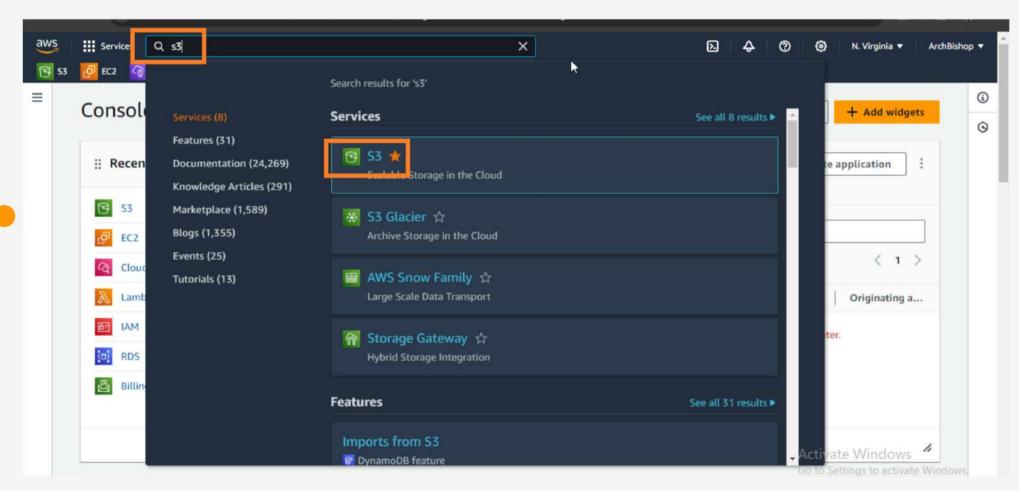


A Static Website with Amazon 53

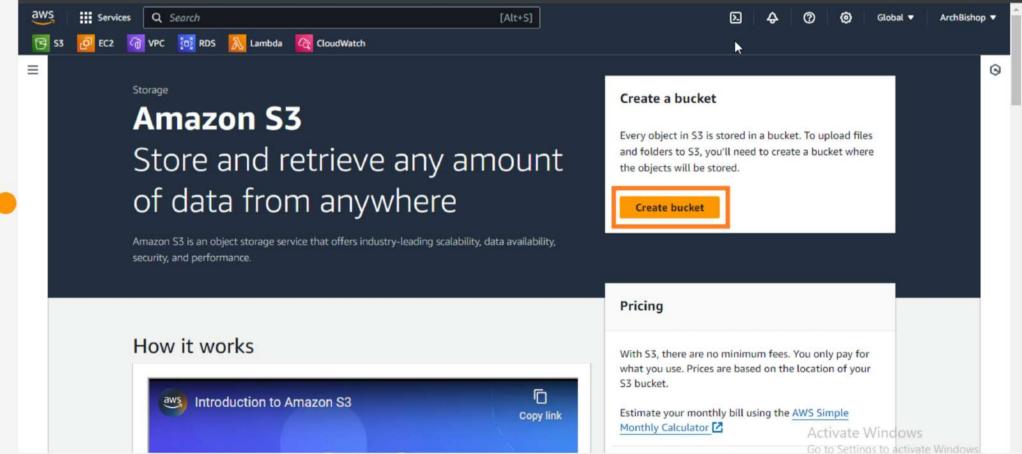
Serving this Content through Cloudfront to Reduce Latency and Cost

By: Ayomide Ogunsanya @TheCloudLord

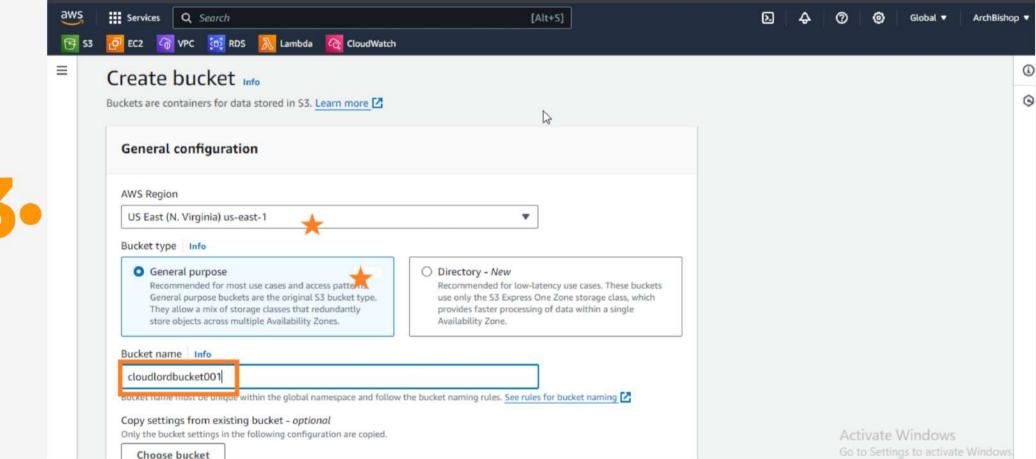
Log on to your AWS Console and on the Search Bar, Type in S3 and Click on the first Option.



