



# Calculus 1 Workbook

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Derivatives of trig functions

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MATH

## TRIGONOMETRIC DERIVATIVES

- 1. Find  $f'(x)$  if  $f(x) = 5x^7 + 8 \sin(7x^7)$ .
  
- 2. Find  $g'(x)$  if  $g(x) = 3 \sin(4x^3) - 4 \cos(6x) + 3 \sec(2x^4)$ .
  
- 3. Find  $h'(x)$  if  $h(x) = 5 \tan(4x^6) + 6 \cot(6x^4)$ .



## INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC DERIVATIVES

- 1. Find  $f'(t)$ .

$$f(t) = 4 \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{t}{4} \right)$$

- 2. Find  $g'(t)$ .

$$g(t) = -6 \cos^{-1}(2t + 3)$$

- 3. Find  $h'(t)$ .

$$h(t) = 3 \tan^{-1}(6t^2)$$



## HYPERBOLIC DERIVATIVES

■ 1. Find  $f'(\theta)$  if  $f(\theta) = 3 \sinh(2\theta^2 - 5\theta + 2)$ .

■ 2. Find  $g'(\theta)$  if  $g(\theta) = 2 \cosh(5\theta^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6\theta)$ .

■ 3. Find  $h'(\theta)$  if  $h(\theta) = 9 \tanh(3\theta^2 - \theta\sqrt{3})$ .



## INVERSE HYPERBOLIC DERIVATIVES

- 1. Find  $f'(t)$  if  $f(t) = 7 \sinh^{-1}(5t^4)$ .
  
- 2. Find  $g'(t)$  if  $g(t) = 4 \cosh^{-1}(2t - 3)$ .
  
- 3. Find  $h'(t)$  if  $h(t) = 9 \tanh^{-1}(-7t + 2)$ .



