1 Resources

• Github Repo:

https://bit.ly/3qJtZOX

DockerHub Repo:

https://dockr.ly/344M828

• Command Cheatsheet:

https://bit.ly/3pK61me

• DockerHub:

https://hub.docker.com

• Docker Install Instructions:

https://dockr.ly/3EW5of5



2 Terms

- **Registry**: The storage location for images (think like Github), most popular is DockerHub, but private registries can be made
- Image: An immutable version of a "stack", defined as the software stack required for the particular file.
- **Container**: The currently executing image, that has state added.
- **Dockerfile**: A file that describes how an image should be created.
- **Docker Compose File**: A .yml file that describes how a collection of images should be invoked.

3 Common Commands

3.1 Executing Containers

- docker run [container_name]: Runs a container, non-daemon.
- docker run -d [container_name]: Runs a container, daemon.
- docker-compose up <-d>: Runs a compose collection, optional daemon.

3.2 Investigating Containers

- docker ps: Lists running containers.
- docker logs [container_name_or_hash]: Runs a container, non-daemon.

3.3 Killing/Cleanup of Containers

- docker kill [container_name_or_hash]: Kills a container.
- docker stop [container_name_or_hash]: Stops a container (graceful kill).
- docker-compose down: Stops a compose collection.

- docker rm: Removes a stopped container (kept around due to daemon).
- docker container prune: Removes stopped containers.

3.4 Working with Images

- docker images: Lists available images.
- docker pull [image_name]: Pulls an image from a repository.
- docker push [image_name]: Pushes an image.
- docker rmi [image_name_or_hash]: Removes an image locally.
- docker image prune: Removes dangling images (images without a tag).