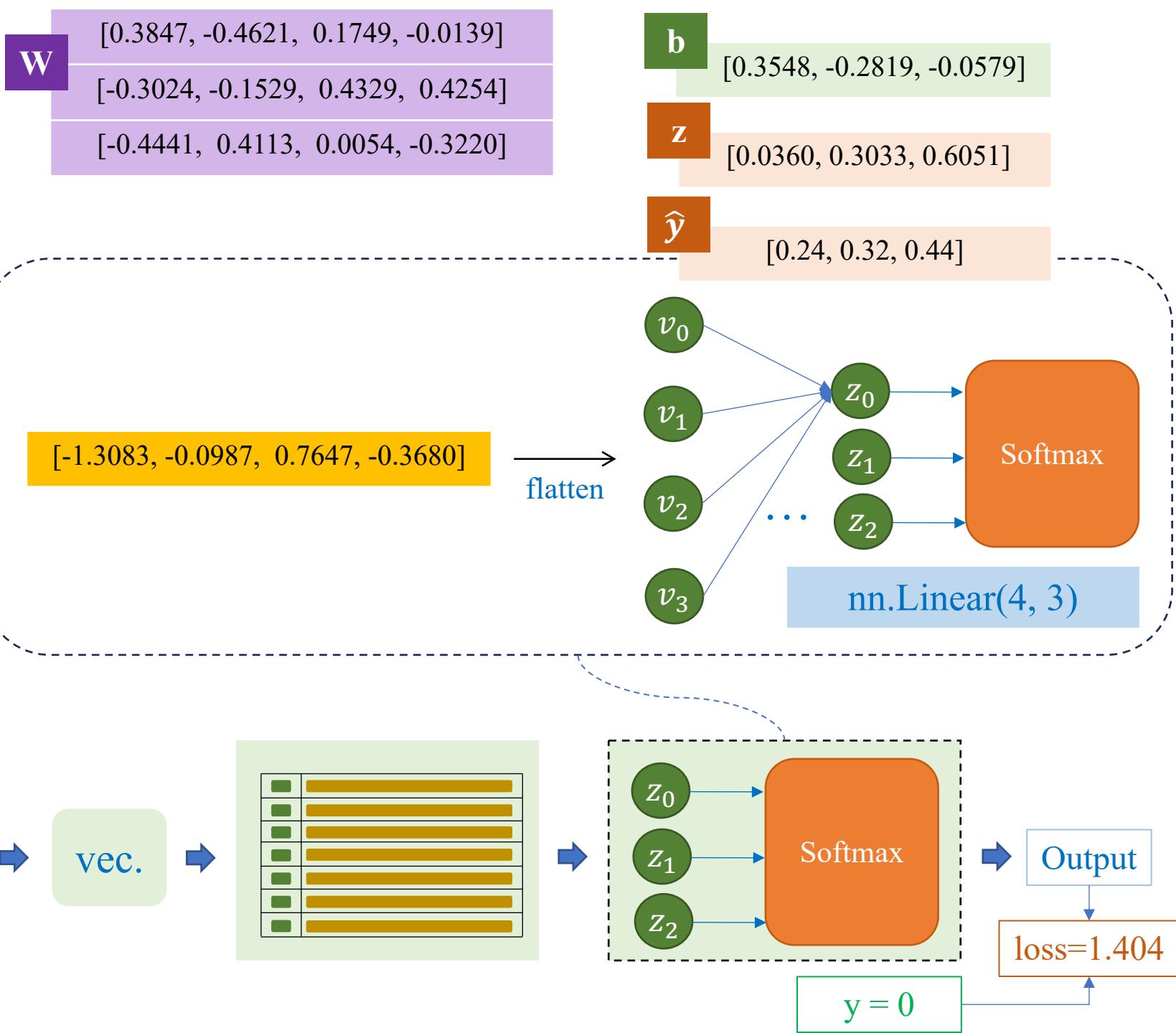
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]



# POS Tagging (1): One-Word Input

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

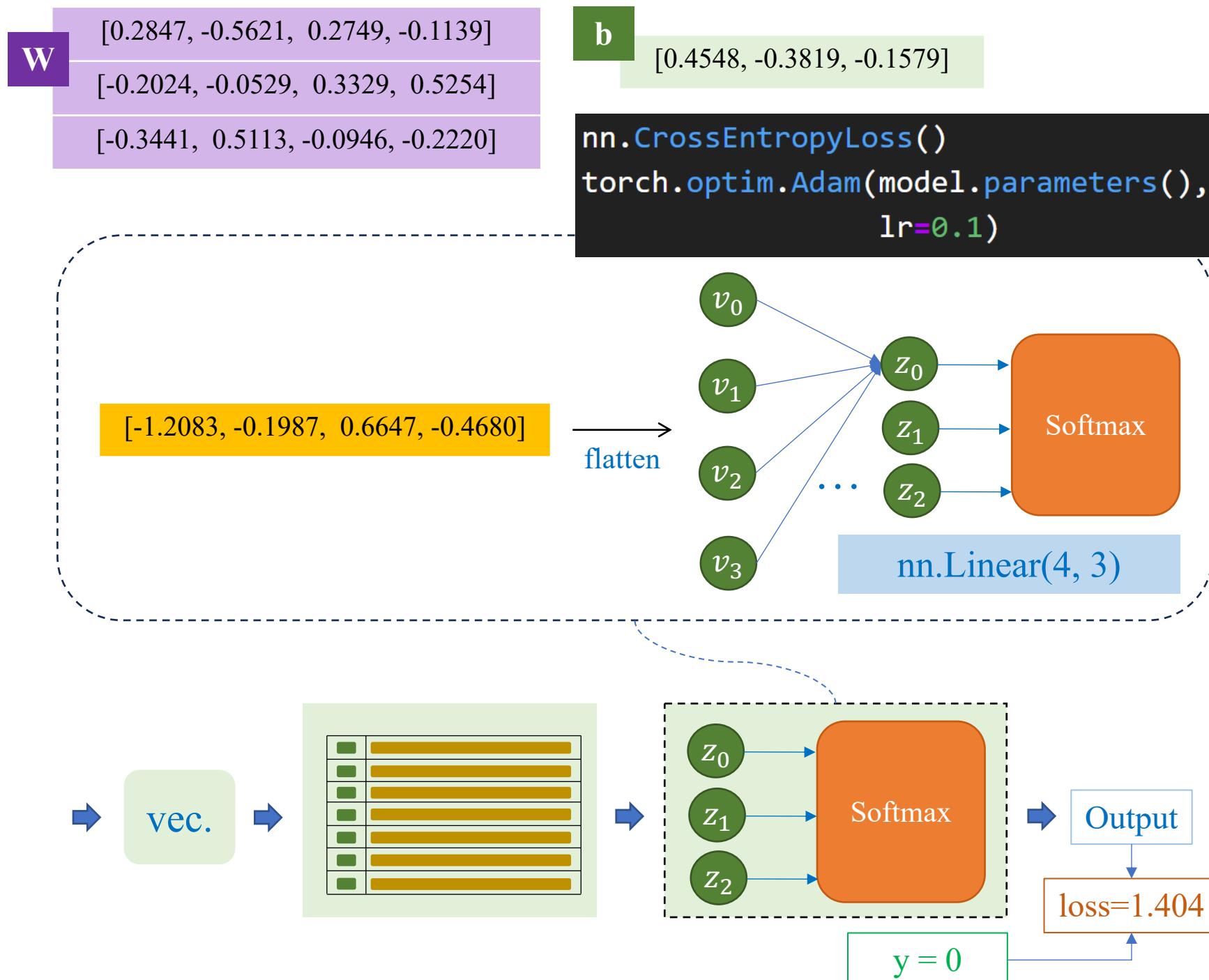
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]



