

Intro to networking

Core essentials of networking

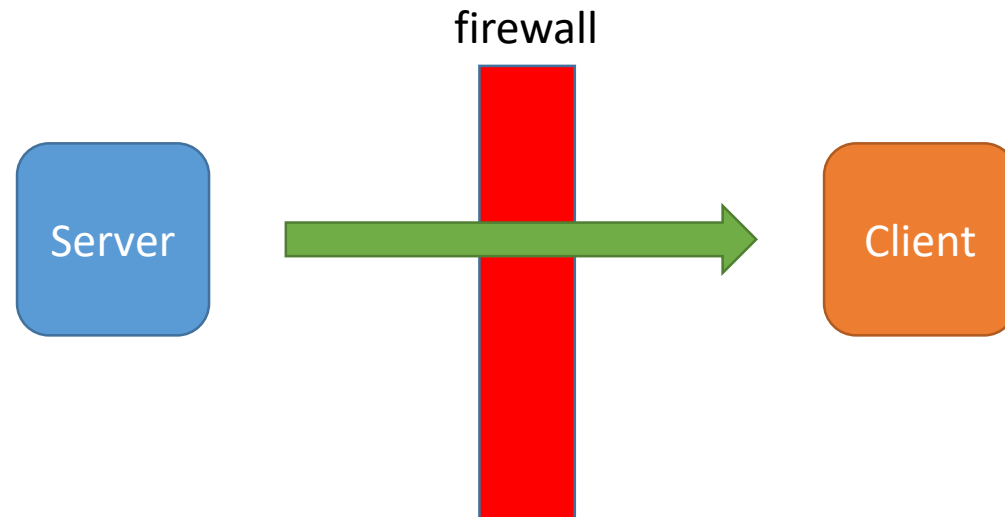
Simple network program

- Consists of 2 parts:
- A server and a client
- The server program must be started first and waits, or, listens for the client program to connect



Reverse Connection RATs

- It is also possible to have the server connect to the client as in the case of Reverse-Connection-RATs
- Reverse RATs are used to bypass firewall or router limitations



Location of Server and Client

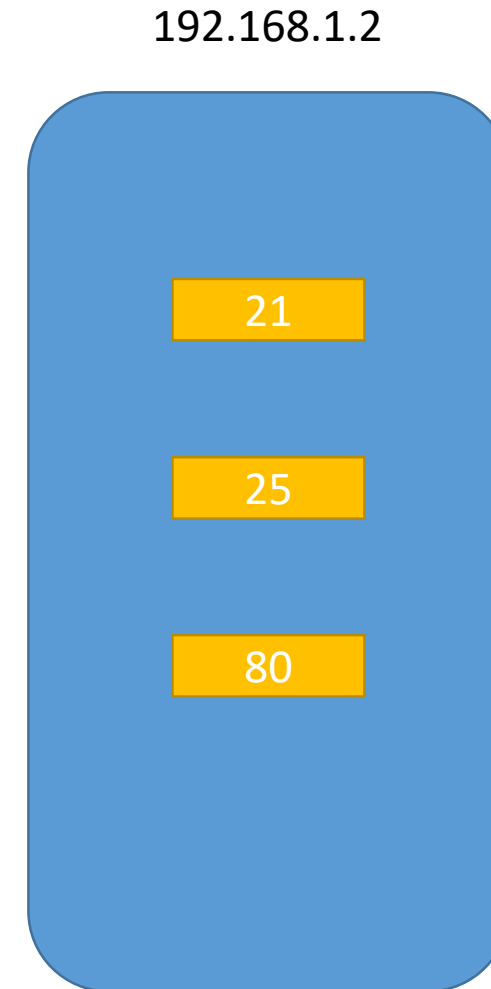
- Usually the server program resides on one computer whilst the client resides on another
- Both can be on the same Local Area Network (LAN), or ,on the Internet
- Also, both can also reside on the same computer, for testing purposes

Remotely executing commands

- After server and client has established a connection, client will send a command to the server.
- Upon receiving the command, the server will execute it.
- Example commands: display message 'Hello world', beep, shutdown, reboot, activate hardware, create files, delete files, run programs, etc...
- Any commands that could ordinarily be executed by a user sitting in front of a computer.

IP Addresses vs Port Numbers

- IP (Internet Protocol) Address is the address of the house
- Port numbers are the people who live in the house
- IP address is the address of the computer
- Port numbers are the server processes running in the computer
- There can be more than one server process running on a single computer.
- Therefore, for each IP address, there can be more than 1 port number.



