

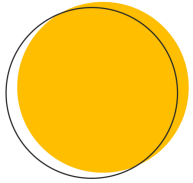
Detecting Fraud with Machine Learning

**Presented by:
Tri Le**



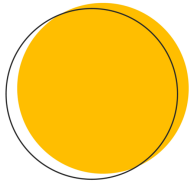


Why credit card fraud?



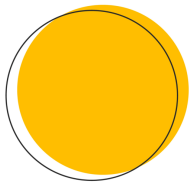
\$27.85 billion in fraud loss in 2018

and projected to rise to \$40.63 billion in 10 years¹



U.S. companies incurred 33.99% of total fraud losses worldwide

despite generating only 21.54% of global card volume¹



35% increase in fraudulent transactions

in April 2020 from the previous year and expected to rise

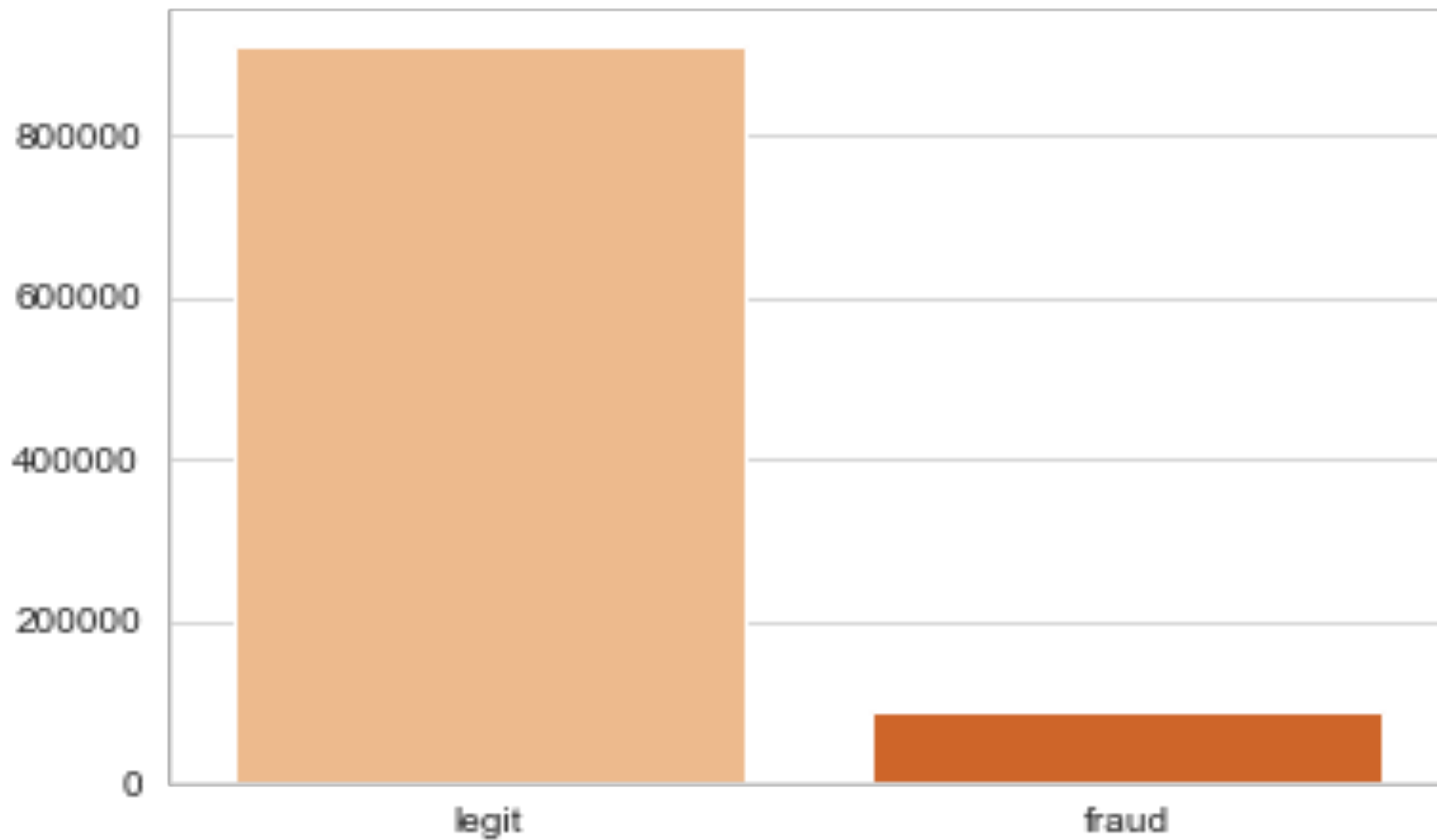
Sources:

1. <https://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/payment-card-fraud-losses-reach-27-85-billion-300963232.html>

2. Fidelity National Information Services Inc.



Transactions: legit or fraud?





The data



- 1 million observable datapoints

- 3 numerical features:

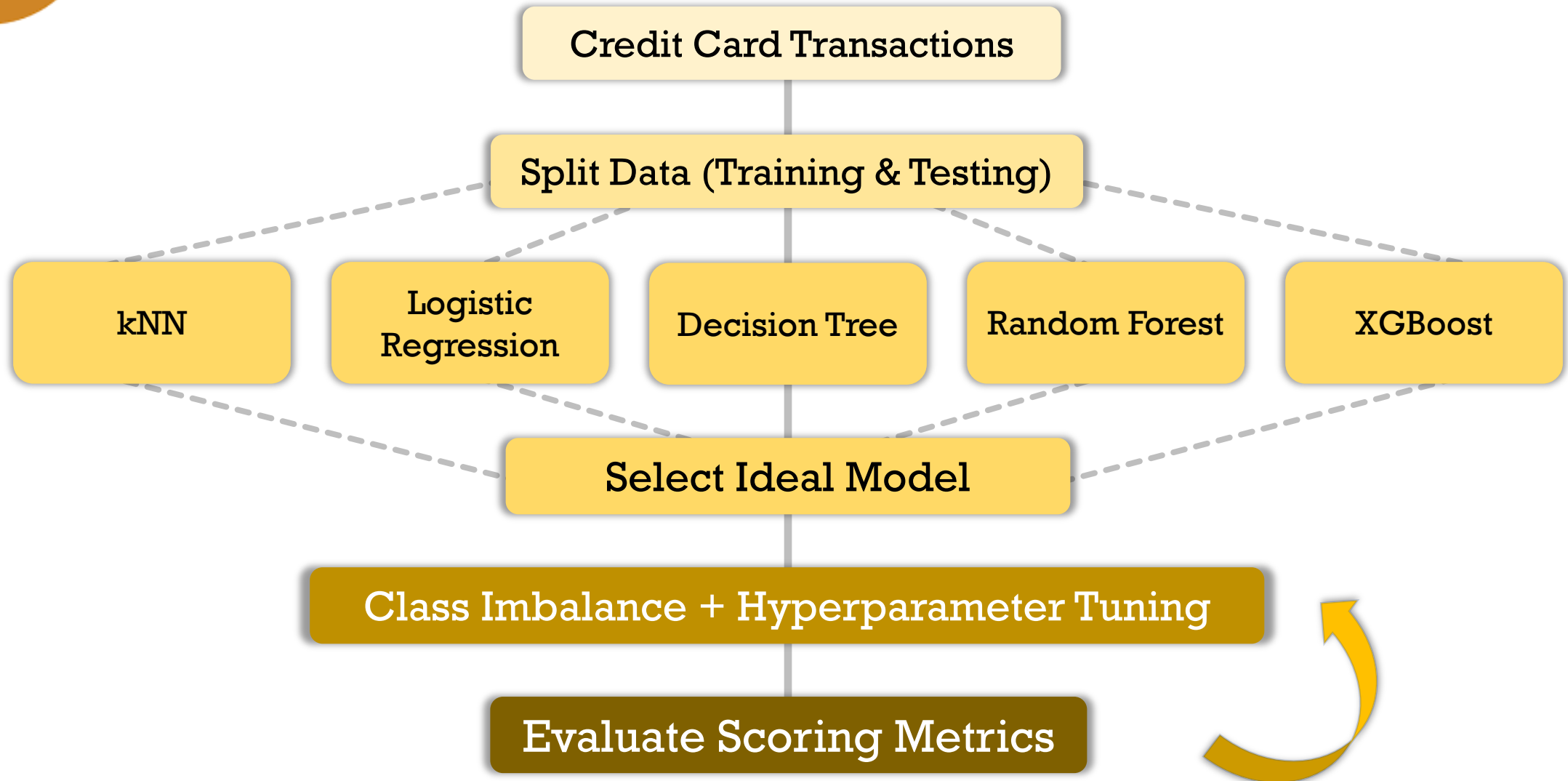
- Distance from home
- Distance from last transaction
- Ratio to median purchase