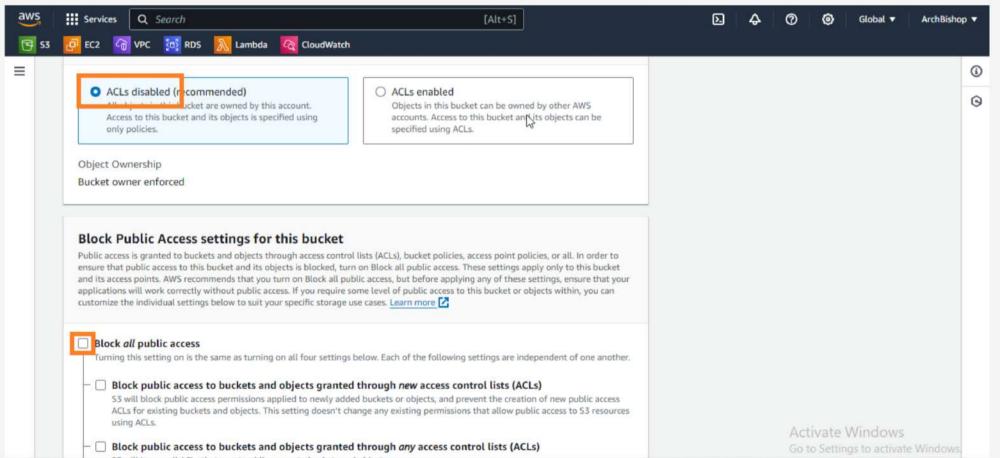
Click on the "Create Bucket" Button.



Now, Create a Unique Bucket Name.

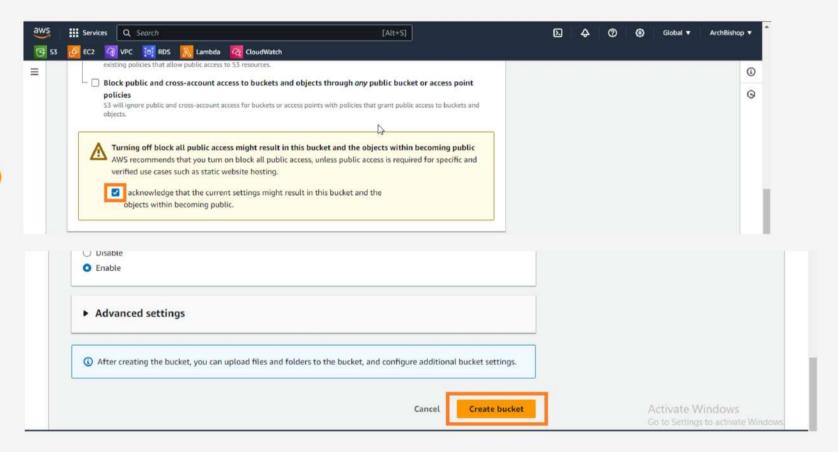


Leave ACLs disabled and Uncheck "Block all Public access" to enable Public access.





Click on the "Acknowledge" CheckBox, Leave all other settings the way it is, scroll down and click on "Create Bucket" Button



Q Search

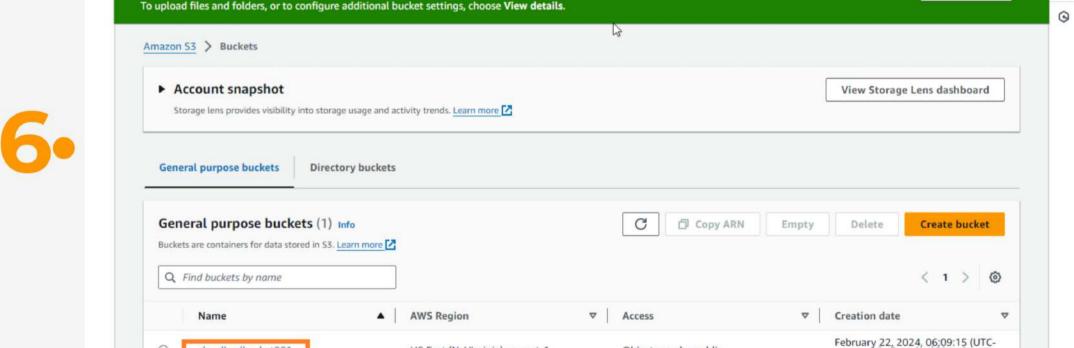
₩ VPC ₩ RDS

⊘ Successfully created bucket "cloudlordbucket001"