# POS Tagging (1): One-Word Input

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

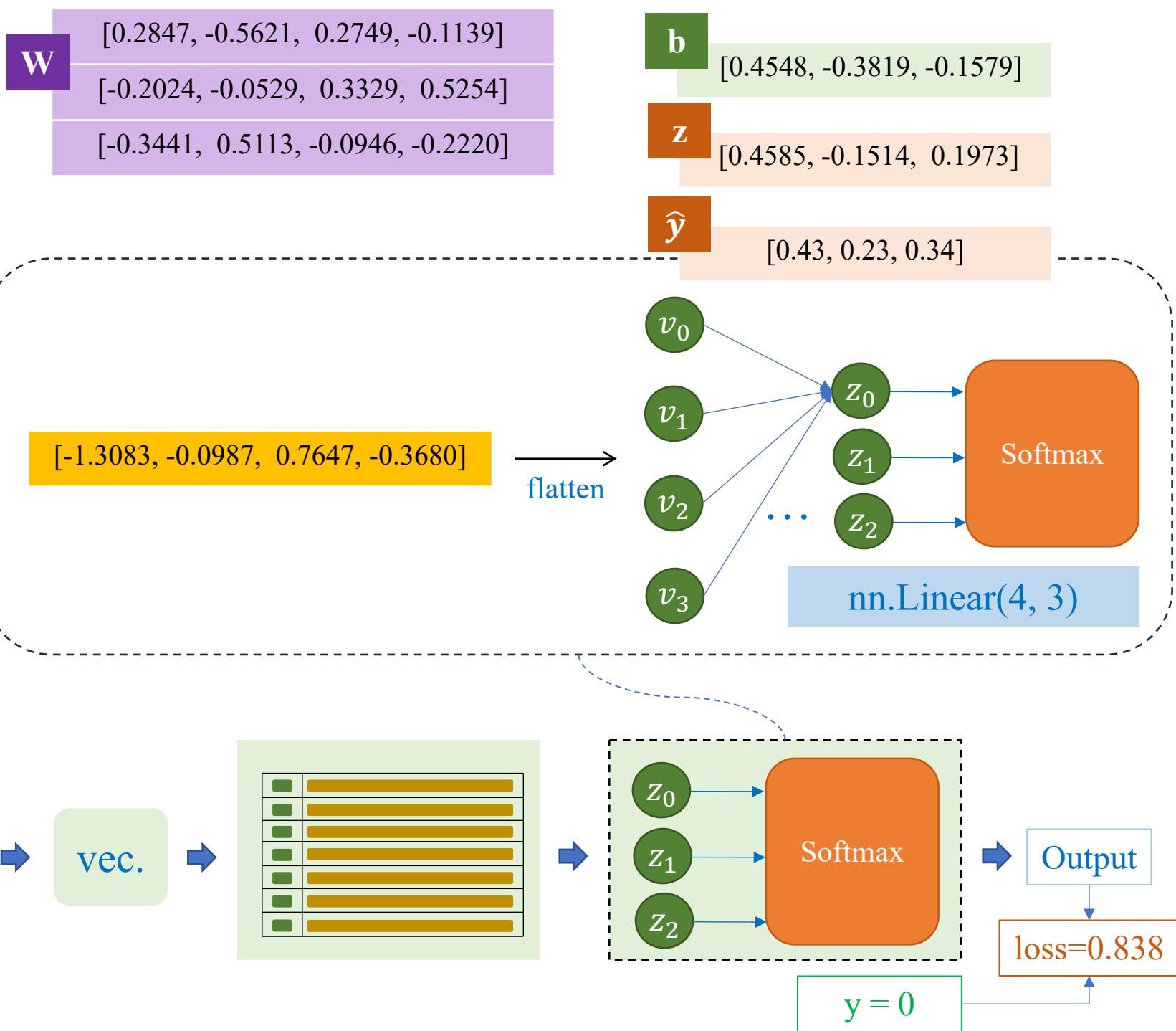
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.2083, -0.1987, 0.6647, -0.4680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]



# POS Tagging (1): One-Word Input

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]





# POS Tagging (2): Sentence + MLP

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are quite expensive	[0, 1, 2, 2]

