Sfwr Eng $2\mathrm{XB}3$ - The Scrabbler

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1 MIS (Public API)

1.1 Class BST

public BST()	Creates an empty Binary search tree
public void insert(int key, Word	Given a key for the length of the string, the
value)	string value will be associated with the key
	given; values with the same key will not be
	over written.
public Word search(int key,	Given a key of the length of the string and the
String word)	word we wish to find, we will return the ref-
	erence to an object that holds both the word
	itself and the score that is associated with the
	word.
public boolean isWord(int key,	Determines if the string inputted belongs to
String word)	our list of words.
public Word[] matchesPat-	Given the length of the string in key, will re-
tern(int key, String[] regEx-	turn all the strings where each string charac-
pArray)	ter matches the same index of regExpArray.

1.2 Class TrieST

public TrieST()	Creates an empty trie with the first node be-
	ing empty
public void insertWord(Word	Will add the given word in the proper location
word)	into the trie.
public Word search(String	Will return the Word abstract data type that
word)	is associated with the string word
public Word[] matchPat-	Returns all the words in the trie that match
tern(String[] regExpArray)	the pattern of the regular expression

1.3 Class Word

public Word(String word)	Creates an object with 2 fields, one that stores
	the String word and one that is the score of
	the object based on the rules of the scrabble
	board.
public int setScore(int val)	Sets the score value of the word to the desired
	value.

1.4 Class Model

public Model()	Creates a new Model object, storing informa-
	tion of the board like what tiles are currently
	on the grid, what spaces we have highlighted,
	and holds the list of words that are valid.
public Word[] matchTiles()	Creates an array of the Words, This will rep-
	resent the words that we can make given the
	state of the board and the users tiles.
public String[] createRegex()	Will create an array where each element will
	correspond to a regular expression for one
	character of a word. This is determined based
	on what pieces are currently on the board.
public Word[] getMatches(int	Creates an array of size number or less in a
number)	sorted order where the 0 index will have the
	highest score value.

1.5 Class Controller

public void Controller()	Creates a new controller for the interface.html
	page, this is only instantiated when the page
	loads.
public static void onGrid-	Depending on the state the controller this will
Click(htmlClickEvent e)	either add either ask to input a letter or will
	highlight the square that was clicked.
public static void on-	Will change the state of the website one for-
NextClick()	ward and will update the view to match our
	new state.
public static void on-	Will change the state of the website one back
BackClick()	and will update the view to match our new
	state.
public void setTiles()	Will retrieve the inputted tiles from the
	HTML input boxes and will set the field of
	in model to be a list of these tiles.
public void resetN()	Button event handler to handle when we click
	the reset button. This will simply refresh the
	page.

1.6 Class View

public View(Canvas canvasID)	Uses the canvas given to create a new 7x7
	scrabble board view.
public void addLetter(char let-	Will add a Letter to our canvas at the position
ter, int x, int y)	of x and y.
public void addHLetter(char	Adds a highlighted to the screen.
letter,int x, int y)	
public void highlight(char let-	Adds a black highlighted square to the screen.
ter, int x, int y)	
public void updatePSta-	Updates the message displayed to the user
tus(String string)	with the string passed in.
public void updateRe-	Updates the result message box with the val-
sult(String[] results)	ues from results.

2 MID

2.1 Class BST

A BST That is used to separate the strings of different lengths. The value of the BST is a trie symbol table that will hold all of the words of this length

e symbol table that will hold all of the	words of this length
Fields	Node root: The starting Node of the BST
private class Node	
	• The length of the strings affiliated with the trie.
	• Two Node references for key values less than and key values greater then key.
	• The value of this node will be a Trie which holds all the words of the given length.
private void insertREC(Node	Will recursively search for the Node associ-
node, int key, Word value)	ated with with the inputted key. Once they
,	key is found it will check to see if we have an
	undefined trie symbol table then we will in-
	stantiate one. Then we call the insert method
	for the trie symbol table to add the word.
private Word[] matchPattern-	Will recursively find the node associated with
REC(Node node, int key,	our key, Then will call the trie symbol ta-
String[] regExpArray)	ble matchPattern method to return any word
	such that all of the characters match each el-
	ement of the regular expression array.
private TrieST	Recursively find the Node associated with the
searchREC(Node node, int	key and will then return the trie symbol table
key)	associated with Node.

2.2 Class TrieST

An Implementation of a trie symbol table where the root of table will have a null character value. The table has an an array of children where each node will have a node associated with a letter [a-z]. If this is a valid word in our dictionary then we will have Word Object within wordVal.