cloudlordbucket001

CloudWatch

Lambda



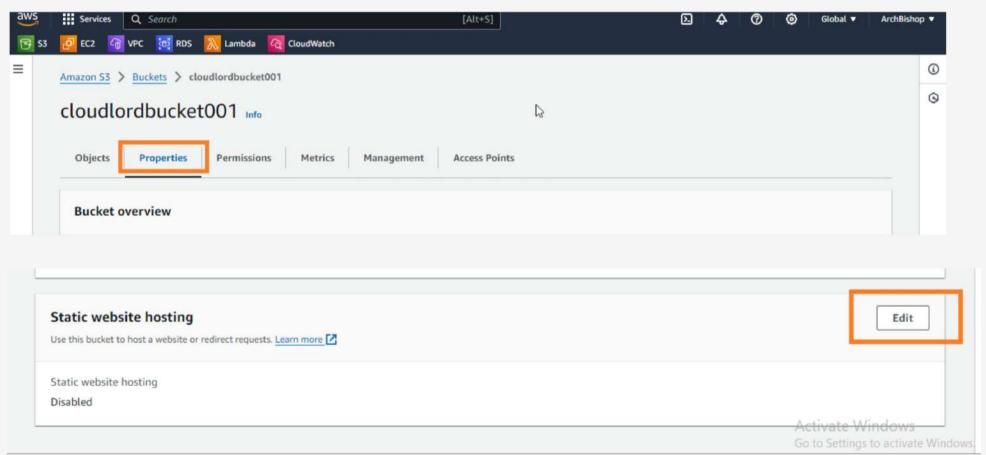
Objects can be public

US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1

[Alt+S]

View details

Now, Click on the "Properties" Option, Scroll Down and Click on the Edit Button for "Static Website Hosting"



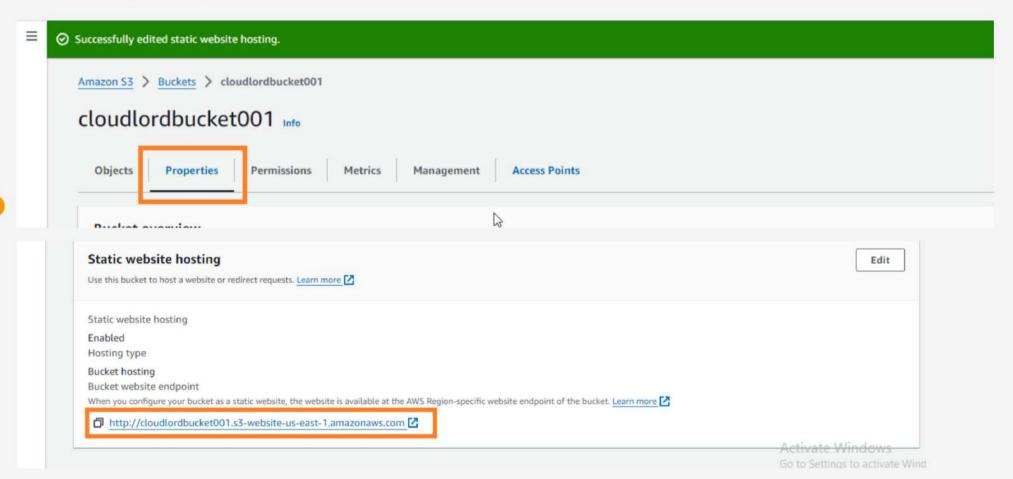


Click Enable Static Website Hosting and Type in a Name for your index.html eg "Index.html" as used by me and (error.html name which is optional)

Scroll Down and Click on the "Save Changes" Button

Static website hosting Use this bucket to host a website or redirect requests. Learn more [2] Static website hosting O Disable O Enable Hosting type O Host a static website * Use the bucket endpoint as the web address. Learn more O Redirect requests for an object Redirect requests to another bucket or domain. Learn more 🔀 Index document Specify the home or default page of the website. index.html Error document - optional error.html Redirection rules - optional Redirection rules, written in JSON, automatically redirect webpage requests for specific content. Learn more JSON Ln 1, Col 1 ® Errors: 0 A Warnings: 0 Cancel Save changes

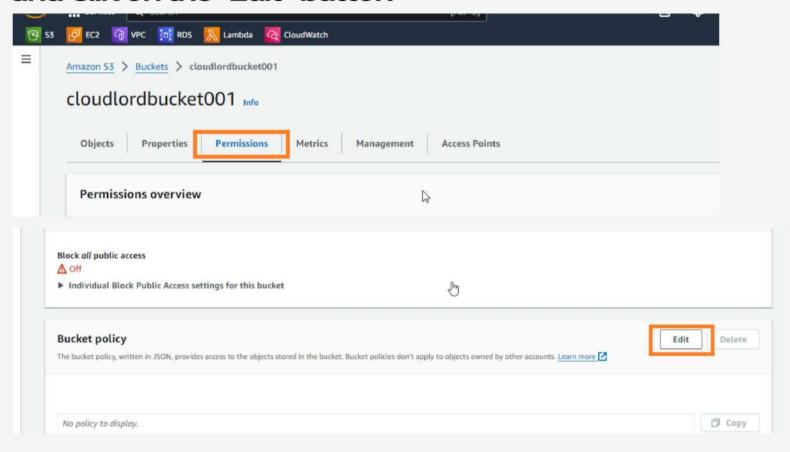
Still on the "Properties" Tab, Scroll down to "Static Website Hosting" Option and click on the Generated URL



