## **Project 1: Customer Churn Prediction and Analysis**

# **Project Overview:**

The **Customer Churn Prediction and Analysis** project involves building a machine learning model to predict customer churn. This project utilizes data science techniques such as data collection, exploration, feature engineering, machine learning, and model deployment, with the goal of identifying customers at risk of leaving and enabling the company to take proactive retention measures.

#### Milestone 1: Data Collection, Exploration, and Preprocessing

# **Objectives:**

• Collect, explore, and preprocess customer churn data to prepare for analysis and model building.

### Tasks:

#### 1. Data Collection:

- Acquire a churn dataset from sources like Kaggle, UCI Repository, or generate synthetic data.
- Ensure the dataset includes key features such as customer demographics, usage patterns, subscription details, etc.

#### 2. Data Exploration:

- Conduct exploratory data analysis (EDA) to understand the dataset's structure and identify potential relationships between features.
- Check for missing values, duplicates, and outliers. Summarize data distributions and basic statistics.

#### 3. Preprocessing and Feature Engineering:

- Address missing data through imputation or removal.
- Handle outliers and ensure data consistency.
- Transform features using techniques like scaling, encoding categorical data, and creating interaction features relevant to churn prediction.

# 4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):

- Create visualizations (heatmaps, pair plots, histograms) to detect patterns, correlations, and outliers.
- Document key patterns and relationships in the data.

#### **Deliverables:**

- **EDA Report**: A document summarizing key insights from data exploration and preprocessing decisions.
- Interactive Visualizations: An EDA notebook showcasing visualizations that reveal key patterns and relationships.
- Cleaned Dataset: A dataset that is cleaned and prepared for machine learning.

## Milestone 2: Advanced Data Analysis and Feature Engineering

### **Objectives:**

• Perform deeper data analysis and enhance feature selection and engineering to improve the model's predictive power.

#### Tasks:

## 1. Advanced Data Analysis:

- Conduct statistical tests (e.g., t-tests, ANOVA, chi-squared tests) to explore feature relationships with churn.
- Use techniques like correlation matrices and recursive feature elimination (RFE) to identify the most relevant features for churn prediction.

## 2. Feature Engineering:

- Create new features such as customer tenure, usage patterns, frequency of interactions, or other indicators of engagement.
- Apply feature scaling, transformation, or encoding (log scaling, normalization) to improve model performance.

#### 3. Data Visualization:

 Create advanced visualizations (e.g., segmentation of churned vs. nonchurned customers) and build dashboards to illustrate churn trends, customer behaviors, and feature importance.

- Data Analysis Report: A comprehensive report on statistical analysis and insights derived from advanced feature analysis.
- **Enhanced Visualizations:** Interactive, insightful visualizations or dashboards that highlight churn-related trends and important features.

• **Feature Engineering Summary:** Documentation outlining new features, transformations, and their expected impact on model performance.

## Milestone 3: Machine Learning Model Development and Optimization

# **Objectives:**

• Build, train, and optimize machine learning models to predict churn.

#### Tasks:

#### 1. Model Selection:

- Choose machine learning models suited for classification (Logistic Regression, Random Forest, Gradient Boosting, etc.).
- Ensure that the models are appropriate for predicting binary outcomes (churn vs. no churn).

### 2. Model Training:

- Split the data into training and test sets, ensuring balanced classes (e.g., using oversampling or undersampling).
- Train models using cross-validation techniques to assess their generalization capabilities.

#### 3. Model Evaluation:

- Use evaluation metrics like accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, and ROC-AUC to assess model performance.
- Generate confusion matrices to analyze true positives, false positives, true negatives, and false negatives.

### 4. Hyperparameter Tuning:

 Use Grid Search, Random Search, or Bayesian Optimization to tune model parameters for improved performance.

# 5. Model Comparison:

 Compare multiple models using the evaluation metrics and select the best-performing model for deployment.

- **Model Evaluation Report:** A detailed report comparing model performance with evaluation metrics.
- Model Code: Python code used to train, optimize, and evaluate the models.

• **Final Model:** The best-performing churn prediction model, tuned and ready for deployment.

## Milestone 4: MLOps, Deployment, and Monitoring

## **Objectives:**

• Implement MLOps practices and deploy the churn prediction model for real-time or batch predictions.

#### Tasks:

### 1. MLOps Implementation:

- Use tools like MLflow, DVC, or Kubeflow for managing model experiments, versions, and deployments.
- Log metrics, parameters, and artifacts to ensure reproducibility and traceability.

## 2. Model Deployment:

- Deploy the final model as a web service or API using frameworks such as Flask or FastAPI.
- Optionally deploy to cloud platforms (e.g., AWS, Google Cloud, Azure) to ensure scalability.
- If applicable, build an interactive dashboard or web application using Streamlit or Dash for real-time predictions.

### 3. Model Monitoring:

- Set up monitoring tools to track model performance and detect drift over time.
- Establish alerts to inform when model performance degrades or if there are significant changes in user interactions.

# 4. Model Retraining Strategy:

• Develop a plan for periodic model retraining based on new data or performance changes.

- **Deployed Model:** A fully functional API or cloud-deployed model that can make real-time churn predictions.
- MLOps Report: A report detailing the MLOps pipeline, experiment tracking, model deployment, and monitoring setup.

 Monitoring Setup: Documentation on how to track model performance and trigger updates or retraining.

### Milestone 5: Final Documentation and Presentation

## **Objectives:**

• Prepare final documentation and create a presentation for stakeholders that showcases the project's results and business impact.

#### Tasks:

#### 1. Final Report:

- Provide a comprehensive summary of the project, including the problem definition, data exploration, model development, and deployment.
- Discuss the business implications of churn prediction and how it can help reduce churn and improve customer retention.
- Highlight key insights, challenges, and decisions made during the project.

### 2. Final Presentation:

- Prepare a concise, engaging presentation for stakeholders, highlighting the methodology, results, and practical use of the churn prediction model.
- Demonstrate the deployed model in action with a live demo or walkthrough.

### 3. Future Improvements:

• Suggest areas for model improvement, such as incorporating additional features, testing new algorithms, or improving deployment scalability.

- **Final Project Report:** A detailed summary of the project's process, from data collection to deployment, and the business impact of churn prediction.
- **Final Presentation:** A polished presentation for business stakeholders, explaining the model's value and usage.

# **Final Milestones Summary:**

| Milestone                         | Key Deliverables                         |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1. Data Collection, Exploration & | EDA Report, Interactive Visualizations,  |
| Preprocessing                     | Cleaned Dataset                          |
| 2. Advanced Data Analysis,        | Data Analysis Report, Enhanced           |
| Visualization & Feature           | Visualizations, Feature Engineering      |
| Engineering                       | Summary                                  |
| 3. Model Development &            | Model Evaluation Report, Model Code,     |
| Optimization                      | Final Model                              |
| 4. MLOps, Deployment & Monitoring | Deployed Model, MLOps Report,            |
|                                   | Monitoring Setup                         |
| 5. Final Documentation &          | Final Project Report, Final Presentation |
| Presentation                      |  |

### Conclusion:

The **Customer Churn Prediction and Analysis** project aims to build a machine learning model that identifies customers at risk of leaving, helping businesses take action to retain them. This step-by-step process focuses on data exploration, feature engineering, model development, deployment, and continuous monitoring to ensure that the churn prediction system remains effective over time.