

# INTRODUCTION TO CATEGORY THEORY AND ITS APPLICATIONS

YANNIS BÄHNI

## Contents

<b>1 Representable Functors</b> . . . . .	<b>1</b>
1.1 The Yoneda Lemma . . . . .	1

## 1. Representable Functors

### 1.1. The Yoneda Lemma.

**Proposition 1.1.** *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a locally small category and  $X \in \mathcal{C}$  an object. Define  $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -) : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$  on objects  $Y \in \mathcal{C}$  by  $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y) := \mathcal{C}(X, Y)$  and on morphisms  $f : Y \rightarrow Z$  by post-composition with  $f$ , i.e.*

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, f) : \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, Z)$$

*is defined by  $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, f)(g) := f \circ g$ . Then  $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -)$  is a functor.*

*Proof.*

□

**Proposition 1.2.** *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a locally small category and  $f \in \mathcal{C}(X, X')$  a morphism. Define  $\eta^f := (\eta_A^f)_{A \in \mathcal{C}}$  by letting  $\eta_A^f : \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X', A) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, A)$  be pre-composition with  $f$ , i.e.  $\eta_A^f(g) := g \circ f$ . Then  $\eta^f : \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X', -) \Rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -)$ .*

*Proof.*

□

**Proposition 1.3.** *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a locally small category. Define  $H^\bullet : \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow [\mathcal{C}, \mathbf{Set}]$  on objects  $X \in \mathcal{C}$  by  $H^\bullet(X) := \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -)$  and on morphisms  $f \in \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}$  by  $H^\bullet(f) := \eta^f$ . Then  $H^\bullet$  is a functor.*

*Proof.*

□

**Definition 1.1 (Representable and Corepresentable Functor).** *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a locally small category. A covariant functor  $F$  is said to be **representable**, if there exists an object  $X \in \mathcal{C}$ , such that  $F \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -)$ . A contravariant functor  $F$  is said to be **corepresentable**, if there exists  $X \in \mathcal{C}$  such that  $F \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(-, X)$ , where  $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(-, X) := \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}}(X, -)$ .*

---

(Yannis Bähni) UNIVERSITY OF ZURICH, RÄMISTRASSE 71, 8006 ZURICH  
E-mail address: [yannis.baehni@uzh.ch](mailto:yannis.baehni@uzh.ch).

The functor defined in the dualized statement of proposition 1.3 has its own name.

**Definition 1.2 (Yoneda embedding of  $\mathcal{C}$ ).** *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a locally small category. Then the functor  $H_\bullet := H^\bullet : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow [\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}]$  is called the **Yoneda embedding of  $\mathcal{C}$** .*

**Theorem 1.1 (Yoneda Lemma).** *Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a locally small category. For any functor  $F : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Set}$  and for every object  $X \in \mathcal{C}$  there is a bijection*

$$[\mathcal{C}, \text{Set}] (\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -), F) \cong F(X) \quad (1)$$

*that associates to each  $\alpha : \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, -) \Rightarrow F$  the element  $\alpha_X(\text{id}_X) \in F(X)$ . Moreover, the correspondence is natural in both  $X$  and  $F$ .*