It shows a "403 forbidden Access Denied" message and that's because we haven't configured the Bucket Policy to Allow Public Access (Think of the Bucket Policy like Doors with Specific keys)

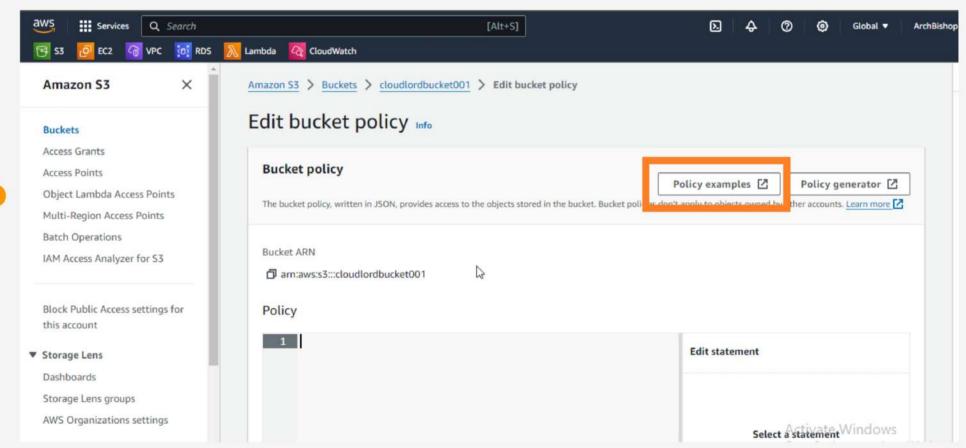


Now, Return to your AWS Console. To Configure Our Bucket Policy to allow Public Access, Go to the "Permissions" Tab, Scroll down to "Bucket Policy" Option and Clik on the "Edit" button

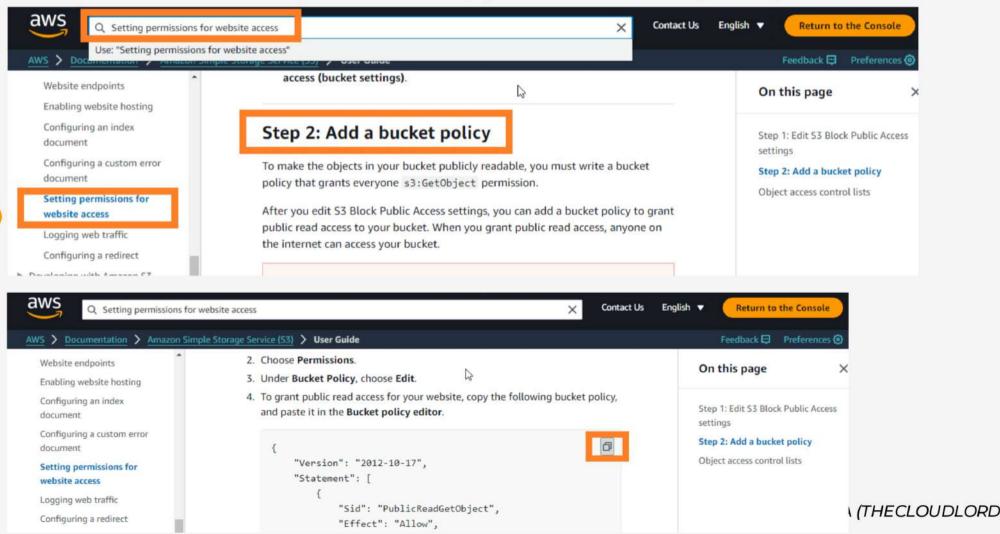


12.

Click on the "Policy examples" button which takes you to the AWS documentation page.

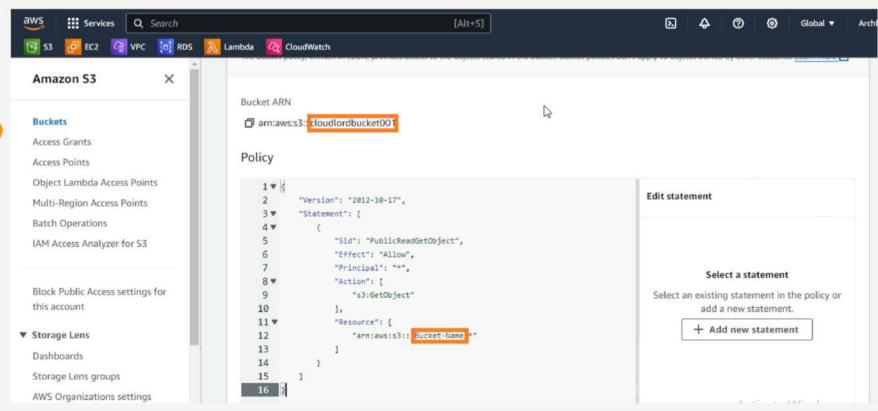


Search for "Setting Permissions for Website access" Scroll down to Step 2 and copy the Bucket policy



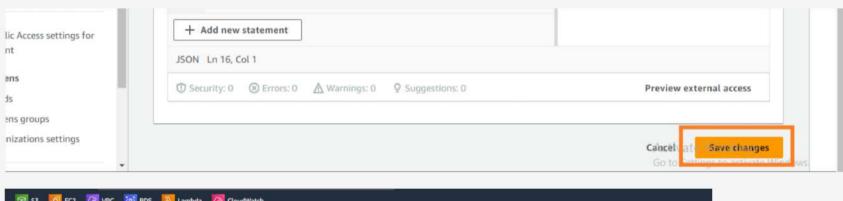
Go back to the AWS Console and Paste the Policy.