- 4 categorical features:

- Repeat retailer
- Used pin number
- Used chip
- Online order



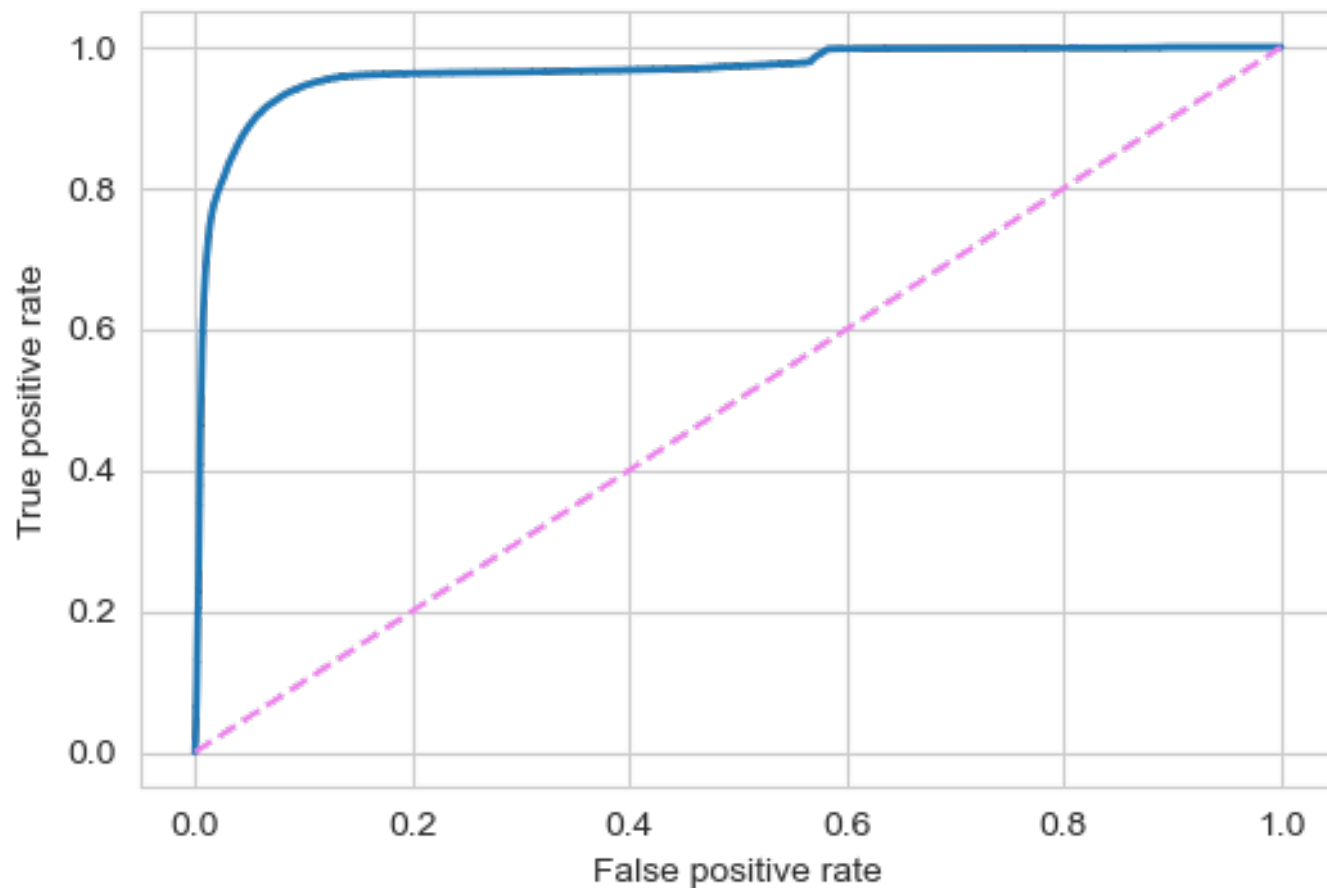
Methodology



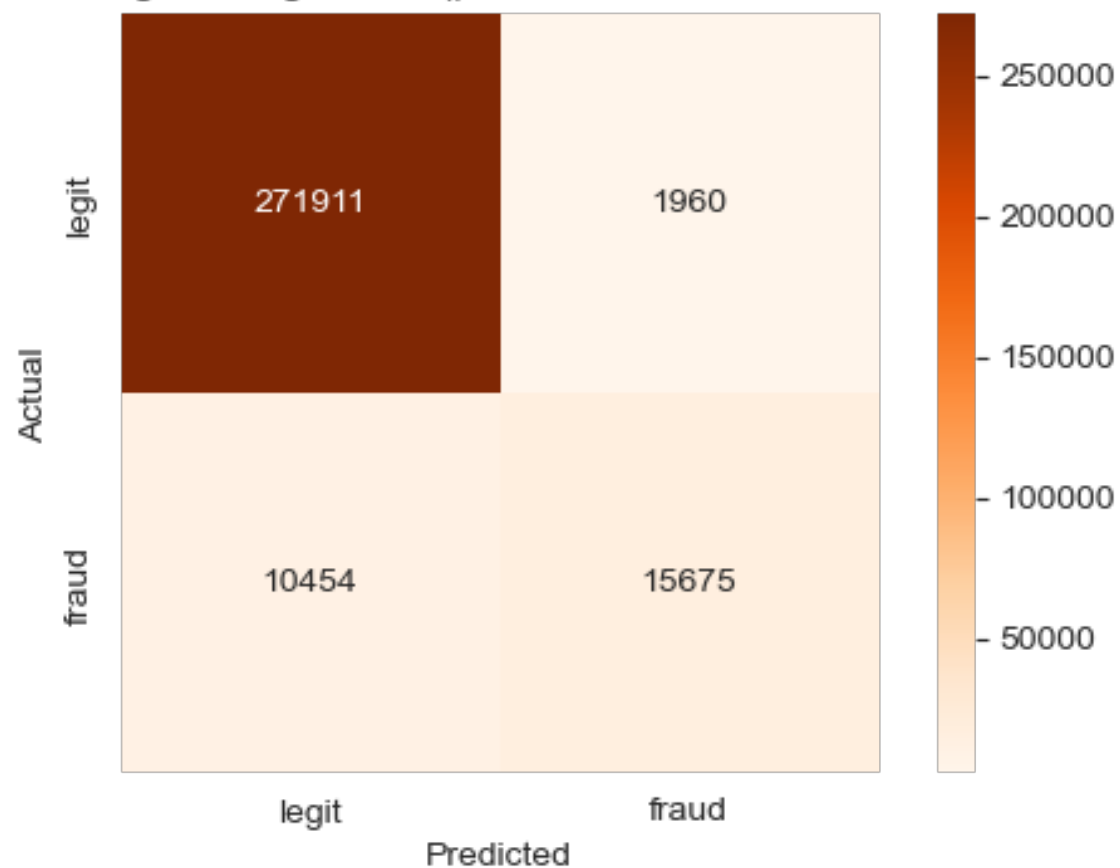


Findings: Baseline Metrics

Predicting Fraud with LogisticRegression()

