



# **Experiment Number 3**

Name :: Rishabh Anand UID :: 19BCS4525

Branch :: CSE - IoT Sec/Grp :: 1/A

Semester:: 5<sup>th</sup> Date:: 17<sup>th</sup> Sept, 2021

Subject :: WSN Lab CODE :: CSD-331

#### 1. Aim:

Understanding the working of ESP8266 WiFi module and its uses.

#### 2. Requiremnets:

- 1. TinkerCAD
- 2. Arduino Uno
- 3. Resistor

## 3. Theory:

ESP8266 is Wi-Fi enabled system on chip (SoC) module developed by Espressif system. It is mostly used for the development of the Internet of Things (IoT) embedded applications.

The ESP8266 is a low-cost Wi-Fi microchip with full TCP/IP stack and microcontroller capability produced by Shanghai-based Chinese manufacturing company Espressif Systems.

The ESP8266 is capable of either hosting an application or offloading all the Wi-Fi networking functions from another application processor.

Each ESP8266 Wi-Fi module comes pre-programmed with an AT command set firmware, now you can simply hook this up to your Arduino device and get as much Wi-Fi ability as a Wi-Fi Shield offers.







#### 4. Source Code:

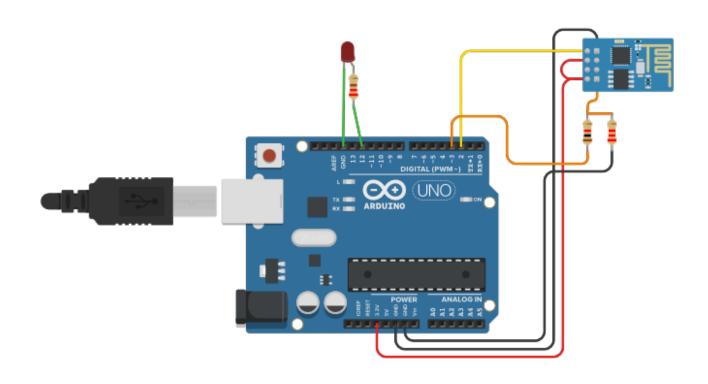
```
String ssid = "Simulator Wifi";
String password = "";
String host = "api.thingspeak.com";
const int httpPort = 80;
String uri = "/update?api_key=qwertyuiop&field1=";
int setupESP8266(void)
              Serial.begin(115200);
              Serial.println("AT");
              delay(10);
              if (!Serial.find("OK"))
                           return 1;
              Serial.println("AT+CWJAP=\"" + ssid + "\",\"" + password + "\"");
              delay(10);
              if (!Serial.find("OK"))
                           return 2;
             Serial.println("AT+CIPSTART=\"TCP\",\"" + host + "\"," + httpPort);
              delay(50);
              if (!Serial.find("OK"))
                           return 3;
              return 0;
}
void anydata(void)
{
              int temp = map(analogRead(A0), 20, 358, -40, 125);
              String httpPacket = "GET" + uri + String(temp) + " HTTP/1.1 \ r \ Description = 1.1 \ r \ Descriptio
                          " + host + "\langle r \rangle r \rangle r;
              int length = httpPacket.length();
              Serial.print("AT+CIPSEND=");
              Serial.println(length);
              delay(10);
              Serial.print(httpPacket);
              delay(10);
              if (!Serial.find("SEND OK\r\n"))
                           return;
}
```





```
void setup()
{
    setupESP8266();
}

void loop()
{
    anydata();
    delay(10000);
}
```







### 5. Observations:

Last entry: about a minute ago

Entries: 5



## **Learning Outcomes:**

- ESP8266
- Arduino Uno
- TinkerCAD
- ThingSpeak

S. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			

