

Protocol Audit Report

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Onma.io

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Table of Contents

- Table of Contents
- Protocol Summary
- Disclaimer
- Risk Classification
- Audit Details
 - Scope
 - Commit Hash
 - Roles
- Executive Summary
- Findings
- High
 - [H-1] Storing the password onchain makes it visible to anyone, and no longer private
 - [H-2] PasswordStore::setPassword has no access controls, meaning a non-owner could change the password
- Informational
 - [I-1] The PasswordStore::getPassword natspec indicates a parameter that doesn't exist, causing the natspec to be incorrect

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Protocol Summary

A smart contract application for storing a password. Users should be able to store a password and then retrieve it later. Others should not be able to access the password.

Disclaimer

The Onma Audit team makes all effort to find as many vulnerabilities in the code in the given time period, but holds no responsibilities for the findings provided in this document. A security audit by the team is not an endorsement of the underlying business or product. The audit was time-boxed and the review of the code was solely on the security aspects of the Solidity implementation of the contracts.

Risk Classification

Severity	Number of Issues Found
High	2
Informational	1
Total	3

We use the CodeHawks severity matrix to determine severity. See the documentation for more details.

Audit Details

Scope

./src/ *- PasswordStore.sol

Commit Hash

7d55682ddc4301a7b13ae9413095feffd9924566

Roles

• Owner: The owner of the contract.

• Users: The users of the contract

Executive Summary

The contract allows users to store a password and then retrieve it later.

Findings

High

[H-1] Storing the password onchain makes it visible to anyone, and no longer private

Description: All data stored on-chain is visible to anyone, and can be read directly from the blockchain. The PasswordStore::s_password variable is intended to be a private variable and only accessed through the PasswordStore::getPassword function, which is intended to be only called by the owner of the contract.

We show one such method of reading any data off chain below.

Impact: Anyone can read the private password, severely breaking the functionality of the protocol.

Proof of Concept: (Proof of Code)

The below test case shows how anyone can read the password directly from the blockchain.

1. Create a locally running chain

```
1 make anvil
```

- 2. Deploy the contract to the chain make deploy
- 3. Run the storage tool We use 1 because that's the storage slot of s_password in the contract.

```
1 cast storage <ADDRESS_HERE> 1 --rpc-url http://127.0.0.1:8545
```

You can then parse that hex to a string with:

And get an output of:

```
1 myPassword
```

Recommended Mitigation: Due to this, the overall architecture of the contract should be rethought. One could encrypt the password off-chain, and then store the encrypted password on-chain. This would require the user to remember another password off-chain to decrypt the password. However, you'd also likely want to remove the view function as you wouldn't want the user to accidentally send a transaction with the password that decrypts your password.

[H-2] PasswordStore::setPassword has no access controls, meaning a non-owner could change the password

Description: The PasswordStore::setPassword function is set to be an external function, however, the natspec of the function and overall purpose of the smart contract is that This function allows only the owner to set a **new** password.

```
function setPassword(string memory newPassword) external {
    // @audit - There are no access controls
    s_password = newPassword;
    emit SetNetPassword();
}
```

Impact: Anyone can set/change the password of the contract, severely breaking the contract intended functionality.

Proof of Concept: Add the following to the PasswordStore.t.sol test file.

Code

```
1 function test_anyone_can_set_password(address randomAddress) public {
          vm.assume(randomAddress != owner);
          vm.prank(randomAddress);
3
          string memory expectedPassword = "myNewPassword";
4
5
           passwordStore.setPassword(expectedPassword);
6
7
          vm.prank(owner);
8
          string memory actualPassword = passwordStore.getPassword();
9
           assertEq(actualPassword, expectedPassword);
      }
```

Recommended Mitigation: Add an access control conditional to the setPassword function.

```
1 if(msg.sender != s_owner){
2  revert PasswordStore_NotOwner();
3 }
```

Informational

[I-1] The PasswordStore: : getPassword natspec indicates a parameter that doesn't exist, causing the natspec to be incorrect

Description:

```
1 /*
2  * @notice This allows only the owner to retrieve the password.
3  // @audit there is no newPassword parameter!
4  * @param newPassword The new password to set.
5  */
6  function getPassword() external view returns (string memory) {
```

The PasswordStore: :getPassword function signature is getPassword() while the natspec says it should be getPassword(string).

Impact: The natspec is incorrect.

Recommended Mitigation: Remove the incorrect natspec line.

```
1 - * @param newPassword The new password to set.
```