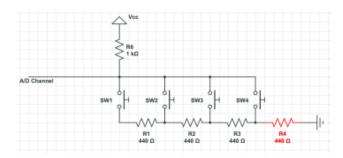
N	ame:			
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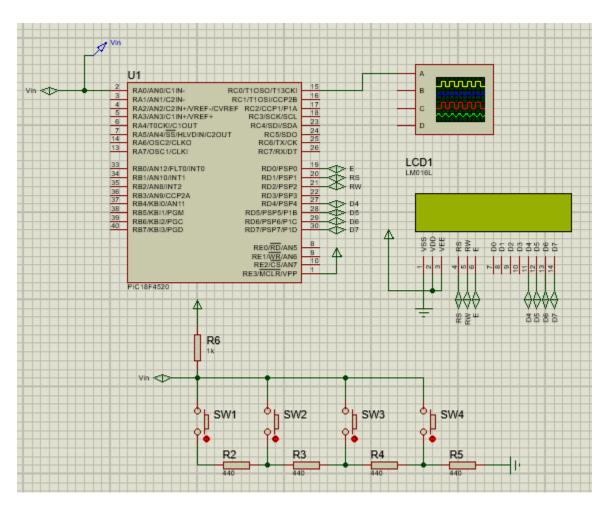
## Laboratory Activity - Timer Overflow to Generate a Square Waves

The Microchip PIC 18F4520 has several interruptible TIMER overflow circuits. In class we covered TIMER 0 and TIMER 1 overflow circuits and the mathematics that dominate the circuits.

## **Activity Description**

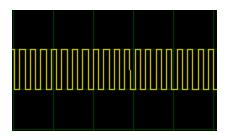
Design a C program for the 18F4520 capable of determining which push button was pressed based on a single analog measurement.

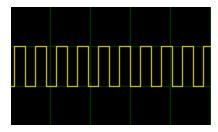


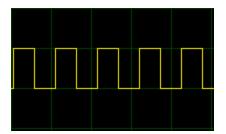


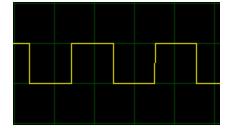
```
1
     #include <18f4520.h>
2
     #use delay (clock = 20000000)
3
     #fuses HS, NOWDT, NOLVP
4
     #include "../Library/myLibrary.h"
5
     #include "../Library/modifiedlcd.h"
6
7
     float Vin = 0;
8
9
    #INT AD
10 □ void int_ad_isr() {
1
    Vin = *Q * (5.0 / 1023.0 );
   [ }
.2
13
.4
   #INT TIMER1
|5 | □ void int_timer1_isr() {
.6
        *LATC ^= 0x01;
.7
   [ }
8.
20
        // Initialize LCD
21
        lcd_init();
22
23
        // Analog setup
24
        *TRISA = 0x01;
25
        ADCON1 -> PCFGx = 0xE;
26
        ADCON0 -> ADON = 1;
27
                               // Channel 0
        ADCON0 -> CHSx = 0;
28
        ADCON1 -> VCFG0 = 0;
29
        ADCON1 -> VCFG1 = 0;
                               // Right Justified
30
        ADCON2 -> ADFM = 1;
31
        ADCON2 -> ACQTx = 5;
32
        ADCON2 -> ADCSx = 5;
33
34
        // Timer 1 setup
35
        *TRISC = 0x00;
36
        T1CON -> TMR1ON = 1;
37
        T1CON -> TMR1CS = 0;
88
        T1CON -> T1OSCEN = 0;
39
        T1CON \rightarrow T1CKPSx = 0;
10
        PIE1 -> TMR1IE = 1;
1
12
        // Interrupt setup
13
        PIE1 -> ADIE = 1;
14
        INTCON -> PEIE = 1;
15
        INTCON -> GIE = 1;
16
```

```
46
47
         while(1){
48
            ADCON0->GODONE=1;
                                // Trigger
49
            delay_ms( 250 );
50
51
            if( Vin > 3.18 && Vin < 3.20 ) {
52
               printf(lcd_putc,"\fSW1 - 1:1");
53
               T1CON -> T1CKPSx = 0;
54
            }
55
            else if( Vin > 2.80 && Vin < 2.90 ) {
56
               printf(lcd_putc,"\fSW2");
57
               T1CON -> T1CKPSx = 1;
58
59
            else if( Vin > 2.30 && Vin < 2.40 ) {
60
               printf(lcd_putc,"\fSW3");
61
               T1CON -> T1CKPSx = 2;
62
63
            else if( Vin > 1.50 && Vin < 1.60 ) {
64
               printf(lcd_putc,"\fSW4");
65
               T1CON \rightarrow T1CKPSx = 3;
66
67
            else {
68
               printf(lcd_putc,"\fPush somethin'");
69
               T1CON -> T1CKPSx = 0;
70
            }
71
         }
    [ }
72
73
```









SW1 = 1:1 Prescaler

$$T_{1C=\frac{4*1}{20MHz}=0.2uS}$$

$$T_{1F=2^{16}*0.2uS=13.1uS}$$

$$T_{GPIO=2*13.1uS} = 26.2uS$$

SW2 = 1:2 Prescaler

$$T_{1C = \frac{4*2}{20MHz} = 0.4uS}$$

$$T_{1F=2^{16}*0.4uS=26.2uS}$$

$$T_{GPIO=2*26.2uS=52.4uS}$$

SW3 = 1:4 Prescaler

$$T_{1C = \frac{4*4}{20MHz} = 0.8uS}$$

$$T_{1F=2^{16}*0.8uS=52.4uS}$$

$$T_{GPIO=2*52.4uS} = 104.8uS$$

SW4 = 1:8 Prescaler

$$T_{1C = \frac{4*8}{20MHz} = 1.6uS}$$

$$T_{1F=2^{16}*1.6uS=104.8uS}$$

$$T_{GPIO=2*104.8uS} = 209.7uS$$

This math is my own work.