Local Area Network (LAN) vs Internet

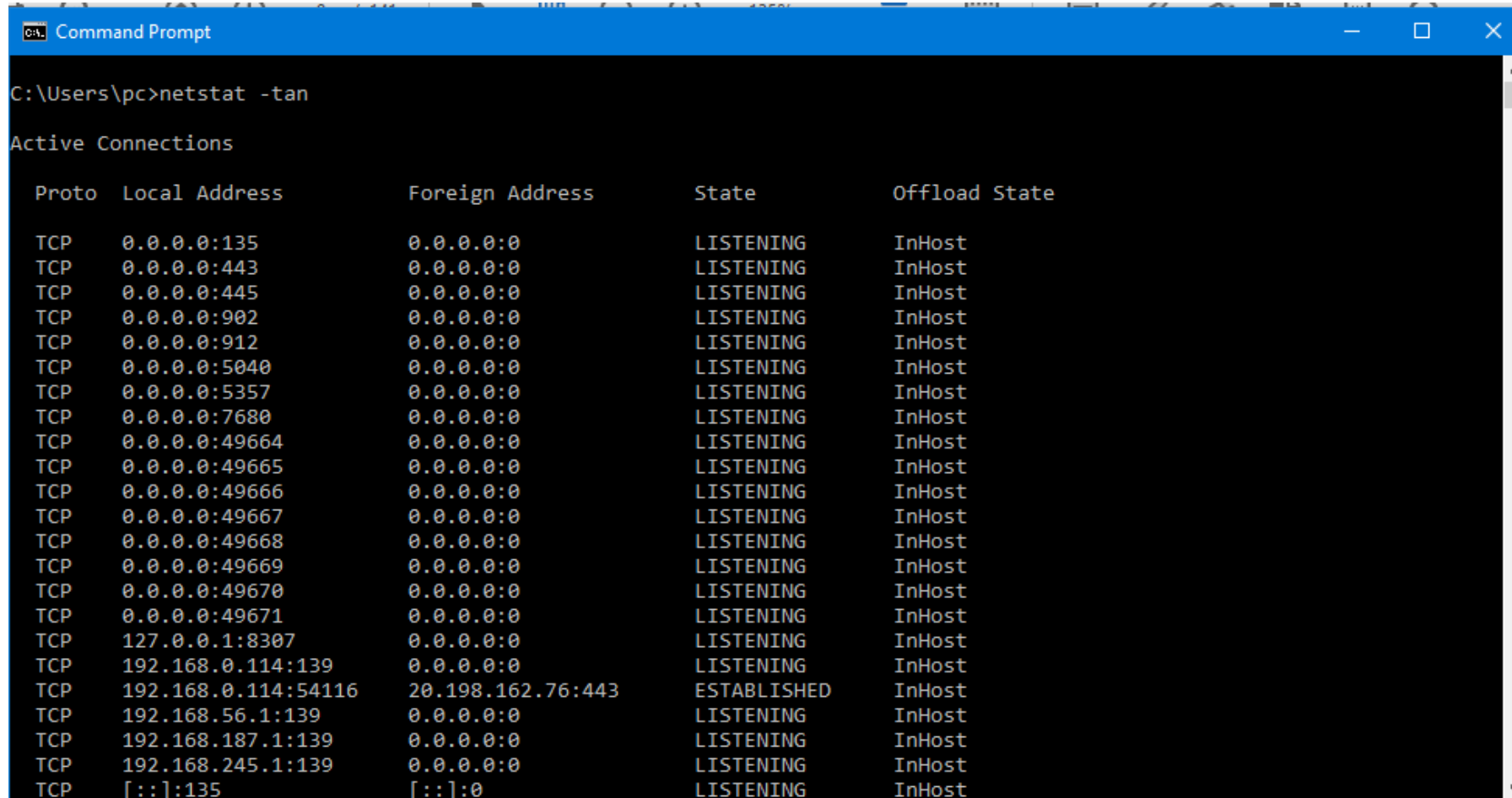
- IP addresses eg, 192.168.x.1 to 192.168.x.254 are reserved for LAN use. The x refers to numbers from 1 to 255.
- 127.0.0.1 is also known as the loopback address. It refers to the local computer.
- For the Internet, the IP addresses are assigned by your Internet Service Provider (ISP) when a user connects to the Internet with a modem
- Therefore a computer can have multiple IP addresses

Port numbers aka sockets

- Range from 1 to 65536
- But, 1 to 1024 are reserved for special use, eg, 21 is FTP, 23 is telnet server, 25 is SMTP, 80 is HTTP (Web Server)
- Any number above 1024, we can use for writing network programs.

