# Assignment: Multi-Label Classification with PyTorch Optimizer Comparison

Course: Scalable Data Mining (CS60001)

### Dataset Description: Amazon-670K (TF-IDF Format)

#### Dataset Available here: Google Drive Link

You will be working with a large-scale multi-label text classification dataset derived from the Amazon-670K corpus. The dataset has been preprocessed into a sparse TF-IDF format and is provided in LibSVM format.

• Number of Classes: 670,091

• Number of Training Samples: 490,449

• Number of Test Samples: 153,025

• Number of Features: 135,909

#### **Preprocessing Summary**

- Raw texts are a concatenation of title and content.
- TF-IDF features are computed using sklearn's TfidfVectorizer, with:
  - vocabulary: Predefined from the dataset
  - stop\_words='english': To remove common uninformative words
  - strip\_accents='unicode': For NFKD normalization
- Format: LibSVM, with label indices separated by commas and features in index:value format.
- All instances are normalized to unit length.

### **Assignment Instructions**

Your task is to implement and evaluate a multi-label classifier in PyTorch using a linear model trained under different optimization strategies. Ensure that your code is optimized to run on machines with 8–16GB RAM. Use batch-wise processing and avoid loading the entire dataset into memory.

#### PyTorch Implementation and Optimizer Evaluation (100 Marks)

**Objective:** Implement a multi-label classifier using PyTorch and evaluate three different optimizers across varying learning rates using appropriate loss.

- a. Build a custom PyTorch Dataset class to read LibSVM-format data and load it in mini-batches.
- b. Define a simple model:

Input dimension: 135,909Output dimension: 670,091

c. Use appropriate loss function

- d. Train your model using the following optimizer configurations:
  - 1. SGD (no momentum)

Learning rates: 0.1, 0.01, 0.001

2. SGD with Momentum and Nesterov Acceleration

Learning rates: 0.1, 0.01, 0.001 Momentum: 0.9, nesterov=True

3. Adadelta Optimizer

Learning rates: 0.1, 0.01, 0.001

- e. For each configuration, record:
  - Training loss per epoch
  - Test set evaluation using multi-label metrics:
    - Precision
    - Recall
    - F1-score
- f. Visualize and compare:
  - Plot training loss vs. epochs for each optimizer + learning rate.
  - Report metric scores in a tabular format.
- g. Analyze:

- Which optimizer performed best and why?
- How did learning rate affect convergence and final performance?

## Evaluation Criteria (Total 100 Marks)

• Data loading and custom Dataset class	15
• Model architecture and loss function setup	15
• Implementation of all optimizers and learning rate configurations	30
• Metric evaluation and result visualization	20
• Analysis and clarity of findings	20

#### **Deliverables**

- 1. Python code (Preferably Jupyter Notebook) for the PyTorch model and training loop.
- 2. Plots of training loss and performance metrics for each optimizer.
- 3. A very brief written comparison of the optimizers and learning rate behavior in the Jupyter Notebook.

### **Submission**

Submit your code on CSE Moodle with name "Assgn1 < yourrollno > .zip". Ensure that all code executes within the memory constraints of a standard 8–16GB RAM machine.