Fields	RNode root: The starting RNode of the trie symbol table, where the character value is the null character.
private class RNode	
	• The character at the position the height from the root.
	• An array of the references to Nodes that hold character next in our String.
	• If the sequence to get to this node and this nodes value create a word, then the field wordVal will Store a Word Object.
$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{private} & \text{void} & \text{insertWor-} \\ \text{dREC(RNode} & \text{node,} & \text{Word} \end{array}$	Will first properly define the current Node if we have any null references for: The Node
wordInput,int charAT)	itself, The Node's children and there values.
	Then if we are at the length of our string,
	then we will set the value of wordVal to the
	input Word. If not then we will find the next
	Node to visit and preform recursion on this
	Node.
private Word	Recursively will find the Node with a path
searchREC(RNode node, String wordInput,int charAT)	associated with wordInput. Then we will return the value of wordVal (returns null if it is
String wordinput, int charA1)	not a word).
private void matchPattern-	Checks each child to see if the regular expres-
REC(RNode node, Word[]	sion regExpArray[charAT] matches the values
combinations, String[] regEx-	any of the children of a this Node. If the pat-
pArray, int charAT)	tern then we will preform recursion on this
,	Node to see if the next regular expressions
	matches. Our base case is either do not have
	a value or any more children where we simply
	return, or when we have a reached the end
	of our regular expression array, if we do not
	have a Word at this node we will return but
	if we do have a Word then will add this value
	to our array.

2.3 Class Word

Fields	 String word: The string of the word that we are storing. int score: The number value that we assign to the word.
private class scoreRules	 Regular Expression regEX: A regular expression for the letters that fall into this word. int score: The score pertaining to this regular expression.
private int getScore(String word)	Creates score rules for every letter in the alphabet for the rules scrabble. Then will some the total score for the string where for every characters in word such that there exists a rule for that letter.

2.4 Class Model

Fields	
Fields	• String [ROWS][COLUMNS] grid: holds
	the character held on every space of the board.
	• String [ROWS][COLUMS] hl_grid: hold if the space of the grid is highlighted or not.
	• Word[] words: holds all of the words that match our current state of the board once the onNextClick has reached the result state.
	• Heap heap: used to implement a priority queue for the our list of words.
	• char[] tiles: holds all of the tiles the user has once the onNextClick has reached the result state.
public Object createRegex()	(TODO: Greg explains how it works)
public void sortMatches(Word[]	Adds all of the Words that match the condi-
matches)	tions to our heap.
private String grabWord(int i,	Will grab the array of characters that are per-
int j, String dir)	pendicular to the highlighted tiles
private RegExp modi-	(TODO: Greg explain how it works, consider
fyRegex(int i, int j, String	renaming variables)
d, String reg)	
private boolean adj(int i, int j,	Checks for an adjacent highlight in the same
String d)	direction.
private Object findHl()	Returns the fist occurrence of a highlighted
	piece and if the direction is vertical, horizon-
	tal or single.
private void initGrid(int	Creates a grid of size rows X columns initial-
rows,int columns)	ized to to an empty square.
private BST getDictionary()	Reads in from the data sheet of possible words
	for each word, it will create a new Word Ob-

2.5 private class Heap

Uses this word from parent model

es this word from parent model		
private Heap()	Set's our parent field this word to an empty	
	heap.	
private int size()	Returns the number of elements within the	
	heap.	
private void exch(int i, int j)	Swaps the Words at positions i and j.	
private void less(int i, int j)	Returns if the score of our score at position i	
	is less then our word at position j.	
private void add(Word wor-	Adds a new Item to the bottom of the heap,	
dADT)	then swims the Word to the proper location	
	in the heap	
private Word top()	Will return the our largest element on our	
	heap if our heap is not empty.	
private Word pop()	Will return and delete the our largest element	
	on our heap if our heap is not empty. We first	
	move the max node to the bottom, remove	
	the max from the heap, then sink our new	
	top Word.	
private void sink(int index)	Will compare the parent Word at index to its	
	children and will swap and repeat if the score	
	of one of the children is larger then the parent	
private void swim(int index)	Will compare the child Word at index to its	
	parent and will swap and repeat if the score	
	of one of the parent is smaller then the child	

2.6 Class Controller

Fields	
	• Canvas canvasID: the reference to the Canvas on the html, used to draw the grid
	• Button nextButton: the reference to the Next Button on the HTML.
	• Button backButton: the reference to the Back Button on the HTML.
	• Button resetButton: the reference to the Reset Button on the HTML.
public void onGrid-	
Click(htmlClickEvent e)	• Letters State: Asks for input for the tile that was clicked on
	• Highlight State: Will highlight or remove the highlighting on the grid square clicked on
public void onNextClick()	
	• Letters State: Change the State to Highlight and update the View
	• Highlight State: Will move to the Tiles state if there is a valid highlighted row on the board
	• Tiles: Checks to see if all the tiles are valid, if they are then we will move to the Result state.
	• Result: will retrieve all of the valid words for this location and will update the View to display them

public void onBackClick()	
	• Letters State: Nothing
	• Highlight State: Change state to Letters
	• Tiles: Change state to Highlight
	• Result: Change state to Tiles
public boolean tileCheck()	Returns true if all of the inputs for the tiles
	are one character that is a letter or - or?
private boolean hl_check()	Returns true if we have between 1 and 7
	spaces highlighted in a row.
private String getLetter(int	Returns The String that is in the location of
$x_Pos, int y_Pos)$	x_Pos, Y_Pos on the grid.
private Object	gets the position on the grid that was clicked
getClick(htmlClickEvent e)	by using the normalize function. Returns a
	pair of x and y.
private String getLetter(int	Returns the modified numbers of where the
x_Pos, int y_Pos)	user clicked such that it corresponds to the
	coordinate system of the grid arrays. Remov-
	ing such things like offsets and grid size to get
	a how number between [0,6].