

Rumblings

OQS Notes

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Contents

1. Quantum Probability	2
1.1. Spectral Theorem	2
1.2. Basic Postulates of Quantum Mechanics	2
References	2

1. Quantum Probability

These are just some important stuff and loose collection of notes of the Chapter on Quantum Probability from The Theory of Open Quantum Systems by H.-P. Breuer and F. Petruccione.

1.1. Spectral Theorem

Consider a self-adjoint operator A acting on a separable Hilbert space \mathcal{H} . Then, there exists a unique one parameter mutually commuting spectral family $\{E_\lambda\}_{\lambda \in \mathbb{R}}$ of projection operators acting on \mathcal{H} such that

$$A = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \lambda dE_\lambda \quad (1.1)$$

where E_λ satisfy,

1. $\|E_{r'}\psi\| \leq \|E_r\psi\|$ for $r' \leq r$ and for all $\psi \in \mathcal{H}$. This can equivalently be written as

$$E_{r'} \leq E_r \text{ for } r' \leq r \quad (1.2)$$

2. The spectral family is right-continuous, i.e.,

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0+} E_{r+\varepsilon} = E_{r_0} \text{ for all } r_0 \in \mathbb{R} \quad (1.3)$$

- 3.

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow -\infty} E_r = 0 \quad (1.4)$$

and

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} E_r = I \quad (1.5)$$

, where I is the identity operator on \mathcal{H} .

A much better and concise explanation can be found for normal operators in [1].

1.2. Basic Postulates of Quantum Mechanics

Consider a statistical ensemble ε of identically prepared quantum systems, S^1, S^2, \dots, S^N . The postulates are,

1. Under certain conditions, a complete characterization of this ensemble can be given by a normalized state vector $|\psi\rangle \in \mathcal{H}$, which is a Hilbert space associated with the quantum system S .
2. Measurable quantities are represented by linear, self-adjoint operators A acting on \mathcal{H} . The outcome of a measurement of the observable A performed on the ensemble ε is a random variable R with a cumulative distribution function $F_{R(x)}$ defined by

$$F_{A(r)} = \langle E_r |\psi\rangle \langle \psi| E_r \rangle \quad (1.6)$$

where E_r is the spectral family of the operator A . One can easily verify from the Spectral theorem above that this indeed is a valid cumulative distribution function.

References

- [1] D. Halmrast, "Spectral Decomposition of Quantum-Mechanical Operators," 2017. [Online]. Available: <https://web.math.ucsb.edu/~dhalmrast/resources/halmrast-math-thesis.pdf>