

CHAPTER 1

HTML

HTML, an abbreviation for Hypertext Markup Language, is the standard language for creating web pages and web applications. It's a cornerstone technology of the World Wide Web and forms the structure and layout of web content.

1.1 HTML Elements

An HTML document is composed of a series of elements, which are denoted by tags. Elements have an opening tag and a closing tag with content in between. Some elements, however, are self-closing and do not contain any content. For example, the paragraph tag '' is used to denote a paragraph:

This is a paragraph.

1.2 HTML Document Structure

A typical HTML document has a specific structure, including the following elements:

- **DOCTYPE declaration**: It informs the browser about the version of HTML. For HTML5, it is '<!DOCTYPE html>'.
- html: This tag encloses the entire HTML document.
- head: This contains meta-information about the document, such as its title, meta tags, and links to scripts and stylesheets.
- body: This contains the content of the web page that is rendered in the browser.

Here is a basic example of an HTML document:

This is a draft chapter from the Kontinua Project. Please see our website (https://kontinua.org/) for more details.



APPENDIX A

Answers to Exercises



INDEX

HTML, 1