

assignment-6-vscode

October 13, 2024

1 Imports

```
[76]: from math import sqrt
      from collections import Counter
```

2 Utilities

```
[77]: # euclidian distance
      def distance(point_1, point_2):
          return sqrt((point_1[0] - point_2[0])**2 + (point_1[1] - point_2[1])**2)
```

```
[78]: def knn_classify(k, training_points, training_classifications, point):
      # tuple = (euc_distance, class)
      distances = [(distance(point, training_points[i]),
      ↪training_classifications[i]) for i in range(len(training_points))]
      distances.sort(key=lambda distance: distance[0]) # sort by first value in
      ↪tuple

      # get the k nearest points by splice
      k_nearest_points = distances[:k]
      k_nearest_labels = [label for points, label in k_nearest_points] # get the
      ↪lables, second value

      most_common = Counter(k_nearest_labels).most_common(1) # this lists the
      ↪n(param) most common ones, perfect for this
      return most_common[0][0]
```

```
[79]: # set training points to tuples: x, y
      training_points = [(4, 21), (5, 19), (10, 24), (4, 17), (3, 16), (11, 25), (14,
      ↪24), (8, 22), (10, 21), (12, 21)]

      # set class lables to y since used for classification
      training_classifications = [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1]
```

3 Test

```
[80]: point_1 = (8, 21)
      point_2 = (14, 25)
      point_3 = (11, 22)
      point_4 = (5, 20)

      test_1 = knn_classify(1, training_points, training_classifications, point_1)
      test_2 = knn_classify(1, training_points, training_classifications, point_2)
      test_3 = knn_classify(4, training_points, training_classifications, point_3)
      test_4 = knn_classify(4, training_points, training_classifications, point_4)

      print(f"point (8, 21) classification, should be 0: {test_1}")
      print(f"point (14, 25) classification, should be 1: {test_2}")
      print(f"point (8, 21) classification, should be 1: {test_3}")
      print(f"point (14, 25) classification, should be 0: {test_4}")
```

```
point (8, 21) classification, should be 0: 0
point (14, 25) classification, should be 1: 1
point (8, 21) classification, should be 1: 1
point (14, 25) classification, should be 0: 0
```

References:

<https://machinelearningmastery.com/tutorial-to-implement-k-nearest-neighbors-in-python-from-scratch/>