building dictionary

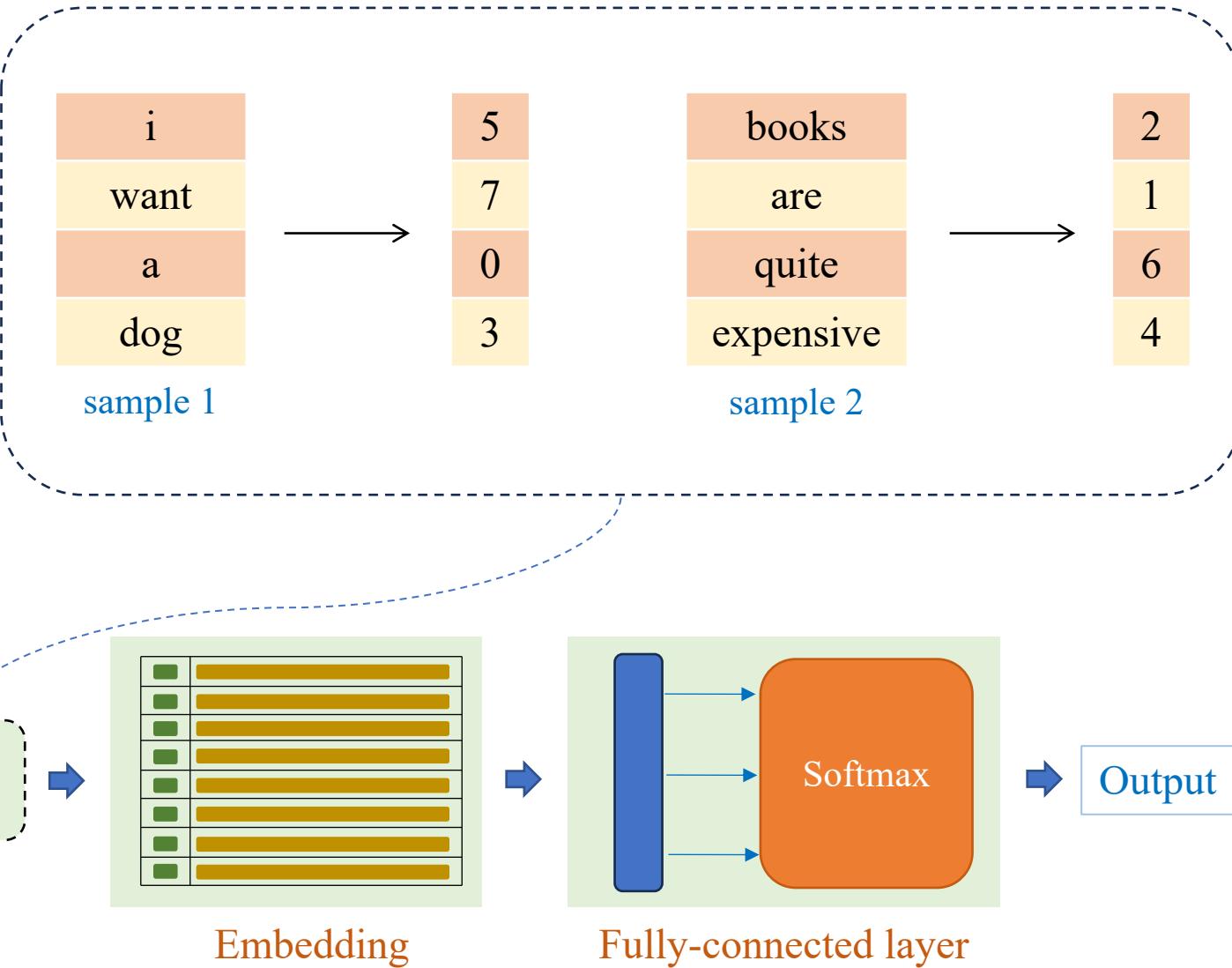
  

index	word
0	a
1	are
2	books
3	dog
4	expensive
5	i
6	quite
7	want

vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 4

Label

- 0: (pro)noun
- 1: verb
- 2: others

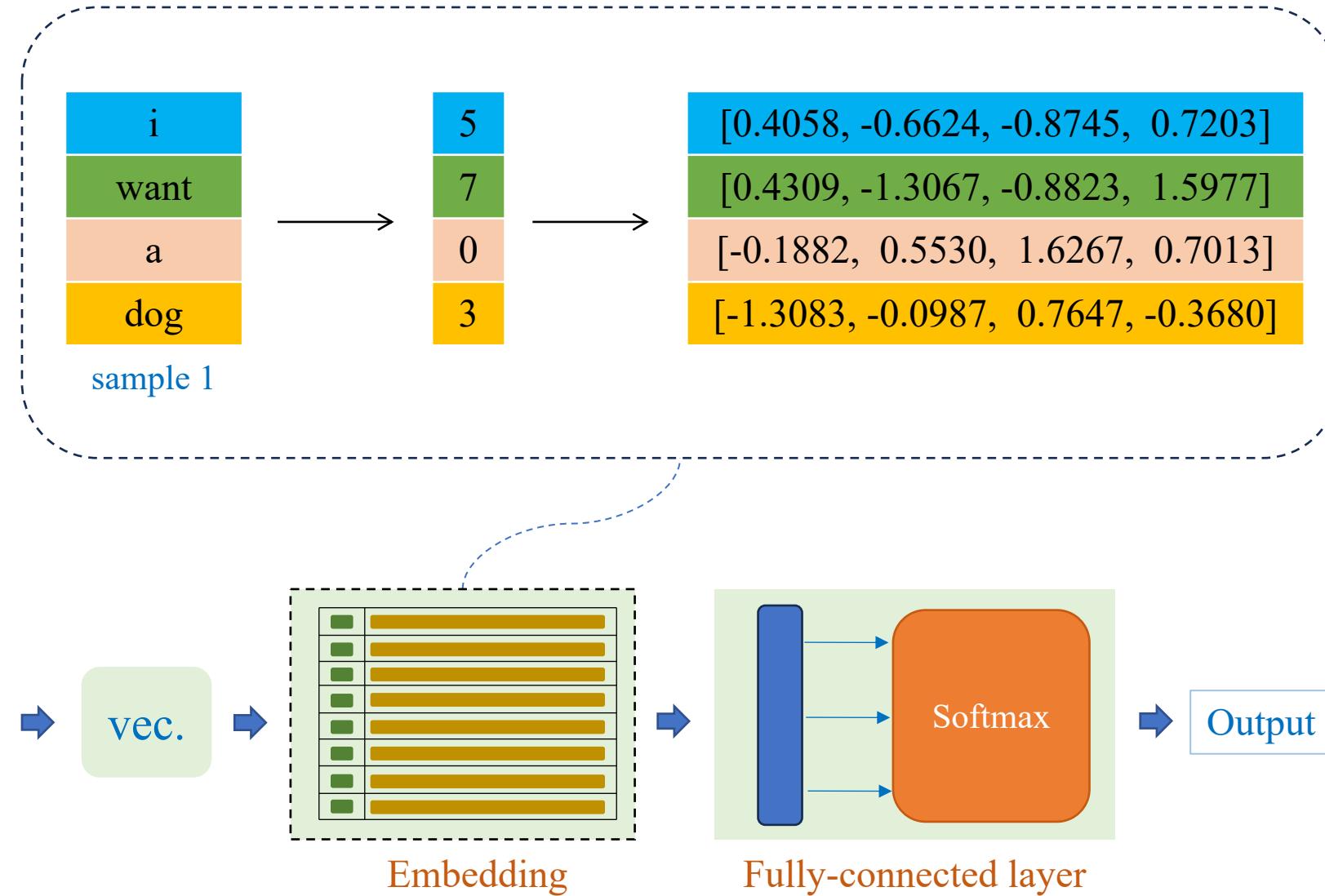


# POS Tagging (2): Sentence + MLP

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are quite expensive	[0, 1, 2, 2]

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]

vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 4



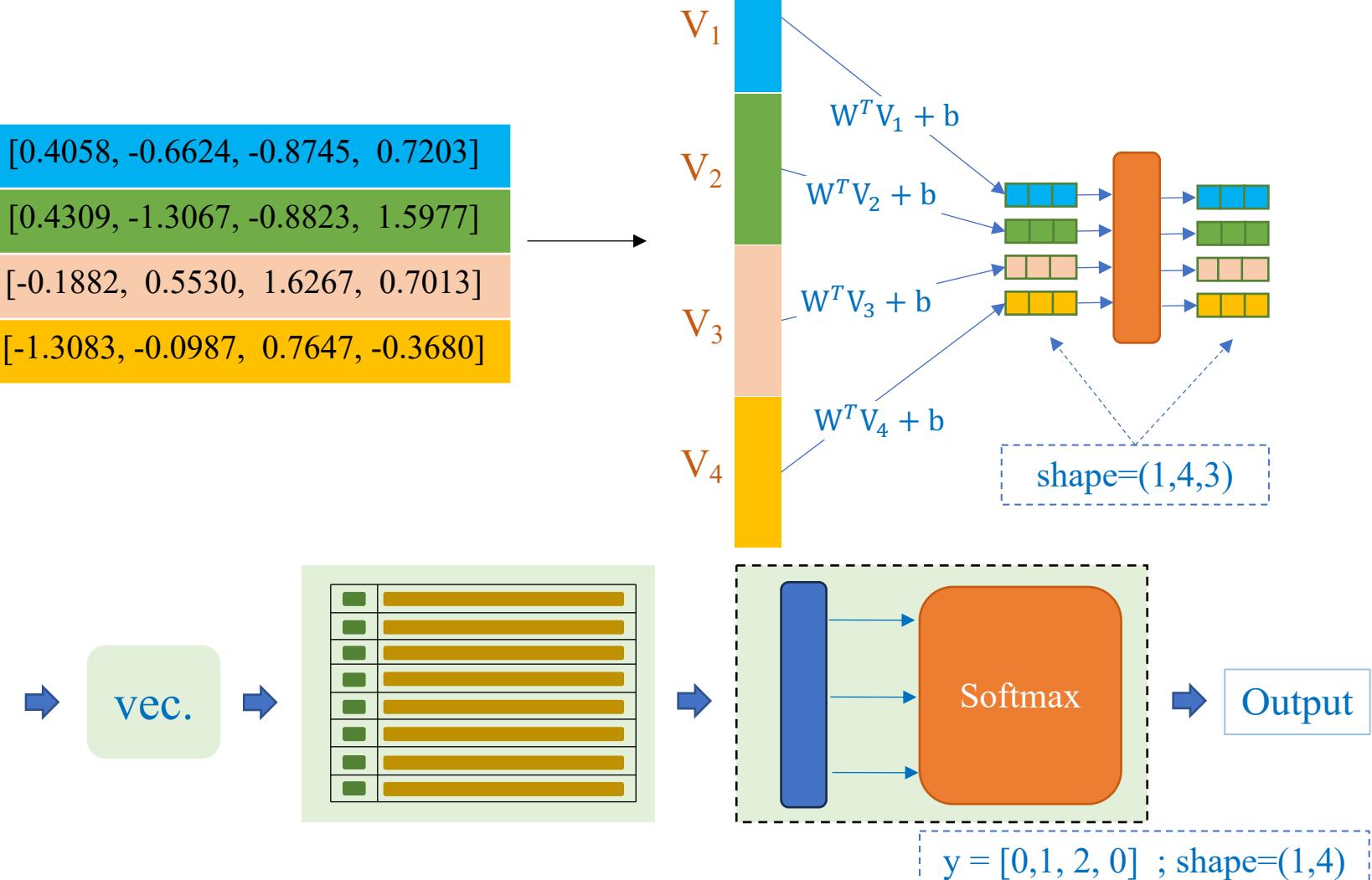
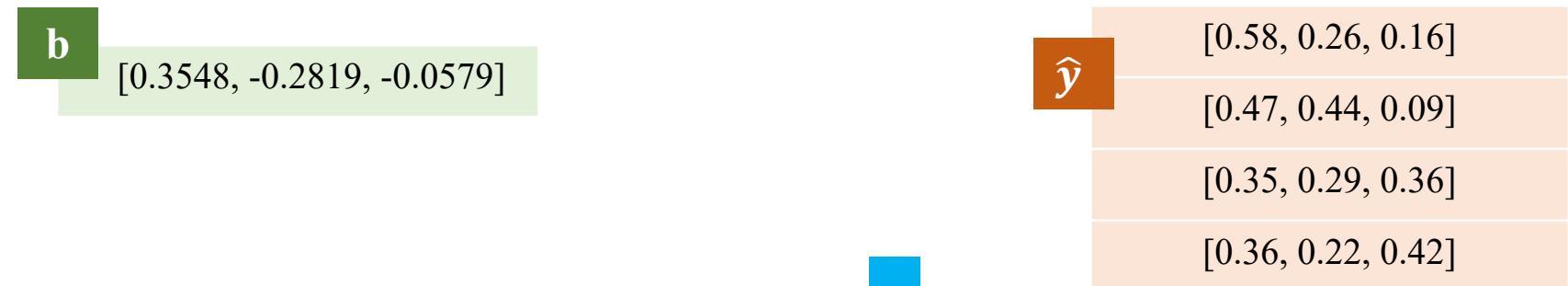
W

[0.3847, -0.4621, 0.1749, -0.0139]
[-0.3024, -0.1529, 0.4329, 0.4254]
[-0.4441, 0.4113, 0.0054, -0.3220]

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are quite expensive	[0, 1, 2, 2]

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]

vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 4



W

[0.3847, -0.4621, 0.1749, -0.0139]
[-0.3024, -0.1529, 0.4329, 0.4254]
[-0.4441, 0.4113, 0.0054, -0.3220]

b

[0.3548, -0.2819, -0.0579]
----------------------------

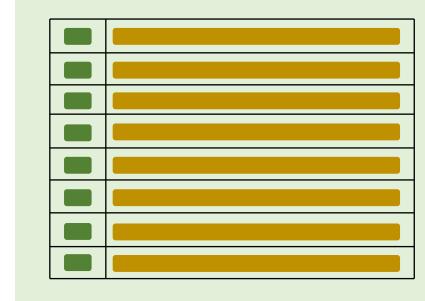
Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are quite expensive	[0, 1, 2, 2]

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]

vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 4

$\hat{y}$	[0.58, 0.47, 0.35, 0.36]
	[0.26, 0.44, 0.29, 0.22]
	[0.16, 0.22, 0.36, 0.42]

