

$$K = X(X'X)^{-1}X' \quad KX = X$$

Problem from STAT5030

1. Consider the model

$$y_{ij} = \mu + \tau_i + \epsilon_{ij}, \quad i = 1, 2, 3, 4, \quad j = 1, 2, 3, 4,$$

where ϵ_{ij} are independently distributed as $N(0, \sigma^2)$.

(a) Let $\beta = (\mu, \tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3, \tau_4)'$. Find a set of 4 linearly independent estimable functions of β .

(b) Derive a test to test the null hypothesis $H_0: \tau_1 - \tau_2 = \tau_3 - \tau_4$.

(c) Is $\tau_1 + 2\tau_2$ estimable? Why?

(a) Let $A_{m \times m}$ and $B_{n \times n}$ be two nonsingular matrices. Further, assume that the matrices U and V are $m \times n$ and $n \times m$ respectively. Prove that

$$(A + UB V)^{-1} = (A^{-1} - A^{-1}UB(B + BVA^{-1}UB)^{-1}BVA^{-1})$$

左右直接相等

(A + UB V)

(b) Consider a regression model,

$$Y = X\beta + \epsilon,$$

where X , $n \times p$, is full column rank. $Y = (Y_1, \dots, Y_n)'$. Further, assume that $\text{Var}(\epsilon) = \sigma^2 I$. Let e_i be the i th residual and h_i be the i th diagonal element of the hat matrix. Let $\hat{\beta}$ and $\hat{\beta}_{(i)}$ be the least squares estimate of β with and without the i th case included in the data respectively.

i. Show that

$$(X'_{(i)}X_{(i)})^{-1} = (X'X)^{-1} + \frac{(X'X)^{-1}x_i x_i'(X'X)^{-1}}{1 - h_i},$$

where $X_{(i)}$ denotes the regression matrix with the i th row (x_i') deleted. (Hint:

$$X'X = X'_{(i)}X_{(i)} + x_i x_i')$$

$$X' = \begin{pmatrix} x_1' \\ \vdots \\ x_{i-1}' \\ x_{i+1}' \\ \vdots \\ x_n' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1' \\ \vdots \\ x_{i-1}' \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ x_n' \end{pmatrix}$$

ii. Prove that

$$\hat{\beta} - \hat{\beta}_{(i)} = \frac{(X'X)^{-1}x_i e_i}{1 - h_i}.$$

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