

APO Light Control

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Contents

Chapter 1

Apo Light Control

1.1 Introduction

This is the documentation for the project Apo Light Control by Klára and Edward. You can find the source code on [FEL Gitlab](#) (if you have the access rights, ofc ^-^).

Chapter 2

Module Index

2.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

Screens module	??
Utilities module	??
Networking and threading module	??
Unit module	??

Chapter 3

Namespace Index

3.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

Colour	Anything related to handling colours	??
Engine	Namesapce representing the entry point of the application	??
IOTools	Tools connected to IO	??
LedController	Namespace that handles LEDs	??

Chapter 4

Hierarchical Index

4.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo	??
ControlMessageQueue	??
DeviceInput	??
Display	??
font_descriptor_t	??
LightUnit	??
Screen::LineElement	??
Screen::ColorSquareLineElement	??
Screen::IconLineElement	??
Screen::SpaceLineElement	??
Screen::TextLineElement	??
Mapper	??
NetworkHandler::Message	??
NetworkHandler::BroadcastMessage	??
NetworkHandler::ControlMessage	??
NetworkHandler	??
NetworkHandler::RecievedMessage	??
RWMutex	??
Screen	??
ListScreen	??
UnitScreen	??

Chapter 5

Class Index

5.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

NetworkHandler::BroadcastMessage	
Broadcast message. Type 0	??
Screen::ColorSquareLineElement	
Color square	??
NetworkHandler::ControlMessage	
Control message. Types 1 and 2	??
ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo	
Element of the ControlMessageQueue	??
ControlMessageQueue	
Thread-safe FIFO queue for control messages	??
DeviceInput	
Handler device input	??
Display	
A class that handles the (one-way) interaction with the device display and provides methods for rendering shapes, text, and other	??
font_descriptor_t	
Bitmap font struct	??
Screen::IconLineElement	
Scaled icon	??
LightUnit	
A class representing a light unit	??
Screen::LineElement	
Line element base class	??
ListScreen	
Unit screen	??
Mapper	
A class that handles the mapping of peripheral physical regions to virtual addresses	??
NetworkHandler::Message	
Base message struct	??
NetworkHandler	
Class that handles all network communication	??
NetworkHandler::RecievedMessage	
Struct that represents a recieved message	??
RWMutex	
Read/Write mutex class	??

Screen	
Class representing one screen	??
Screen::SpaceLineElement	
Empty space	??
Screen::TextLineElement	
Text	??
UnitScreen	
Unit screen	??

Chapter 6

Module Documentation

6.1 Screens module

[Screen](#) base class and implementations.

Classes

- class [ListScreen](#)
Unit screen.
- class [Screen](#)
Class representing one screen.
- class [UnitScreen](#)
Unit screen.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

[Screen](#) base class and implementations.

6.2 Utilities module

Utility functions.

Namespaces

- [Colour](#)
Anything related to handling colours.
- [IOTools](#)
Tools connected to IO.

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Utility functions.

6.3 Networking and threading module

Networking and threading.

Classes

- class [ControlMessageQueue](#)
Thread-safe FIFO queue for control messages.
- class [RWMutex](#)
Read/Write mutex class.
- class [NetworkHandler](#)
Class that handles all network communication.

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Networking and threading.

6.4 Unit module

MZ board and light units.

Namespaces

- [LedController](#)

Namespace that handles LEDs.

Classes

- class [DeviceInput](#)

Handler device input.

- class [Display](#)

A class that handles the (one-way) interaction with the device display and provides methods for rendering shapes, text, and other.

- class [Mapper](#)

A class that handles the mapping of peripheral physical regions to virtual addresses.

- class [LightUnit](#)

A class representing a light unit.

6.4.1 Detailed Description

MZ board and light units.

Chapter 7

Namespace Documentation

7.1 Colour Namespace Reference

Anything related to handling colours.

Enumerations

- enum {
BLACK = 0, **WHITE** = 0xFFFF, **RED** = 0xF800, **ORANGE** = 0xFC00,
YELLOW = 0xFF80, **LIME** = 0xB7E0, **GREEN** = 0x4FE0, **DARK_GREEN** = 0x4D24,
BLUE = 0x051F, **PURPLE** = 0x881F, **BROWN** = 0x9260, **DARK_BLUE** = 0x08CB,
TURUOISE = 0x6694, **UGLY** = 0xEC1A, **WEIRD_RED** = 0xA165, **DARK_GREY** = 0x2945,
LIGHT_GREY = 0xD69A, **ALMOST_GOLD** = 0xFE03 }

Functions

- uint8_t **getR** (uint32_t rgb)
Extracts the red component from RGB888.
- uint8_t **getG** (uint32_t rgb)
Extracts the green component from RGB888.
- uint8_t **getB** (uint32_t rgb)
Extracts the blue component from RGB888.
- uint32_t **setR** (uint32_t value, uint8_t newValue)
Sets the red component of RGB888.
- uint32_t **setG** (uint32_t value, uint8_t newValue)
Sets the green component of RGB888.
- uint32_t **setB** (uint32_t value, uint8_t newValue)
Sets the blue component of RGB888.
- uint32_t **changeR** (uint32_t value, int16_t change)
Changes the red component of RGB888.
- uint32_t **changeG** (uint32_t value, int16_t change)
Changes the green component of RGB888.
- uint32_t **changeB** (uint32_t value, int16_t change)
Changes the blue component of RGB888.
- uint32_t **fromRGB** (uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)

Creates an RGB888 colour from its separate components.

- `std::string toRGBString (uint32_t rgb)`

Creates an rgb string representation of the colour.

- `std::string toHexString (uint32_t rgb)`

Creates a hex string representation of the colour.

- `uint16_t rgb888to565 (uint32_t rgb888)`

Converts an RGB888 colour to an RGB565 colour.

- `uint32_t rgb565to888 (uint16_t rgb565)`

Converts an RGB565 colour to an RGB888 colour.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Anything related to handling colours.

7.1.2 Function Documentation

7.1.2.1 changeB()

```
uint32_t Colour::changeB (
    uint32_t value,
    int16_t change )
```

Changes the blue component of RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]]Parameters

Parameters

value The RGB888 colour to be changed.

change The change in the blue component.

7.1.2.2 changeG()

```
uint32_t Colour::changeG (
    uint32_t value,
    int16_t change )
```

Changes the green component of RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

value The RGB888 colour to be changed.

change The change in the green component.

7.1.2.3 changeR()

```
uint32_t Colour::changeR (
    uint32_t value,
    int16_t change )
```

Changes the red component of RGB888.

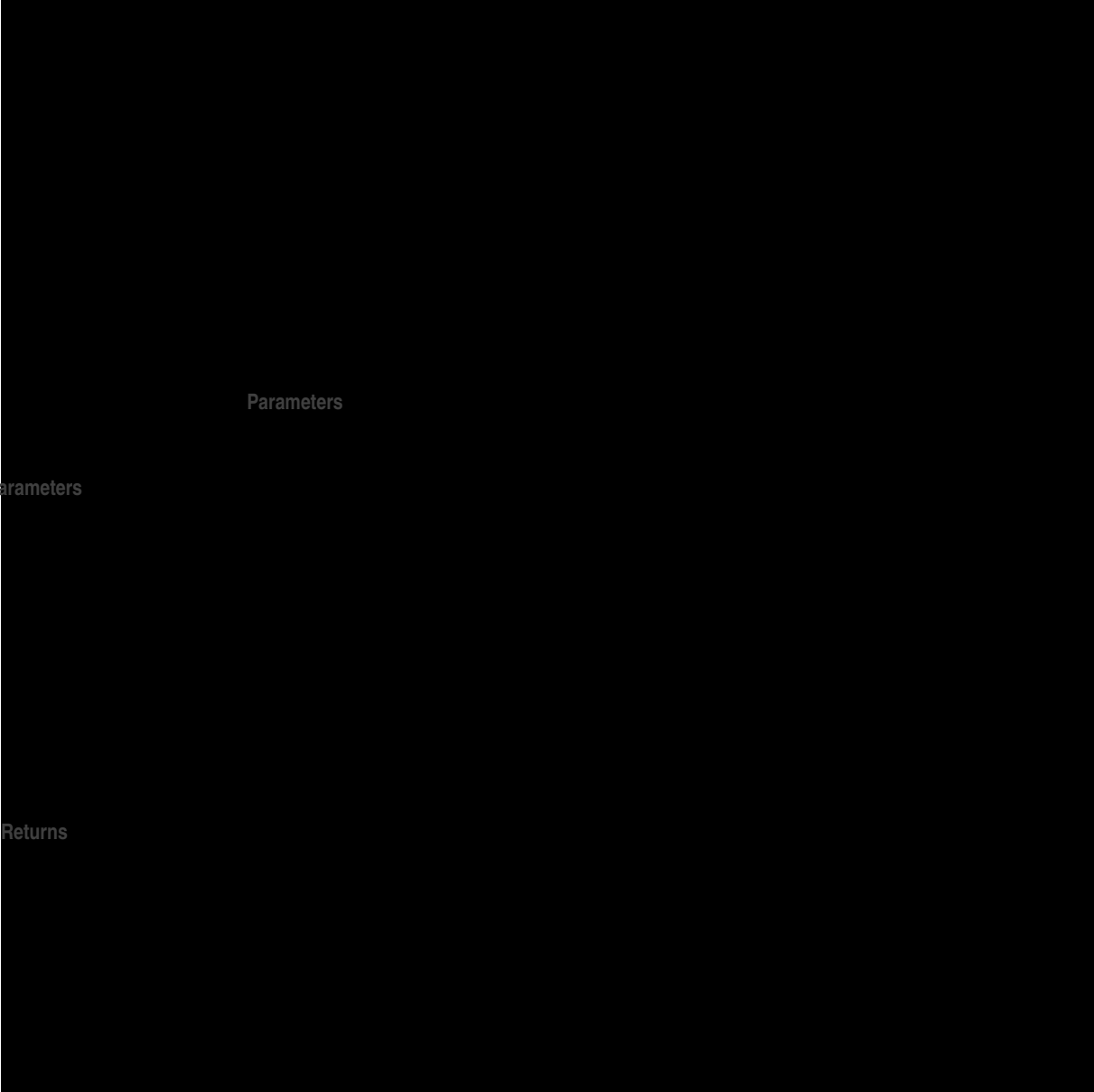
=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

