

# Social Media Journal App

Project Sponsored By:

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## Technology Review Rough Draft:

Written by:

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### **Abstract:**

The main role I have in the project is to help write the documentation for the Kite App. I also will be working on the User Interface which is a large majority of this Social Mobile App. What I want to accomplish is to create a fast, fun, and interactive App that allows people to read and post journals about themselves and others.

## MOBILE OPERATING SYSTEM

A Mobile Operating system is software that gives smartphones the ability to run applications and programs. Apple iOS, Google Android, and Windows Phone are three main mobile operating systems.

Criteria:

- 1) Usability - Measured by how easy the software is to use.
- 2) Flexibility - Measured by how much you are able to do with the software.
- 3) Popularity - Measured by how many people use the software.
- 4) Profitability - Measured by how most apps make money.

Apple iOS is the second most popular mobile operating system in the market, accounting for 19.99 % of all the market shares. There are many pros to using this operating system such as a far superior third-party app support. This operating system also allows for desktop syncing, seamless integration between software and hardware. The integration between software and hardware does come at a cost for iOS. It does not allow the user much flexibility when developing an app, for example iOS still includes updates to its apps like Mail, Maps, Safari, Notes, and many more which make these apps exclusive to iOS. iOS is closed source, which means that the operating system is not created collaboratively by all, only Apple developers. This makes the iOS apps exclusive which means that they can not be downloaded onto a android phone for instant, but Android apps like google maps can be downloaded on an Apple phone.

Usability: high

Flexibility: medium

Popularity: medium

Profitability: app Revenue

Google Android is the most popular mobile operating system in the market, accounting for 73% of all the market shares. There are many pros to using this operating system such as home screen customizability and real time, in-app updates which gives a developer more flexibility when creating an app. This operating system also has good notification system which apps are able to use. Furthermore Android has consistent APIs across its platforms, and because Android is open source you have many people adding to and contributing to the improvement of this operating system. Some cons of this operating system includes the fact that it is open source can leave your phone vulnerable to security issues. Also android has a hard time syncing to desktops as well as needing every user to have a google account.

Usability: high

Flexibility: high

Popularity: high

Profitability: Ad Revenue

Windows Phone is not a very popular mobile operating system in the market, accounting for only 0.75% of all the market shares. The main use of the Windows Phone operating system is for businesses to businesses industries, less user friendly for social media apps and games. A pro for this operating system is they have a very committed and active user

base. The con to this operating system is that the amount of users is extremely minimal.

Usability: medium

Flexibility: medium

Popularity: low

Profitability: business to business

The main operating system is Googles Android which has the highest market share of 73% compared to Apples iOS at 19.99% and Windows Phone at 0.75%. The Android operating system is open source which is in contract with the other two being closed source. When looking at revenue from apps that run on these operating systems, iOS returns the most profit from selling apps, where Android apps get their revenue from ads, and Windows makes its profit mostly by selling to business which use the app to do more buisness with others.

We choose to support both Apple iOS and Google Android, with the knowledge that writing the app in react native it will can be supported on both operating systems. This provides a our app with the ability to be accessed by a very large amount of users. This also gives our app a high chance to make money if we chose to sell ad space. The main reason for choosing to use both Apple iOS and Google Android is to get our social media app into as many hands as possible.

## UI DESIGN PATTERN

The Design Pattern of the user Interface is critical when developing an app, it provides a structure of how the application will be thought and reasoned about. There are many different patterns that are useful in different ways and at different times. Model-View-Controller, ViewGroup View, and Components are three different ways of thinking about an application.

Criteria:

- 1) Popularity: Measured by how many people use this form of design pattern.
- 2) Usability: Measured by how easy it the design pattern is to understand and implement.
- 3) Usage: Measured by what the design pattern is mostly used for.

Model-View-Controller or MVC allows for the separation of the logic from the user interface. It does this by separating an application into three parts, the first part is Model. The Model is the fundamental behavior of the data. The View is the User Interface that only renders the Models data to the screen. The Controller is the part that receives user input and changes the model and the view.

Popularity: high

Usability: high

Usage: Web Applications

ViewGroup View Is the way that Android applications are layout when developing in android studio. In this case a ViewGroup is an object that holds views, for instance the ViewGroup can be the page the app is on. A view in this context is a object that displays something on the screen that the user can interact with. The view can be something like a textbox or a button.

Popularity: medium

Usability: medium

Usage: Android Apps

Components is how React Native divides up individual parts of a screen. In a React Native application there are many components and each component renders a different thing to the page. In this design pattern the application is divided up into individual pages and within each page there will be many pieces. Each one of the pages will be a component and may contain more components depending on what the screen needs to render.

Popularity: medium

Usability: medium

Usage: React Native Apps

The Model-View-Controller is the most popular type of design pattern compared to ViewGroup View and Components. The Usability is also high for MVC but it is mostly used on Web Applications and not mobile apps in contrast to the other two which are only used on mobile apps. The Components design pattern and ViewGroup View are very similar but compared to MVC which is different because it separates the data away from the UI as well as the actions of the UI.

We choose to use the Components design pattern because we are using React Native to write our app and almost all of the documentation and examples and tutorials are all written in terms of Components. Moreover the reason not to choose MVC is because this is a mobile app and MVC is most commonly used and for Web Applications.

## DATA MANIPULATION

Data Manipulation is how data gets added or changed in a database. There are many ways to go about changing data in a database. PHP, AJAX, and ASP.NET Forms are three different ways of manipulating data in a database.

Criteria:

- 1) Usability: Measured by how easy the data manipulation method is.
- 2) Popularity: Measured by how many people use it.

PHP provides the user with many different advantages, the first of which is that PHP is open source which means there are many people working and updating it giving PHP a vast extension library. PHP is also fast because it uses much system resources. The usability is also high for PHP because it is similar syntactically to C which is very popular. PHP also allows you to connect to databases very easily.

Usability: high

Popularity: high

AJAX has many advantages, the main one is better interactivity. AJAX allows faster interaction between user and website because the web page does not have to reload for content to be updated or displayed. One of the main cons of AJAX the

fact that it is dynamic so there is not back or refresh button because everything is updated automatically.

Usability: high

Popularity: high

ASP.NET Forms is how ASP.NET web pages interact with database data. The Forms allows for easy and simple interaction with the database. Forms create fast and ordered web pages, but they lack the ability to be used for mobile development. For Forms to be used we would need a container for a app than runs on a phone, which means it would not be a native app. A non native app adds many more subtle issues and changes if we were to go this route.

Usability: high

Popularity: high

All three of these forms of data manipulation are highly popular in their own way. AJAX allows for dynamic web pages which will allow for better interactivity with the user compared to the other two. PHP and Forms are not dynamic and need to reload after each update. The project that we are making is a mobile native mobile app so this rules out Forms as a option which compared to AJAX and PHP which both can be used in a React Native App.

We have chosen to go with PHP as our main way to implement changes to the database. This app is mostly about posting whole journal entries and submitting it all at once, it makes sense to do that with PHP instead of AJAX. Other aspects of the app also just gather a large array of data and then print it to a screen which is best done by a PHP call to the database. Furthermore there may be some cases where a dynamic section of are app is need in this case we will use a AJAX call, but for the most part PHP will be the main form of communication between our app and the database.

## REFERENCES