BSCS_F19_M_63

Assignment on;

- Value Conflict
- Theory of Ethic

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Personal Choice Involving Value Conflict: A Job Application

One of the most difficult decisions I ever had to make was when I applied for a job that I really wanted. I had to, either exaggerate my qualifications on my resume or be honest about them.

The first option might increase my chances of getting hired, but would compromise my **integrity** and **honesty**. These are values that I hold very dear and that guide my actions in life. Lying on my resume would mean **betraying** myself and **disrespecting** the employer.

The second option might reduce my chances of getting hired, but would uphold my integrity and honesty. These are values that I respect and admire in others, and that make me feel good about myself. Being honest on my resume would mean being true to myself and honoring the employer.

I felt tempted to lie on my resume because I really needed the job and wanted to impress the employer. However, I also felt guilty and uneasy about lying because it went against my moral principles. I decided to be honest on my resume because I valued integrity more than success and believed that lying would eventually backfire on me.

The consequence of my decision was that I did not get hired for that job but felt proud of myself for being truthful. My decision reinforced my values and identity as an honest person who does not cheat or deceive others.

Deontology vs Consequentialism: A School Exam

One of the most difficult decisions I ever had to make was when my little brother had an exam and I had a holiday. He was in his 1st class, and we were both in the same school, but in different classes. He always went to school with me and wouldn't go if I wouldn't.

I had two options: either tell him the **truth** that I was not going to school, or **lie** to him that I would sit outside the school until his exam was over.

The first option might be more aligned with **deontology** because it would respect my **honesty** and **integrity**. These are values that I consider important and that guide my actions in life. Telling the truth would mean being **faithful** to myself and my brother.

The second option might be more aligned with **consequentialism** because it would produce more **good** for my brother. The only thing that mattered morally was his **education** and **success**. Lying to him would mean **helping** him achieve his goals.

I felt conflicted about both options because I wanted to be honest with my brother but also wanted him to do well in his exam. I decided to lie to him that I would sit outside the school until his exam was over because I valued his education more than my honesty.

The **consequence** of my decision was that he went to school and did well in his exam, but also found out later that I lied to him. My decision challenged my moral values and identity as an honest person who does not deceive others.

This experience taught me that deontology and consequentialism are not always easy to reconcile and can have different implications for our lives. It also taught me that lying is sometimes justified, but it can also damage trust and relationships.