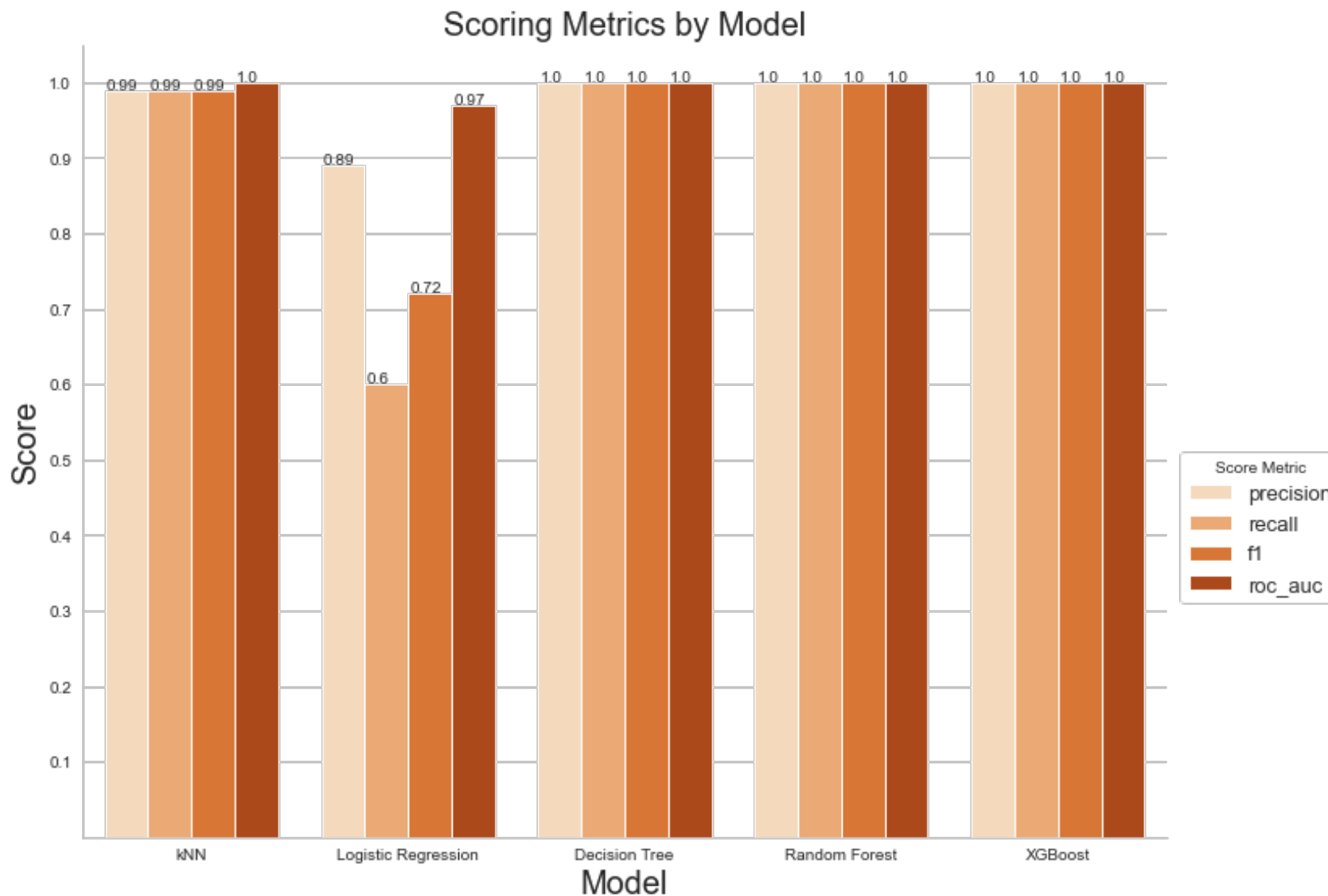


LogisticRegression() Fraud Prediction Matrix





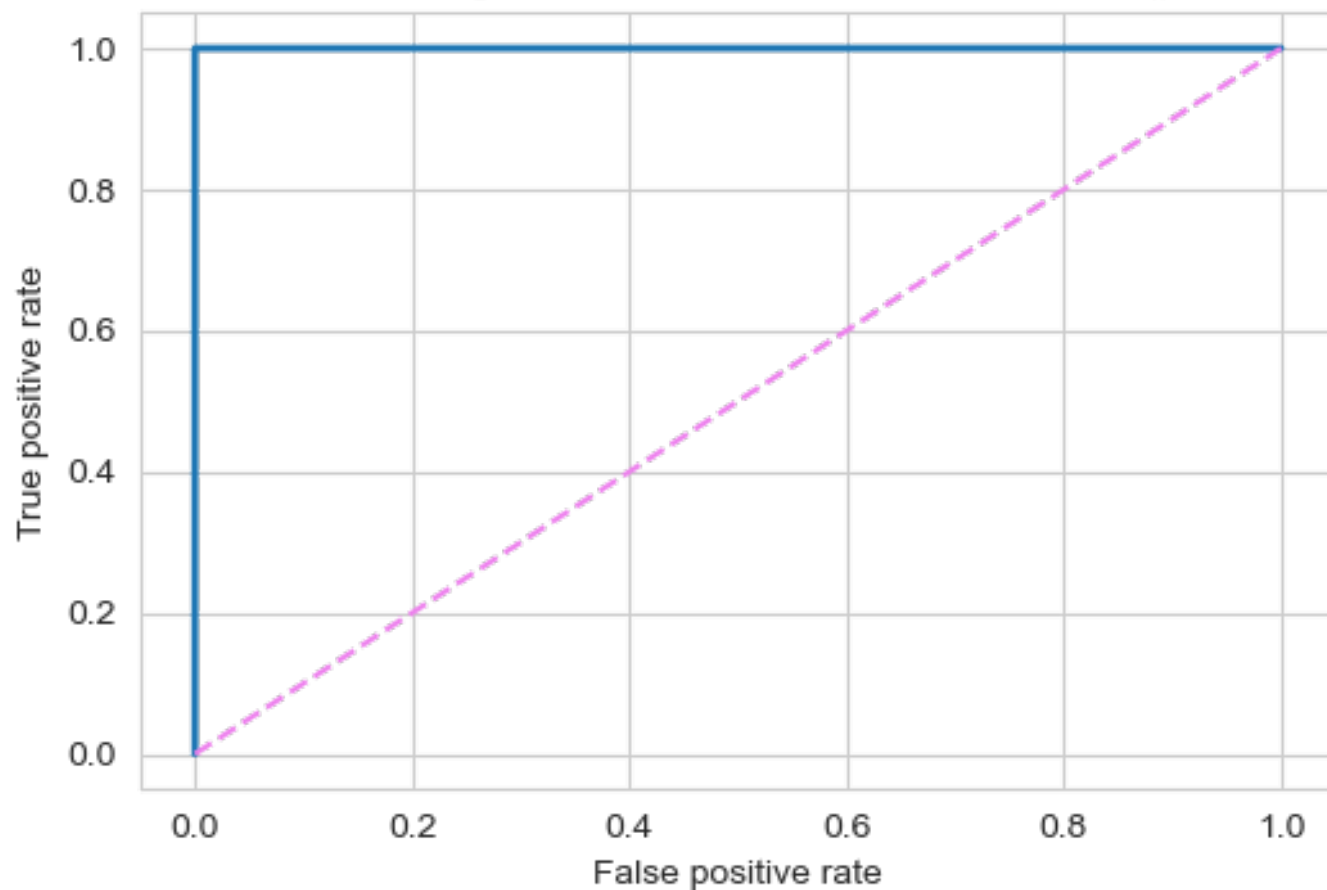
Findings: Baseline Metrics



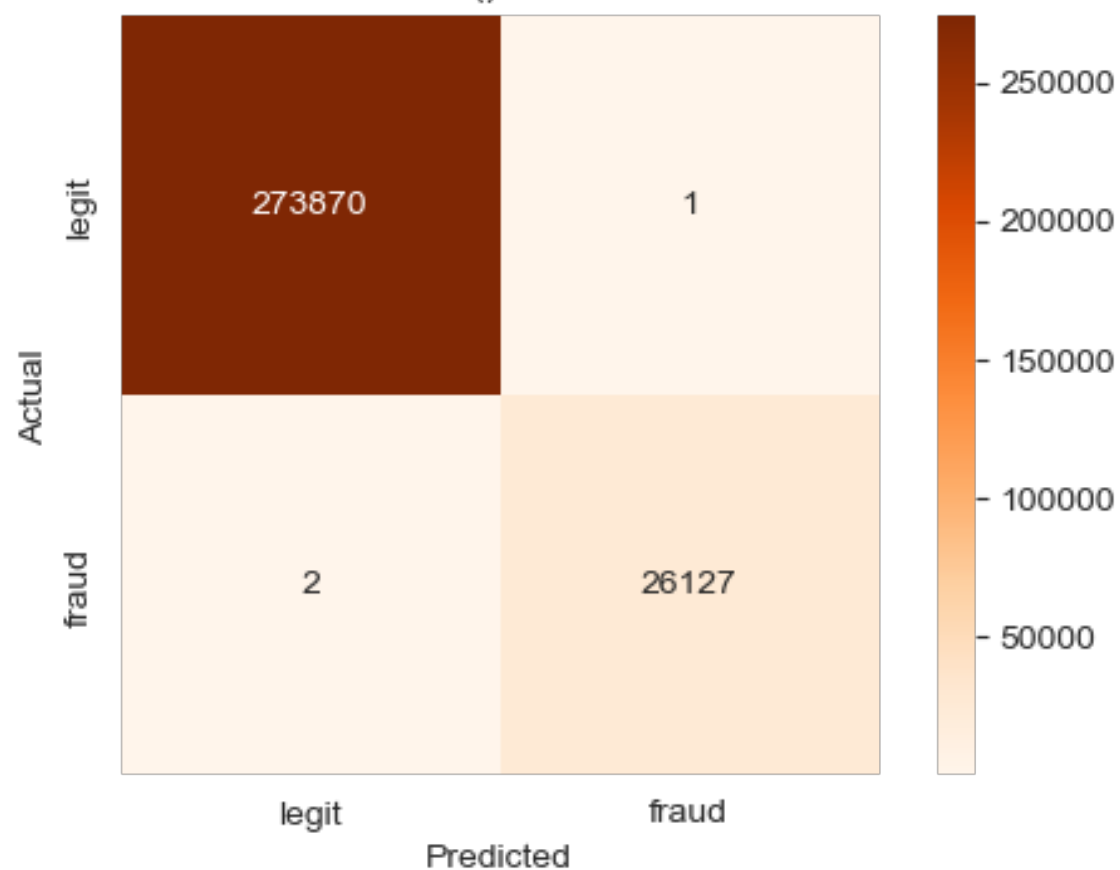


Ideal Model: Decision Tree

Predicting Fraud with DecisionTreeClassifier()