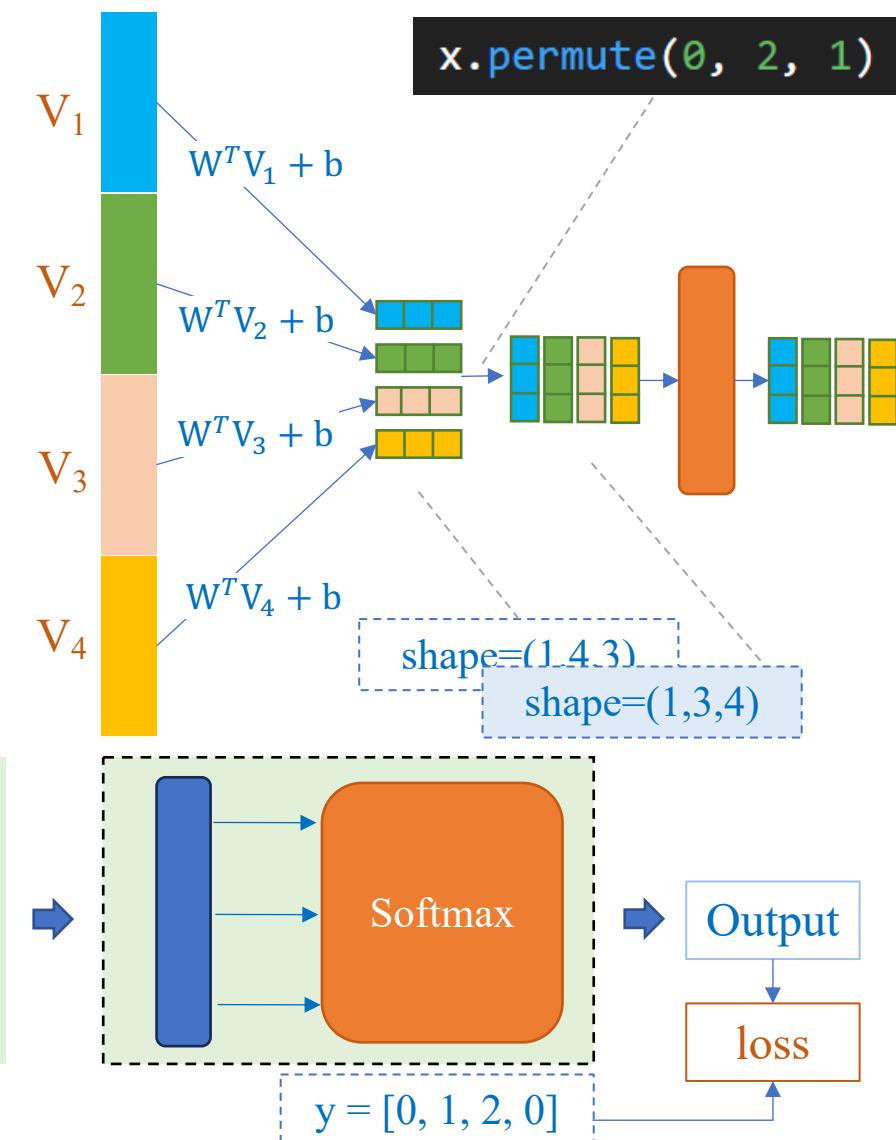
vec.



Shape of logits = (N, C, d)

Shape of target = (N, d)

## pytorch requirement



W

[0.3847, -0.4621, 0.1749, -0.0139]
[-0.3024, -0.1529, 0.4329, 0.4254]
[-0.4441, 0.4113, 0.0054, -0.3220]

b

[0.3548, -0.2819, -0.0579]
----------------------------

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are quite expensive	[0, 1, 2, 2]

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]

vocab size = 8  
sequence length = 4

```

embedding = nn.Embedding(8, 4)
fc = nn.Linear(4, 3)

# forward
x = embedding(x)
x = fc(x)
x = x.permute(0, 2, 1)

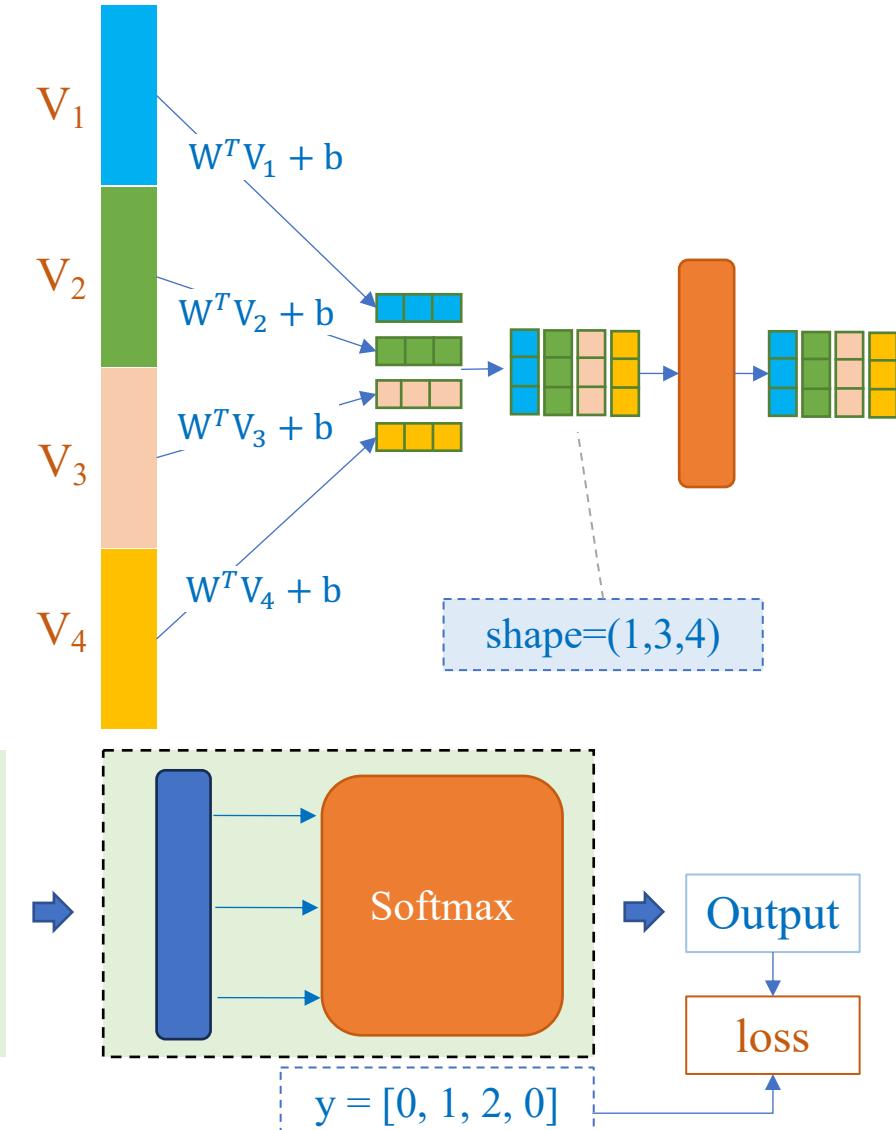
```

[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]
[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]

```

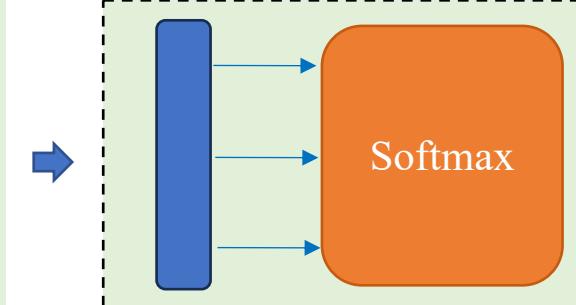
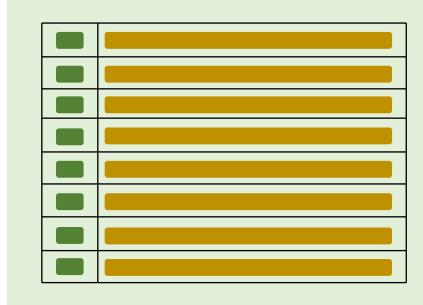
nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=0.1)