value The RGB888 colour to be changed.

change The change of the red component.



```
uint8_t Colour::getB (
    uint32_t rgb )
```

Extracts the blue component from RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

rgb The rgb colour.

Returns

The blue component.

7.1.2.6 getG()

```
uint8_t Colour::getG (
    uint32_t rgb )
```

Extracts the green component from RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

rgb The rgb colour.

Returns

The green component.

7.1.2.7 getR()

```
uint8_t Colour::getR (
    uint32_t rgb )
```

Extracts the red component from RGB888.

=1mm

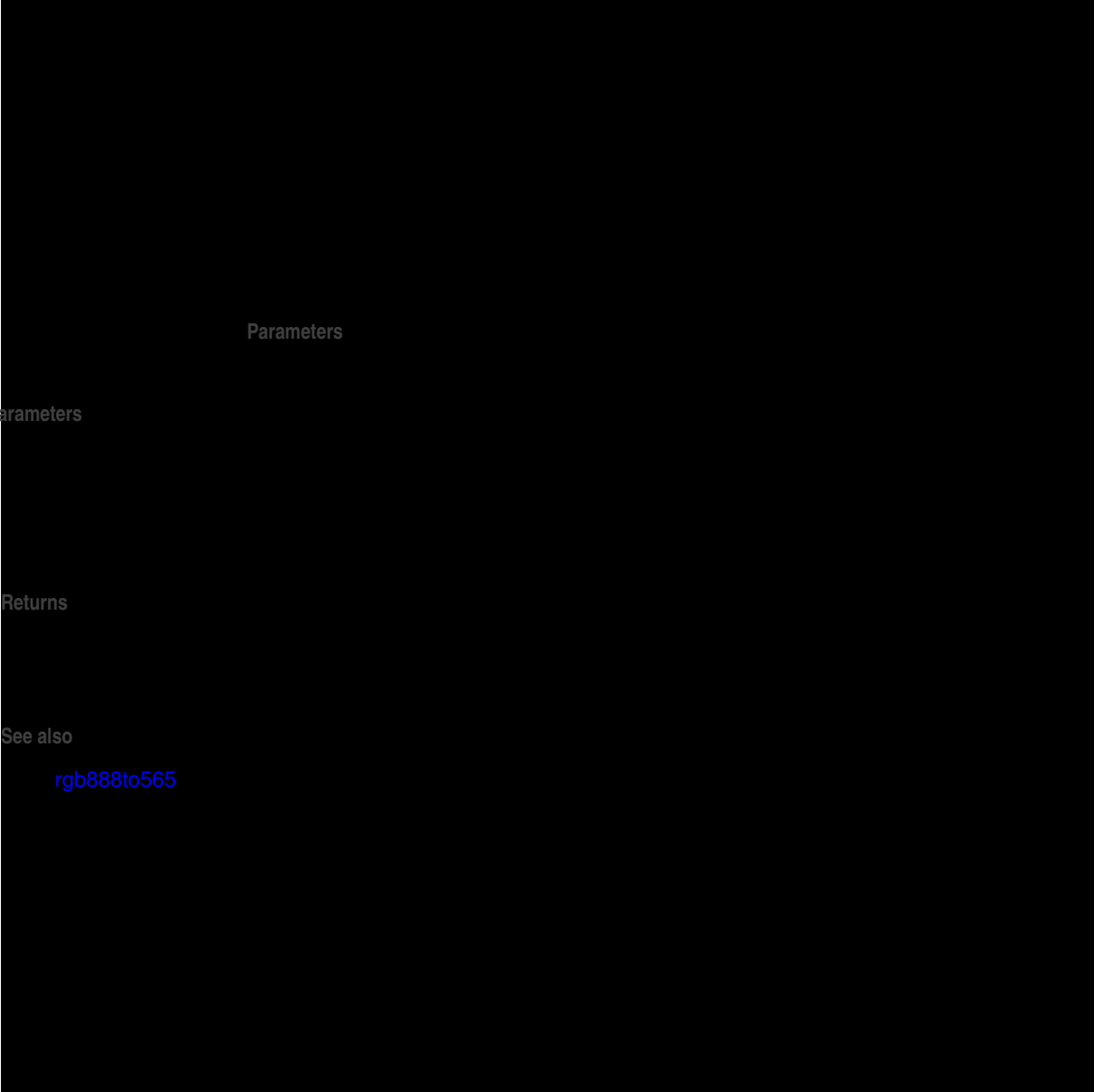
spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

rgb The rgb colour.

Returns

The red component.



Converts an RGB888 colour to an RGB565 colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|Parameters

Parameters

rgb888 The RGB888 colour.

Returns

The resulting RGB565 colour.

See also

[rgb565to888](#)

7.1.2.10 setB()

```
uint32_t Colour::setB (
    uint32_t value,
    uint8_t newValue )
```

Sets the blue component of RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

value The RGB888 colour to be changed.

newValue The blue component.

7.1.2.11 setG()

```
uint32_t Colour::setG (
    uint32_t value,
    uint8_t newValue )
```

Sets the green component of RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

value The RGB888 colour to be changed.

newValue The green component.

7.1.2.12 setR()

```
uint32_t Colour::setR (
    uint32_t value,
    uint8_t newValue )
```

Sets the red component of RGB888.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

value The RGB888 colour to be changed.

newValue The red component.

7.1.2.13 toHexString()

```
std::string Colour::toHexString (
    uint32_t rgb )
```

Creates a hex string representation of the colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

rgb The RGB888 colour.

Returns

The resulting string.

Parameters

Returns

`run`

The entry point of the whole application.

Variables

- `std::list< LightUnit > unitList`
The list of all currently connected units.
- `ControlMessageQueue controlQueue`
The control message queue.
- `std::unordered_map< std::string, std::array< uint16_t, 256 > > uilcons`
The map of UI icons.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

Namesapce representing the entry point of the application.

It stores a list of connected units, a control message queue and ui icons map. Also internally runs and synchronizes the main loop and network loop and handles network messages.

7.2.2 Function Documentation

7.2.2.1 run()

```
int Engine::run (
    int argc,
    char ** argv )
```

The entry point of the whole application.

This function starts a network thread, connects the new unit to the network and loads ui icons. =1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *argc* The number of arguments.

in *argv* The command line arguments. The format should be "'Unit Description" path_to_icon16x16.ppm'.

7.3 IOTools Namespace Reference

Tools connected to IO.

Functions

- bool [fileExists](#) (const std::string &path)
Checks whether a file exists.
- bool [loadImage16x16](#) (const std::string &path, uint16_t buffer[256])
Loads a ppm 16x16 image.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Tools connected to IO.

7.3.2 Function Documentation

7.3.2.1 fileExists()

```
bool IOTools::fileExists (
    const std::string & path )
```

Checks whether a file exists.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

path Path to file.

Returns

True if the file exists, false otherwise.

7.3.2.2 loadImage16x16()

```
bool IOTools::loadImage16x16 (
    const std::string & path,
    uint16_t buffer[256] )
```

Loads a ppm 16x16 image.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

path Path to file.

buffer An array to store the image into.