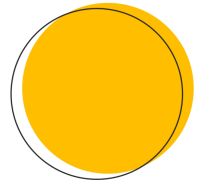


DecisionTreeClassifier() Fraud Prediction Matrix



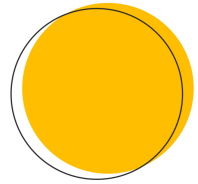


Decision Tree Evaluation



Optimal hyperparameters:

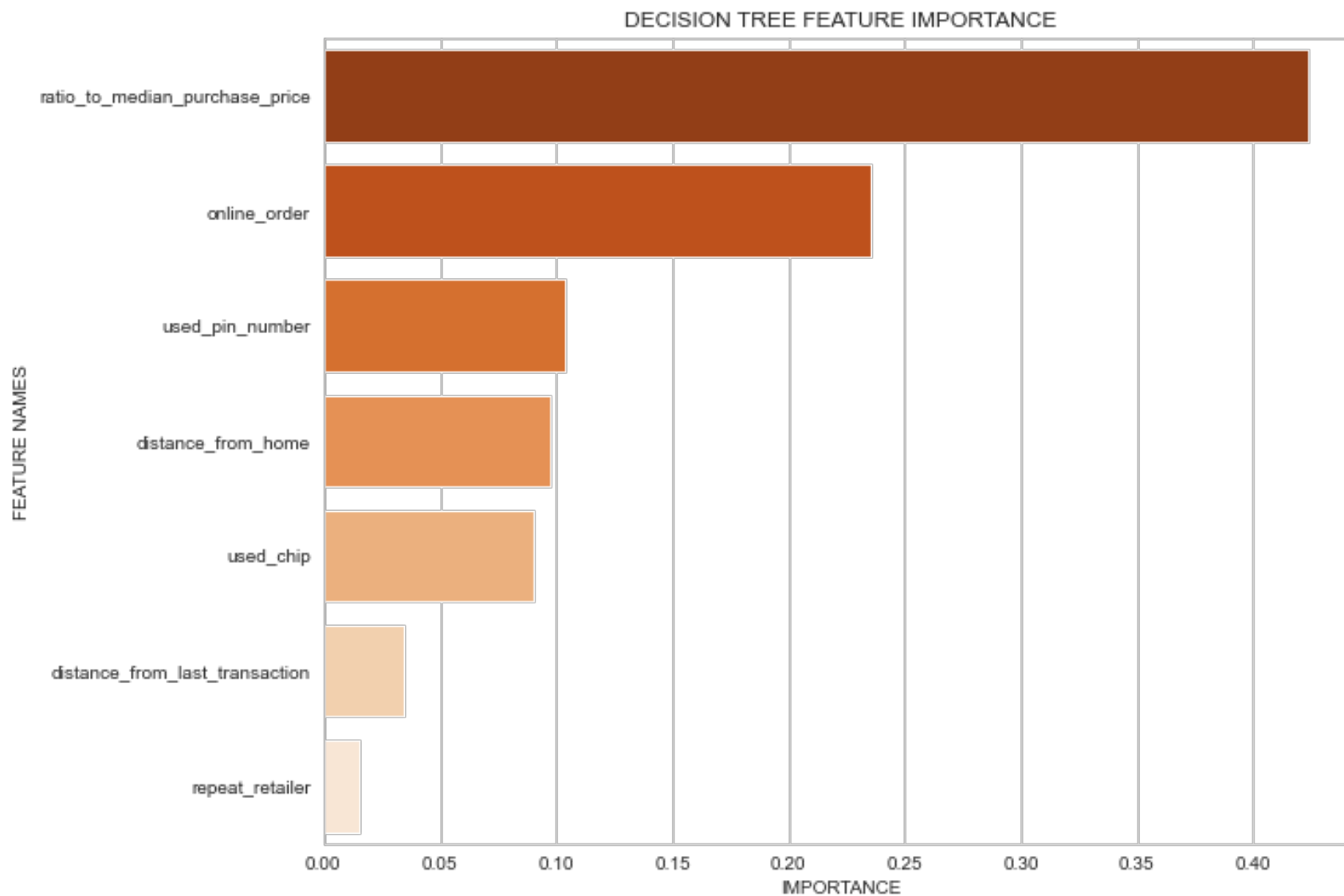
- `max_leaf_nodes = 39`
- `min_samples_split = 3`