```



## Problem?

vec. →



Output

loss

$y = [0, 1, 2, 0]$



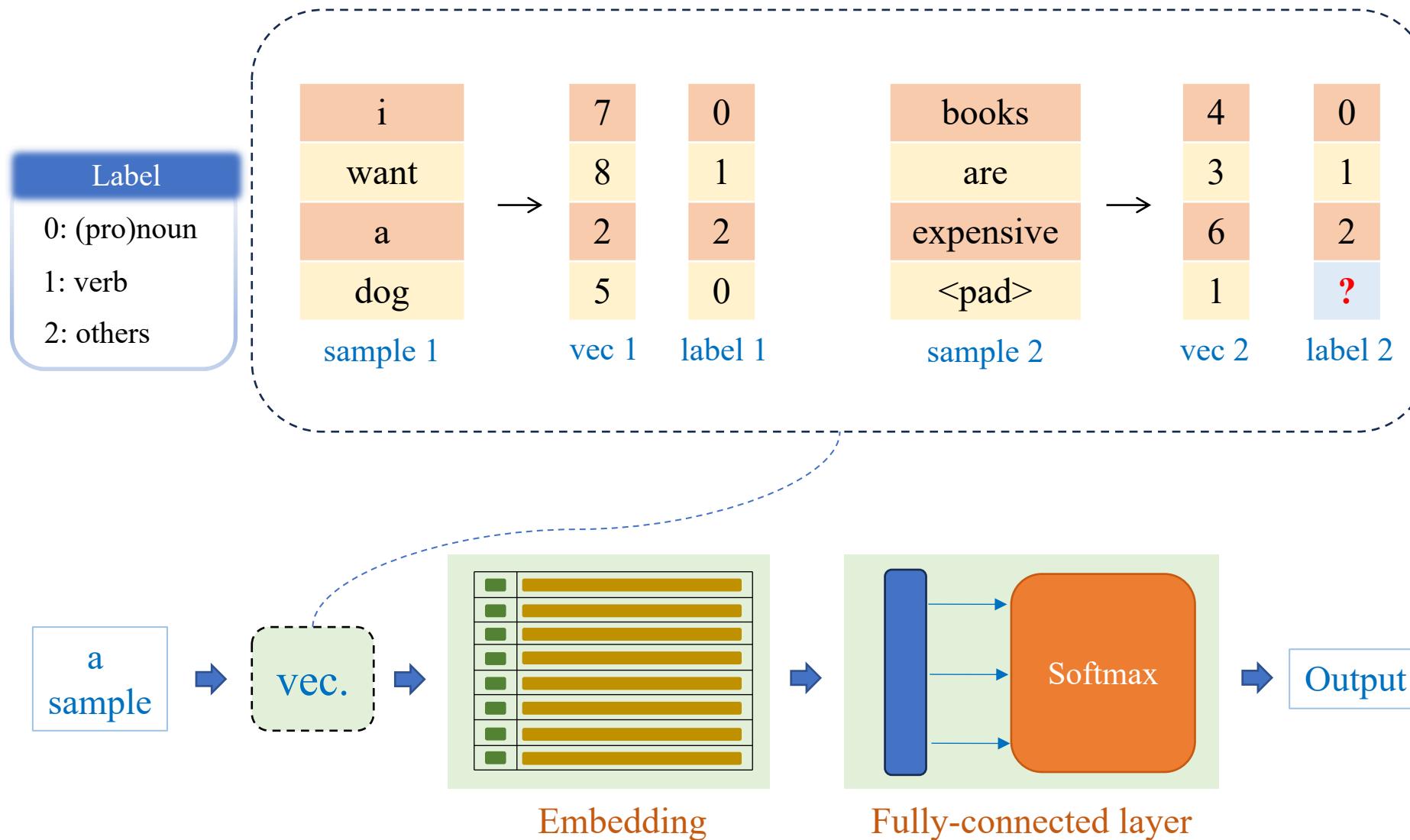
# POS Tagging (3): Using Padding

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

building  
dictionary

index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	a
3	are
4	books
5	dog
6	expensive
7	i
8	want

