

Calculus 1 Workbook

Squeeze theorem



SQUEEZE THEOREM

■ 1. Use the Squeeze Theorem to evaluate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - 2$$

■ 2. Use the Squeeze Theorem to evaluate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3\sin x}{4x}$$

■ 3. Use the Squeeze Theorem to evaluate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} x^2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right) + 1$$

■ 4. Use the Squeeze Theorem to evaluate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{x}$$

■ 5. Use the Squeeze Theorem to evaluate the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\frac{1}{x}}$$

- 6. Find $\lim_{x\to 4} f(x)$ if $x^2 + 1 \le f(x) \le 4x + 1$.
- 7. Find $\lim_{x\to 3} g(x)$ if $x^2 7 \le g(x) \le \sqrt{13 x^2}$.
- 8. Find $\lim_{x\to 5} h(x)$ if $x^2 6x + 9 \le h(x) \le x 1$.





W W W . K R I S I A K I N G M A I H . C O M