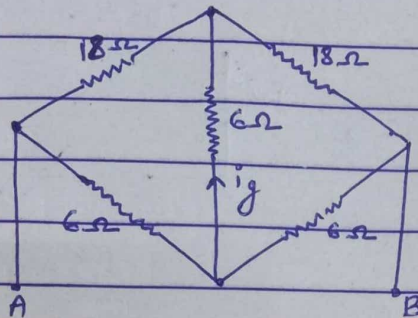


ELECTRICAL SCIENCE - I (15B11EC111)Tutorial Sheet - 3

Q1.



$$\frac{P}{Q} = \frac{R}{S}$$

Wheat stone Bridge is valid

$$\therefore i_g = 0$$

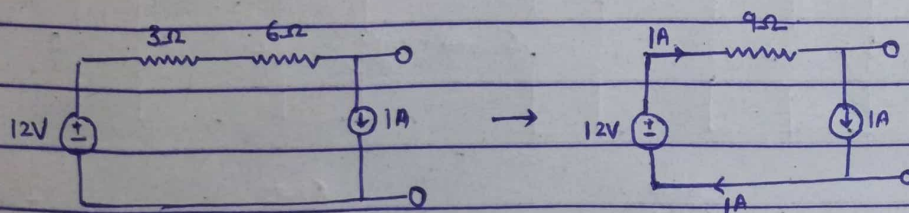
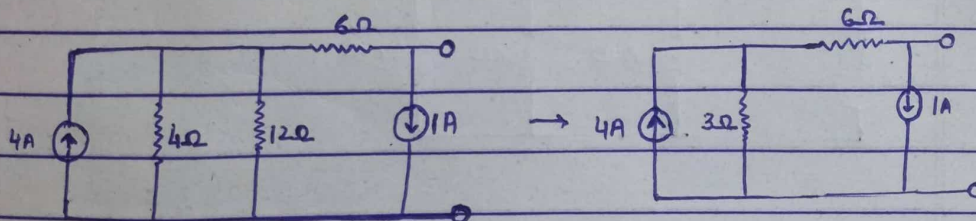
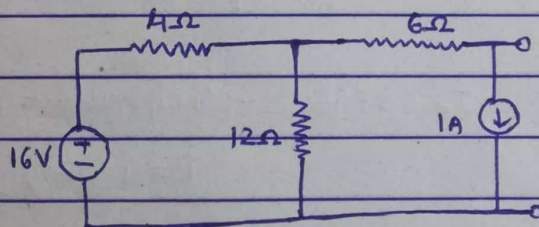
$$R_{net} = \frac{R_1 \times R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$\therefore R_1 = 18 + 18 = 36\Omega$$

$$R_2 = 6 + 6 = 12\Omega$$

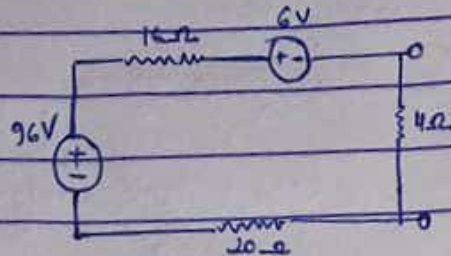
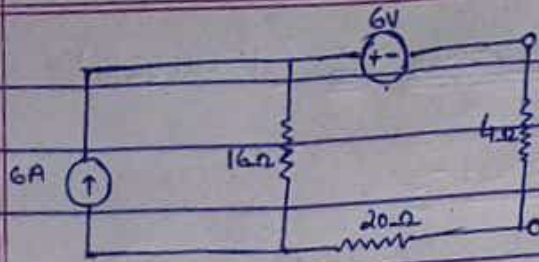
$$= \frac{36 \times 12}{36 + 12} = 9\Omega \quad A //$$

Q2.



$$\text{Voltage along } 1A \text{ current source is : } 12V - 9 \times 1V = 3V$$

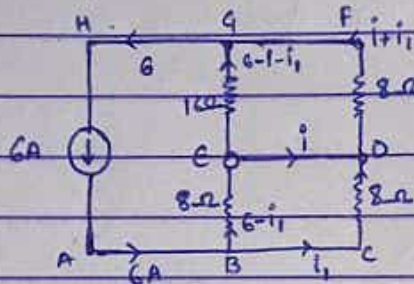
Q.3.



$$i = \frac{96}{40} = \frac{9}{4} \text{ A}$$

$$V_{4\Omega} = 4 \times \frac{9}{4} = 9 \text{ V}$$

Q.4.



In BCDEB

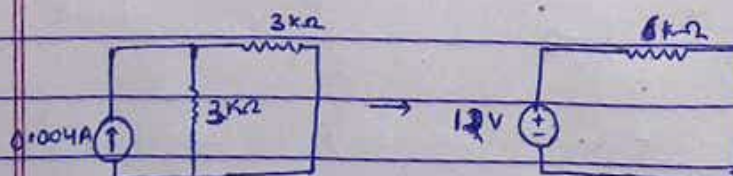
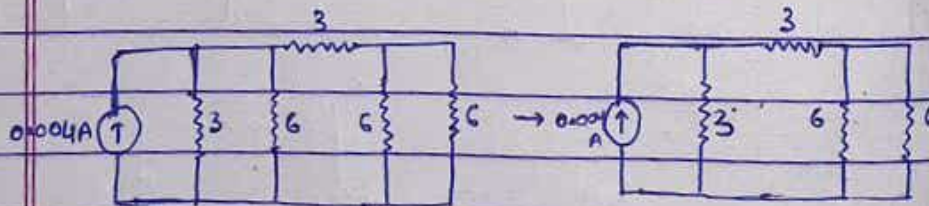
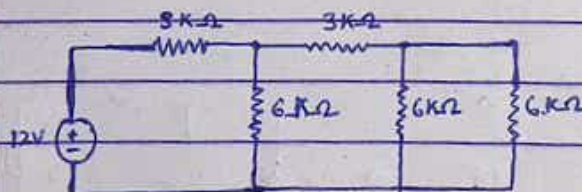
$$-8i_1 + 8(6 - i_1) = 0$$

$$i_1 = 3 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{In EDFGE: } -8(i + i_1) + 16(6 - i - i_1) = 0$$

$$i = 1 \text{ A}$$

Q.5.



$$i_{\text{net}} = \frac{12}{5} \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

then By current division method:  $i = 0.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$