Recall, Precision, F1 Score: 100%



Final Model: Decision Tree





Conclusion

- We can predict which transaction will be fraudulent with exceptionally perfect accuracy, precision, and recall at 100%
- Because the model performed so well, there was no need to adjust class imbalance via over/under-sampling, weighting, or threshold adjustments
- Which begs the question: Does this represent real-world data? Will our analysis benefit from the inclusion of additional data for further modeling?

Questions?

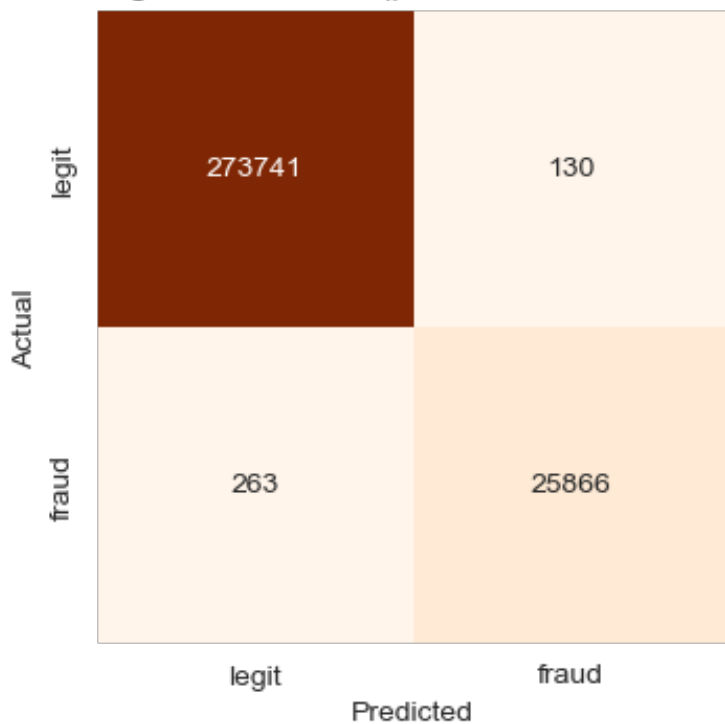
**Metis
Classification
July 2020**



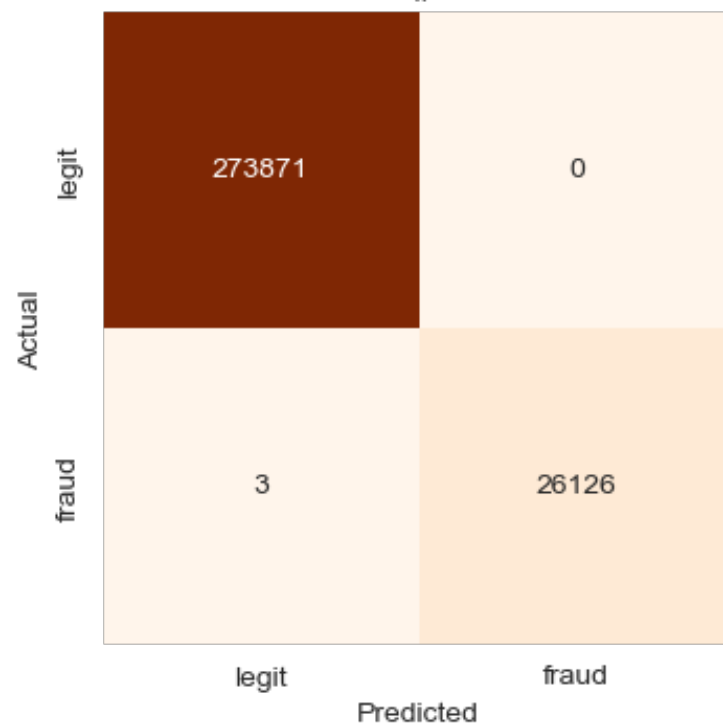


Appendix

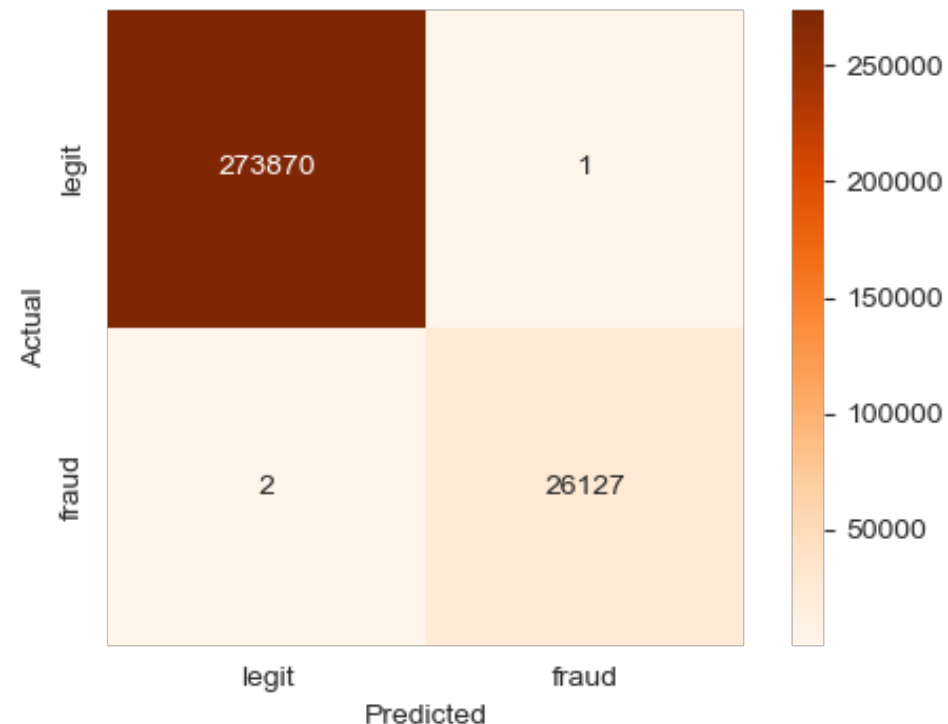
KNeighborsClassifier() Fraud Prediction Matrix



