

1. Show that the function

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + y^2}{|x| + |y|}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

is continuous at $(0, 0)$, but $f_x(0, 0)$ and $f_y(0, 0)$ do not exist.

2. Find $f_x(x, y)$ and $f_y(x, y)$ using definition for the followings :

(a) $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$,

(b) $f(x, y) = \sin(3x + 4y)$,

(c) $f(x, y) = ye^{-x} + xy$.

3. Find $f_x(0, 0)$, $f_y(0, 0)$, $f_x(0, y)$ and $f_y(x, 0)$ for the followings :

(a) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x + y}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$

(b) $f(x, y) = \log(1 + xy)$,

(c) $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x = 0 \text{ or } y = 0 \text{ or both } x = 0 \text{ and } y = 0; \\ 0, & \text{Otherwise .} \end{cases}$

4. Show that the function

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}, & \text{if } (x^2 + y^2) \neq 0; \\ 0, & \text{if } (x^2 + y^2) = 0. \end{cases}$$

has first order partial derivatives at $(0,0)$, and discuss the differentiability at $(0,0)$.

5. Show that for

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0), \\ 0 & (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

is continuous, possess first order partial derivatives but it is not differentiable at the origin.

6. Prove that the function $f(x, y) = \sqrt{|xy|}$ is not differentiable at $(0, 0)$, but that f_x and f_y both exist at origin and have the value 0. Show that f_x and f_y are continuous everywhere except at the origin.

7. Test the differentiability of the function at $(0, 0)$

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 - 2y^3}{x^2 + y^2}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

$$8. f(x, y) = \begin{cases} y \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

Find $f_{xx}(x, y)$, $f_{xy}(x, y)$, $f_{yx}(x, y)$ and $f_{yy}(x, y)$ at $(0, 0)$. Also check the differentiability of the function $f(x, y)$ at the origin.

$$9. \text{ For the function } f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y(x - y)}{x^2 + y^2}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0); \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

check that $f_{xy}(0, 0) \neq f_{yx}(0, 0)$. Also check the differentiability of $f(x, y)$ at the origin

10. Find $f_{yxx}(x, y)$ and $f_{xyx}(x, y)$ for the following functions:

$$(a) f(x, y) = x^4 \sin 3y + 5x - 6y.$$

(b) $f(x, y) = x^5y^3 + \log(xy) + 10x.$

(c) $f(x, y) = e^{xy} \tan x + x^3y^2.$

11. Find the total differential of the following functions

(a) $w = x^2 + xy^2 + xy^2z^3,$

(b) $z = \tan^{-1}(x/y),$

(c) $u = e^{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)},$

(d) $w = \sin(3x + 4y) + 5e^z.$