Returns

True if the image was loaded successfully, false otherwise.

7.4 LedController Namespace Reference

Namespace that handles LEDs.

setLED1

setLED2

setLEDLine

Parameters

in *color*

7.4.2.2 setLED2()

```
void LedController::setLED2 (
    uint32_t color )
```

Sets the color of the second led.

=1mm

spread 0pt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|Parameters

Parameters

in *color*

7.4.2.3 setLEDLine()

```
void LedController::setLEDLine (
    uint32_t bits )
```

Sets the on/off state of ledline leds.

=1mm

spread Opt [!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|Parameters

Parameters

in *bits* Each bit represents the state of one led.

Chapter 8

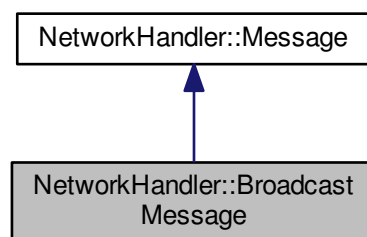
Class Documentation

8.1 NetworkHandler::BroadcastMessage Struct Reference

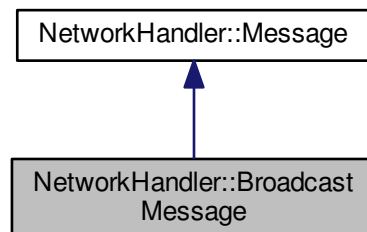
Broadcast message. Type 0.

```
#include <NetworkHandler.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for NetworkHandler::BroadcastMessage:



Collaboration diagram for NetworkHandler::BroadcastMessage:



Public Attributes

- uint32_t [rgbCeiling](#)
RGB ceiling value of sender unit.
- uint32_t [rgbWall](#)
RGB wall value of sender unit.
- char [description](#) [16]
Description of sender unit.
- uint16_t [image](#) [256]
Icon of sender unit.

8.1.1 Detailed Description

Broadcast message. Type 0.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

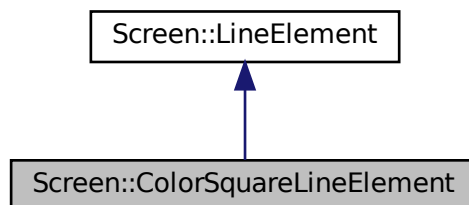
- Network/NetworkHandler.h

8.2 Screen::ColorSquareLineElement Class Reference

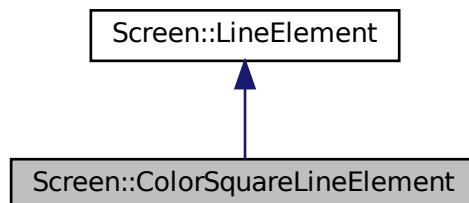
Color square.

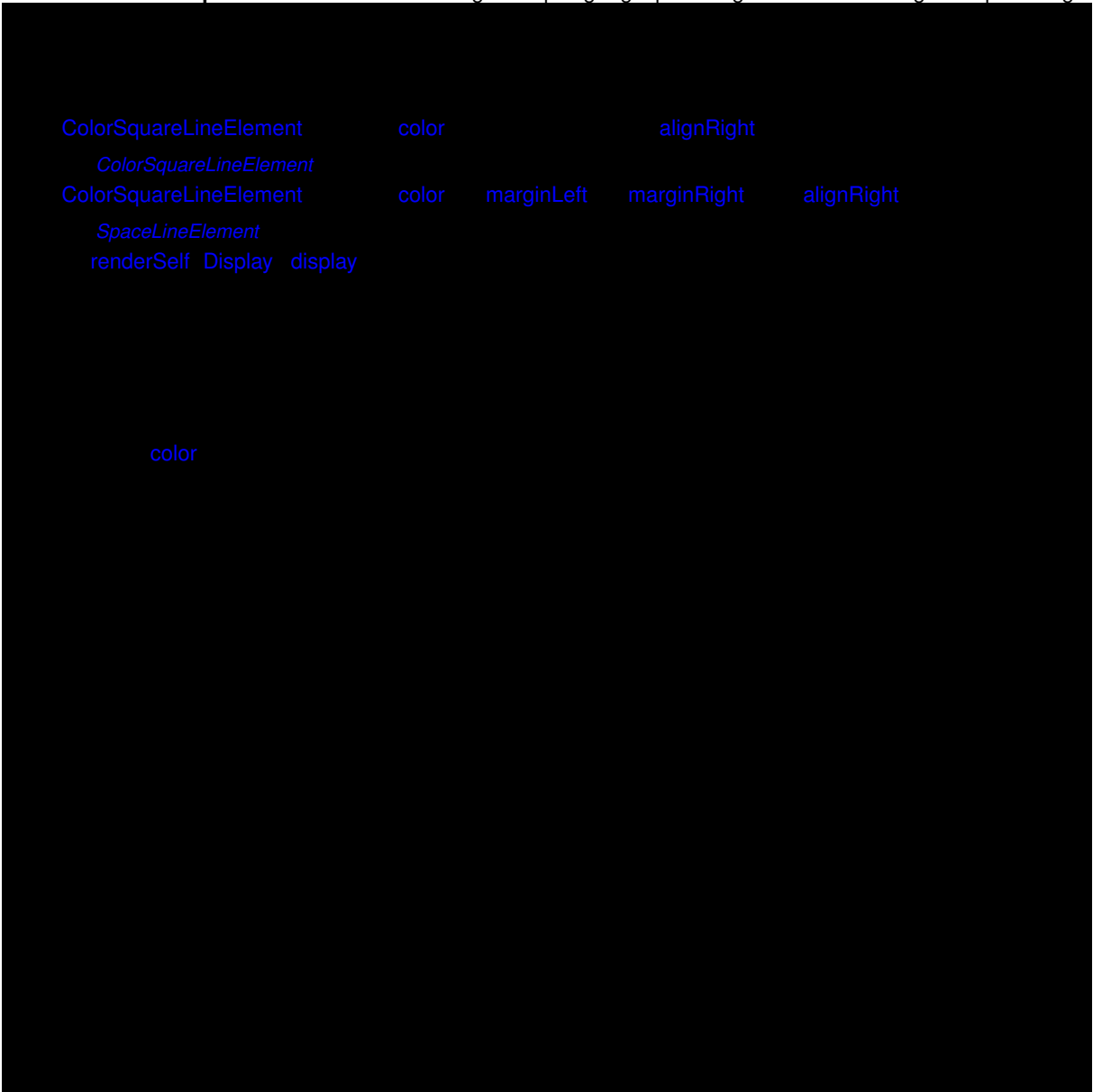
```
#include <Screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Screen::ColorSquareLineElement:



Collaboration diagram for Screen::ColorSquareLineElement:





```
uint16_t color = 0,
int margin = 0,
bool alignRight = false )
```

ColorSquareLineElement constructor.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|Parameters

Parameters

in color

in margin

in alignRight

8.2.2.2 ColorSquareLineElement() [2/2]

```
Screen::ColorSquareLineElement::ColorSquareLineElement (
    uint16_t color,
    int marginLeft,
    int marginRight,
    bool alignRight = false )
```

[SpaceLineElement](#) constructor with different margins.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|Parameters

Parameters

in *color*

in *marginLeft*

in *marginRight*

in *alignRight*

8.2.3 Member Function Documentation

8.2.3.1 renderSelf()

```
int Screen::ColorSquareLineElement::renderSelf (
    Display * display,
    int x,
    int y ) [virtual]
```

Renders itself at position x, y to display.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to render to.

in *x* X position to render to.

in *y* Y position to render to.

Returns

Number of pixels this elements takes.

Implements [Screen::LineElement](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

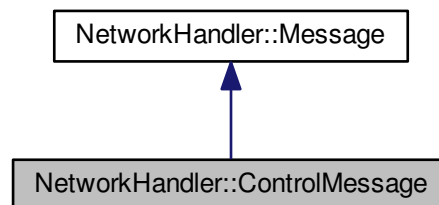
- DisplayUtils/Screen.h
- DisplayUtils/Screen.cpp

8.3 NetworkHandler::ControlMessage Struct Reference

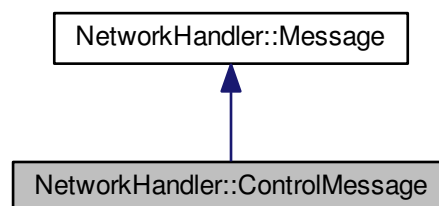
Control message. Types 1 and 2.

```
#include <NetworkHandler.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for NetworkHandler::ControlMessage:



Collaboration diagram for NetworkHandler::ControlMessage:



Public Attributes

- `int16_t valuesCeiling` [3]
Ceiling values to increment/set for the receiving unit.
- `int16_t valuesWall` [3]
Wall values to increment/set for the receiving unit.

8.3.1 Detailed Description

Control message. Types 1 and 2.

Type 1 increments values. Type 2 sets values.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Network/NetworkHandler.h

8.4 ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo Struct Reference

Element of the [ControlMessageQueue](#).