Checking IP and port numbers

- To see the IP addresses and port numbers, open a cmd prompt, and issue the following command:
- C:\netstat -tan
- You should see something like this:



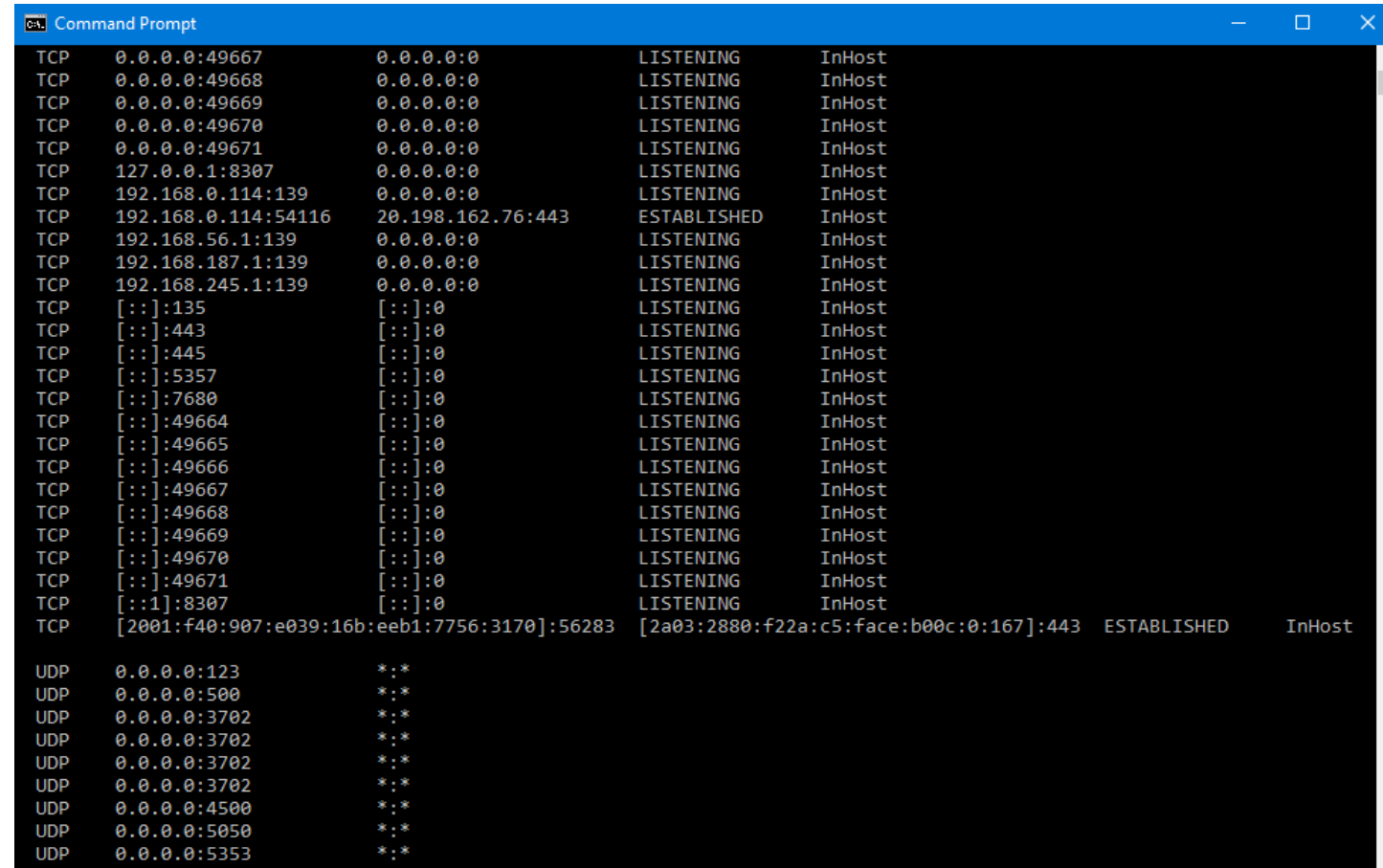
```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\pc>netstat -tan

Active Connections

Proto Local Address           Foreign Address         State       Offload State
TCP   0.0.0.0:135              0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:443              0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:445              0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:902              0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:912              0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:5040             0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:5357             0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:7680             0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49664            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49665            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49666            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49667            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49668            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49669            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49670            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   0.0.0.0:49671            0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   127.0.0.1:8307           0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   192.168.0.114:139        0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   192.168.0.114:54116      20.198.162.76:443       ESTABLISHED InHost
TCP   192.168.56.1:139         0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   192.168.187.1:139        0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   192.168.245.1:139        0.0.0.0:0               LISTENING   InHost
TCP   [::]:135                 [::]:0                  LISTENING   InHost
```

TCP vs UDP

- TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) is a protocol used to establish connections with other computer on the Internet
- When a client wants to talk to the server, it will follow the protocol of TCP to try to establish a connection first.
- If a connection is established successfully, then the client and server can talk

