

Part I

We can model this system with the tuple $S = (Q, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, q_0, \vee, \wedge)$, where:

$$Q = \{ \text{dormant}, \text{exit}, \text{init}, \text{idle}, \text{monitoring}, \text{error_diagnosis}, \text{safe_shutdown} \}$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \{ \text{kill}, \text{start}, \text{init_ok}, \text{begin_monitoring}, \text{init_crash}, \text{retry_init}, \text{shutdown}, \text{sleep}, \text{idle_crash}, \text{idle_rescue}, \text{moni_rescue} \}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = \{ \text{retry}++, \text{broadcast init_err_msg}, \text{broadcast idle_err_msg}, \text{broadcast moni_err_msg} \}$$

$$q_0 = \text{dormant}$$

$$\vee : \text{retry} : \mathbb{N}_0 ; \text{init_err_msg} : \text{string} ; \text{idle_err_msg} : \text{string} ; \text{moni_err_msg} : \text{string}$$

$$\wedge : \text{transition specification} :$$

1. $\longrightarrow dormant$
2. $dormant \xrightarrow{kill} exit$
3. $dormant \xrightarrow{start} init$
4. $init \xrightarrow{kill} exit$
5. $init \xrightarrow{init_ok} idle$
6. $idle \xrightarrow{kill} exit$
7. $idle \xrightarrow{begin_monitoring} monitoring$
8. $init \xrightarrow{init_crash/broadcast\ init_err_msg} error_diagnosis$
9. $error_diagnosis \xrightarrow{retry_init[retry<3]/\ retry++} init$
10. $error_diagnosis \xrightarrow{kill} exit$
11. $error_diagnosis \xrightarrow{shutdown[retry>2]} safe_shutdown$
12. $safe_shutdown \xrightarrow{kill} exit$
13. $safe_shutdown \xrightarrow{sleep} dormant$
14. $idle \xrightarrow{idle_crash/broadcast\ idle_err_msg} error_diagnosis$
15. $error_diagnosis \xrightarrow{idle_rescue} idle$
16. $monitoring \xrightarrow{monitor_crash/broadcast\ moni_err_msg} error_diagnosis$
17. $error_diagnosis \xrightarrow{moni_rescue} monitoring$
18. $monitoring \xrightarrow{kill} exit$

Part II

As **init** is a composed state, we define it as the tuple $S = (Q, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, q_0, \vee, \wedge)$, where:

$$Q = \{ boot_hw, senchk, tchk, psichk, ready \}$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \{ hw_ok, senok, psi_ok, t_ok \}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = \{ \}$$

$$q_0 = boot_hw$$

$$\vee = \{ \}$$

\wedge : transition specification :

$$1. \longrightarrow boot_hw$$

$$2. boot_hw \xrightarrow{hw_ok} senchk$$

$$3. senchk \xrightarrow{senok} tchk$$

$$4. tchk \xrightarrow{t_ok} psichk$$

$$5. psichk \xrightarrow{psi_ok} ready$$

Part III

As **monitoring** is a composed state, we define it as the tuple $S = (Q, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, q_0, \vee, \wedge)$, where:

$$Q = \{ \text{monidle}, \text{regulate_enironment}, \text{lockdown} \}$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \{ \text{no_contagion}, \text{after_100ms}, \text{contagion_alert}, \text{purge_succ} \}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = \{ \text{broadcast FACILITY_CRIT_MESG} \}$$

$$q_0 = \text{monidle}$$

$$\vee : \text{FACILITY_CRIT_MESG} : \text{string} ; \text{inlockdown} : \text{Boolean}$$

$$\wedge : \text{transition specification} :$$

$$1. \longrightarrow \text{monidle}$$

$$2. \text{monidle} \xrightarrow{\text{no_contagion}} \text{regulate_environment}$$

$$3. \text{regulate_environment} \xrightarrow{\text{after_100ms}} \text{monidle}$$

$$4. \text{regulate_environment} \xrightarrow{\text{contagion_alert} / \text{broadcast FACILITY_CRIT_MESG}, \text{inlockdown}:=\text{true}} \text{lockdown}$$

$$5. \text{lockdown} \xrightarrow{\text{purge_succ} / \text{inlockdown}:=\text{false}} \text{monidle}$$

super :

$$6. \text{monitoring} \xrightarrow{\text{monitor_crash} [\text{inlockdown}] / \text{broadcast moni_err_msg}} \text{error_diagnosis}$$

$$7. \text{monitoring} \xrightarrow{\text{kill} [\text{inlockdown}]} \text{exit}$$

Part IV

As **lockdown** is a composed state, we define it as the tuple $S = (Q, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, q_0, \vee, \wedge)$, where

$$Q = \{ \text{prep_vpurge}, \text{alt_temp}, \text{alt_psi}, \text{risk_assess}, \text{safe_status}, \text{exit} \}$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \{ \text{initiate_purge}, \text{tcyc_comp}, \text{psicyc_comp} \}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = \{ \text{lock_doors}, \text{unlock_doors} \}$$

$$q_0 = \text{prep_vpurge}$$

$$\vee : \text{risk} : \{ \text{risk} \in \mathbb{Q} \mid 0 \leq \text{risk} \leq 1 \}$$

\wedge : transition specification :

$$1. \longrightarrow \text{prep_vpurge}$$

$$2. \text{prep_vpurge} \xrightarrow{\text{initiate_purge/lock_doors}} \text{alt_temp}$$

$$3. \text{prep_vpurge} \xrightarrow{\text{initiate_purge/lock_doors}} \text{alt_psi}$$

$$4. \text{alt_temp} \xrightarrow{\text{tcyc_comp}} \text{risk_assess}$$

$$5. \text{alt_psi} \xrightarrow{\text{psicyc_comp}} \text{risk_assess}$$

$$6. \text{risk_assess} \xrightarrow{[\text{risk} > 0.01]} \text{prep_vpurge}$$

$$7. \text{risk_assess} \xrightarrow{[\text{risk} < 0.01]/\text{unlock_doors}} \text{safe_status}$$

$$8. \text{safe_status} \longrightarrow \text{exit}$$

Part V

As **error_diagnosis** is a composed state, we define it as the tuple $S = (Q, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, q_0, \vee, \wedge)$, where

$$Q = \{ \text{error_rcv}, \text{applicable_rescue}, \text{exit}, \text{reset_module_data} \}$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \{ \text{apply_protocol_issue}, \text{reset_to_stable} \}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = \{ \}$$

$$q_0 = \text{error_rcv}$$

$$\vee : \text{err_protocol_def} : \text{Boolean}$$

$$\wedge : \text{transition specification} :$$

$$1. \longrightarrow \text{error_rcv}$$

$$2. \text{error_rcv} \xrightarrow{[\text{err_protocol_def}]} \text{applicable_rescue}$$

$$3. \text{applicable_rescue} \xrightarrow{\text{apply_protocol_rescue}} \text{exit}$$

$$4. \text{error_rcv} \xrightarrow{[\neg \text{err_protocol_def}]} \text{reset_module_data}$$

$$5. \text{reset_module_data} \xrightarrow{\text{reset_to_stable}} \text{exit}$$