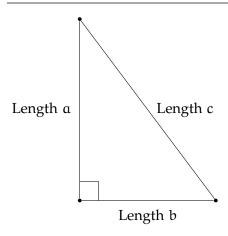


CHAPTER 1

Pythagorean Theorem

Watch's Khan Academy's Intro to the Pythagorean Theorem video at https://youtu.be/AA6RfgP-AHU.

If you have a right triangle, the edges that touch the right angle are called *the legs*. The third edge, which is always the longest, is known as *the hypotenuse*. The Pythagorean Theorem gives us the relationship between the length of the legs and the length of the hypotenuse.



The Pythagorean Theorem tells us that $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$.

For example, if one leg has a length of 3 and the other has a length of 4, then $a^2 + b^2 = 3^2 + 4^2 = 25$. Thus c^2 must equal 25. So you know the hypotenuse must be of length 5.

(In reality, it rarely works out to be such a tidy number. For example, what is the length of the hypotenuse if the two legs are 3 and 6? $a^2 + b^2 = 3^2 + 6^2 = 45$. The length of the hypotenuse is the square root of that: $\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5}$, which is approximately 6.708203932499369.)

Exercise 1 Find the Missing Length

What is the missing measure?

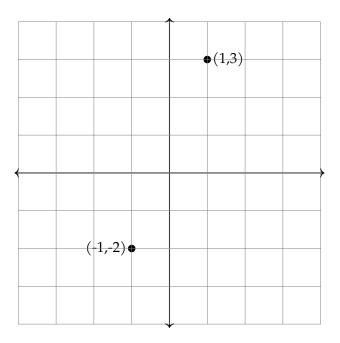
Leg 1 = 6, Leg 2 = 17
8, Hypotenuse = ? (It should be a (It should be a whole number.)
whole number.)
Leg 1 = 3, Leg 2 = Leg 1 = 5, Leg 2 3, Hypotenuse = ?
= ?, Hypotenuse = (It is an irrational number. Give the exact answer and whole number.)
Leg 1 = ?, Leg 2 = lator to get an ap-15, Hypotenuse = proximation.)

Working Space

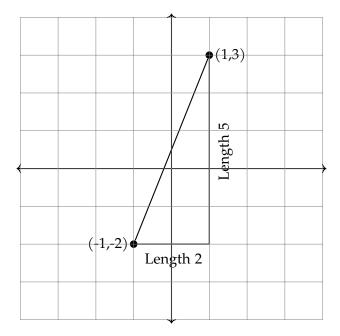
Answer on Page ??

1.1 Distance between Points

What is the distance between these two points?



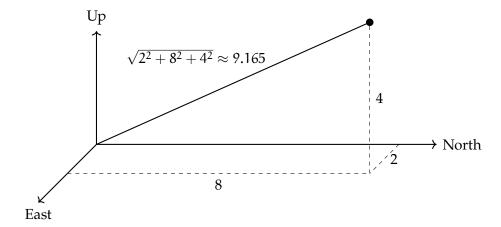
We can draw a right triangle and use the Pythagorean Theorem:



The distance between the two points is $\sqrt{2^2+5^2}=\sqrt{29}\approx 5.385165$. That is, you square the change in x and add it to the square of the change in y. The distance is the square root of that sum.

1.2 Distance in 3 Dimensions

What if the point is in three-dimensional space? That is, you move 2 meters East, 8 meters North, and 4 meters up in the air. How far are you from where you started? You just square each, sum them, and take the square root: $\sqrt{2^2+8^2+4^2}=\sqrt{84}=2\sqrt{21}\approx 9.165$ meters.





APPENDIX A

Answers to Exercises

Answer to Exercise ?? (on page ??)

10 because $6^2 + 8^2 = 10^2$

12 because $5^2 + 12^2 = 13^2$

8 because $8^2 + 15^2 = 17^2$

 $3\sqrt{2}\approx 4.24 \text{ because } 3^2+3^2=\left(3\sqrt{2}\right)^2$



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