

## Computational Neuroscience - Problem Set 5 - Exercise 1 - Solutions

a)  $p_1 = r\Delta t, p_0 = 1 - r\Delta t$

$$S_{bin} = - \sum_{i=1}^2 p_i \log_2 p_i$$

$$= -r\Delta t \log_2 r\Delta t - (1 - r\Delta t) \log_2 (1 - r\Delta t)$$

Use:

(1)  $\ln(1 - x) \approx -x$  around  $x = 0$

(2)  $\log_a b = \frac{\log_k b}{\log_k a}$

(3)  $(r\Delta t)^2 \approx 0$

$$S_{bin} = \frac{-r\Delta t \ln r\Delta t + r\Delta t}{\ln 2} = \frac{r\Delta t}{\ln 2} (1 - \ln r\Delta t) = r\Delta t \left( \log_2 \frac{e}{r\Delta t} \right)$$

Entropy rate:  $\dot{S} = r \left( \log_2 \frac{e}{r\Delta t} \right) = \frac{r}{\ln 2} [\ln 2 - \ln(r\Delta t)]$ .

b) From DA, p. 145, the entropy rate is

$$\dot{S} = -r \int_0^{\infty} dt p[t] \log_2(p[t]\Delta t)$$

Substitute  $p[t] = re^{-rt}$  and solve the integration, we have  $\dot{S} = \frac{r}{\ln 2} [1 - \ln(r\Delta t)]$