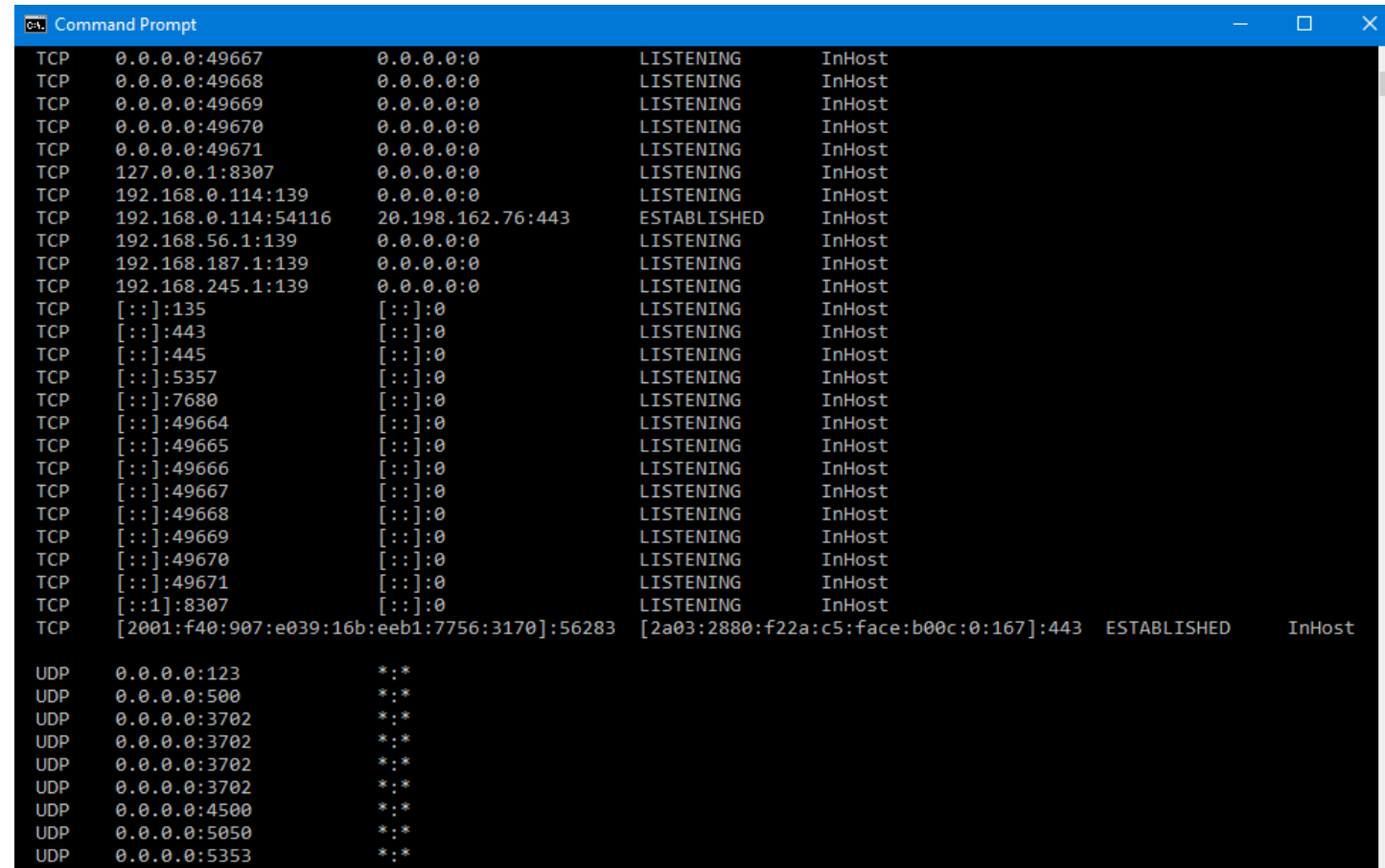


Command Prompt

TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49669	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49670	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49671	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	127.0.0.1:8307	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:54116	20.198.162.76:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
TCP	192.168.56.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.187.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.245.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:135	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:443	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:445	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:5357	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:7680	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49664	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49665	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49666	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49667	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49668	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49669	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49670	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49671	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::1]:8307	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[2001:f40:907:e039:16b:eeb1:7756:3170]:56283	[2a03:2880:f22a:c5:face:b00c:0:167]:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
UDP	0.0.0.0:123	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:4500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5050	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5353	*:*		

TCP vs UDP (2)

- UDP (User Datagram Protocol) is another protocol used for communication on the Internet.
- But unlike TCP, the client need not establish a connection with the server. The client just sends the message.
- If the server was not listening, then the message is lost

