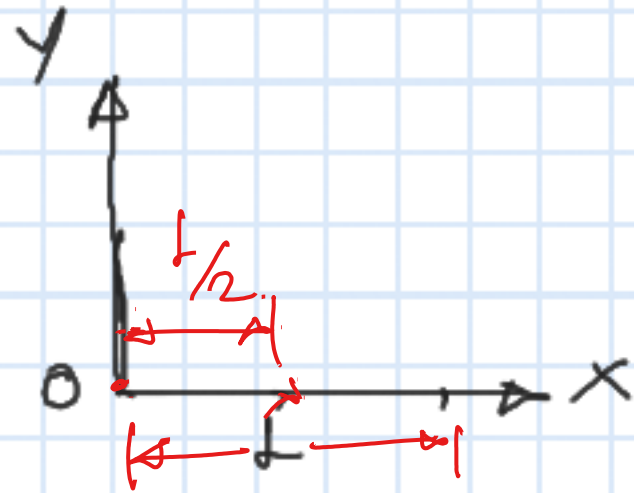
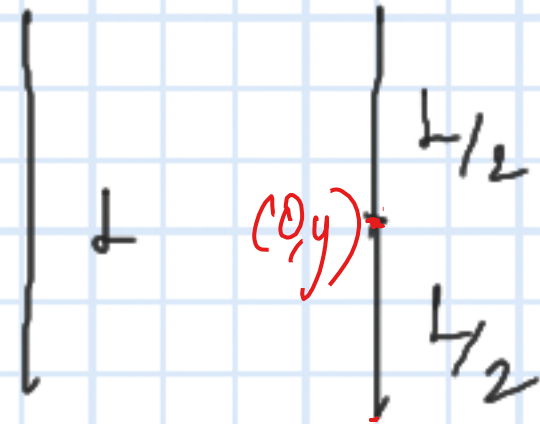
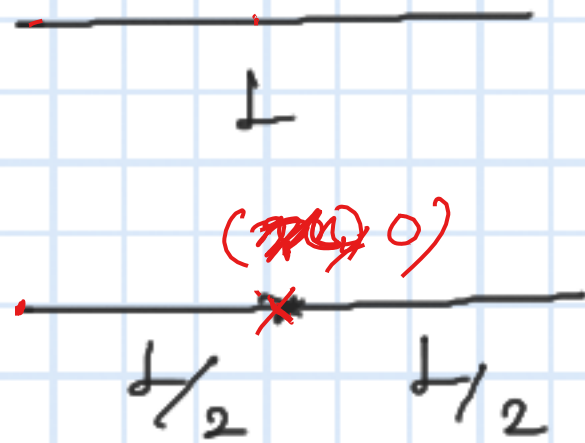
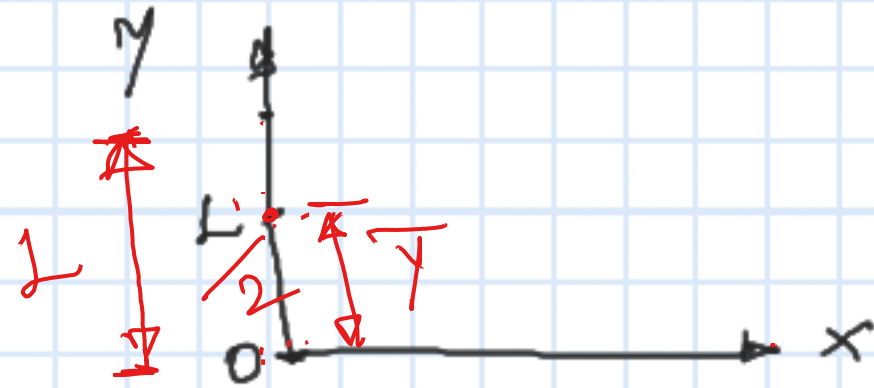


