1.	Which one is the largest component of DNA among the following:			
	a. Nucleoside b. Purine base			
	c. Nucleotide d. Pentose sugar			
2.	Draw the structure of the dinucleotide 5'-TG-3'. Label the 5' and 3' ends. Also label the nitrogenous bases, sugar ring and phosphate moiety.			
3.	One complete turn of a DNA double-helix measures a. 2.0 nm b. 3.6 nm c. 0.34 nm d. 10 nm			
4.	In DNA double helix, the two DNA chains are held together by a. covalent bonds between the pair of bases b. hydrogen bonds between the pair of bases c. ionic bonds between the pair of bases d. none of the above			
5.	Write down the complimentary sequence for 5'-ATCGTTAGGCTA-3' 5'3'			
6.	The accepted hypothesis for DNA replication is a. Conservative mechanism b. dispersive mechanism c. conservative and dispersive both d. semi-conservative			
7.	In the study of one experiment it was found that the value of $T_m$ for DNA is = 60° C. If that DNA sample has 30% GC at the above Tm, then what will be the value of ' $T_m$ ' if the GC% increases to 50%?  a. Increases  b. Decreases  c. Remains same  d. Can't be predicted			
8.	If one DNA sample has 40% AT content, what will be the percentage of Guanine residue in that DNA sample?			
9.	What are the relationships among nucleotide, codon, gene, chromosome and DNA?			
10.	If you run 35 cycles of PCR, by what factor does the target sequence theoretically increase?			
11.	Which DNA polymerase removes RNA primers during DNA synthesis?			
12.	The pH of a solution is determined by			

a. concentration o     c. dielectric consta		<ul><li>b. relative concentration of acids and bases</li><li>d. environmental effect</li></ul>
•		e $pK_a$ of an acid is numerically equal to the $pH$ of the ion of the acid and its conjugate base are equal?
14. Most of the import a. oxygen and/or i b. oxygen and a p c. nitrogen and a p d. oxygen and/or i	nitrogen and are a hosphate phosphate	
15. The lone pair election a. carry a partial public b. are not importance. carry a partial number d. form covalent be	ositive charge nt for the properti egative charge	
15 The following sing	gle stranded (ss) I	ONA and the two primers were used for PCR reaction:
ssDNA 5' ATGGCCT  Primers: 5' ATGGCC		
a) What other reagents	are required to su	accessfully run the PCR?
b) Write down the sequence direction of strands.		product in the double stranded DNA form with
16. Suppose we assig	ın numerical valu	es to each nucleotide base as follows:
A: 0; T: 1;	G: 2;	C: 3
In that case, the DNA	sequence 5'-TAT	A-3' will have a numerical value of 68 (in base 10).
a) Convert the followin 5'-TCCGAT-3' 5'-TGCAAT-3'	g DNA sequence	s to their numerical values:
b) Convert the followin 101100000001100101	•	a DNA sequence: