Att losa diff-ekvationer med Matlab exempel 1. m f. m Exempel 1: y' = 2t (4) Besynnelseriller y (t-0)=0 (2) = +2+C Elw. (2) 3er att C=0 Allthis ar lösningen

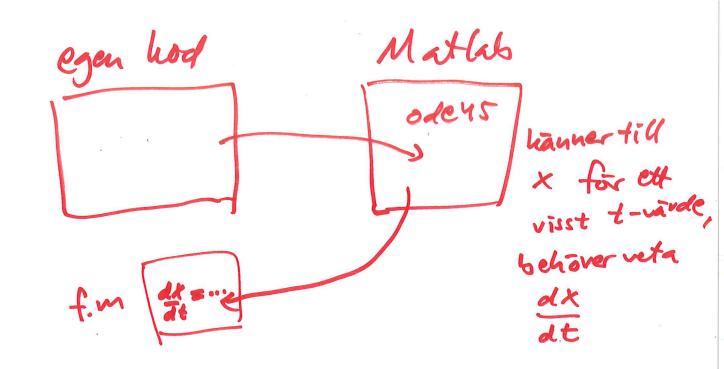
y'=2t

y'=2t [t,y] = ode 45 (Of, [0,5], yo)

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plot (t,y)

Exempel 3: $y'=2t^2$ på tidsintervallet t=-5empel 3: $y'=2t^2$ på tidsintervallet t=-5



Exempel 2 Harmonisk wanging . F=ma=md2x F = -kx=) dex + h x=0 x"+ k x=0 Bezynnelseniller =) x"=-kx x(0)= ... x'(0) = ... ode45 tar bora forita- $\begin{cases} x_1' = x_2 \\ \text{derivator} \rightarrow \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x_1' = x_2 \\ x_2' = -\frac{k}{m} x_4 \end{cases} (2)$ shirt om $2m - \{x_2' = -\frac{k}{m} x_4 \} (2)$ denvator till Stammer de Ha? Vi hollar: 2 st 1:a-derivator Derivera elev. (1): $X_1' = X_2 \Rightarrow X_1'' = X_2'$ Satt in i clar. (2): OK! $\chi_1'' = -\frac{k}{m} \chi_1$ 1 Matlab: startposition XO=[10] starthastishet I f2.m: dxat= [x(2);-4=x(1)] [+,x] = ode45 (@f2, [050], x0); f2, m exampel 2, m

1 fz.m: dxdt=[x(2);-(k/m)+x(1) start: size (t) 100 1 size(x) 100 plot (t, x (:, 1))

Leolumn 1,

alla värden (dus alle vader) plot (t, x (i, 2))

Tholumn 2,

alla varden (dus alla vader)

Ha monish staying med dampning (filkfoh) with the dt + lex=0 det + 6 dt + 6 x=0 x"+ 6 x'+ 6 x = 0. x" = -6 x'-kx k=0,1 $\times(0)=1$ x'(0)= 0 $\chi_2' = -\frac{b}{m} \chi_1' - \frac{k}{m} \chi_1$ $\begin{cases} x_1' = x_2 \\ x_2' = -\frac{6}{m} x_2 - \frac{k}{m} x_1 \end{cases}$ 1 Matlab: dxd= f4(6, K) dxdt = [x(2); -(b/m) * x/2) -(k/m) * x(1)exempel 4, m f 4, m