Unit II - Properties of line, area and volumes

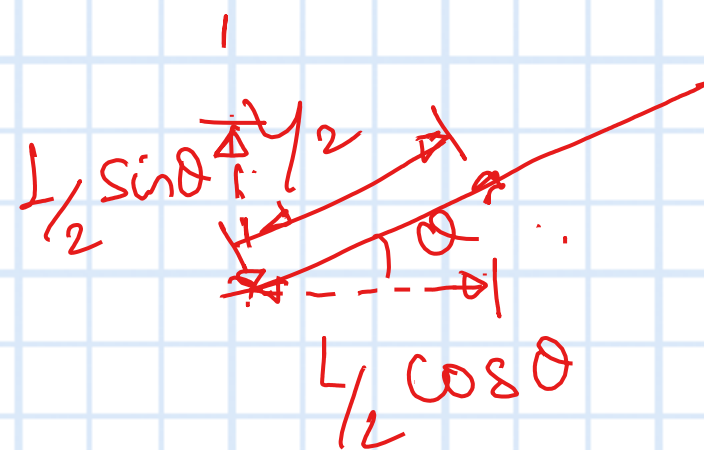
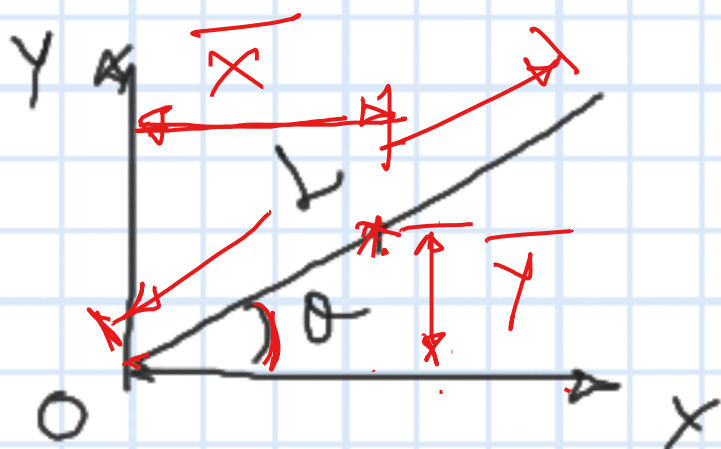
1D - Centroid ✓ (\bar{x}, \bar{y})
Straight line



$\bar{x} = L/2$ from the origin O



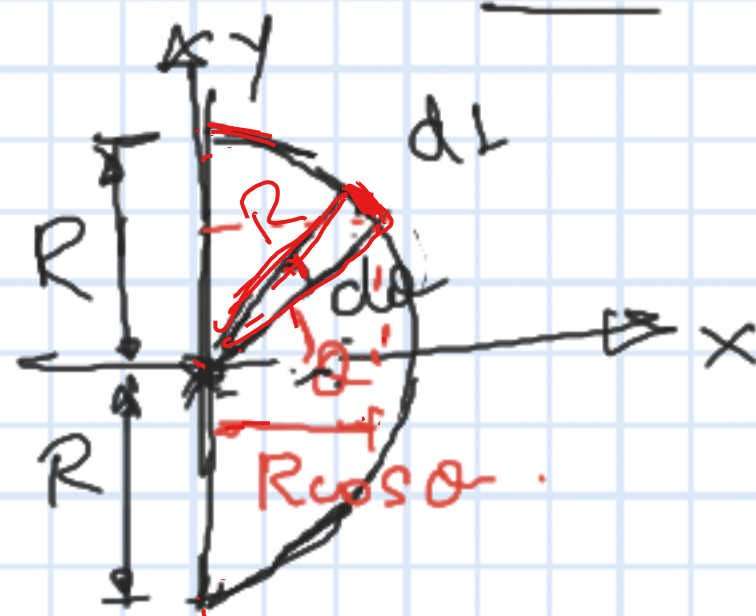
$\bar{y} = L/2$ from the origin O



$$\bar{x} = \frac{L}{2} \cos \theta$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{L}{2} \sin \theta$$

