# HW9

# 注意!

- 這一次的作業要讓大家練習使用遞迴
- 我們這邊的改作業的時候會判斷是否有使用 recursive,請同學不要改掉已經寫好的 function 名稱以及格式,否則會導致該題0分!
- 這次的作業網路上都找得到答案,同學當然可以參考網路上的 code,但希望同學看完code之後可以寫一份自己的答案
- 若有跟別人一模一樣的code一樣算作弊該題0分!

# hw9a

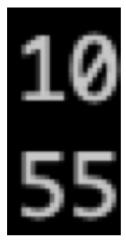
Please implement **sum 1~N by using recursive**. You can assume the result of the sum won't overflow.

### Input:

Positive integer N

### Output:

1+2+3+...+N



# hw9b

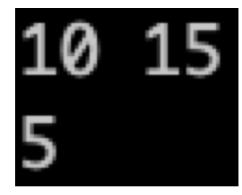
Please find **GCD** (最大公因數) of two positive integers by using recursive.

### Input:

Two *integers* 

### Output:

GCD of the integers you've entered



# hw9c

Please implement Binary search by using recursive.

#### Input:

The first input is the length of your sequence, assume it is smaller than 100. Then enter a non-identical-integer sequence. Finally, enter an integer you are looking for.

#### **Output:**

Print the index (ascending order) of the number if it is in the sequence. Otherwise, print -1.

#### Index starts from 0!

#### Hint:

If you don't know what Binary search is, the following link has explicit explanation: https://blog.techbridge.cc/2016/09/24/binary-search-introduction/

# hw9d

Please implement Hanoi Tower by using recursive.

### Input:

The number of disks, you can assume it is a positive integer

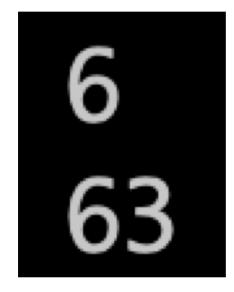
### **Output:**

How many times you have moved the disks

### Hint:

Algorithm of Hanoi Tower:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5\_6nsViVM00



## hw9e

Please implement **Permutation** by using recursive.

#### Input:

A sequence of *char*, you can assume there are no identical letters. The length of input sequence is <= 9.

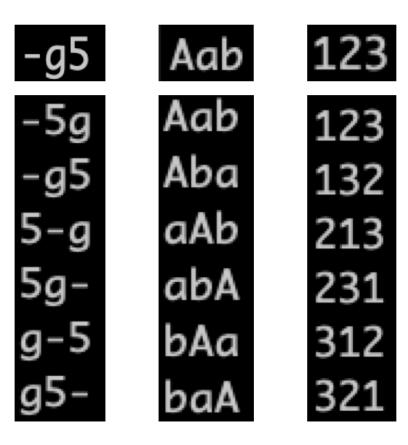
### Output:

Every result after permutation. Please output the result in lexicographical order. (compare them in ACSII code)

#### Hint:

Algorithm of permutation

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nYFd7VHKyWQ



# hw9f

Please implement N Queen Problem (Click me for definition) by using recursive.

### Input:

A *positive integer*: **N**, you can assume N<=14

Which represents: N Queens on a N\*N chessboard



### **Output:**

Number of distinct solutions you can place N queens on a N\*N chessboard

### Hint:

Timeout is 30 sec, it is fine if your code is not so efficient.