vocab size = 9  
sequence length = 4



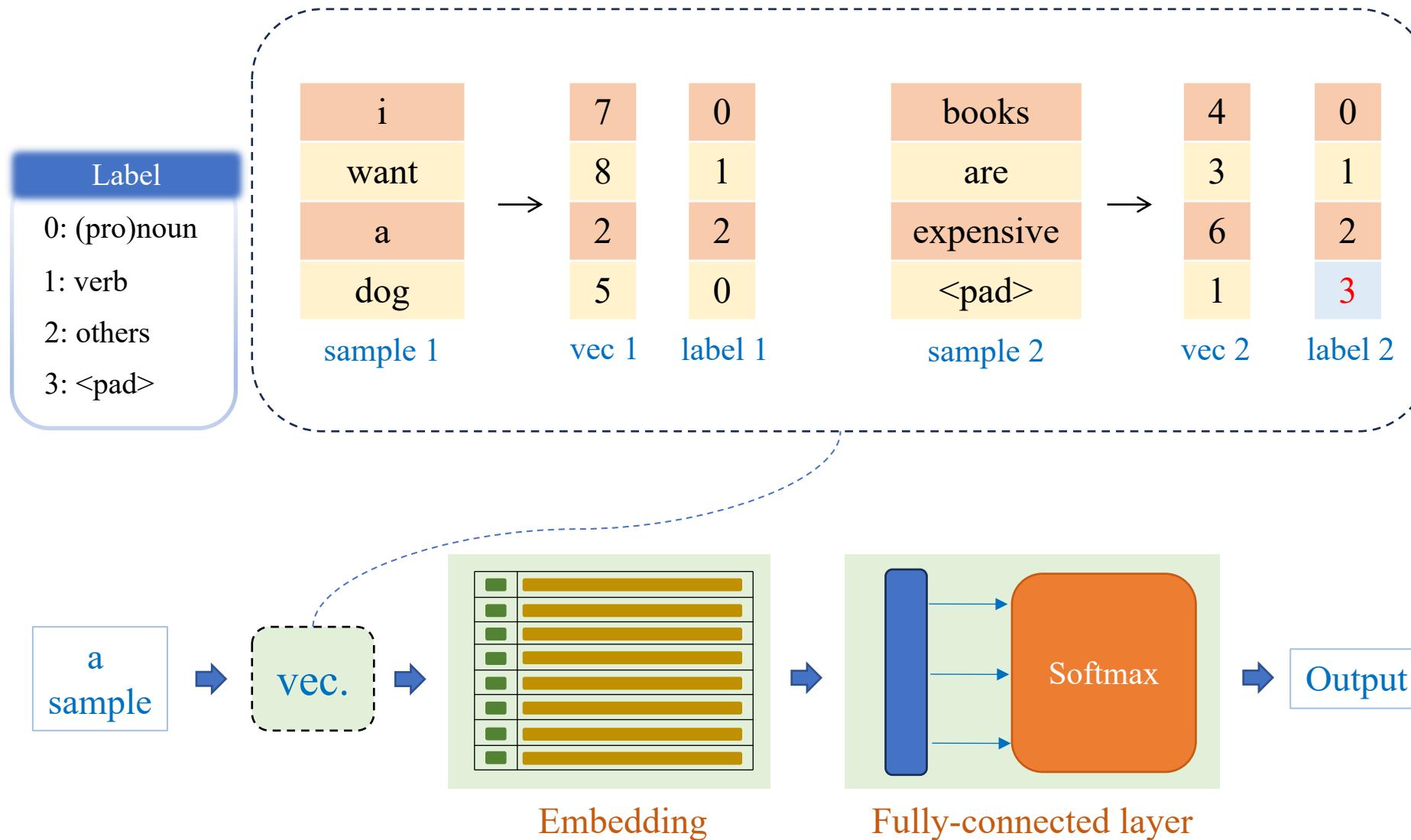
# POS Tagging (3): Using Padding

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

building  
dictionary

index	word
0	[UNK]
1	[pad]
2	a
3	are
4	books
5	dog
6	expensive
7	i
8	want

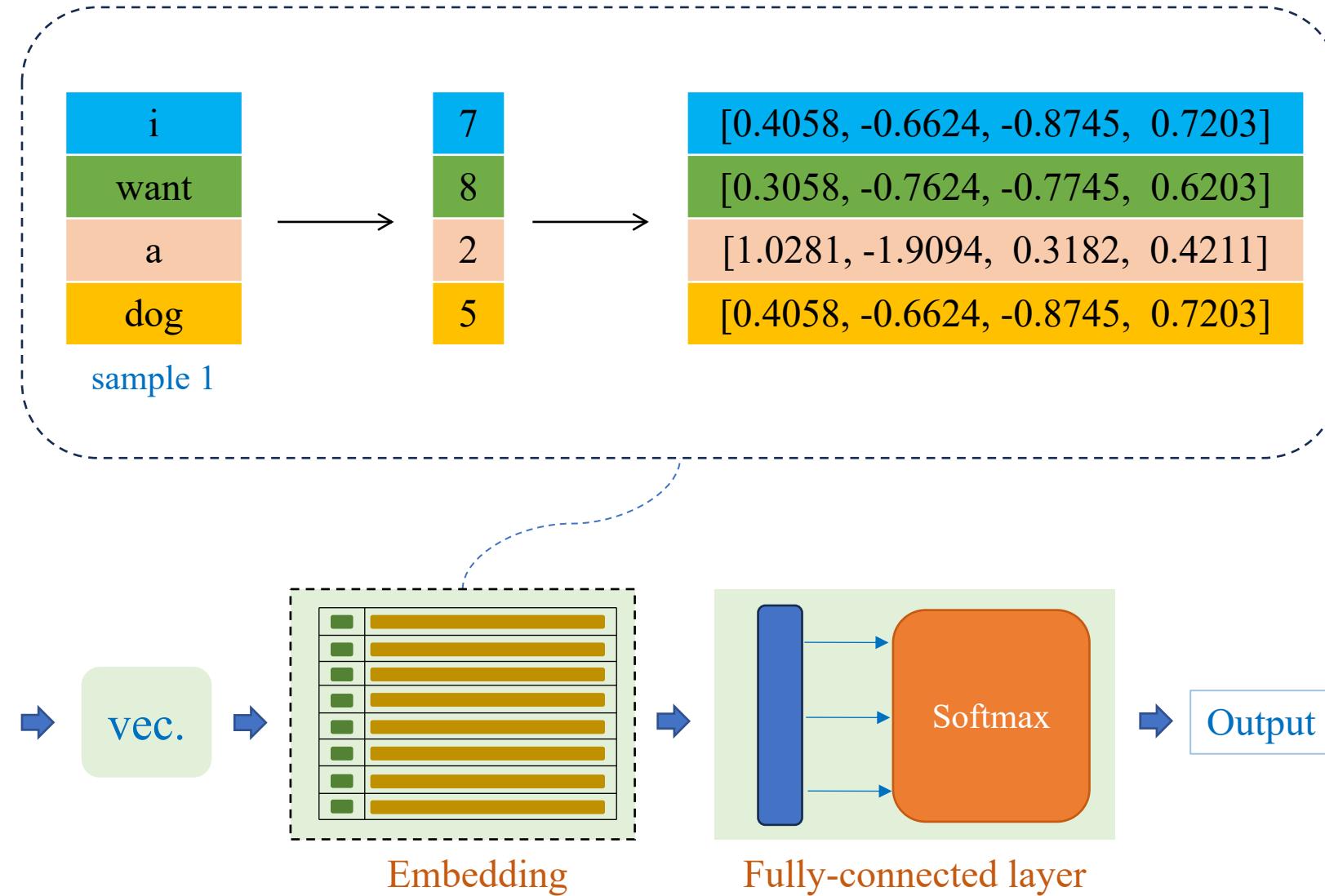
vocab size = 9  
sequence length = 4



# POS Tagging (3): Using Padding

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]
0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]
8	[0.3058, -0.7624, -0.7745, 0.6203]

vocab size = 9  
sequence length = 4



W

[-0.3875, -0.3519, -0.1275, -0.1719]
[0.4391, 0.0455, -0.1566, -0.2897]
[0.1777, -0.1178, -0.3101, -0.2451]
[0.3730, 0.0996, -0.3004, 0.2219]

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

0	[-0.1882, 0.5530, 1.6267, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, -0.8278, -0.2701, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
3	[-1.3083, -0.0987, 0.7647, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293, 1.3255, 0.1318, 2.0501]
5	[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
6	[0.5582, 0.0786, -0.6817, 0.6902]
7	[0.4309, -1.3067, -0.8823, 1.5977]
8	[0.3058, -0.7624, -0.7745, 0.6203]

vocab size = 9  
sequence length = 4

b

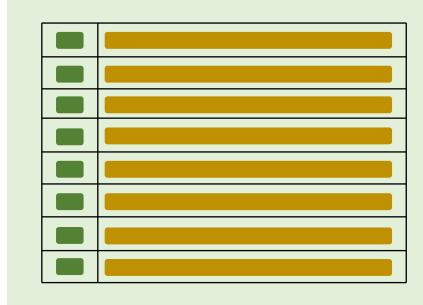
[0.3548, -0.2819, -0.0579, 0.5113]

Label

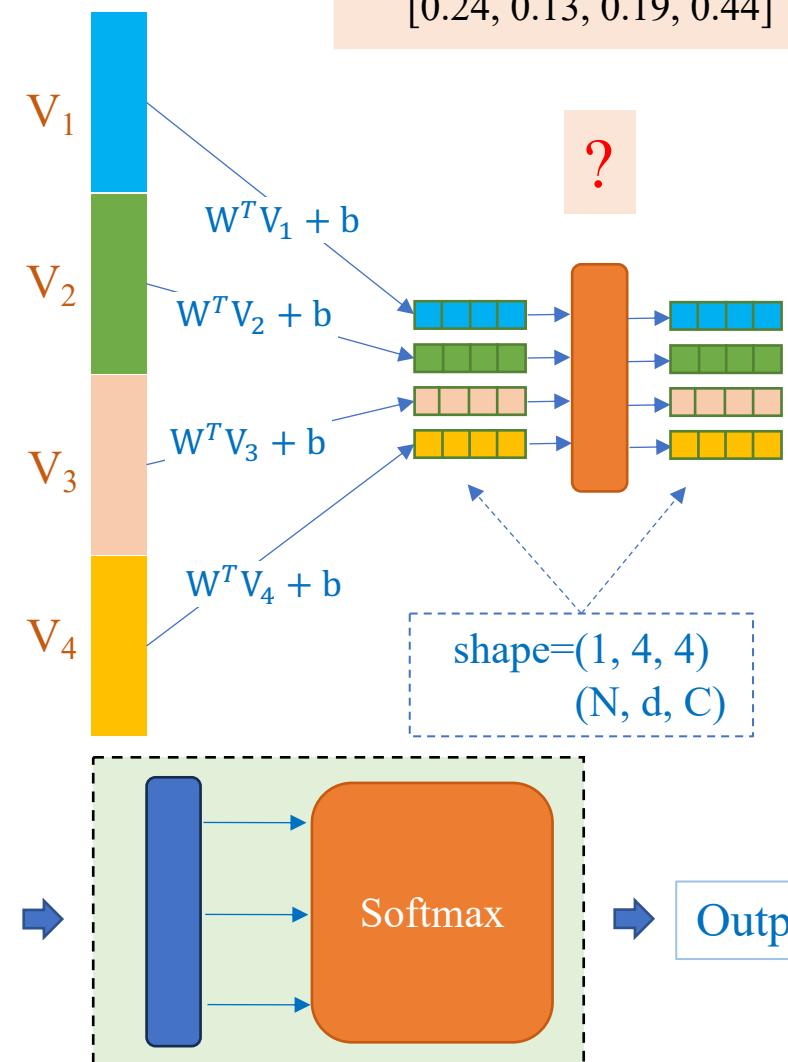
- |              |           |
|--------------|-----------|
| 0: (pro)noun | 2: others |
| 1: verb      | 3: <pad>  |

[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
[0.3058, -0.7624, -0.7745, 0.6203]
[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]

vec.



$\hat{y}$	[0.26, 0.09, 0.16, 0.49]
	[0.27, 0.13, 0.19, 0.41]
	[0.29, 0.15, 0.21, 0.35]
	[0.24, 0.13, 0.19, 0.44]



W

```
[-0.3875, -0.3519, -0.1275, -0.1719]
[0.4391, 0.0455, -0.1566, -0.2897]
[0.1777, -0.1178, -0.3101, -0.2451]
[0.3730, 0.0996, -0.3004, 0.2219]
```

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
books are expensive	[0, 1, 2]

```
embedding = nn.Embedding(9, 4)
fc = nn.Linear(4, 4)
```

```
# forward
x = embedding(x)
x = fc(x)
x = x.permute(0, 2, 1)
```

```
nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=0.1)
```

vocab size = 9  
sequence length = 4

b

```
[0.3548, -0.2819, -0.0579, 0.5113]
```

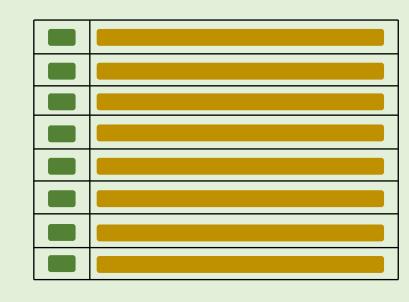
Label

0: (pro)noun	2: others
1: verb	3: <pad>

```
[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
[0.3058, -0.7624, -0.7745, 0.6203]
[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
```

problem?

