What is Package Management?

In Linux (including WSL), Package Managers are tools that allow you to:

Task	Command
Install Software	✓ sudo apt install
Remove Software	✓ sudo apt remove
Update Packages	✓ sudo apt update
Upgrade System	✓ sudo apt upgrade
Search for Packages	✓ apt search
View Installed Packages	✓ dpkg -1
Install from .deb file	<pre> ✓ sudo dpkg -i <file>.deb </file></pre>

How Package Managers Work:

- WSL (Ubuntu) uses APT (Advanced Package Tool).
- It connects to Linux Repositories (Kali, Ubuntu, Debian, Arch).
- Downloads the software (like hacking tools, networking tools, Linux utilities).
- Installs dependencies (like Python, Node.js, or libraries).

Package Managers Based on Linux Distributions:

Linux Distro	Package Manager
Ubuntu/Debian (WSL)	☑ apt
Kali Linux (WSL)	✓ apt
Arch Linux	✓ pacman
Fedora/Red Hat	✓ dnf
Parrot OS (Ethical Hacking OS)	✓ apt
BlackArch (Extreme Hacking Distro)	⊘ pacman

APT Commands (for Ubuntu & Kali WSL)

		Command	Purpose
sudo	apt	update	Updates package list
sudo	apt	upgrade	Upgrades all installed packages
sudo	apt	install <package></package>	Installs a new package
sudo	apt	remove <package></package>	Removes a package
sudo	apt	search <tool></tool>	Search for hacking tools
sudo	apt	autoremove	Removes unnecessary packages

Windows Equivalent

Basic Concept of Package Managers in Linux (In Simple Terms):

				•
sı	ıdo	apt	install	Install from .exe
sı	ıdo	apt	remove	Uninstall from Control Panel
sı	ıdo	apt	update	Check for Updates
sı	ıdo	apt	upgrade	Upgrade All Packages
p	ip i	insta	all	Install Python Packages

Task