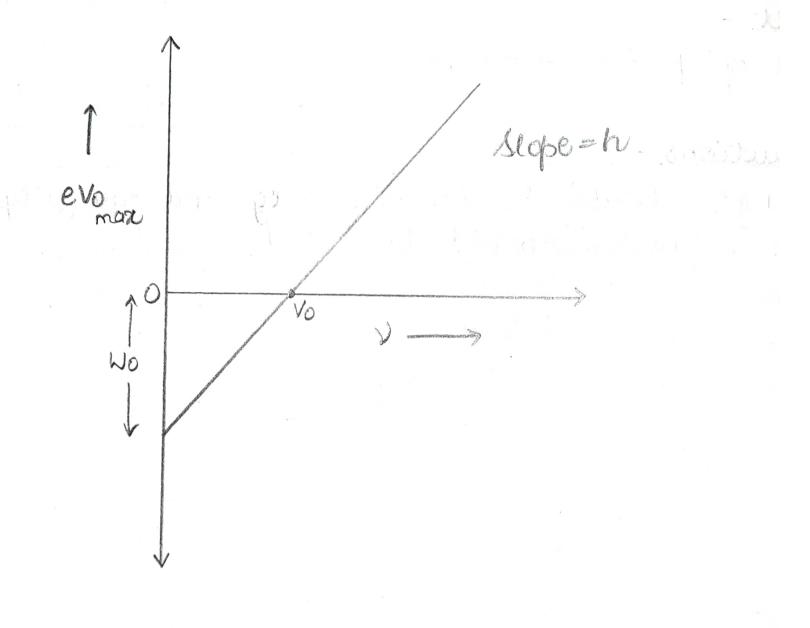
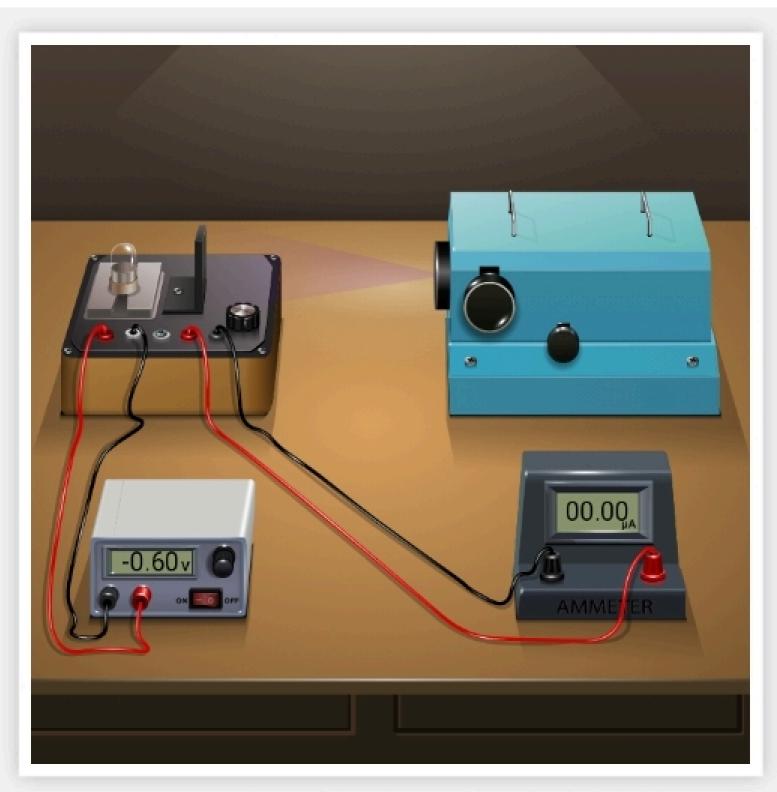
	Name: Divya						
	Envall no.: B65189						
	Batch: B9						
	Experiment-5						
	Aim: To determine the planck's constant from kinetic						
	energy versus frequency graph.						
	Apparatus required: Ammeter, Voltmeter, light source,						
	eathode tube, simulatore						
-	Formula used: by= \$9 + K.E. and c= >2						
	where 2 is requerce of light of is work kingtion of						
	metal, c is speed of light and I is wavelength of light.						
	k. Emaz z evo						
	where vo is the stopping potential						
	Observation:						
	Augo of blote = 0.3 cm²						
	Asea of plate = 0.3 cm² Intensity of light source = 15 w/m²						
	Trigary	4 7	•				
S.No.	Element	Wavelength (nm)	Stopping Potential(V)	K.E.(eVo)			
1	Coppee	236 nm	0.6V	9.6×10-20 T			
2.	Sodium	236 nm	3 V	4.8x10-19 J			
3.	Platinum	172 nm	0.9 V	1.44 × 10-19 J			
у. Ч.		172 nm	3∨	4.8 × 10-19 J			
1,	Zinc		\				
					4		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	Teacher's Signature						

	Calculation:			
	K.E. Z hv - d			
	$h \mathcal{V} = k \cdot E + \phi_0$			
	$h \mathcal{Y} = k \cdot E \cdot \max_{max} + \phi_0$ $h = k \cdot E \cdot \max_{max} + \phi_0$			
	$h = (\frac{K \cdot E \cdot max + \phi_0}{C}) \lambda eV - A$			
.35				
1 1	For copper, $\phi = 4.5 \text{eV}$			
	For sodium, $\phi_0 = 2.3 \text{eV}$ For platinum, $\phi_0 = 6.4 \text{eV}$			
	For zinc, $\phi_0 = 4.33 \text{eV}$			
(W)	10/0 = 110, φο 1 33 0 0			
(i)	For copper,			
	h = (9.6 x 10-20 + 4.5 x 1.6 x 10-19) x 236 x 10-4 J-1			
	$h = (9.6 \times 10^{-20} + 4.5 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \times 236 \times 10^{-9} \text{ J-A}$ 3×10^{8}			
	$h = 6.42 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-S}$			
(11)	For sodium,			
	$h = (4.8 \times 10^{-19} + 2.3 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \times 236 \times 10^{-9} \text{ J-s}$			
	3×10°			
	$h = 6.67 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-s}$			
(iii)	for platinum,			
	for platinum, $h = (1.44 \times 10^{-19} + 6.4 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \times 172 \times 10^{-9} \text{ J-s}$			
	$h = 6.69 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-S}$			
(M)	for zinc, -19 + 4.33 x 1.6 x 10 -19) x 172 x 10 -9 J-1			
	$h = (4.0 \times 10^{-19} + 4.33 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \times 172 \times 10^{-9} \text{ J-s}$ 3×10^{8}			
	$h = 6.72 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J-s}$			
	n - 0 12 x 12			
	T albada Cianatura			
A.	Teacher's Signature			

Result:
i) For copper, h = 6.42 x 10-34 J-s
11) For Sodium, h = 6.67×10-34 J-s
iii) For platinum, h = 6.69 x 10-34 J-s
iv) For zinc, h = 6.72 x 10-34 J-s
Precautions:
1. Remember to switch of the power after requirement. 2. Make sure room is dry, cool and dust free. 3. Shield the setup from ambient light.
2. Make sure room is dry cool and dust free.
3. Shreld the setup from ambient light.





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