



MISC

PRIVILEGE ESCALATION

What are we doing today?

Playing around with some pentesting concepts:

- Getting a reverse shell
- Upgrading to a fully interactive shell
- We'll do a practical demo at the end of the presentation

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Practising privilege escalation:

- How do we go from \$ to #?
- Some guiding principles

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- since `nc` is usually present by default on linux systems, this is usually a robust option
- With RCE, we can check for the presence of nc with `which nc`

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- This is why we're here! Look for more system misconfigurations/vulnerabilities
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Try to escalate privileges

- Our ultimate goal
- This facilitates further enumeration

Why privilege escalation?

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The unix administrative user, `root` is allowed to do anything however. If we can find a way to become this user, then we are no longer restricted in what we are able to do on a compromised system.

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Misconfigurations:

- insecure sudo configurations
- insecure file permissions
- cron jobs running as root

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Write:

- write a root user to `/etc/passwd`
- overwrite contents of sensitive scripts

Exploring misconfigurations

Execute

- Some processes can be escaped out of to get a shell in the current privilege context
- eg `!/bin/bash` to escape the `more` program
- python module hijacking (hint)
- See [GTFObins](#) for a nice list of binaries that might help escalate privilege

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Checkout `man find` to learn more about how to use it.

The VM:

Use virtualbox to start up the VM

- credentials: `misccat:miscpassword`
- `ifconfig` will tell you its IP

Navigating to this IP in your attack box will expose a trivial RCE vulnerability that you can use to practise getting a reverse shell (demo in a moment)

You can also SSH directly directly into the box using the credentials listed above.

The Challenge:

There are several privilege-escalation vulnerabilities in the machine:

- 1 takes you from `www-data` to `user`
- 1 takes you from `user` to `root`
- Several take you from any user to `root`

Once you have the box installed, have a play around and have fun!

A list of useful resources is available on the github.

PS: getting a fully interactive shell:

You might have found that your reverse shell is annoying to use

The following set of commands will upgrade your shell to be fully interactive:

In your reverse shell:

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
```

`ctrl-z` to background your shell

`stty raw -echo` (see `man stty` for a full explanation of this step)

then `fg` to foreground your shell