RandomForestClassifier() Fraud Prediction Matr



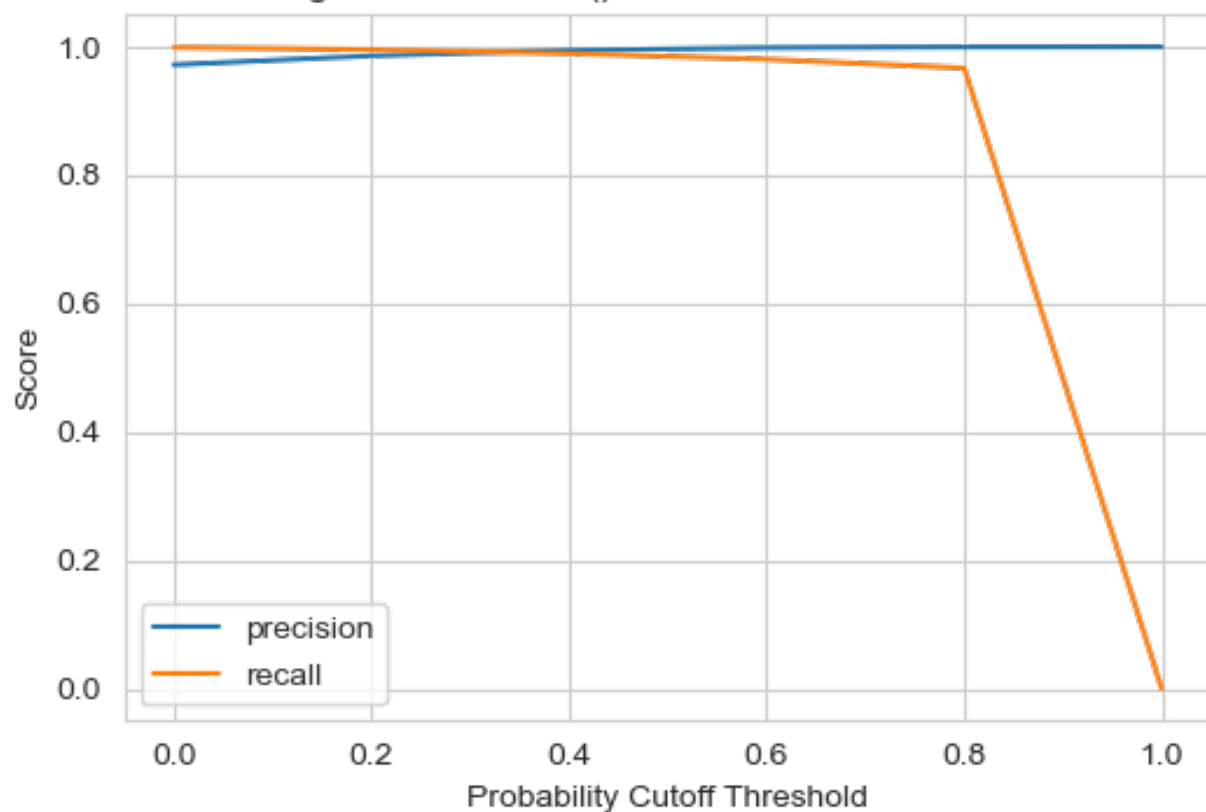
XGBoost Fraud Prediction Matrix



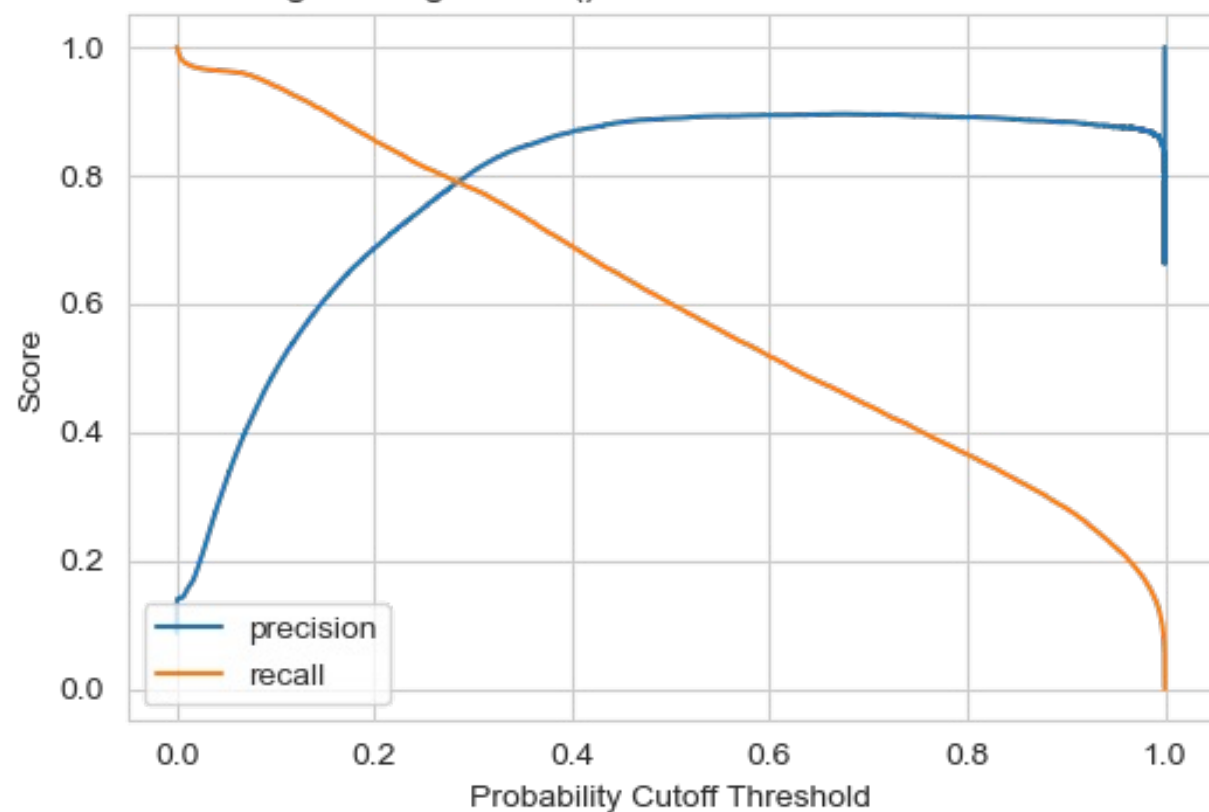


Appendix

KNeighborsClassifier() Precision and Recall Curves



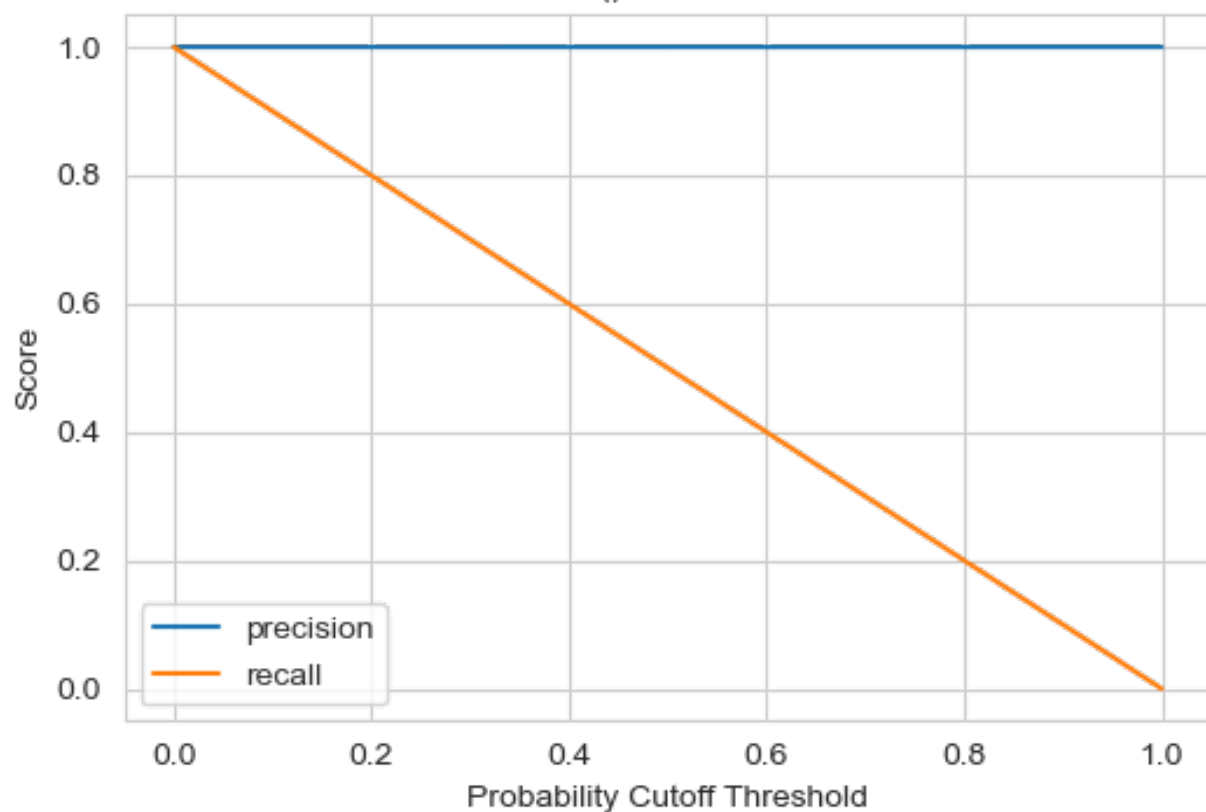
LogisticRegression() Precision and Recall Curves