```
#include <ControlMessageQueue.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [ControlMessageInfo](#) ()
Empty constructor constructs invalid [ControlMessageInfo](#).
- [ControlMessageInfo](#) (uint32_t ip, int type=-1)
[ControlMessageInfo](#) constructor with ip and optional type.

Public Attributes

- uint32_t ip
IP address.
- int type
Message type.
- int16_t valuesCeiling [3]
Values ceiling.
- int16_t valuesWall [3]
Values wall.

8.4.1 Detailed Description

Element of the [ControlMessageQueue](#).

See also

[NetworkHandler::Message](#)
[NetworkHandler::ControlMessage](#)

8.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.4.2.1 ControlMessageInfo()

```
ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo::ControlMessageInfo (
    uint32_t ip,
    int type = -1 ) [inline]
```

[ControlMessageInfo](#) constructor with ip and optional type.

If type is set to 2, this constructor also sets all values to -1. =1mm

spread Opt [I][X[-1,I]][X[-1,I]][X[-1,I]]Parameters

Parameters

in ip

in type

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Misc/ControlMessageQueue.h

8.5 ControlMessageQueue Class Reference

Thread-safe FIFO queue for control messages.

```
#include <ControlMessageQueue.h>
```

Classes

- struct [ControlMessageInfo](#)
Element of the [ControlMessageQueue](#).

Public Types

- typedef struct [ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo](#) [ControlMessageInfo](#)
Element of the [ControlMessageQueue](#).

Public Member Functions

- bool [hasChanged](#) ()
Checks if the queue has changed.
- size_t [size](#) ()
Returns number of elements in the queue.
- void [enqueue](#) ([ControlMessageInfo](#) info)
Enqueues an element at the back.
- [ControlMessageInfo](#) [dequeue](#) ()
Dequeues an element from the front.

8.5.1 Detailed Description

Thread-safe FIFO queue for control messages.

8.5.2 Member Typedef Documentation

8.5.2.1 ControlMessageInfo

```
typedef struct ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo
```

Element of the [ControlMessageQueue](#).

See also

[NetworkHandler::Message](#)
[NetworkHandler::ControlMessage](#)

8.5.3 Member Function Documentation

8.5.3.1 dequeue()

```
ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo ControlMessageQueue::dequeue ( )
```

Dequeues an element from the front.

Returns

The front element. If there are no elements, returns [ControlMessageInfo\(\)](#);

8.5.3.2 enqueue()

```
void ControlMessageQueue::enqueue (
    ControlMessageQueue::ControlMessageInfo info )
```

Enqueues an element at the back.

=1mm

spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]]Parameters

Parameters

in *info*

8.5.3.3 hasChanged()

```
bool ControlMessageQueue::hasChanged ( )
```

Checks if the queue has changed.

Returns

Value indicating wether the queue has changed since the last call to this function.

8.5.3.4 size()

```
size_t ControlMessageQueue::size ( )
```

Returns number of elements in the queue.

Returns

Number of elements in the queue.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Misc/ControlMessageQueue.h
- Misc/ControlMessageQueue.cpp

8.6 DeviceInput Class Reference

Handler device input.

```
#include <DeviceInput.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [DeviceInput](#) ()
- [~DeviceInput](#) ()
- void [update](#) ()

Gets the input (knobs state) from the device.

Public Attributes

- int8_t [RGBDelta](#) [3]
- bool [RGBPressed](#) [3]

The change in the device knob positions.

Wether given device knob is pressed or not.

8.6.1 Detailed Description

Handler device input.

8.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.6.2.1 DeviceInput()

```
DeviceInput::DeviceInput ( )
```

Constructor.

8.6.2.2 ~DeviceInput()

```
DeviceInput::~~DeviceInput ( )
```

Destructor.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MZApi/DeviceInput.h
- MZApi/DeviceInput.cpp

8.7 Display Class Reference

A class that handles the (one-way) interaction with the device display and provides methods for rendering shapes, text, and other.

```
#include <Display.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Display](#) (uint16_t [bgColour](#), uint16_t [fgColour](#), uint16_t highlightColour, [font_descriptor_t](#) font)
The display constructor taking colours and fonts as parameters.
- [~Display](#) ()
The display destructor.
- void [handleInput](#) (int8_t rgbDelta[3], bool knobsPressed[3])
Reacts to input from the device.
- void [switchScreen](#) ([Screen](#) *newScreen)
Changes the display screen.
- bool [toPreviousScreen](#) (bool keepAlive=false)
Returns to the previous screen.
- void [setColours](#) (uint16_t [bgColour](#), uint16_t [fgColour](#), uint16_t highlightColour)
Sets the base colours for the display - background, foreground and highlight.
- void [setFont](#) ([font_descriptor_t](#) font)
Sets the font for the display.
- size_t [textWidth](#) (std::string &text)
Calculates text width in pixels.
- void [clearScreen](#) (uint16_t colour)
Sets the whole display to one colour.
- void [setPixel](#) (int x, int y, uint16_t colour)
Sets one pixel to a given colour.
- void [renderRectangle](#) (int left, int top, int right, int bottom, uint16_t colour)
Renders an axis-aligned rectangle with given corner points in a given colour.
- void [renderColourSquare](#) (int topX, int topY, uint16_t colour)
Renders an axis-aligned rectangle with given position in a given colour.
- size_t [renderText](#) (int topX, int topY, std::string text, uint16_t colour)
Renders an axis-aligned text-line starting at a given position in a given colour.
- size_t [renderIcon](#) (uint16_t *buffer, int topX, int topY, int exponent=0)
Renders an icon starting at a given position.
- void [redraw](#) ()
Renders the display buffer on the device.

Public Attributes

- uint16_t `fgColour`
Current theme text colour.
- uint16_t `bgColour`
Current theme background colour.
- uint16_t `selectColour`
Current theme selected background colour.
- size_t `lineMax`
The maximum number of lines that fit on the display.

Static Public Attributes

- static const size_t `width` = 480
The display width.
- static const size_t `height` = 320
The display height.

8.7.1 Detailed Description

A class that handles the (one-way) interaction with the device display and provides methods for rendering shapes, text, and other.

8.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.7.2.1 Display()

```
Display::Display (
    uint16_t bgColour,
    uint16_t fgColour,
    uint16_t highlightColour,
    font_descriptor_t font )
```

The display constructor taking colours and fonts as parameters.

=1mm

spread 0pt [l]X[-1,l]X[-1,l]Parameters

Parameters

bgColour The colour used for background.

fgColour The colour used for foreground.

highlightColour The colour used for highlighted items, such as the selected ones.

font The font to be used for displayed text.

8.7.3 Member Function Documentation

8.7.3.1 clearScreen()

```
void Display::clearScreen (
    uint16_t colour )
```

Sets the whole display to one colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]|X[-1,1]|X[-1,1]]Parameters

Parameters

colour The colour used as background.

8.7.3.2 handleInput()

```
void Display::handleInput (
    int8_t rgbDelta[3],
    bool knobsPressed[3] )
```

Reacts to input from the device.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]|X[-1,1]|X[-1,1]]Parameters

Parameters

rgbDelta The change in knobs position.

knobsPressed The high/low state of the knobs.

8.7.3.3 renderColourSquare()

```
void Display::renderColourSquare (
    int topX,
    int topY,
    uint16_t colour )
```

Renders an axis-aligned rectangle with given position in a given colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

topX The x coordinate of the left edge.

topY The y coordinate of the top edge.

colour The colour of the rectangle.

8.7.3.4 renderIcon()

```
size_t Display::renderIcon (
    uint16_t * buffer,
    int topX,
    int topY,
    int exponent = 0 )
```

Renders an icon starting at a given position.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

buffer The 16x16 image to be rendered.

topX The x coordinate of the top-left corner.

topY The y coordinate of the top-left corner.

exponent The exponent to use for scaling by powers of two.

Returns

Width rendered icon in pixels.

8.7.3.5 renderRectangle()

```
void Display::renderRectangle (
    int left,
    int top,
    int right,
    int bottom,
    uint16_t colour )
```

Renders an axis-aligned rectangle with given corner points in a given colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]X[-1,l]X[-1,l]Parameters

Parameters

left The x coordinate of the left edge.

top The y coordinate of the top edge.

right The x coordnate of the right edge.

bottom The y coordinate of the bottom edgge.

colour The colour of the rectangle.