Semicircular arc

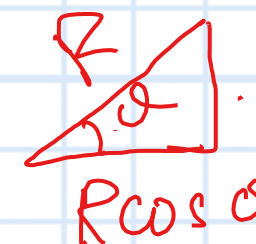
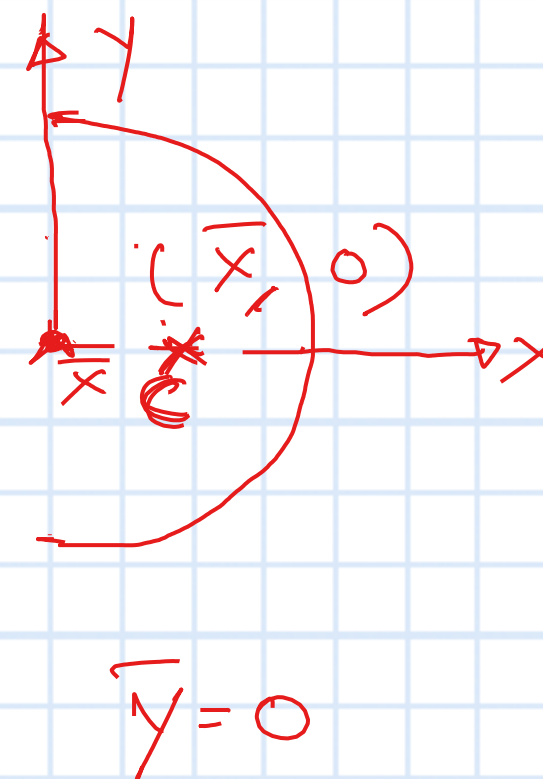


$$dl = R d\theta$$

$$L = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} R d\theta = \pi R$$

First moment of dl about y axis = $dl(x)$

$$\pi R (\bar{x}) = R d\theta (R \cos \theta)$$

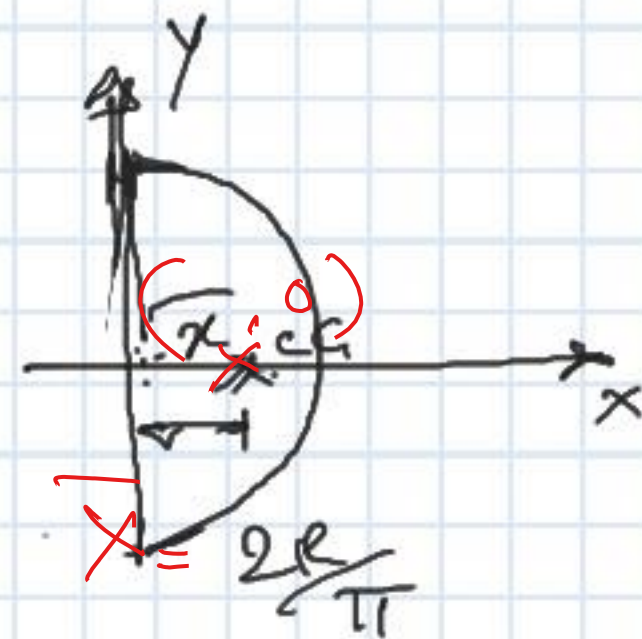


First moment of the semicircular arc about y axis

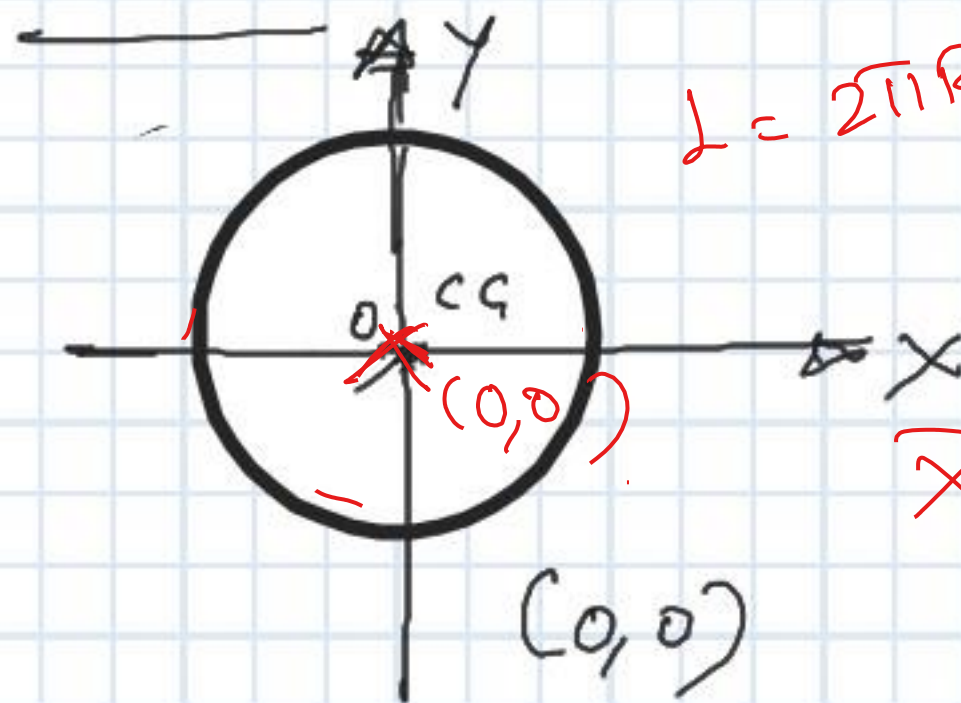
$$\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} R^2 \cos \alpha d\alpha = 2R^2 = \pi R (\bar{x})$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{2R^2}{\pi R} = \frac{2R}{\pi}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{2R}{\pi}$$

