

Calculus 1 Workbook

Chain rule



CHAIN RULE WITH POWER RULE

- 1. Find h'(x) if $h(x) = (3x^2 7)^4$.
- **2.** Find h'(x) if $h(x) = 2(5x^2 + 2x)^3$.
- **3.** Find h'(x) if $h(x) = (2x^2 6x + 5)^7$.
- **4.** Find h'(x) if $h(x) = 2(x^3 + 4x^2 2x)^5$.



CHAIN RULE WITH PRODUCT RULE

■ 1. Find
$$y'(x)$$
 if $y(x) = (3x - 2)(5x^3)^5$.

2. Find
$$h'(x)$$
 if $h(x) = (x^2 - 5x)^2 (2x^3 - 3x^2)^5$.

3. Find
$$h'(x)$$
 if $h(x) = (x+4)^5(3x-2)^3$.



CHAIN RULE WITH QUOTIENT RULE

■ 1. Find h'(x).

$$h(x) = \frac{(2x+1)^3}{(3x-2)^2}$$

 \blacksquare 2. Find h'(x).

$$h(x) = \frac{(4x+5)^5}{(x+3)^2}$$

 \blacksquare 3. Find h'(x).

$$h(x) = \frac{(7x - 4)^3}{(5x + 3)^2}$$

 \blacksquare 4. Find h'(x).

$$h(x) = \frac{(6x-1)^4}{(8x+1)^2}$$



W W W . KRISTAKING MATH. COM