8.7.3.6 renderText()

```
size_t Display::renderText (
    int topX,
    int topY,
    std::string text,
    uint16_t colour )
```

Renders an axis-aligned text-line starting at a given position in a given colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]X[-1,l]X[-1,l]Parameters

Parameters

topX The x coordinate of the top-left corner.

topY The y coordinate of the top-left corner.

text The text to be rendered.

colour The colour of the text.

Returns

Width rendered text in pixels.

Parameters

Returns

8.7.3.8 setFont()

```
void Display::setFont (
    font_descriptor_t font )
```

Sets the font for the display.

=1mm

spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]

Parameters

font The font to be used for displayed text.

8.7.3.9 setPixel()

```
void Display::setPixel (
    int x,
    int y,
    uint16_t colour )
```

Sets one pixel to a given colour.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

x The pixel x coordinate.

y The pixel y coordinate.

colour The colour of the pixel.

8.7.3.10 switchScreen()

```
void Display::switchScreen (
    Screen * newScreen )
```

Changes the display screen.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

newScreen The new screen.

8.7.3.11 `textWidth()`

```
size_t Display::textWidth (
    std::string & text )
```

Calculates text width in pixels.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

text The text to calculate width for.

Returns

Width of the passed text in pixels.

8.7.3.12 `toPreviousScreen()`

```
bool Display::toPreviousScreen (
    bool keepAlive = false )
```

Returns to the previous screen.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

keepAlive Whether the current screen should be preserved so that it can be returned to later.

Returns

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MZApi/Display.h
- MZApi/Display.cpp

8.8 font_descriptor_t Struct Reference

Bitmap font struct.

```
#include <font_types.h>
```

Public Attributes

- char * [name](#)
font name
- int [maxwidth](#)
max width in pixels
- unsigned int [height](#)
height in pixels
- int [ascent](#)
ascent (baseline) height
- int [firstchar](#)
first character in bitmap
- int [size](#)
font size in characters
- const font_bits_t * [bits](#)
16-bit right-padded bitmap data
- const uint32_t * [offset](#)
offsets into bitmap data
- const unsigned char * [width](#)
character widths or 0 if fixed
- int [defaultchar](#)
default char (not glyph index)
- int32_t [bits_size](#)

words of MWIMAGEBITS bits

8.8.1 Detailed Description

Bitmap font struct.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

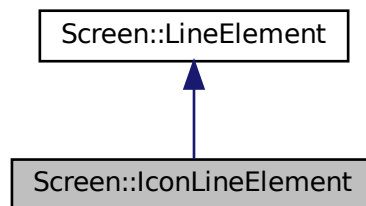
- DisplayUtils/font_types.h

8.9 Screen::IconLineElement Class Reference

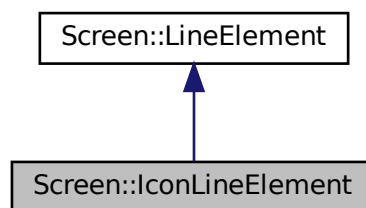
Scaled icon.

```
#include <Screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Screen::IconLineElement:



Collaboration diagram for Screen::IconLineElement:



Public Member Functions

- `IconLineElement` (uint16_t *`plcon`=NULL, int `scaleExponent`=0, int `margin`=0, bool `alignRight`=false)
IconLineElement constructor.
- `IconLineElement` (uint16_t *`plcon`, int `scaleExponent`, int `marginLeft`, int `marginRight`, bool `alignRight`=false)
IconLineElement constructor with different margins.
- int `renderSelf` (Display *`display`, int `x`, int `y`)
Renders itself at position x, y to display.

Protected Attributes

- uint16_t * `plcon`
Pointer to the icon buffer.
- int `scaleExponent`
Exponent to scale icon by.

Additional Inherited Members

8.9.1 Detailed Description

Scaled icon.

8.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.9.2.1 IconLineElement() [1/2]

```
Screen::IconLineElement::IconLineElement (
    uint16_t * pIcon = NULL,
    int scaleExponent = 0,
    int margin = 0,
    bool alignRight = false )
```

[IconLineElement](#) constructor.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *pIcon*

in *scaleExponent*

in *margin*

in *alignRight*

8.9.2.2 IconLineElement() [2/2]

```
Screen::IconLineElement::IconLineElement (
    uint16_t * pIcon,
    int scaleExponent,
    int marginLeft,
    int marginRight,
    bool alignRight = false )
```

[IconLineElement](#) constructor with different margins.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]Parameters

Parameters

in *pIcon*

in *scaleExponent*

in *marginLeft*

in *marginRight*

in *alignRight*

8.9.3 Member Function Documentation

8.9.3.1 renderSelf()

```
int Screen::IconLineElement::renderSelf (
    Display * display,
    int x,
    int y ) [virtual]
```

Renders itself at position x, y to display.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to render to.

in *x* X position to render to.

in *y* Y position to render to.

Returns

Number of pixels this elements takes.

Implements [Screen::LineElement](#).

8.9.4 Member Data Documentation

8.9.4.1 scaleExponent

```
int Screen::IconLineElement::scaleExponent [protected]
```

Exponent to scale icon by.

See also

[Display::renderIcon](#)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DisplayUtils/Screen.h
- DisplayUtils/Screen.cpp

8.10 LightUnit Class Reference

A class representing a light unit.

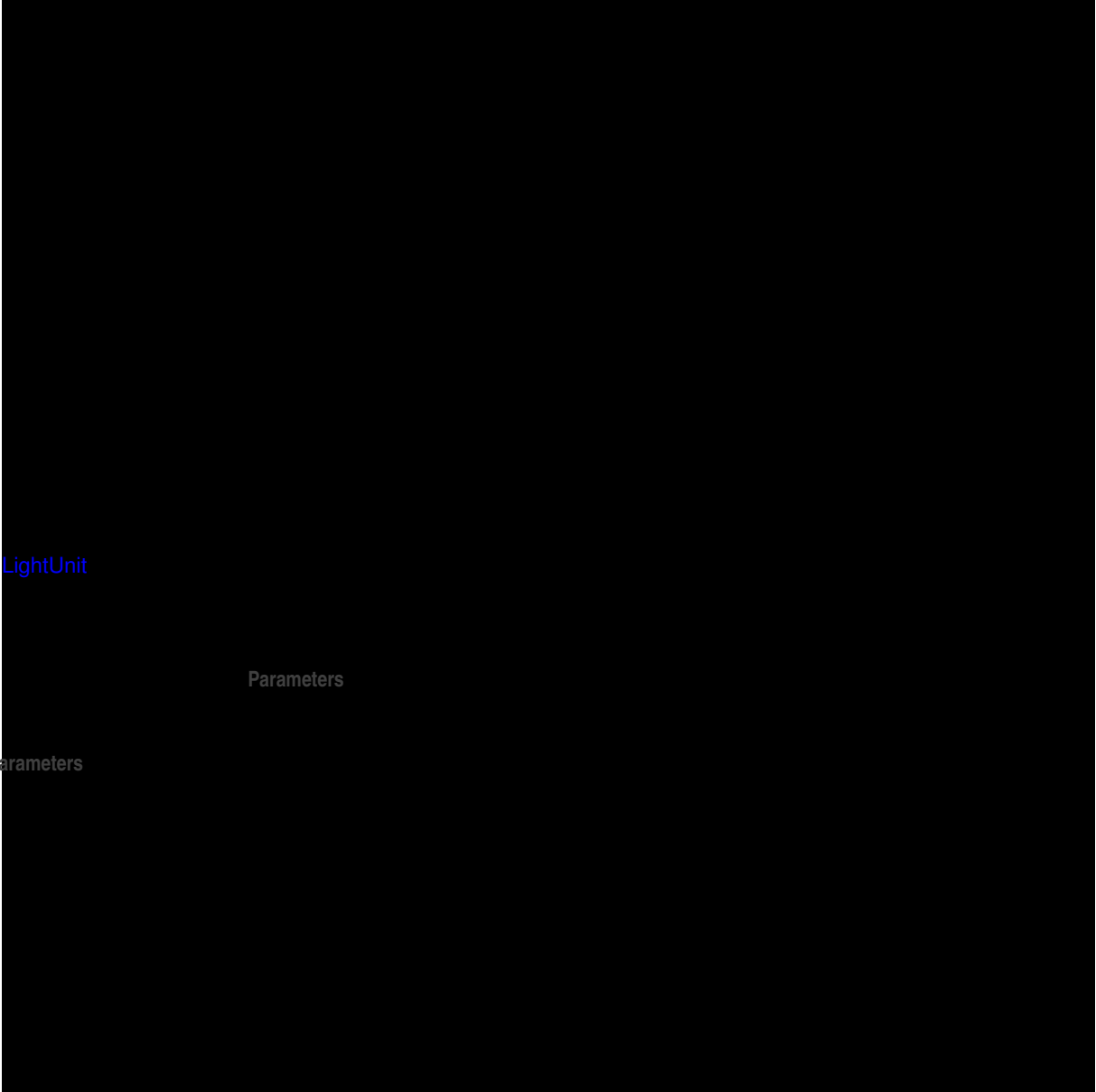
```
#include <LightUnit.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [LightUnit](#) ()
Default [LightUnit](#) constructor.
- [LightUnit](#) (const char [description](#)[16])
[LightUnit](#) constructor with unit description.
- [LightUnit](#) (unsigned long [ip](#), const char [description](#)[16], const uint16_t [image](#)[256])
[LightUnit](#) constructor with ip, unit description and image as parameters.
- [LightUnit](#) (unsigned long [ip](#), const char [description](#)[16], const uint16_t [image](#)[256], uint32_t [rgbCeiling](#), uint32_t [rgbWall](#))
[LightUnit](#) constructor with complete information.
- [~LightUnit](#) ()