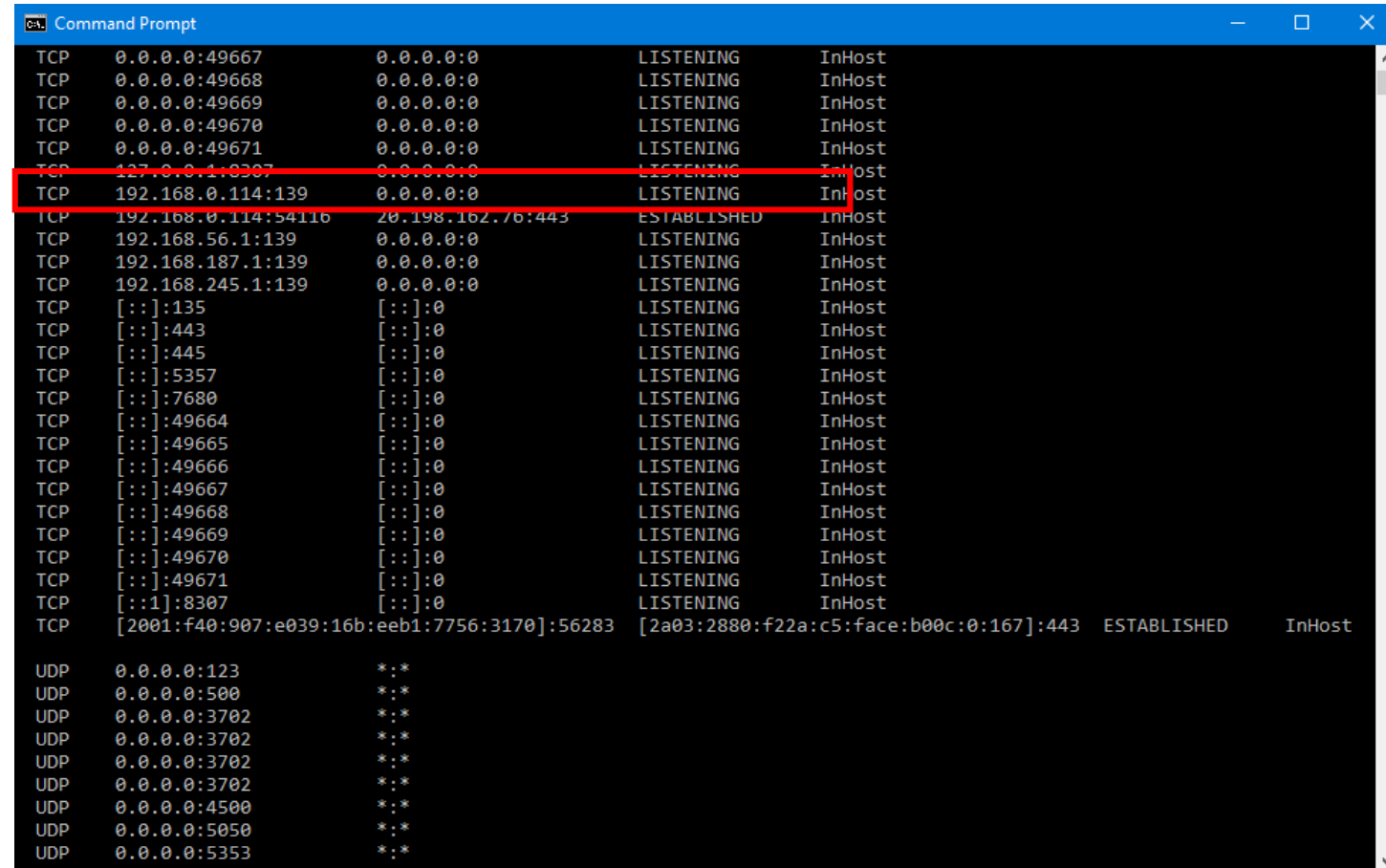


A screenshot of a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Command Prompt". It displays the output of the `netstat` command, showing the status of network connections. The output is organized into two sections: TCP connections and UDP connections. Each entry includes the protocol, local address and port, foreign address and port, the state of the connection, and the owning process name.

