Justin Williams University of Wisconsin-Madison EPD629: Powertrain Systems and Controls Lesson 03 Assignment 2022-02-12

Assignment:

- 1) Complete chapter 2 textbook problem 1a, 1b, 1c, and 1d. (4 points)
- 2) Complete chapter 2 textbook problem 2a, 2b, and 2c. (3 points)
- 3) Continuation of MATLAB/Simulink model problem. (submitted seperately)

(Problem Source:

https://bcs.wiley.com/he-bcs/Books?action=mininav&bcsId=11568&itemId=1119474221&assetId=473646&resourceId=45905&newwindow=true)

Problems and Attempt:

- 1. Derive the Laplace transform for the following time functions: [Section: 2.2]

$$u(t) = f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ 1, & t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

• The laplace transform is then

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s*t} * u(t) * dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s*t} * 1 * dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s*t} * dt$$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * dt$$

$$\circ \quad \mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = \frac{1}{-s} * e^{-s*t} \Big|_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = -\frac{1}{s} * [(e^{-s*(\infty)}) - 1]$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = -\frac{1}{s} * [0-1]$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = -\frac{1}{s} * (-1)$$

$$\circ \quad \mathcal{L}\{u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
\circ \quad \mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s * t} * t * u(t) * dt \\
\circ \quad \mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s * t} * t * 1 * dt \\
\circ \quad \mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s * t} * t * dt
\end{array}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * t * 1 * dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\lbrace t*u(t)\rbrace = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} *t *dt$$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\left\{t * u(t)\right\} = -\frac{t * e^{-s * t}}{s} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-s * t}}{-s} dt$$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\left\{t * u(t)\right\} = -\frac{t * e^{-s * t}}{s} \bigg|_{0}^{\infty} + \frac{1}{s} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s * t} dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{t * u(t)\right\} = -\frac{t * e^{-S * t}}{S} \Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \frac{1}{S^2} * e^{-S * t} \Big|_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \left(-\frac{t * e^{-s * t}}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2} * e^{-s * t}\right) \Big|_{0}^{\infty}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \left(-\frac{\infty * e^{-s * \infty}}{s} - \frac{1}{s^{2}} * e^{-s * \infty}\right) - \left(-\frac{0 * 0}{s} - \frac{1}{s^{2}} * e^{-s * 0}\right)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \left(-\frac{\infty * e^{-s * \infty}}{s} - \frac{1}{s^{2}} * \frac{1}{e^{s * \infty}}\right) - \left(0 - \frac{1}{s^{2}} * 1\right)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \left(-0 - \frac{1}{s^{2}} * 0\right) + \frac{1}{s^{2}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = (0) + \frac{1}{s^{2}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s^{2}}$$

• $\sin(\omega^*t)^*u(t)$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \sin(\omega * t) * u(t) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \sin(\omega * t) * 1 dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \sin(\omega * t) * 1 dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \sin(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\circ \quad \text{Let } s = \sigma + j * \omega$$

$$\circ \quad \text{Let } \sin(\omega * t) = \frac{e^{j*\omega * t} - e^{-j*\omega * t}}{2*j}$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \frac{e^{j*\omega * t} - e^{-j*\omega * t}}{2*j} dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * e^{j*\omega * t} dt - \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * e^{-j*\omega * t} dt \right]$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\int_0^\infty e^{-(s-j*\omega * t)} dt - \int_0^\infty e^{-(s+j*\omega * t)} dt \right]$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\frac{1}{s-j*\omega} * e^{-(s-j*\omega*t)} \right] \underset{0}{\circ} + \frac{1}{s-j*\omega} * e^{-(s+j*\omega*t)} \underset{0}{\circ}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\frac{-1}{s-j*\omega} (0-1) + \frac{-1}{s+j*\omega} (0-1) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\frac{1}{s-j*\omega} + \frac{1}{s+j*\omega} \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\frac{s+j*\omega-(s-j*\omega)}{(s+j*\omega)*(s-j*\omega)} \right]$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\frac{s+j*\omega - (s-j*\omega)}{(s+j*\omega)*(s-j*\omega)} \right]$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{2*j} \left[\frac{2*j*\omega}{s^2 - j^2*\omega^2} \right]$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \left[\frac{\omega}{s^2 - j^2 * \omega^2}\right]$$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\{\sin(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \left[\frac{\omega}{s^2 - (-1)*\omega^2}\right]$$