Public Attributes

- uint32_t [rgbCeiling](#) = 0
The RGB888 colour of the ceiling.
- uint32_t [rgbWall](#) = 0
The RGB888 colour of the wall.
- char [description](#) [17]
Unit dscription.
- uint16_t [image](#) [256]
Unit icon.
- unsigned long [ip](#) = 0
Unit IP.
- std::chrono::steady_clock::time_point [lastNetworkBroadcastTimePoint](#)
Time of the last recieved broadcast.
- std::mutex [mutex_change](#)
Mutex to prevent simultaneous changing of variables.
- std::atomic_bool [screenActive](#)
Flag to prevent unit ereasure from unitList when it's active in [UnitScreen](#).



LightUnit

Parameters

Parameters

```
LightUnit(unsigned long ip,
           const char description[16],
           const uint16_t image[256] )
```

LightUnit constructor with ip, unit description and image as parameters.

=1mm

spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]Parameters

Parameters

ip The IP address of the light unit.

description Description of the light unit.

image Icon for the light unit.

8.10.2.3 LightUnit() [3/3]

```
LightUnit::LightUnit (
    unsigned long ip,
    const char description[16],
    const uint16_t image[256],
    uint32_t rgbCeiling,
    uint32_t rgbWall )
```

[LightUnit](#) constructor with complete information.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]|X[-1,1]|X[-1,1]]Parameters

Parameters

ip The IP address of the light unit.

description Description of the light unit.

image Icon for the light unit.

rgbCeiling RGB888 colour of the light unit ceiling.

rgbWall RGB888 colour of the light unit wall.

8.10.2.4 ~LightUnit()

```
LightUnit::~~LightUnit ( )
```

[LightUnit](#) destructor.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

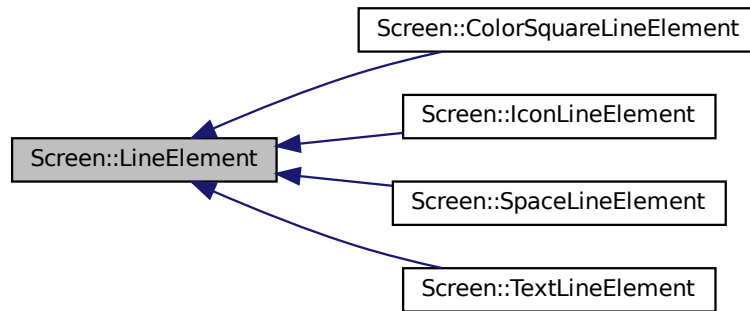
- Unit/LightUnit.h
- Unit/LightUnit.cpp

8.11 Screen::LineElement Class Reference

Line element base class.

```
#include <Screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Screen::LineElement:



Public Member Functions

- [LineElement](#) (int margin=0, bool alignRight=false)
LineElement constructor.
- [LineElement](#) (int marginLeft, int marginRight, bool alignRight=false)
LineElement constructor with different margins.
- virtual int [renderSelf](#) (Display *display, int x, int y)=0
Renders itself at position x, y to display.

Public Attributes

- bool [alignRight](#)
Wether to align left or right.

Protected Attributes

- int [marginLeft](#)
Left margin of this element. Can be negative.
- int [marginRight](#)
Right margin of this element. Can be negative.

8.11.1 Detailed Description

Line element base class.

LineElement

Parameters

Parameters

```
int marginLeft,  
int marginRight,  
bool alignRight = false )
```

LineElement constructor with different margins.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in marginLeft

in marginRight

in alignRight

8.11.3 Member Function Documentation

8.11.3.1 renderSelf()

```
virtual int Screen::LineElement::renderSelf (
    Display * display,
    int x,
    int y ) [pure virtual]
```

Renders itself at position x, y to display.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to render to.

in *x* X position to render to.

in *y* Y position to render to.

Returns

Number of pixels this elements takes.

Implemented in [Screen::IconLineElement](#), [Screen::TextLineElement](#), [Screen::ColorSquareLineElement](#), and [Screen::SpaceLineElement](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

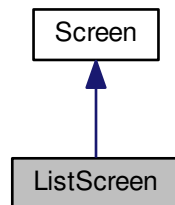
- DisplayUtils/Screen.h
- DisplayUtils/Screen.cpp

8.12 ListScreen Class Reference

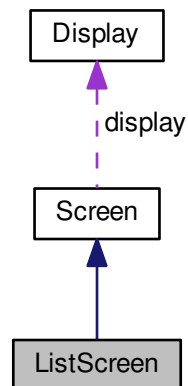
Unit screen.

```
#include <ListScreen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ListScreen:



Collaboration diagram for ListScreen:



Public Member Functions

- [ListScreen](#) ([Display](#) *[display](#))
ListScreen constructor.
- void [renderScreen](#) ()
Renders this screen to display.
- void [handleKnobChange](#) (int8_t RGBDelta[3])
Handles knob changes.
- void [handleKnobPress](#) (bool RGBPressed[3])
Handles knob presses.

Additional Inherited Members

8.12.1 Detailed Description

Unit screen.

This screen renders list of all connected units and allows selection to pass to Unit screen.

See also

[UnitScreen](#)

8.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.12.2.1 ListScreen()

```
ListScreen::ListScreen (
    Display * display )
```

[ListScreen](#) constructor.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to be bound to.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DisplayUtils/ListScreen.h
- DisplayUtils/ListScreen.cpp

8.13 Mapper Class Reference

A class that handles the mapping of peripheral physical regions to virtual addresses.

```
#include <Mapper.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Mapper](#) (off_t base, size_t size)

Public Attributes

- unsigned char * `mem_base` = NULL
Base addres to which the mapping is bound.

8.13.1 Detailed Description

A class that handles the mapping of peripheral physical regions to virtual addresses.

8.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.13.2.1 Mapper()

```
Mapper::Mapper (
    off_t base,
    size_t size )
```

Constructor for `Mapper`. =1mm

spread Opt [!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|Parameters

Parameters

base The base region of the peripheral.

size Address range for the region.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

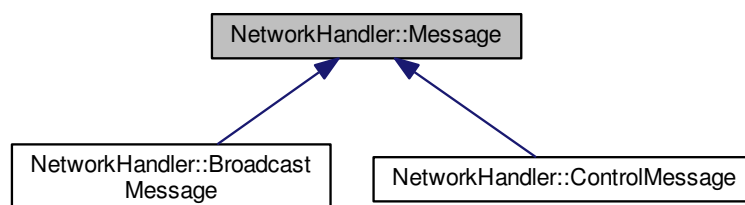
- MZApi/Mapper.h
- MZApi/Mapper.cpp

8.14 NetworkHandler::Message Struct Reference

Base message struct.

```
#include <NetworkHandler.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for NetworkHandler::Message:



Public Attributes

- uint32_t [magic](#)
Magic number to detect packets.
- uint32_t [version](#)
Version.
- uint32_t [msgType](#)
Type of message.

8.14.1 Detailed Description

Base message struct.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Network/NetworkHandler.h

8.15 NetworkHandler Class Reference

Class that handles all network communication.

```
#include <NetworkHandler.h>
```

Classes

- struct [BroadcastMessage](#)
Broadcast message. Type 0.
- struct [ControlMessage](#)
Control message. Types 1 and 2.
- struct [Message](#)
Base message struct.
- struct [RecievedMessage](#)
Struct that represents a recieved message.

Public Types

- typedef struct [NetworkHandler::Message](#) Message
Base message struct.
- typedef [NetworkHandler::BroadcastMessage](#) BroadcastMessage
Broadcast message. Type 0.
- typedef [NetworkHandler::ControlMessage](#) ControlMessage
Control message. Types 1 and 2.
- typedef struct [NetworkHandler::RecievedMessage](#) RecievedMessage
Struct that represents a recieved message.