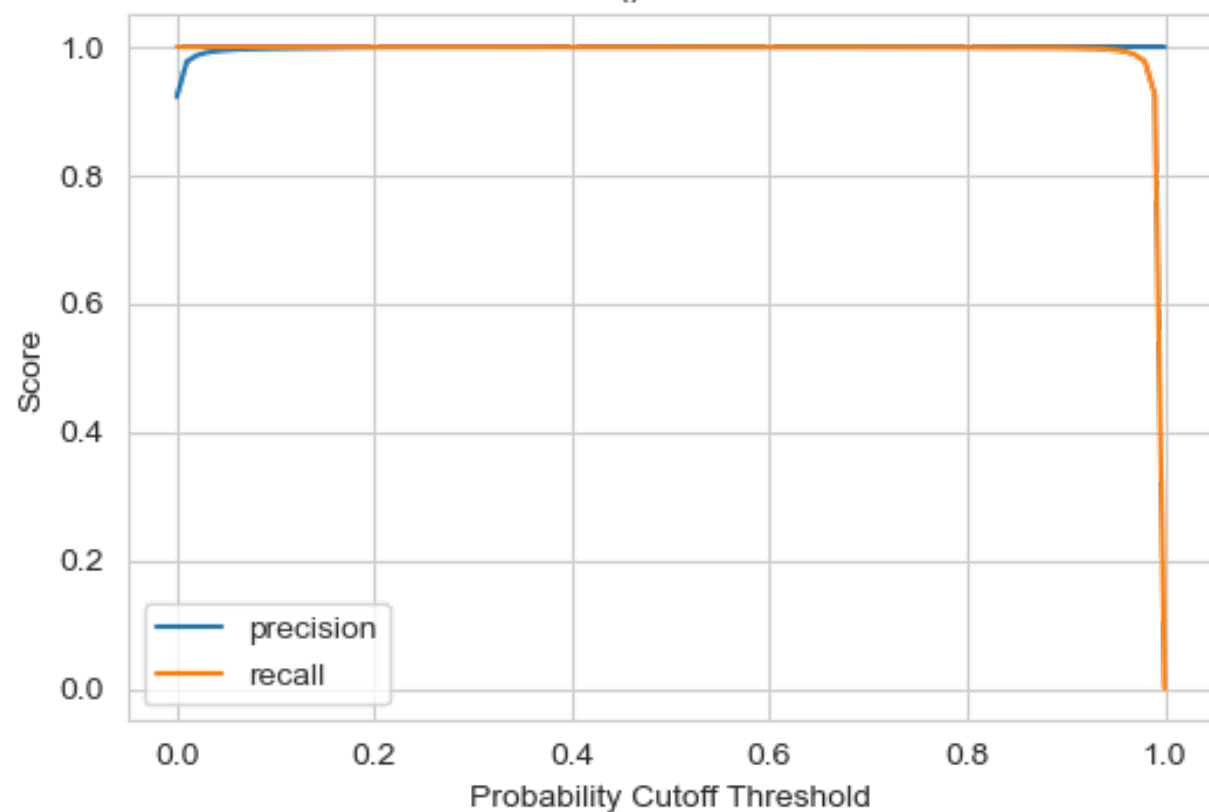


Appendix

DecisionTreeClassifier() Precision and Recall Curves

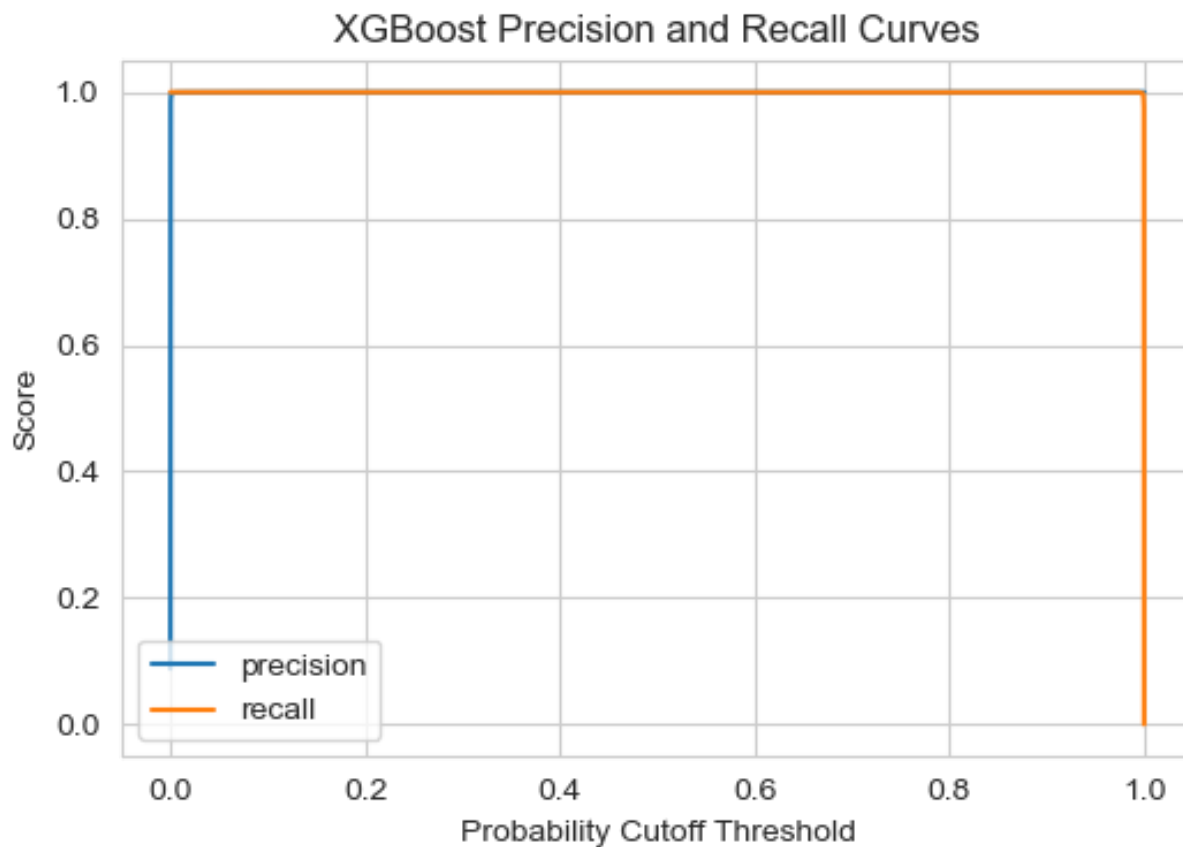


RandomForestClassifier() Precision and Recall Curves