Protocol	Local Address	Foreign Address	State	Process
TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49669	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49670	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49671	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	127.0.0.1:8307	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:54116	20.198.162.76:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
TCP	192.168.56.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.187.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.245.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::135	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::443	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::445	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::5357	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::7680	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49664	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49665	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49666	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49667	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49668	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49669	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49670	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::49671	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	:::1:8307	:::0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[2001:f40:907:e039:16b:eeb1:7756:3170]:56283	[2a03:2880:f22a:c5:face:b00c:0:167]:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
UDP	0.0.0.0:123	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:4500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5050	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5353	*:*		

TCP/IP Protocol

- Both TCP and UDP belongs to the TCP/IP protocol.
- Note that the IP address is followed by the Port number and separated by a colon (:)
- 192.168.0.114:139
- In the above case, 192.168.0.114 is the IP address and port 139 is the NetBios port – used for windows networking

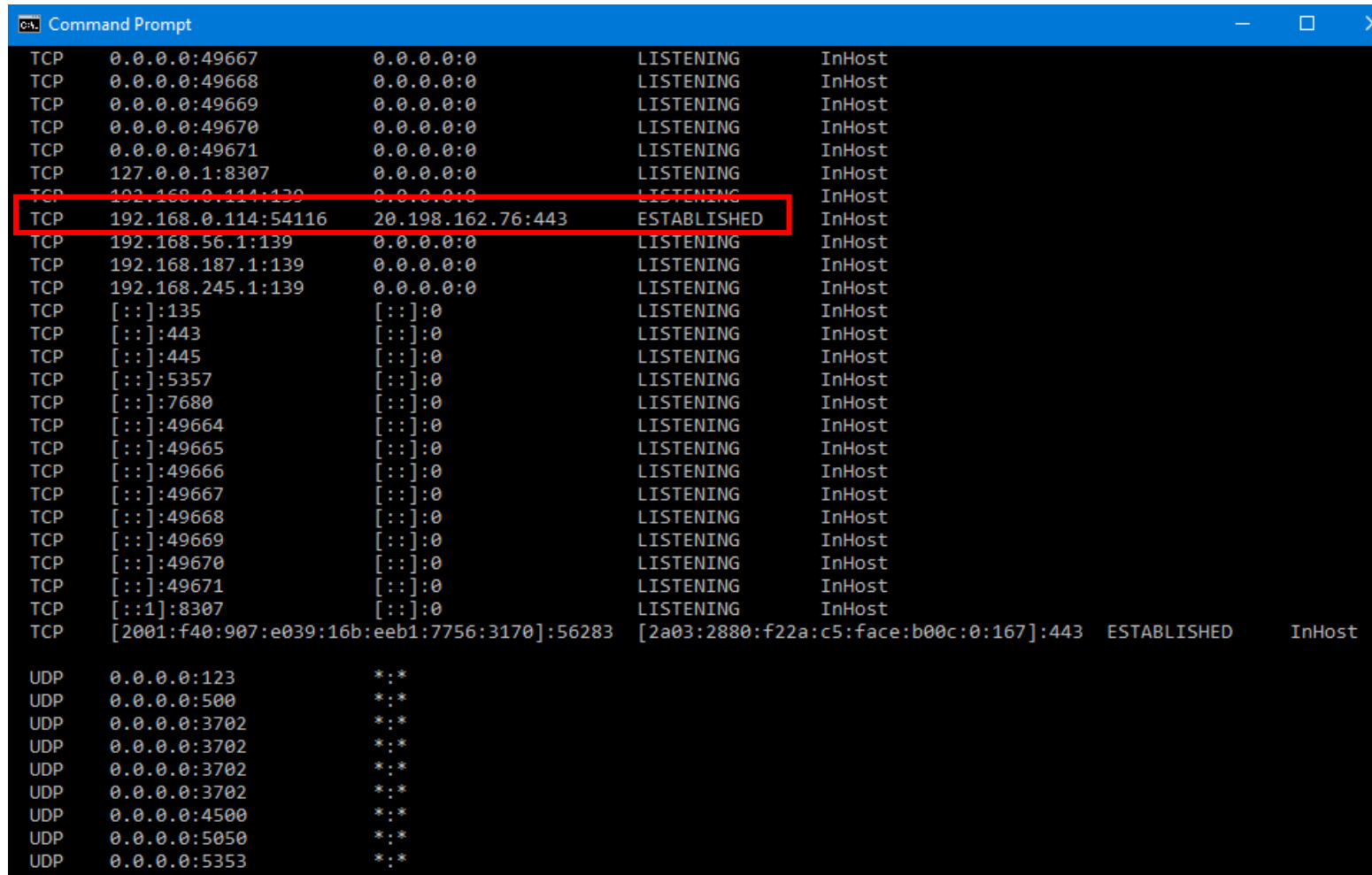


Command Prompt

TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49669	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49670	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49671	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	127.0.0.1:8307	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:54116	20.198.162.76:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
TCP	192.168.56.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.187.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.245.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:135	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:443	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:445	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:5357	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:7680	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49664	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49665	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49666	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49667	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49668	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49669	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49670	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49671	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::1]:8307	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[2001:f40:907:e039:16b:eeb1:7756:3170]:56283	[2a03:2880:f22a:c5:face:b00c:0:167]:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
UDP	0.0.0.0:123	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:4500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5050	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5353	*:*		