Public Member Functions

- bool `broadcastMessage` (const `BroadcastMessage` *message)
Broadcasts message.
- bool `broadcastUnit` (`LightUnit` &unit)
Builds and broadcasts message for given unit.
- bool `sendMessage` (const `ControlMessage` *message, uint32_t ip)
Sends control message.
- `BroadcastMessage` `buildBroadcastMessage` (`LightUnit` &unit)
Builds broadcast message for unit.
- `ControlMessage` `buildControlMessage` (int type, int16_t valuesCeiling[], int16_t valuesWall[])
Builds control message.
- `RecievedMessage` `recieveMessage` ()
Waits for a message on the socket. Can timeout.

8.15.1 Detailed Description

Class that handles all network communication.

8.15.2 Member Typedef Documentation

8.15.2.1 ControlMessage

```
typedef NetworkHandler::ControlMessage NetworkHandler::ControlMessage
```

Control message. Types 1 and 2.

Type 1 increments values. Type 2 sets values.

8.15.3 Member Function Documentation

8.15.3.1 broadcastMessage()

```
bool NetworkHandler::broadcastMessage (
    const BroadcastMessage * message )
```

Broadcasts message.

=1mm

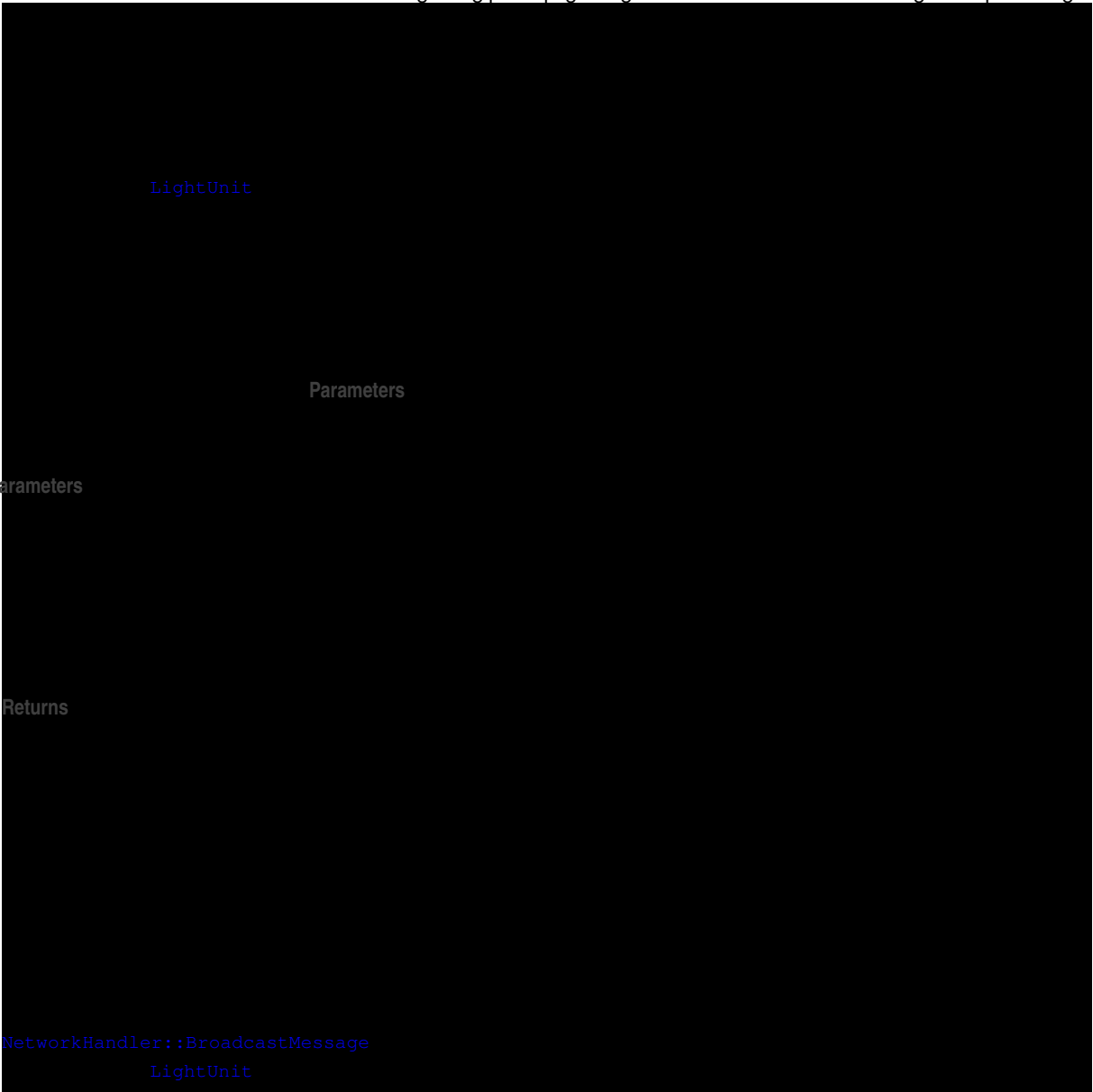
spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]]Parameters

Parameters

in *message*

Returns

Value indicating if the message was sent successfully.



Builds broadcast message for unit.

=1mm

spread 0pt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in unit

Returns

Built broadcast message.

8.15.3.4 buildControlMessage()

```
NetworkHandler::ControlMessage NetworkHandler::buildControlMessage (
    int type,
    int16_t valuesCeiling[],
    int16_t valuesWall[] )
```

Builds control message.

=1mm

spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]|Parameters

Parameters

in *type* Type of the message

in *valuesCeiling* Ceiling values to set in the message.

in *valuesWall* Wall values to set in the message.

See also

[Message](#)

Returns

Built control message.

8.15.3.5 recieveMessage()

```
NetworkHandler::RecievedMessage NetworkHandler::recieveMessage ( )
```

Waits for a message on the socket. Can timeout.

Returns

[RecievedMessage](#) only valid when ip != 0.

8.15.3.6 sendMessage()

```
bool NetworkHandler::sendMessage (
    const ControlMessage * message,
    uint32_t ip )
```

Sends control message.

=1mm

spread Opt [I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]|X[-1,I]]Parameters

Parameters

in *message*

in *ip*

Returns

Value indicating if the message was sent successfully.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

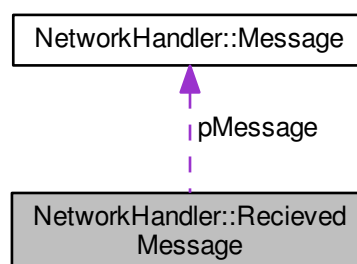
- Network/NetworkHandler.h
- Network/NetworkHandler.cpp

8.16 NetworkHandler::RecievedMessage Struct Reference

Struct that represents a recieved message.

```
#include <NetworkHandler.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for NetworkHandler::RecievedMessage:



Public Member Functions

- [~RecievedMessage](#) ()
Desctructor. Deletes pMessage.

Public Attributes

- `uint32_t` [ip](#)
IP address of the sender. Set to 0 to represent invalid message (e.g. on timeout).
- `std::chrono::steady_clock::time_point` [timePoint](#)
Time point at which the message was recieved.
- `Message *` [pMessage](#)
Pointer to the message.

8.16.1 Detailed Description

Struct that represents a recieved message.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Network/NetworkHandler.h

8.17 RWMutex Class Reference

Read/Write mutex class.

```
#include <RWMutex.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- `void` [lockRead](#) ()
Locks this mutex for reading. This is a shared lock.
- `void` [unlockRead](#) ()
Unlocks one reader lock.
- `void` [lockWrite](#) ()
Locks write mutex.
- `void` [unlockWrite](#) ()
Unlocks write mutex.

8.17.1 Detailed Description

Read/Write mutex class.

8.17.2 Member Function Documentation

8.17.2.1 lockRead()

```
void RWMutex::lockRead ( )
```

Locks this mutex for reading. This is a shared lock.

This is a shared mutex and it's implemented as a counter that is incremented on lock and decremented on unlock. This class also implements an anti-writer-starvation mechanism (write-preferring RW lock).

8.17.2.2 lockWrite()

```
void RWMutex::lockWrite ( )
```

Locks write mutex.

This is an exclusive mutex. It is a write-preferring lock.

8.17.2.3 unlockRead()

```
void RWMutex::unlockRead ( )
```

Unlocks one reader lock.

