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% MATLAB Homework 6A Due on 11/29/17
clear; clc; close all;
% This assignment uses the signal x(t) = \sin(t) + \sin(10t) + N(t)
% N(t) represents random noise.
% t is the time range between -10 and 10
t = -10:0.005:10;
% Plot sin(t), sin(10t), and sin(t)+sin(10t) on the same plot
origin = [0, 0];
                  % origin values used for plotting
x_{lims} = [-10, 10];
                        % x-axis limits
y_{lims} = [-2.5, 2.5];
                          % y-axis limits
% Create new graph window
figure();
hold on;
% Plot the different signals
SIN = plot(t, sin(t), 'LineStyle', '-', 'Color',...
    [0,0,.8], 'LineWidth', 2);
SIN10 = plot(t, sin(10*t), 'LineStyle', '-.', 'Color', ...
    [0,.8,0], 'LineWidth', 2);
SIN_SIN10 = plot(t, sin(t) + sin(10*t), 'LineStyle', ':', 'Color', ...
    [.8,0,0], 'LineWidth', 2);
% Adding labels and axis values to the plot
axis(horzcat(x_lims, y_lims));
title('Plot 6B.1: Basic Sinusoids w/o Noise');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('sin(t), sin(10t), sin(t)+sin(10t)');
legend([SIN, SIN10, SIN_SIN10], 'sin(t)', 'sin(10t)',...
    'sin(t) + sin(10t)', 'Location', 'Northeast');
% x_t will denote the full signal in this case
x_t = \sin(t) + \sin(10^*t) + \operatorname{randn}(\operatorname{size}(t));
% Plot x(t) on next plot
origin = [0, 0];
                  % origin values used for plotting
x lims = [-10, 10];
                       % x-axis limits
y_{lims} = [-5, 5];
                       % y-axis limits
% Create new graph window
figure();
% Plot the signal
plot(t, x_t, 'LineStyle', '-', 'Color',...
    [0,0,.8], 'LineWidth', 2);
% Adding labels and axis values to the plot
axis(horzcat(x_lims, y_lims));
title('Plot 6B.2: Full and Noisy Signal, x(t)');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('x(t)');
% Design an 8th Order Low Pass filter to produce sin(t)+sin(10t)
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% I will use Chebyshev Type 1
[z,p,k] = cheby1(8,1,12,'low','s');
% Setting chebyl to be the desired filter here
sys = zpk(z,p,k);
% y_t will denote the output of the filtered response
y_t = lsim(sys,x_t,t);
% Plotting y t and sin(t)+sin(10t) on the same graph
origin = [0, 0]; % origin values used for plotting
x_{lims} = [-10, 10];
                       % x-axis limits
y_{lims} = [-2.5, 2.5]; % y-axis limits
% Create new graph window
figure();
hold on;
% Plot the different signals
Y_T = plot(t, y_t, 'LineStyle', '-', 'Color',...
    [0,0,.8], 'LineWidth', 2);
SIN_SIN10 = plot(t, sin(t)+sin(10*t), 'LineStyle', ':', 'Color',...
    [0,.8,0], 'LineWidth', 2);
% Adding labels and axis values to the plot
axis(horzcat(x_lims, y_lims));
title('Plot 6B.3: Low Pass Filter Resulting in sin(t)+sin(10t)');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('sin(t), sin(10t), sin(t)+sin(10t)');
legend([Y_T, SIN_SIN10], 'y(t)',...
    'sin(t) + sin(10t)', 'Location', 'Northeast');
% Plot the system on a Bode plot as well
figure();
bode(sys, {10^-1,10^3});
title('Plot 6B.4: Bode Diagrams for the Low Pass Filter for
sin(t)+sin(10t)');
% Design an 8th Order Low Pass filter to produce only sin(t)
% Again will use Chebyshev Type 1
[z,p,k] = cheby1(8,1,2,'low','s');
% Setting chebyl to the desired filter here
sys = zpk(z,p,k);
% y_t will denote the output of the filtered response
y_t = lsim(sys, x_t, t);
% Plotting y_t and sin(t)+sin(10t) on the same graph
origin = [0, 0];
                   % origin values used for plotting
                       % x-axis limits
x_{lims} = [-10, 10];
y_{lims} = [-2.5, 2.5];
                        % y-axis limits
% Create new graph window
figure();
hold on;
% Plot the different signals
Y_T = plot(t, y_t, 'LineStyle', '-', 'Color', ...
    [0,0,.8], 'LineWidth', 2);
SIN SIN10 = plot(t, sin(t), 'LineStyle', ':', 'Color',...
    [0,.8,0], 'LineWidth', 2);
% Adding labels and axis values to the plot
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axis(horzcat(x_lims, y_lims));
title('Plot 6B.5: Low Pass Filter Resulting in sin(t)');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('sin(t), sin(10t), sin(t)+sin(10t)');
legend([Y_T, SIN_SIN10], 'y(t)',...
'sin(t)', 'Location', 'Northeast');
% Plot the system on a Bode plot as well
figure();
bode(sys, {10^-1,10^3});
title('Plot 6B.6: Bode Diagrams for the Low Pass Filter for sin(t)');
% Design an 8th Order Band Pass filter to extract sin(10t)
% Again will use Chebyshev Type 1
[z,p,k] = cheby1(8,1,[8,14], 'bandpass', 's');
% Setting chebyl to the desired filter here
sys = zpk(z,p,k);
% y_t will denote the output of the filtered response
y_t = lsim(sys,x_t,t);
% Plotting y_t and sin(t)+sin(10t) on the same graph
origin = [0, 0];
                  % origin values used for plotting
x_{lims} = [-10, 10];
                        % x-axis limits
y lims = [-2.5, 2.5];
                          % y-axis limits
% Create new graph window
figure();
hold on;
% Plot the different signals
Y_T = plot(t, y_t, 'LineStyle', '-', 'Color', ...
    [0,0,.8], 'LineWidth', 2);
SIN_SIN10 = plot(t, sin(10*t), 'LineStyle', ':', 'Color',...
    [0,.8,0], 'LineWidth', 2);
% Adding labels and axis values to the plot
axis(horzcat(x_lims, y_lims));
title('Plot 6B.7: Band Pass Filter Resulting in sin(10t)');
xlabel('t');
ylabel('sin(t), sin(10t), sin(t)+sin(10t)');
legend([Y_T, SIN_SIN10], 'y(t)',...
    'sin(t)', 'Location', 'Northeast');
% Plot the system on a Bode plot as well
figure();
bode(sys, {10^-1,10^3});
title('Plot 6B.8: Bode Diagrams for the Band Pass Filter for
sin(10t)');
Warning: Simulation will start at a nonzero initial time.
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