The need for client port numbers

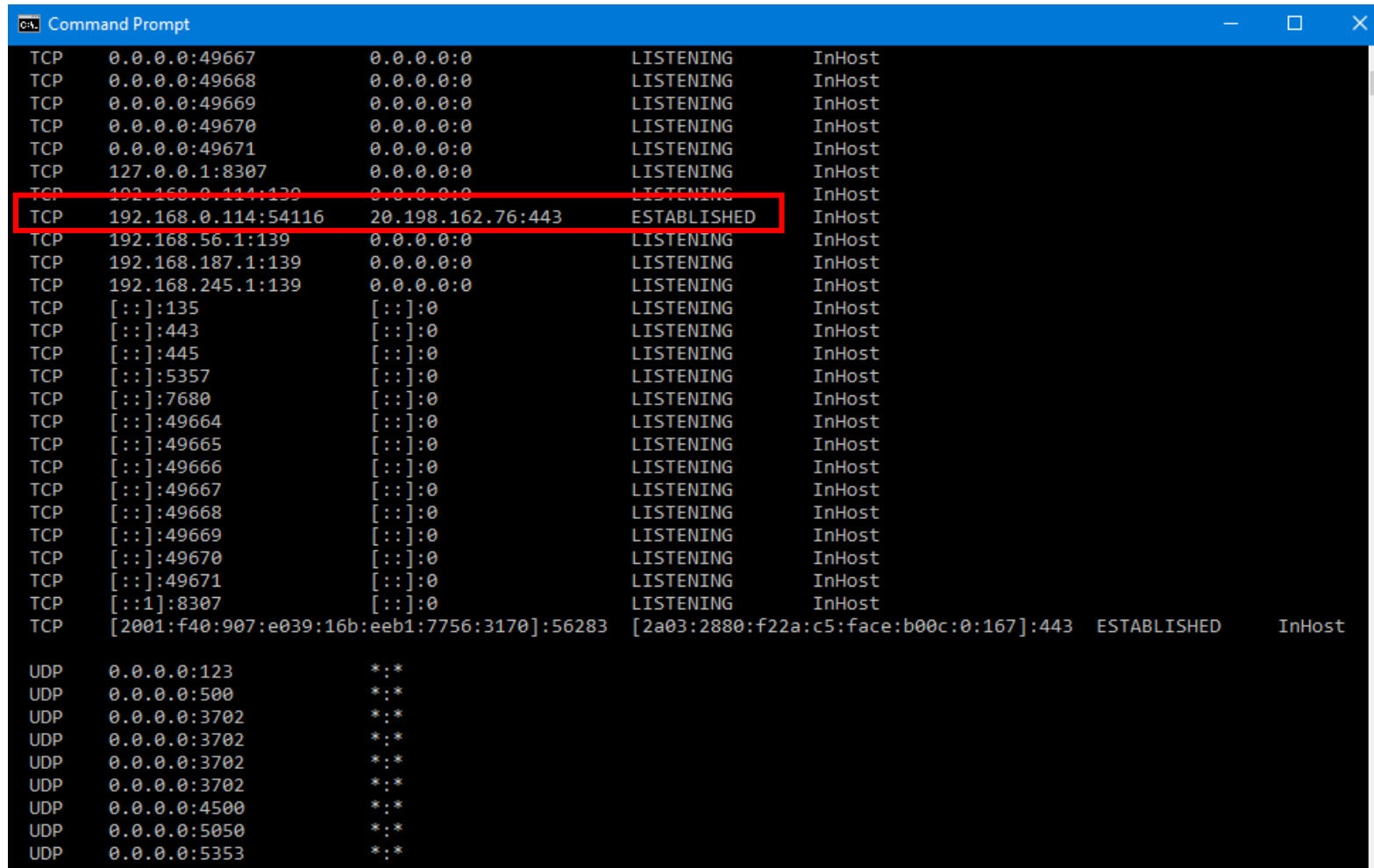
- Note that clients also need port numbers and IP addresses.
- Consider the connection outlined in red below:



TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49669	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49670	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49671	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	127.0.0.1:8307	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:54116	20.198.162.76:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
TCP	192.168.56.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.187.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.245.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:135	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:443	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:445	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:5357	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:7680	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49664	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49665	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49666	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49667	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49668	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49669	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49670	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49671	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::1]:8307	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[2001:f40:907:e039:16b:eeb1:7756:3170]:56283	[2a03:2880:f22a:c5:face:b00c:0:167]:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
UDP	0.0.0.0:123	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:4500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5050	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5353	*:*		

