CS21004 - Tutorial 8

Solution Sketch

- 1. Show that following language is not context-free using pumping lemma
 - (a) $L_1 = \{a^{n!} : n \ge 0\}$

Hints: Given the opponent's choice for m (Pumping lemma constant), we pick $a^{m!}(=uvxyz)$. Obviously, whatever the decomposition is, it must be of the form $v=a^k$, $y=a^l$. Then $w_0=uxz$ (pump down) has length m!-(k+l). This string is in L only if m!-(k+l)=j! for some j. But this is impossible, since with $k+l \leq m$, m!-(k+l)>(m-1)!. Therefore, the language is not context-free.

(b) $L_2 = \{wtw^R | w, t \in \{0, 1\}^*\}$ and $|w| = |t|\}$

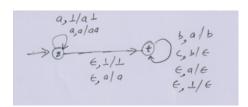
Answer: Suppose on the contrary that A is context-free. Then, let p be the pumping length for A, such that any string in A of length at least p will satisfy the pumping lemma. Now, we select a string s in A with $s = 0^{2p}0^p1^p0^{2p}$. For s to satisfy the pumping lemma, there is a way that s can be written as uvxyz, with $|vxy| \le p$ and $|vy| \ge 1$, and for any i, uv^ixy^iz is a string in A.

There are only three cases to write s with the above conditions:

- Case 1: vy contains only 0s and these 0s are chosen from the last 0^{2p} of s. Let i be a number with $7p > |vy| \times (i+1) \ge 6p$. Then, either the length of $uv^i x y^i z$ is not a multiple of 3, or this string is of the form wtw' such that |w| = |t| = |w'| with w' is all 0s and w is not all 0s (this is, $w' \ne w^R$).
- Case 2: vy does not contain any 0s in the last 0^2p of s. Then, either the length of uv^2xy^2z is not a multiple of 3, or this string is of the form wtw' such that |w| = |t| = |w'| with w is all 0s and w' is not all 0s (that is, $w' \neq w^R$).
- Case 3: vy is not all 0s, and some 0s are from the last 0^2p of s. As $|vxy| \le p$, vxy in this case must be a substring in 1^p0^p . Then, either the length of uv^2xy^2z is not a multiple of 3, or this string is of the form wtw' such that |w| = |t| = |w'| with w is all 0s and w' is not all 0s (that is, $w' \ne w^R$).

In summary, we observe that there is no way s can satisfy the pumping lemma. Thus, a contradiction occurs (where?), and we conclude that A is not a context-free language.

- 2. Design NPDA for the following languages
 - (a) $L_3 = \{a^i(bc)^j | i, j \ge 0, i \ge j\}$ Give a PDA with 2 states (To Submit)



(b) $L_4 = \{a^n b^m | n \neq m\}$

Hints: $Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$, $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, $\Gamma = \{a, z\}$, $F = \{q_2\}$ The transition function can be visualized as having several parts: a set to push a on the stack -

$$\delta(q_0, a, z) = \{(q_0, az)\}, \, \delta(q_0, a, a) = \{(q_0, aa)\}$$

a set to pop a on reading b, where the NPDA switches from state q_0 to q_1 -

$$\delta(q_0, b, a) = \{(q_1, \epsilon)\}, \ \delta(q_1, b, a) = \{(q_1, \epsilon)\}$$

a set to ensure $m \neq n$, where NPDA switches from state q_1 to q_2

$$\delta(q_1, b, z) = \{(q_2, z)\}, \ \delta(q_1, \epsilon, a) = \{(q_2, \epsilon)\}$$

and finally $\delta(q_2, \epsilon, z) = \{(q_2, \epsilon)\}$

3. Construct a NPDA that accepts the language generated by a grammar with productions: $S \to aSbb|a$

Hints: The language generated by the grammar is $\{a^nb^{2n-2}: n \geq 1\}$. The corresponding automaton will have

$$Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$$
, $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, $\Gamma = \{S, A, B, z\}$, $F = \{q_2\}$

The transitions are:

 $\delta(q_0, \epsilon, z) = \{(q_1, Sz)\}$ [First, the start symbol S is put on the stack by],

$$\begin{array}{lll} \delta(q_1,a,S) &=& \{(q_1,SA),(q_1,\epsilon)\}, \ \delta(q_1,b,A) &=& \{(q_1,B)\}, \ \delta(q_1,b,B) &=& \{(q_1,\epsilon)\}, \\ \delta(q_1,\epsilon,z) &=& \{(q_2,\epsilon)\} \end{array}$$