Decrements internal reader counter.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

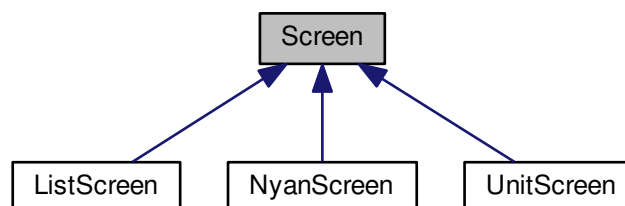
- Misc/RWMutex.h
- Misc/RWMutex.cpp

8.18 Screen Class Reference

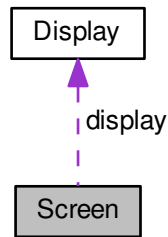
Class representing one screen.

```
#include <Screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Screen:



Collaboration diagram for Screen:



Classes

- class [ColorSquareLineElement](#)
Color square.
- class [IconLineElement](#)
Scaled icon.
- class [LineElement](#)
Line element base class.
- class [SpaceLineElement](#)
Empty space.
- class [TextLineElement](#)
Text.

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [renderScreen](#) ()=0
Renders this screen to display.
- virtual void [handleKnobChange](#) (int8_t RGBDelta[3])=0
Handles knob changes.
- virtual void [handleKnobPress](#) (bool RGBPressed[3])=0
Handles knob presses.

Protected Types

- typedef std::unique_ptr< [LineElement](#) > [PLineElement](#)
One line element pointer.
- typedef std::vector< [Screen::PLineElement](#) > [PLineElementVector](#)
Vector of line element pointers.

```

Screen  Display  display
    Screen
    renderLine      Screen::PLineElement
    renderLine      Screen::PLineElementVector
    renderNagivationLine

```

```

Display  display
    Display
    selected

```

```

Screen::Screen (
    Display * display ) [protected]

```

Creates [Screen](#) and binds it to display.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *display*

8.18.3 Member Function Documentation

8.18.3.1 renderLine() [1/2]

```
void Screen::renderLine (
    int y,
    Screen::PLineElement element,
    int32_t lineColor = -1 ) [protected]
```

Renders line containing only one element.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]Parameters

Parameters

in *y* Y position to render the line at.

in *element* Element to render in this line.

in *lineColor* Color of this line. Pass -1 to not draw any line background.

8.18.3.2 renderLine() [2/2]

```
void Screen::renderLine (
    int y,
    Screen::PLineElementVector & elements,
    int32_t lineColor = -1 ) [protected]
```

Renders line containing elements.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]X[-1,1]Parameters

Parameters

in *y* Y position to render the line at.

in *elements* Elements to render in this line.

in *lineColor* Color of this line. Pass -1 to not draw any line background.

8.18.3.3 renderNagivationLine()

```
void Screen::renderNagivationLine (
    std::vector< std::pair< std::string, std::string >> uiInputPairs ) [protected]
```

Renders navigation line.

=1mm

spread 0pt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|Parameters

Parameters

in *uiInputPairs* Vector of string pairs (icon_name, text) to render.

See also

[Engine::uilcons](#)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

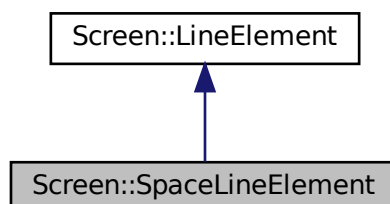
- DisplayUtils/Screen.h
- DisplayUtils/Screen.cpp

8.19 Screen::SpaceLineElement Class Reference

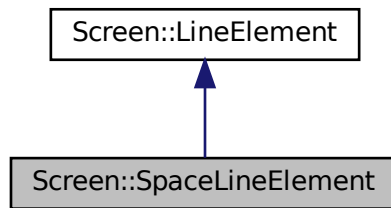
Empty space.

```
#include <Screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Screen::SpaceLineElement:



Collaboration diagram for Screen::SpaceLineElement:



Public Member Functions

- `SpaceLineElement` (int size, bool alignRight=false)
SpaceLineElement constructor.
- int `renderSelf` (Display *display, int x, int y)
Renders itself at position x, y to display.

Additional Inherited Members

8.19.1 Detailed Description

Empty space.

8.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.19.2.1 SpaceLineElement()

```
Screen::SpaceLineElement::SpaceLineElement (
    int size,
    bool alignRight = false )
```

`SpaceLineElement` constructor.

=1mm

spread Opt [!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|Parameters

Parameters

in *size*

in *alignRight*

8.19.3 Member Function Documentation

8.19.3.1 renderSelf()

```
int Screen::SpaceLineElement::renderSelf (
    Display * display,
    int x,
    int y ) [virtual]
```

Renders itself at position x, y to display.

=1mm

spread Opt [!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]|X[-1,!]]Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to render to.

in *x* X position to render to.

in *y* Y position to render to.

Returns

Number of pixels this elements takes.

Implements [Screen::LineElement](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

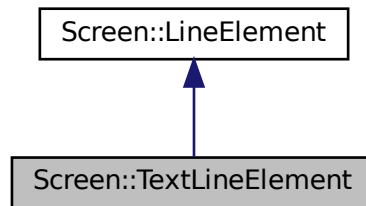
- DisplayUtils/Screen.h
- DisplayUtils/Screen.cpp

8.20 Screen::TextLineElement Class Reference

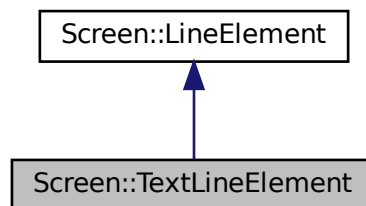
Text.

```
#include <Screen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Screen::TextLineElement:



Collaboration diagram for Screen::TextLineElement:



Public Member Functions

- [TextLineElement](#) (std::string [text](#)="", uint16_t [color](#)=0, int [margin](#)=0, bool [alignRight](#)=false)
TextLineElement constructor.
- [TextLineElement](#) (std::string [text](#), uint16_t [color](#), int [marginLeft](#), int [marginRight](#), bool [alignRight](#)=false)
TextLineElement constructor with different margins.
- int [renderSelf](#) ([Display](#) *[display](#), int [x](#), int [y](#))
Renders itself at position x, y to display.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [text](#)
The text.
- uint16_t [color](#)
Color of the text.

Additional Inherited Members

8.20.1 Detailed Description

Text.

8.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.20.2.1 TextLineElement() [1/2]

```
Screen::TextLineElement::TextLineElement (
    std::string text = "",
    uint16_t color = 0,
    int margin = 0,
    bool alignRight = false )
```

[TextLineElement](#) constructor.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *text*

in *color*

in *margin*

in *alignRight*

8.20.2.2 TextLineElement() [2/2]

```
Screen::TextLineElement::TextLineElement (
    std::string text,
    uint16_t color,
    int marginLeft,
    int marginRight,
    bool alignRight = false )
```

[TextLineElement](#) constructor with different margins.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *text*

in *color*

in *marginLeft*

in *marginRight*

in *alignRight*

8.20.3 Member Function Documentation

8.20.3.1 renderSelf()

```
int Screen::TextLineElement::renderSelf (
    Display * display,
    int x,
    int y ) [virtual]
```

Renders itself at position x, y to display.

=1mm

spread Opt [l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]|X[-1,l]]Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to render to.

in *x* X position to render to.

in *y* Y position to render to.

Returns

Number of pixels this elements takes.

Implements [Screen::LineElement](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

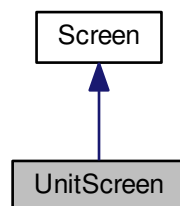
- DisplayUtils/Screen.h
- DisplayUtils/Screen.cpp

8.21 UnitScreen Class Reference

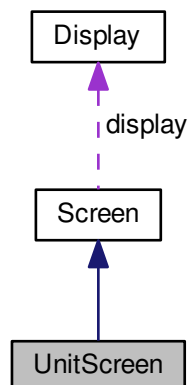
Unit screen.

```
#include <UnitScreen.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for UnitScreen:



Collaboration diagram for UnitScreen:



Public Member Functions

- [UnitScreen](#) ([Display](#) *display, [LightUnit](#) &unit)
UnitScreen constructor.
- void [renderScreen](#) ()
Renders this screen to display.
- void [handleKnobChange](#) (int8_t RGBDelta[3])
Handles knob changes.
- void [handleKnobPress](#) (bool RGBPressed[3])
Handles knob presses.

Additional Inherited Members

8.21.1 Detailed Description

Unit screen.

This screen renders info about selected unit and allows making changes to units light settings.

8.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.21.2.1 UnitScreen()

```
UnitScreen::UnitScreen (
    Display * display,
    LightUnit & unit )
```

[UnitScreen](#) constructor.

=1mm

spread Opt [1]|X[-1,1]|X[-1,1]|X[-1,1]]Parameters

Parameters

in *display* [Display](#) to be bound to.

in *unit* [LightUnit](#) to be bound to.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DisplayUtils/UnitScreen.h
- DisplayUtils/UnitScreen.cpp