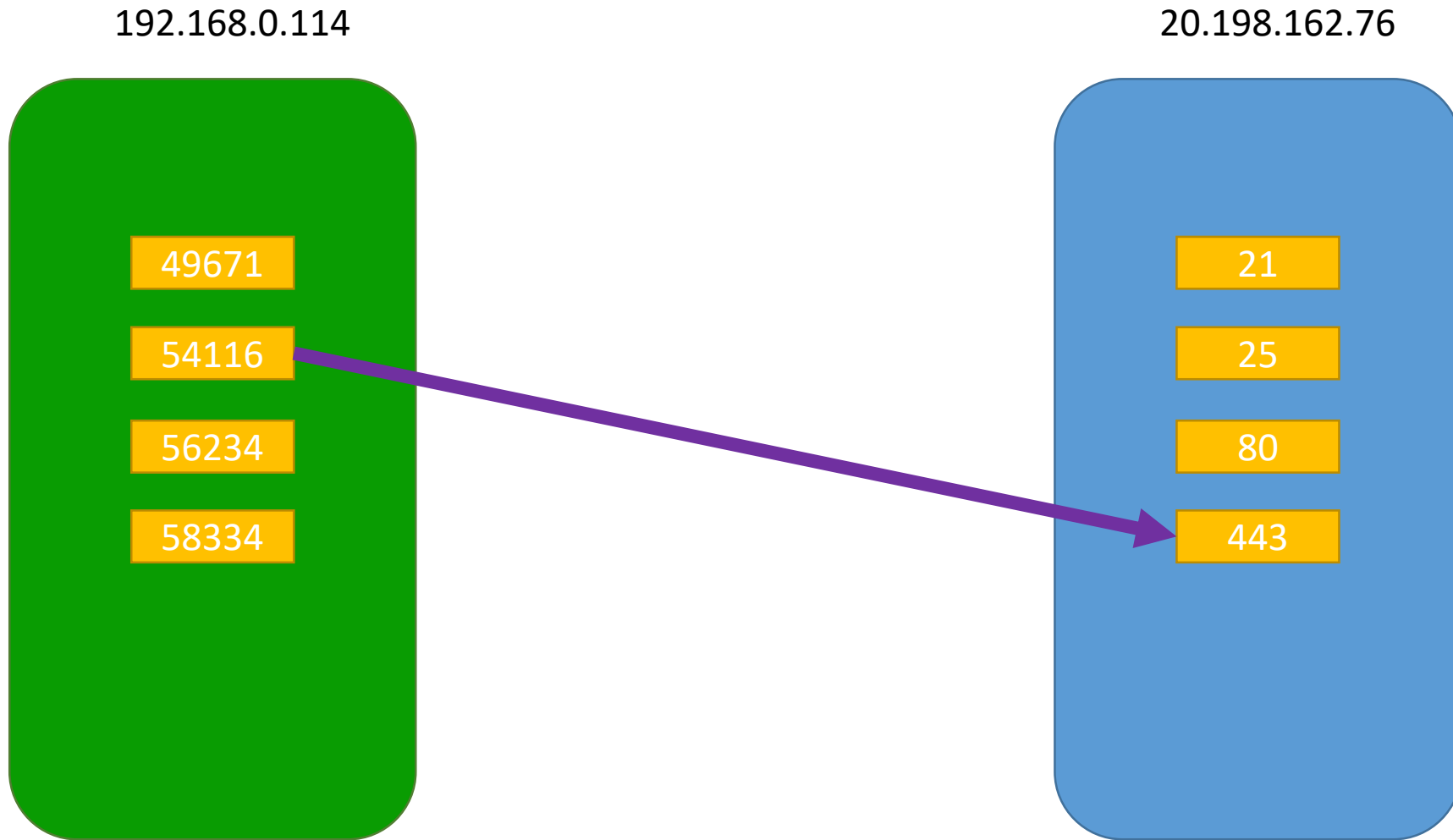
The need for client port numbers

- The local computer with IP address 192.168.0.114 is using port 54116 to connect to port 443 at the remote IP address 20.198.162.76



Protocol	Local Address	Foreign Address	State	Interface
TCP	0.0.0.0:49667	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49668	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49669	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49670	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	0.0.0.0:49671	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	127.0.0.1:8307	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.0.114:54116	20.198.162.76:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
TCP	192.168.56.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.187.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	192.168.245.1:139	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:135	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:443	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:445	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:5357	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:7680	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49664	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49665	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49666	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49667	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49668	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49669	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49670	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::]:49671	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[::1]:8307	[::]:0	LISTENING	InHost
TCP	[2001:f40:907:e039:16b:eeb1:7756:3170]:56283	[2a03:2880:f22a:c5:face:b00c:0:167]:443	ESTABLISHED	InHost
UDP	0.0.0.0:123	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:4500	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5050	*:*		
UDP	0.0.0.0:5353	*:*		

IP Addresses vs Port Numbers



Thank you