Now, Replace the word "Bucket-name" on the bucket policy with your Bucket arn name which on my case is "Cloudlordbucket001", this can be done by copy and paste.



14.

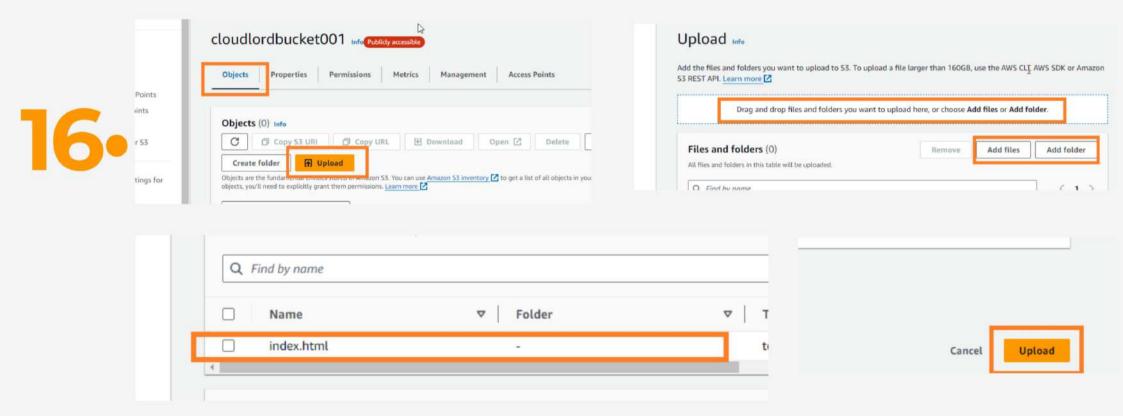
Click on the "Save changes" button Now your S3 Bucket is Accessible Publicly!



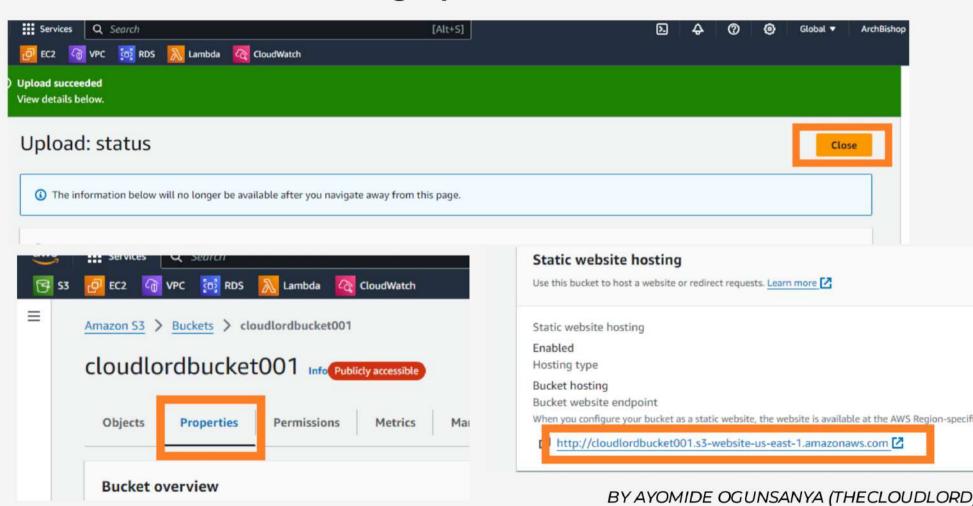


₹ 53 PEC2 6 VPC 6 RDS	🔊 Lambda 🍳 CloudWatch
Amazon S3 ×	Successfully edited bucket policy.
Buckets	Amazon S3 > Buckets > cloudlordbucket001
Access Grants	cloudlordbucket001 In Strubiicly accessible
Access Points	Country and a country acceptant
Object Lambda Access Points	Objects Properties Permissions Metrics Management Access Points
Multi-Region Access Points	
Batch Operations	
IAM Access Analyzer for S3	Permissions overview
Block Public Access settings for this account	Access Access Public

Now, Click on the "Object" tab Click on the "Upload" button to drag and drop or add files manually. On my case, I'm uploading an html file. Scroll down and click on the "Upload" button when done.