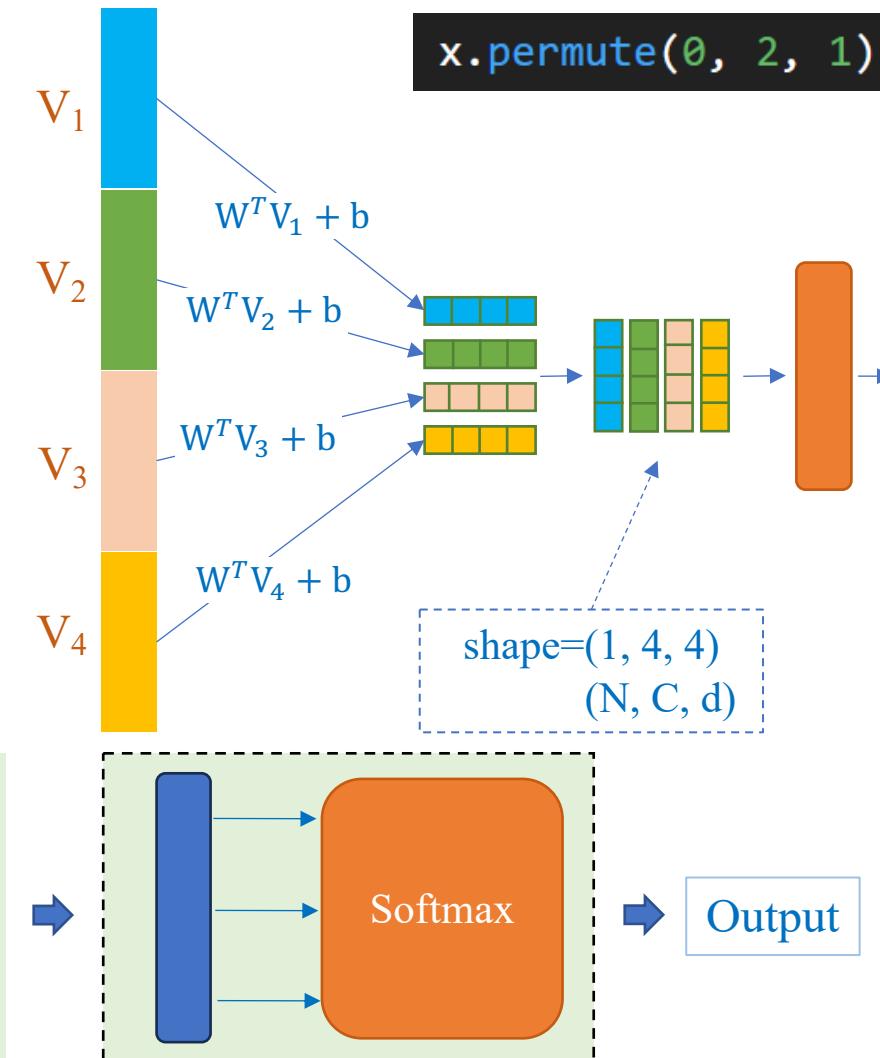
vec.



Shape of logits = (N, C, d)

Shape of target = (N, d)

pytorch requirement



W

```
[-0.3875, -0.3519, -0.1275, -0.1719]
[0.4391, 0.0455, -0.1566, -0.2897]
[0.1777, -0.1178, -0.3101, -0.2451]
[0.3730, 0.0996, -0.3004, 0.2219]
```

Doc	Label
i want a dog	[0, 1, 2, 0]
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```
embedding = nn.Embedding(9, 4)
fc = nn.Linear(4, 4)
```

```
# forward
x = embedding(x)
x = fc(x)
x = x.permute(0, 2, 1)
```

```
nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index=3)
torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(),
                 lr=0.1)
```

vocab size = 9  
sequence length = 4

b