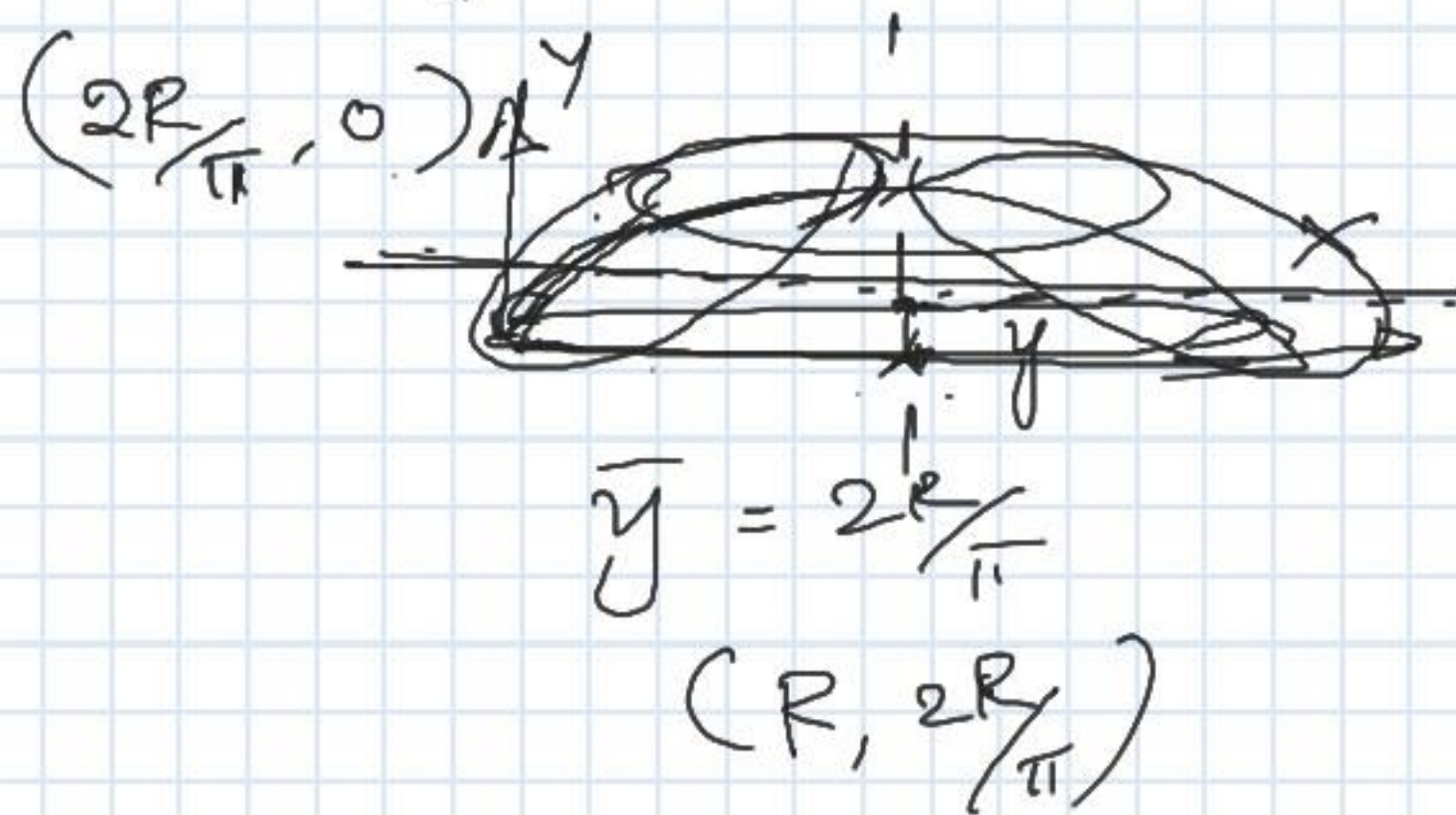


Circular arc

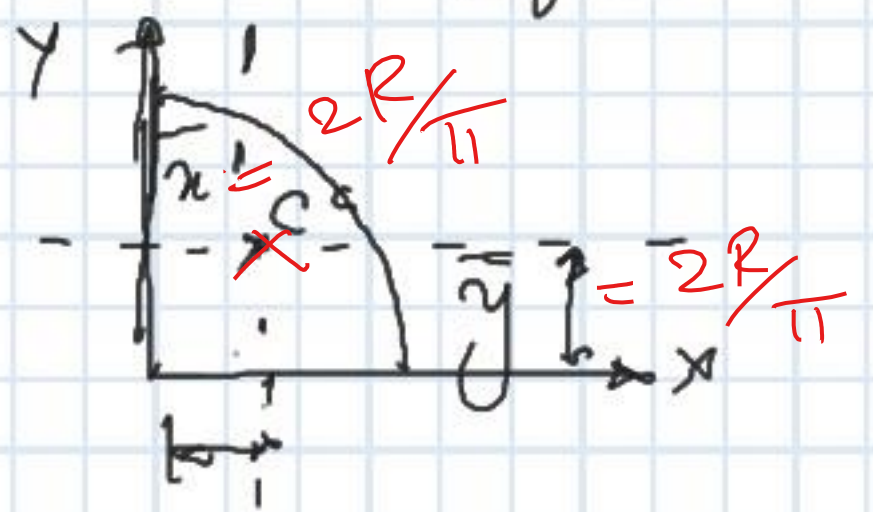


$$L = 2\pi R$$

$$\bar{x} = 0, \bar{y} = 0$$

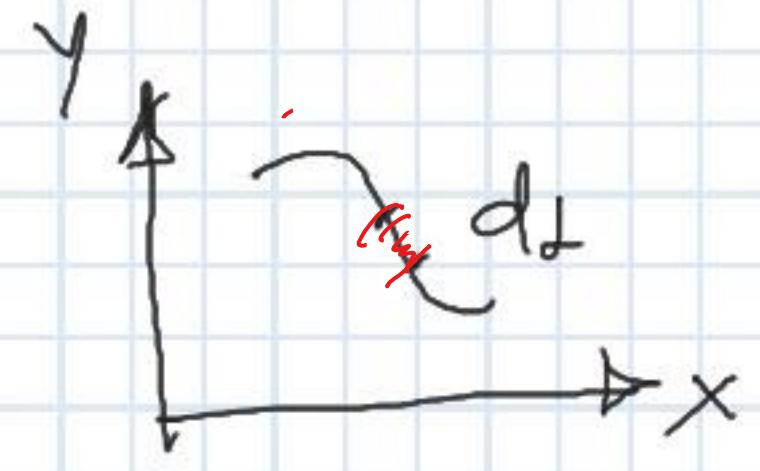


Quadrant of a circle



(\bar{x}, \bar{y})
 $(\frac{2R}{\pi}, \frac{2R}{\pi})$

In general line



$$L = \int dL$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\int dL \bar{x}}{L}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\int dL \bar{y}}{L}$$

$L \bar{x} = \int dL \bar{x}$
 $L \bar{y} = \int dL \bar{y}$

Location of Centroid for 1D composite area / lengths.

1. Locate the centroid for the given bent ABCD

$$\sum L_i(\bar{x}) = \sum L_i \bar{x}_i$$

$$\sum L_i(\bar{y}) = \sum L_i \bar{y}_i$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum L_i \bar{x}_i}{\sum L_i} = \frac{15.64}{10.14}$$

$$= 1.542 \text{ units}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum L_i \bar{y}_i}{\sum L_i} = \frac{10.28}{10.14}$$

$$= 1.014 \text{ units}$$

ABCD
(x, y)