Click the "Close" button after upload is done. To comfirm public accessibility, Click on the "Properties" tab and Scroll down to "Static website hosting" option, Click on the URL





Now our Static Website is Publicly Accessible. (Congratulations on completing this Milestone so far)

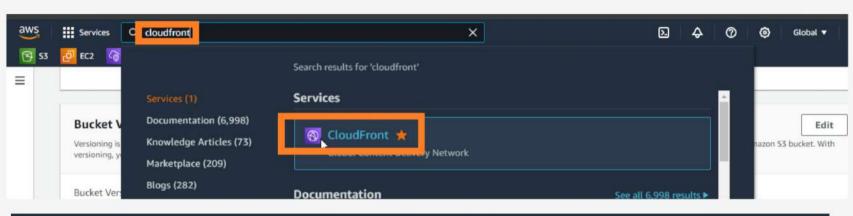
Now, Let's Map this Site to a Cloudfront distribution, this is done to take advantage of the Cache use of Cloudfront, Reduce Latency and Continous Cost to the S3 Bucket



Applying Cloud front



Go back to your AWS Console and Search for "Cloudfront" and Click. Now, Click on "Create Cloudfront Distribution"

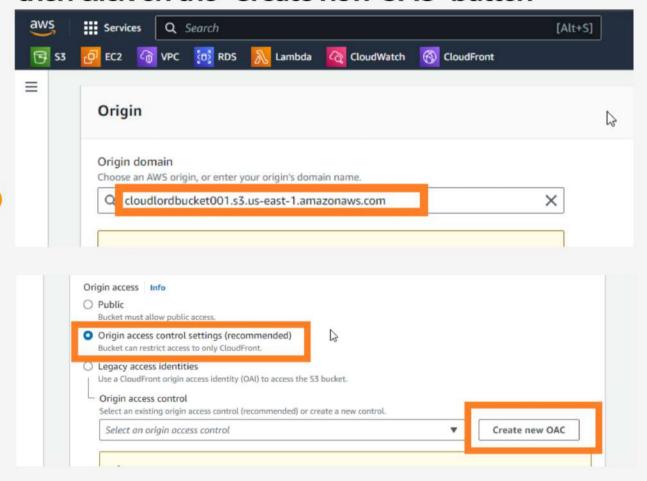


19.

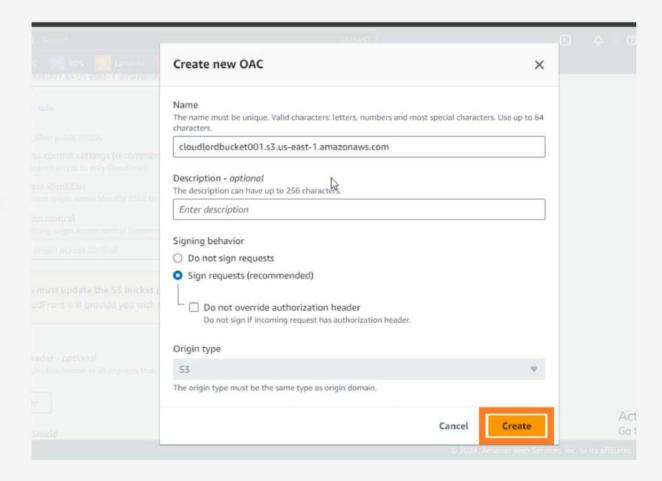
Amazon CloudFront Securely deliver content with low latency and high transfer speeds Amazon CloudFront Get started with CloudFront Enable accelerated, reliable and secure content delivery for Amazon S3 buckets, Application Load Balancers, Amazon API Gateway APIs, and more in 5 minutes or less. Create a CloudFront distribution AMS Free Tier

Click on the "Origin Domain", select the your domain listed. Scroll down to "Origin Access", Click on "Origin access control settings (recommended)"

then click on the "Create new OAC" button



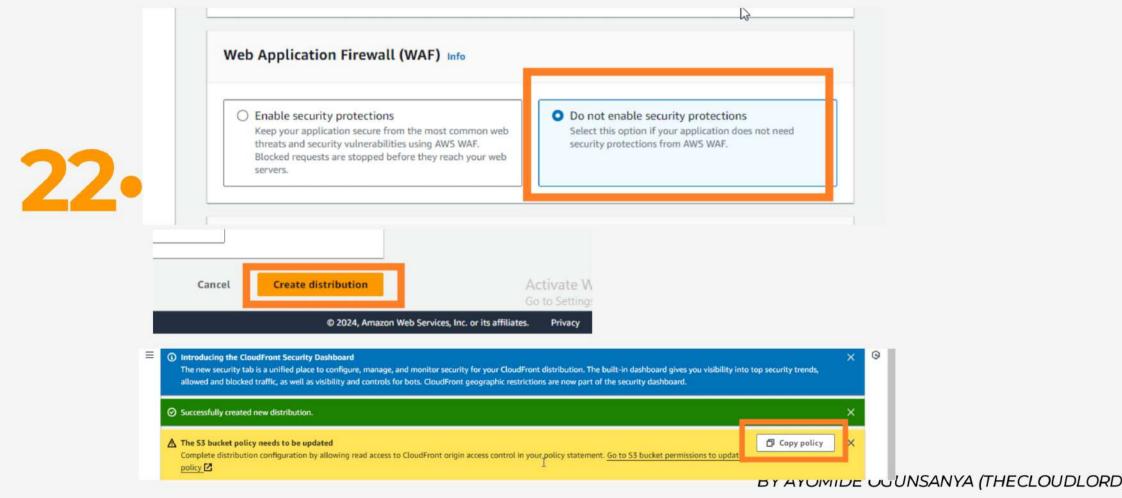
Leave the OAC settings as it is and Click "Create"





