



Cannabis Data Science

Meetup

June 30th, 2021

How are transportation costs affected by the location of cannabis licensees?

Rule 40 (3) states that the agency shall publish a specific start date, end date, and other requirements for the transfer of marihuana product between equivalent licenses.

Transfer Type	Facilities	Purpose
Grow to Grow Med to AU	Grower A, B, and C to Common ownership adult-use marihuana growers A, B, and C	Growers may transfer not more than 50% of their passed harvest batches from their marihuana facility to their marihuana establishment. All products must have passed test results in the statewide monitoring system.
Processor to Processor Med to AU	Processor to Common ownership adult-use marihuana processors	Processors may transfer up not more than 50% of their passed finished products from their marihuana facility to their marihuana establishment. All products must have passed test results in the statewide monitoring system. Please note: all products must adhere to the maximum THC limits established by the agency for adult-use products.
PC to Retailer Med to AU	Provisioning center to Common ownership adult-use marihuana retailers	Provisioning centers may transfer not more than 50% of each passed product type (marihuana infused product, marihuana concentrate, buds, etc.) that has been in inventory for a minimum of 30 days to their marihuana retailer. All product transferred must have passed test results entered in the statewide monitoring system. Please note: all products must adhere to the maximum THC limits established by the agency for adult-use products.

Until next time

Explore how zoning may affect transportation costs.
Licensees may be forced to locate in less than desirable locations, increasing their transportation costs.