$cos(\omega *t)*u(t)$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \cos(\omega * t) * u(t) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \cos(\omega * t) * 1 dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \cos(\omega * t) * 1 dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\circ$$
 Let $u = \cos(\omega * t)$

$$\circ \quad \text{Let } du = -\omega * \sin(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\circ \quad \text{Let } v = -\frac{1}{s} * e^{-s * t}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \cos(\omega * t) * \left(-\frac{1}{s}\right) * e^{-s*t}[eval\ 0toinf] - \int_0^\infty -\frac{1}{s} * e^{-s*t} * \left(-\omega * \sin(\omega * t)\right) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \cos(\omega * \infty) * \frac{-1}{s} * e^{-\infty} - \cos(0) * \left(-\frac{1}{s}\right) * e^{0} - \frac{\omega}{s} * \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s*t} * \sin(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = 0 - 1 * \left(-\frac{1}{s}\right) * 1 - \frac{\omega}{s} * \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s*t} * \sin(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\omega}{s} * \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * \sin(\omega * t) dt$$

- \circ Let $u = \sin(\omega * t)$
- $\circ \quad \text{Let } du = \omega * \cos (\omega * t)$
- $\circ \quad \text{Let } dv = e^{-s*t} dt$
- Let $v = -\frac{1}{s} * e^{-s*t}$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\omega}{s} * \left[\sin(\omega * t) * \frac{-1}{s} * e^{-s*t}\right] \Big|_{0}^{\infty} - \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{-1}{s} * e^{-s*t} * \omega * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s} - \int_0^\infty \frac{-1}{s} * e^{-s * t} * \omega * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\omega^2}{s^2} * \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\omega^2}{s^2} * \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\circ \quad \text{Say F(s)} = \int_0^\infty e^{-s*t} * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = F(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\omega^2}{s^2} * \int_0^\infty e^{-s * t} * \cos(\omega * t) dt$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = F(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{\omega^2}{s^2} * F(s)$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = F(s) + \frac{\omega^2}{s^2} * F(s) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = F(s) * \left(1 + \frac{\omega^2}{s^2}\right) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = F(s) * \left(\frac{s^2}{s^2} + \frac{\omega^2}{s^2}\right) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\{\cos(\omega * t) * u(t)\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

- 2. Using the Laplace transform pairs of Table 2.1 and the Laplace transform theorems of Table 2.2, derive the Laplace transforms for the following time functions: [Section: 2.2]
 - $e^{(-a*t)} * \sin(\omega * t) * u(t)$
 - $\begin{array}{ll}
 \circ & \text{Let } f(t) = \sin (\omega * t) \\
 \circ & F(s) = \frac{\omega}{s^2 + *\omega^2}
 \end{array}$

 - Combine this with the frequency shift theorem

$$0 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{e^{-a*t} * \sin(\omega * t)\right\} = F(s + a)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\lbrace e^{-a*t} * \sin(\omega * t) \rbrace = F(s+a)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\lbrace e^{-a*t} * \sin(\omega * t) \rbrace = \frac{\omega}{(s+a)^2 + *\omega^2}$$

- $e^{(-a*t)} * cos(\omega*t) * u(t)$

 - Combine this with the frequency shift theorem
 - $0 \quad \mathcal{L}\left\{e^{-a*t} * \cos(\omega * t)\right\} = F(s + a)$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\left\{e^{-a*t}*\cos(\omega*t)\right\} = \frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2 + *\omega^2}$$

•
$$t^{(3)} * u(t)$$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\{t^n * u(t)\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$$

•
$$t^{(3)} * u(t)$$

• $\mathcal{L}\{t^n * u(t)\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$
• $\mathcal{L}\{t^n * u(t)\} = \frac{(3)*(2)*(1)}{s^{3+1}}$
• $\mathcal{L}\{t^n * u(t)\} = \frac{6}{s^4}$

$$\circ \mathcal{L}\{t^n * u(t)\} = \frac{6}{s^4}$$