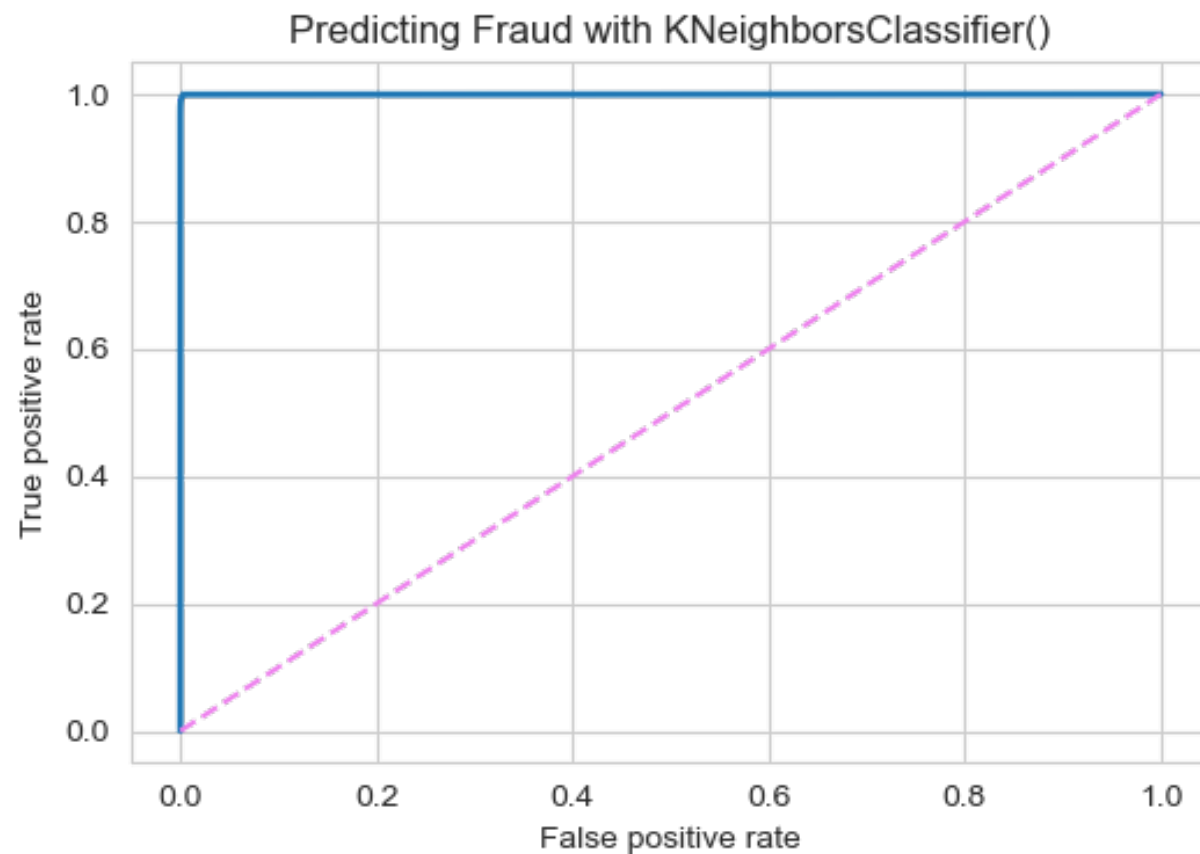


Appendix





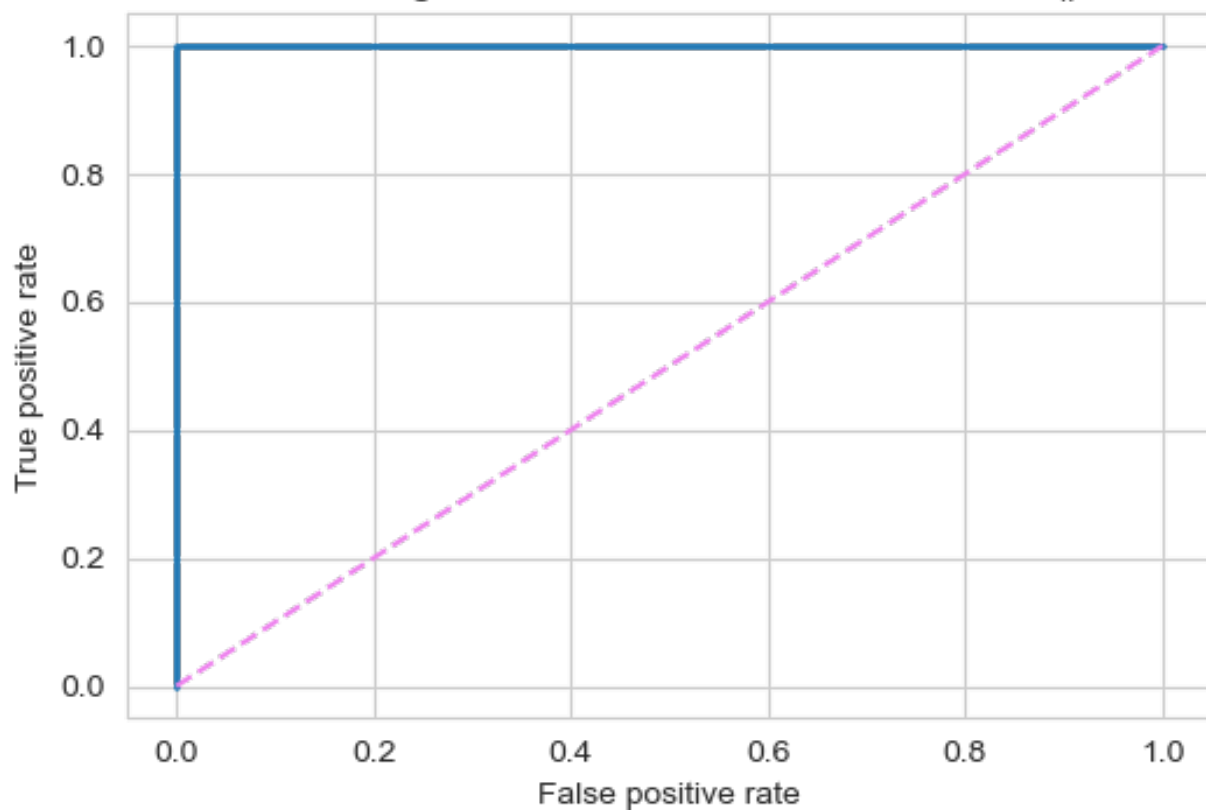
Appendix





Appendix

Predicting Fraud with RandomForestClassifier()



Predicting Fraud with XGBoost

