Tutorial - 9:

The poisson bracket of two function U(P, q, t) and V(P, q, t) is defined

coien summation convension

$$[21,0] = \left(\frac{32}{39^2}, \frac{39}{3p^2} - \frac{321}{3p^2}, \frac{39}{3p^2}\right)$$

(ii) Show short &

$$[2\iota + \upsilon, \omega] = [2\iota, \omega] + [\upsilon, \omega]$$

$$[u, v\omega] = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v_i} + \frac{$$

Show shot

$$\frac{d2L}{dt} = \left[2L, H\right] + \frac{2L}{\partial t}$$

using Hamiltonian EoM.

$$(\vec{v})$$
 $= [q_2, H]$

Hure are trivial.

(VI) Home work: Show swat-[21,[0,w]] + [19,[w,21]] + [w,[1,19]] = 0