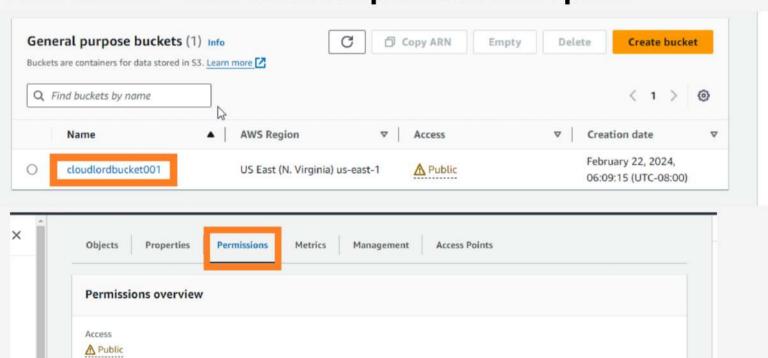
Scroll to Web Application Firewall (WAF) option, click on "do not enable security protection".

Scroll down and Click "Create Distribution" Copy the New Generated CloudFront policy.



Now Return to your S3 Bucket Click on your Bucket name Click on "Permissions" tab And Click on "Edit" for Block public access option

Block public access (bucket settings)



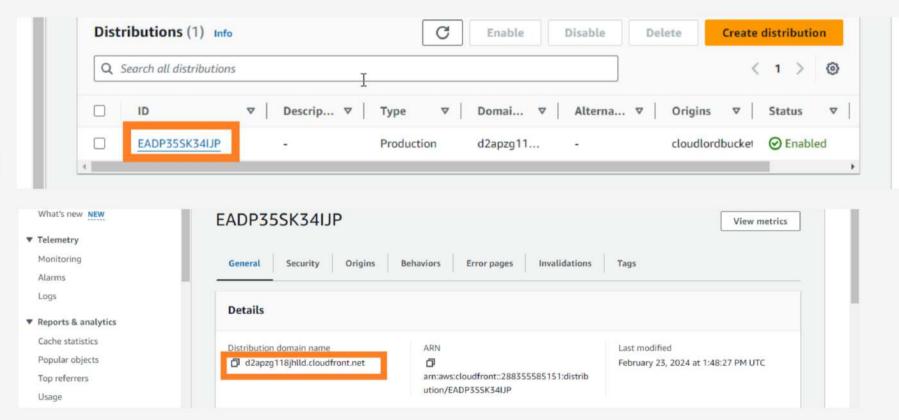
Public access is granted to buckets and objects through access control lists (ACLs), bucket policies, access point policies, or all. In order to ensure that public access to all your S3 buckets and objects is blocked, turn on Block all public access. These settings apply only to this bucket and its access points. AWS recommends that you turn on

Edit

Click on Block Public Access Checkbox and Save changes. Now, Edit the Bucket policy and Paste the New Bucket Policy Gotten from Cloudfront. Save changes.



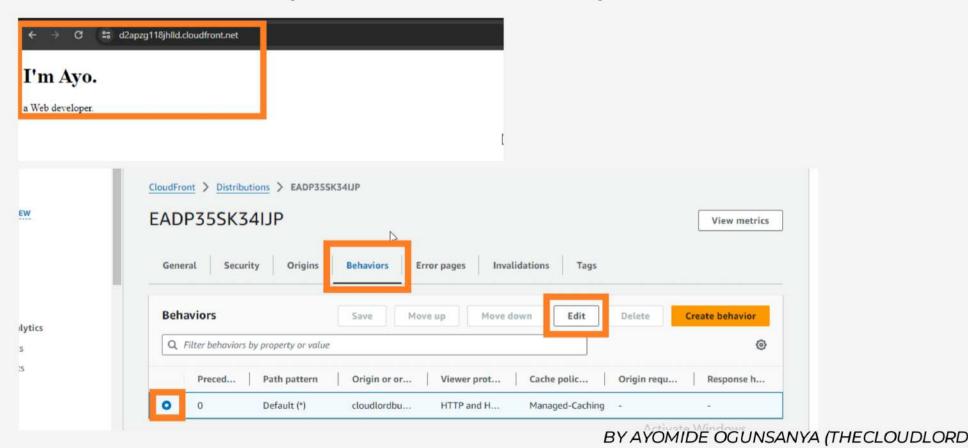
Now, Go to Cloudfront, Click on your Cloudfront "ID". Copy the "Distribution Domain Name" and paste in a new tab on your Browser



The Site Opens Successfully. WELDONE!