```
[0.3548, -0.2819, -0.0579, 0.5113]
```

### Label

0: (pro)noun	2: others
1: verb	3: <pad>

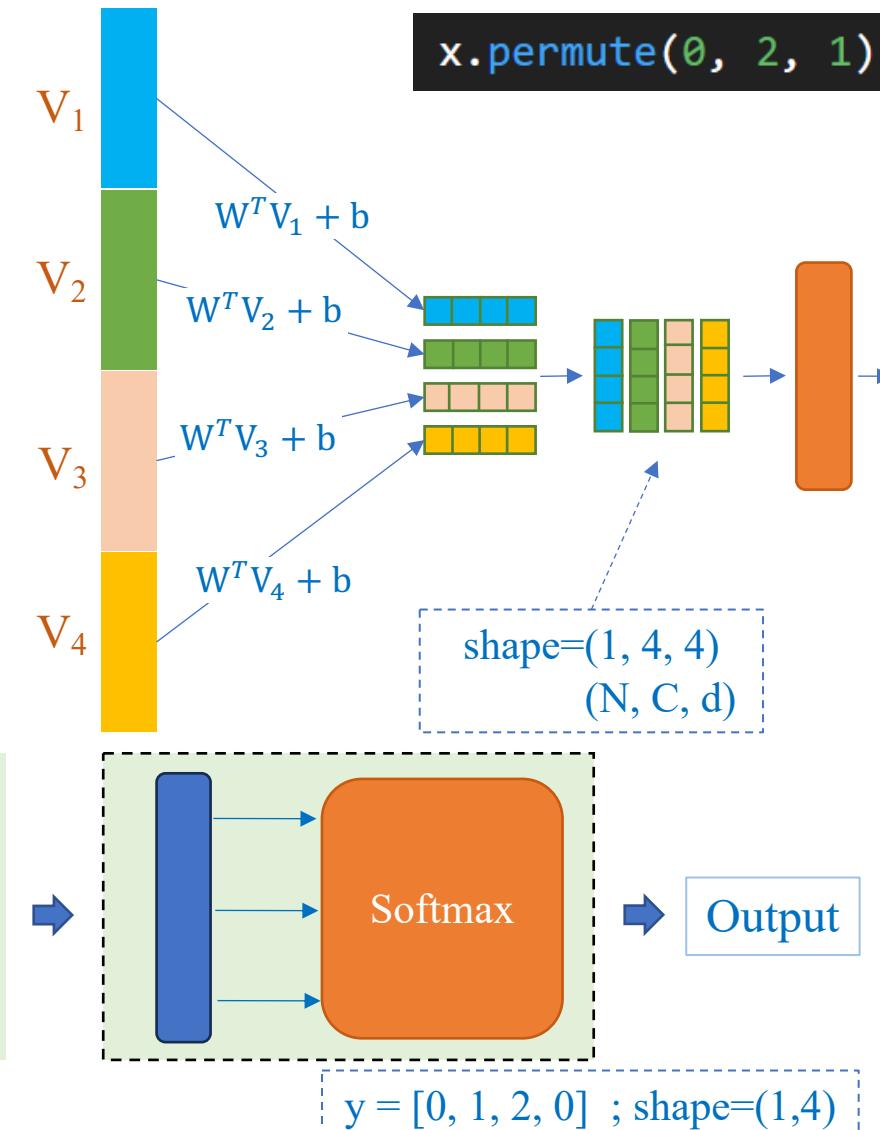
```
[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
[0.3058, -0.7624, -0.7745, 0.6203]
[1.0281, -1.9094, 0.3182, 0.4211]
[0.4058, -0.6624, -0.8745, 0.7203]
```

vec.



Shape of logits = (N, C, d)  
Shape of target = (N, d)

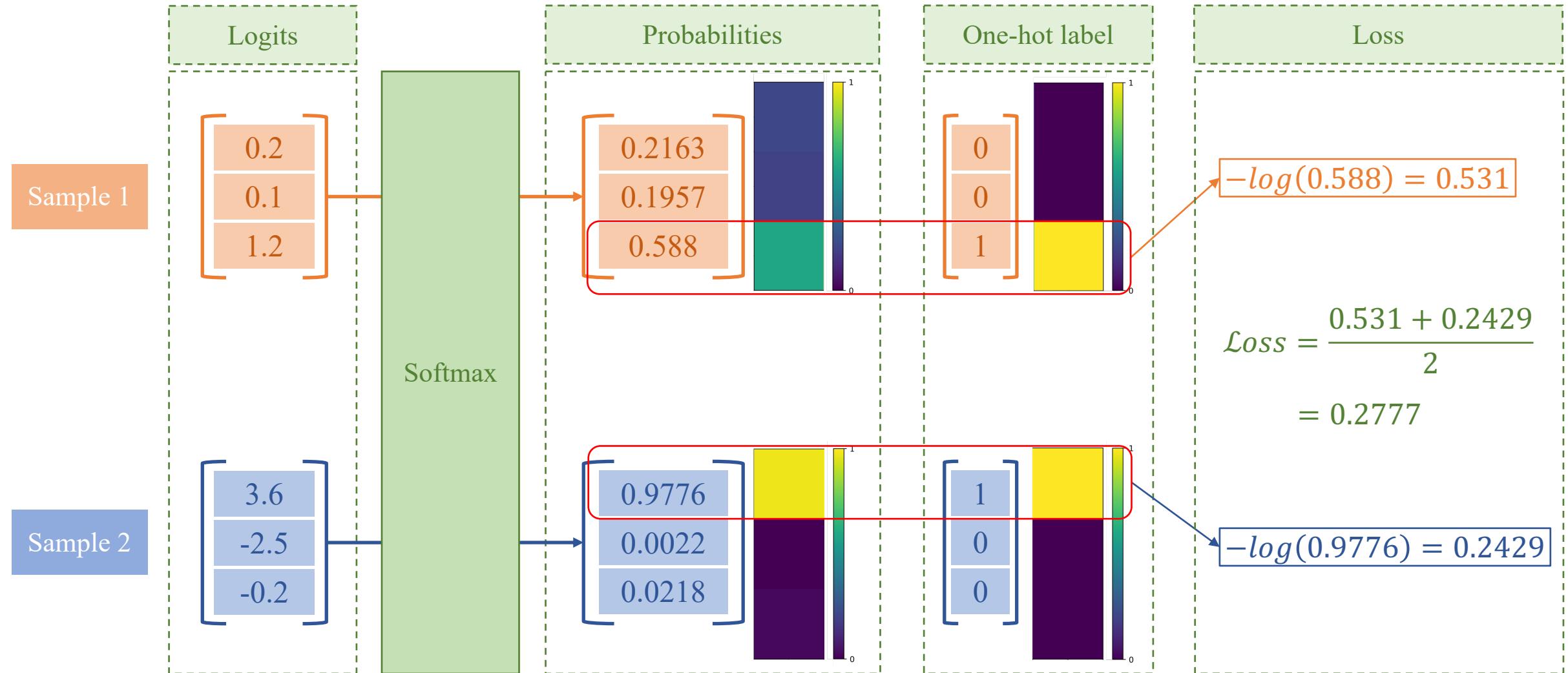
### pytorch requirement



# Cross Entropy Loss

N\_classes = 3

$$L = - \sum_i y_i \log(\hat{y}_i)$$

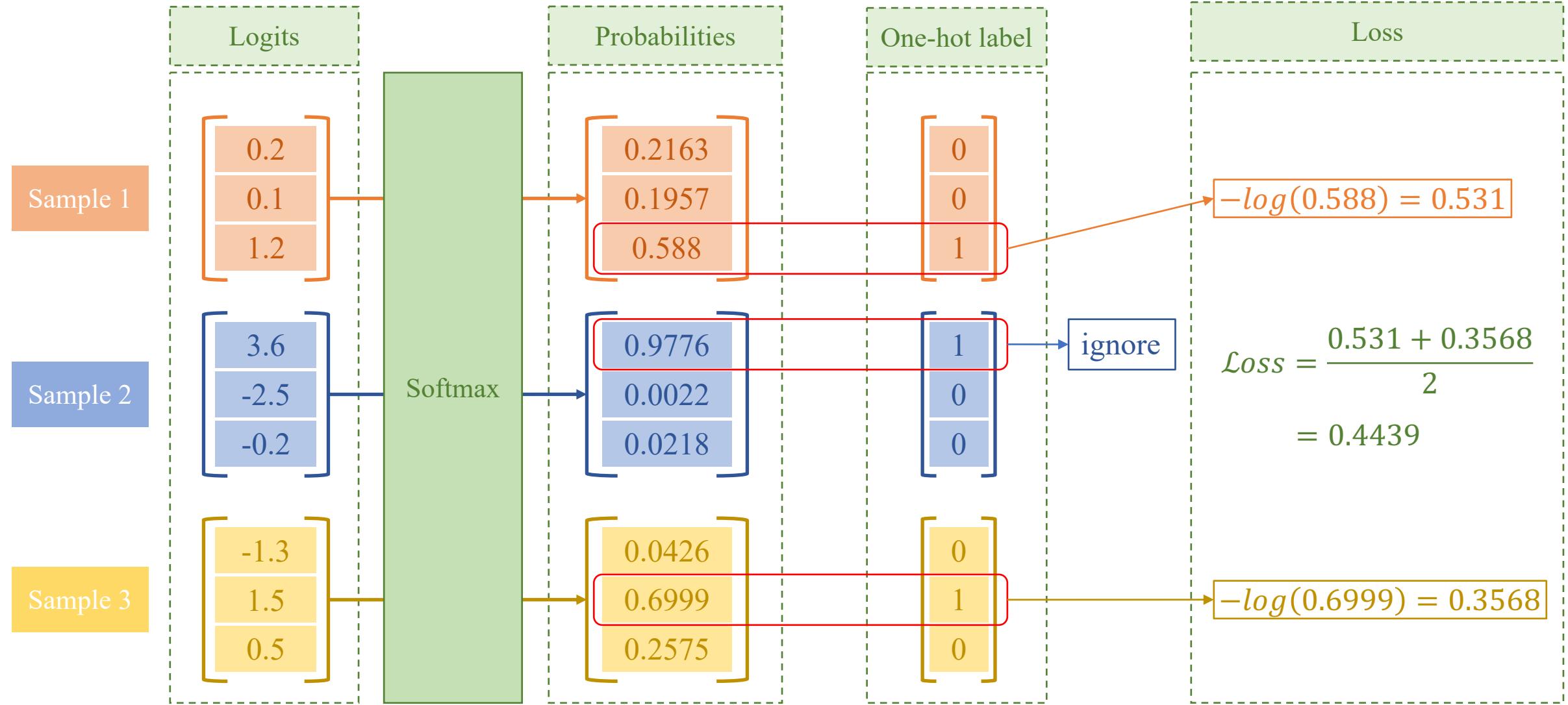


# Cross Entropy Loss

N\_classes = 3

$$L = - \sum_i y_i \log(\hat{y}_i)$$

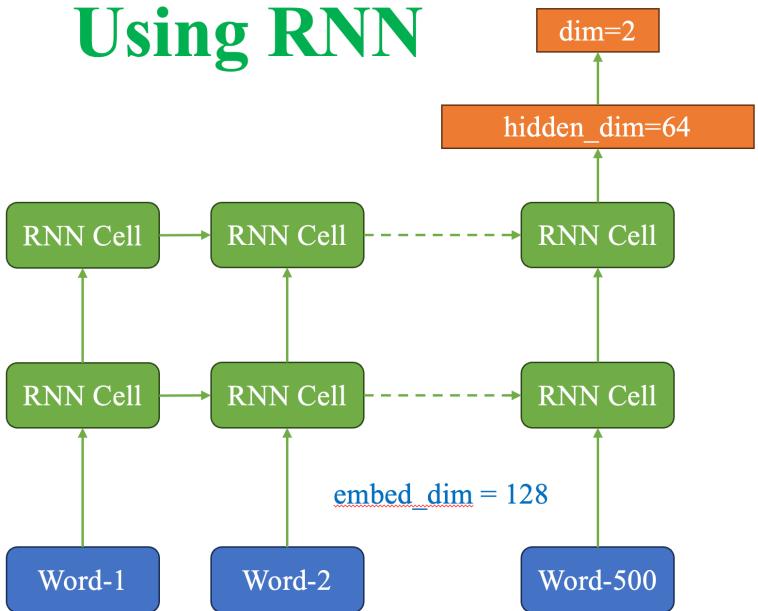
Ignore\_index = 0



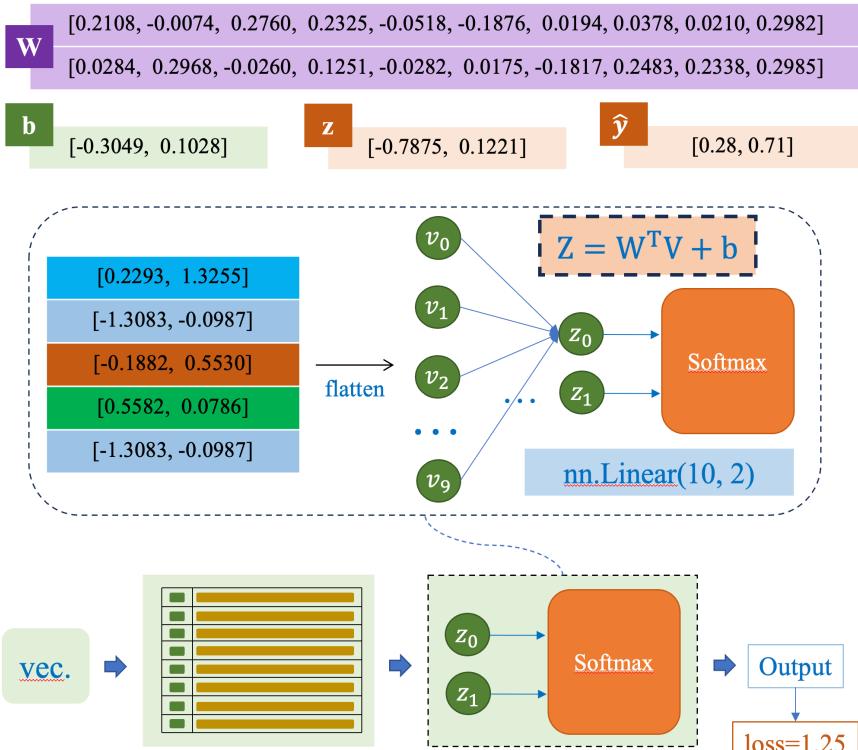
# Summary

## Review

### Using RNN



## Text Classification



## POS Tagging

