

* 867. Transpose matrix :-

2	4	-1
-10	5	11
18	-7	6



2	4	-1
-10	5	11
18	-7	6

→ This is for square matrix where the elements are swapped over the diagonal.

→ For a rectangular matrix, we will have to create a new matrix, traverse over the orig matrix & add to the new matrix.

* For square matrix :-

	0	1	2
0	2	4	-1
1	-10	5	11
2	18	-7	6

$$0^{\text{th}} \text{ row } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ col} \Leftrightarrow 1^{\text{st}} \text{ row } 0^{\text{th}} \text{ col}$$

$$0^{\text{th}} \text{ row } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ col} \Leftrightarrow 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ row } 0^{\text{th}} \text{ col}$$

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ row } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ col} \Leftrightarrow 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ row } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ col}$$

→ We have to do it only for the upper half otherwise we would be re-swapping.

```
for (let row = 0; row < n; row++) {  
  for (let col = row; col < n; col++) {  
    let temp = arr[row][col];  
    arr[row][col] = arr[col][row];  
    arr[col][row] = temp;  
  }  
}
```

* Rectangular matrix :-

→ We will have to create a new matrix for this.

	0	1	2	3
0	1	2	3	4
1	5	6	7	8
2	9	10	11	12

$m \times n$

	0	1	2
0	1	5	9
1	2	6	10
2	3	7	11
3	4	8	12

$n \times m$

→ Read row wise & insert column wise

```
public static int[][] transpose (int[][] arr) {  
    int totalRows = arr.length;  
    int totalCols = arr[0].length;  
    int[][] result = new int [totalCols] [totalRows];  
  
    for (int row = 0; row < totalRows; row++) {  
        for (int col = 0; col < totalCols; col++) {  
            result[col][row] = arr[row][col];  
        }  
    }  
  
    return result;  
}
```