Now, Let's add a TTL (Time to Live lets you specify how long you want your site loading from Cloudfront before Reloading from s3 bucket) to our Cloudfront Distribution.

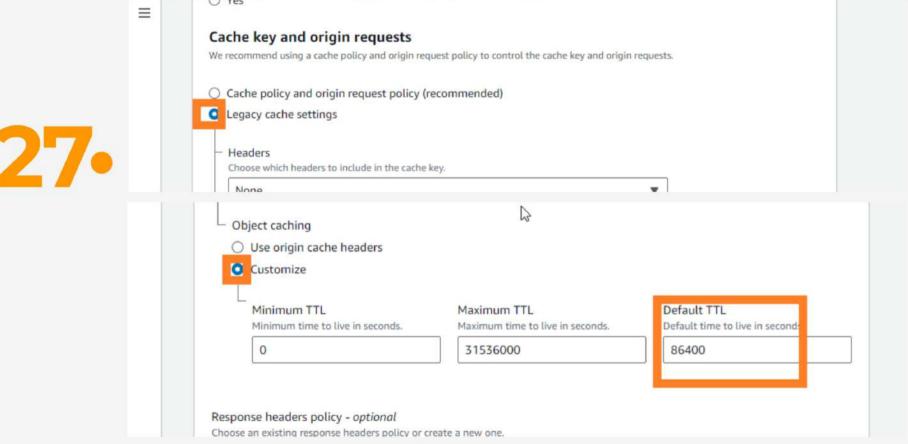
Click on Behavior Tab, Click on the check icon, Click on Edit



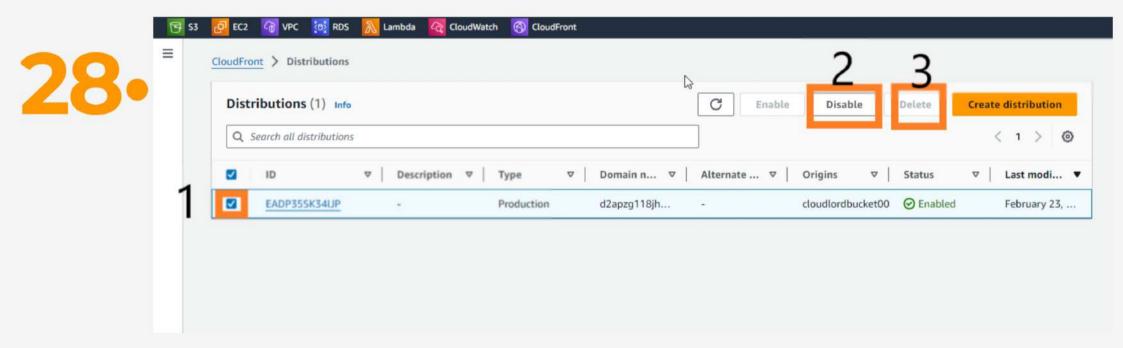
26.

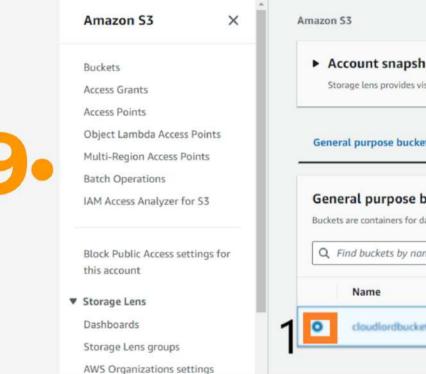
Scroll to "Cache key and Origin Request", Click "Legacy cache settings", now under "Object Caching" Click "Customize". Now you can Set the "Default TTL" to the Amount of seconds you want.

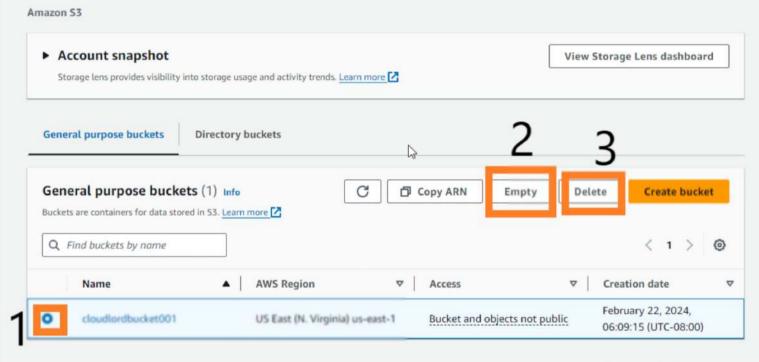
Save when done. GoodLuck



Warning! Make Sure You Disable and Delete your Cloudfront Distribution if not in use to Avoid Billing on your account. Follow the Steps as indicated below the same applies to your S3 bucket on the next page.







Thank 30. YOU

@

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Ayomide Ogunsanya