

**Topic:** Ladder sliding down the wall

**Question:** A gardener's shovel is 1 m long and leaning against a fence, sliding down the fence at a rate of 0.25 m/s. When the top of the shovel is 0.5 m off the ground, at what rate is the bottom of the shovel sliding along the ground away from the fence?

**Answer choices:**

A  $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}$  m/s

B  $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$  m/s

C  $\frac{4}{3}$  m/s

D  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}$  m/s



**Solution: D**

The ground, the fence, and the shovel form a right triangle, so we'll use the Pythagorean Theorem as the equation that relates the side lengths.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Use implicit differentiation to take the derivative of both sides.

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$$

From the question we know that the length of the shovel is  $c = 1$ , and that the length of the shovel doesn't change, so  $dc/dt = 0$ .

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2(1)(0)$$

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$a \frac{da}{dt} + b \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

If we say that the vertical fence is side  $b$ , and that the horizontal ground is side  $a$ , then the question tells us that  $b = 1/2$  and that  $db/dt = -1/4$ .

$$a \frac{da}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{4} \right) = 0$$

$$a \frac{da}{dt} - \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

Find the value of  $a$  when  $b = 1/2$  and  $c = 1$ .



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$a^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = 1^2$$

$$a^2 + \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

$$a^2 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

We're asked to solve for  $da/dt$ , so we'll plug in this value of  $a$  that we've found and then solve the equation for  $da/dt$ .

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \frac{da}{dt} - \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \frac{da}{dt} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{da}{dt} = \frac{2}{8\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{da}{dt} = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}}$$

Rationalize the denominator.



$$\frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4(3)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{12}$$



**Topic:** Ladder sliding down the wall

**Question:** A 5 foot ladder is sliding down a vertical wall while its bottom slides away from the wall at 3 ft/s. How fast is the top moving when the top is 4 feet off the ground?

**Answer choices:**

A  $-\frac{9}{4}$  ft/s

B  $-\frac{4}{9}$  ft/s

C  $-\frac{3}{2}$  ft/s

D  $-\frac{2}{3}$  ft/s



**Solution: A**

The ground, the wall, and the ladder form a right triangle, so we'll use the Pythagorean Theorem as the equation that relates the side lengths.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Use implicit differentiation to take the derivative of both sides.

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$$

From the question we know that the length of the ladder is  $c = 5$ , and that the length of the ladder doesn't change, so  $dc/dt = 0$ .

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2(5)(0)$$

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$a \frac{da}{dt} + b \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

If we say that the vertical wall is side  $b$ , and that the horizontal ground is side  $a$ , then the question tells us that  $b = 4$  and that  $da/dt = 3$ .

$$a(3) + 4 \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$3a + 4 \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

Find the value of  $a$  when  $b = 4$  and  $c = 5$ .



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$a^2 + 4^2 = 5^2$$

$$a^2 + 16 = 25$$

$$a^2 = 9$$

$$a = 3$$

We're asked to solve for  $db/dt$ , so we'll plug in this value of  $a$  that we've found and then solve the equation for  $db/dt$ .

$$3(3) + 4\frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$9 + 4\frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$4\frac{db}{dt} = -9$$

$$\frac{db}{dt} = -\frac{9}{4}$$



**Topic:** Ladder sliding down the wall

**Question:** A 13 foot ladder is sliding down a vertical wall while its bottom slides away from the wall at 9 ft/s. How fast is the top moving when the top is 5 feet off the ground?

**Answer choices:**

- A       $-2.16 \text{ ft/s}$
- B       $-21.6 \text{ ft/s}$
- C       $-216 \text{ ft/s}$
- D       $-2,160 \text{ ft/s}$





**Solution: B**

The ground, the wall, and the ladder form a right triangle, so we'll use the Pythagorean Theorem as the equation that relates the side lengths.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Use implicit differentiation to take the derivative of both sides.

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$$

From the question we know that the length of the ladder is  $c = 13$ , and that the length of the ladder doesn't change, so  $dc/dt = 0$ .

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2(13)(0)$$

$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$a \frac{da}{dt} + b \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

If we say that the vertical wall is side  $b$ , and that the horizontal ground is side  $a$ , then the question tells us that  $b = 5$  and that  $da/dt = 9$ .

$$a(9) + 5 \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$9a + 5 \frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

Find the value of  $a$  when  $b = 5$  and  $c = 13$ .



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$a^2 + 5^2 = 13^2$$

$$a^2 + 25 = 169$$

$$a^2 = 144$$

$$a = 12$$

We're asked to solve for  $db/dt$ , so we'll plug in this value of  $a$  that we've found and then solve the equation for  $db/dt$ .

$$9(12) + 5\frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$108 + 5\frac{db}{dt} = 0$$

$$5\frac{db}{dt} = -108$$

$$\frac{db}{dt} = -\frac{108}{5}$$

$$\frac{db}{dt} = -21.6$$

