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## D. Ehab and another xor problem

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

### This is an interactive problem!

Ehab plays a game with Laggy. Ehab has 2 hidden integers  $(a, b)$ . Laggy can ask a pair of integers  $(c, d)$  and Ehab will reply with:

- 1 if  $a \oplus c > b \oplus d$ .
- 0 if  $a \oplus c = b \oplus d$ .
- -1 if  $a \oplus c < b \oplus d$ .

Operation  $a \oplus b$  is the [bitwise-xor operation](#) of two numbers  $a$  and  $b$ .

Laggy should guess  $(a, b)$  with **at most 62 questions**. You'll play this game. You're Laggy and the interactor is Ehab.

It's guaranteed that  $0 \leq a, b < 2^{30}$ .

### Input

See the interaction section.

### Output

To print the answer, print "! a b" (without quotes). **Don't forget to flush the output after printing the answer.**

### Interaction

To ask a question, print "? c d" (without quotes). Both  $c$  and  $d$  must be non-negative integers less than  $2^{30}$ . **Don't forget to flush the output after printing any question.**

After each question, you should read the answer as mentioned in the legend. If the interactor replies with -2, that means you asked more than 62 queries and your program should terminate.

To flush the output, you can use:-

- `fflush(stdout)` in C++.
- `System.out.flush()` in Java.
- `stdout.flush()` in Python.
- `flush(output)` in Pascal.
- See the documentation for other languages.

### Hacking:

To hack someone, print the 2 space-separated integers  $a$  and  $b$  ( $0 \leq a, b < 2^{30}$ ).

### Example

input	Copy
1 -1 0	
output	Copy
? 2 1 ? 1 2 ? 2 0	

### Codeforces Round #525 (Div. 2)

Finished

### → Practice?

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Register for practice

### → Virtual participation

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Start virtual contest

### → Problem tags

bitmasks

constructive algorithms

No tag edit access

### → Contest materials

- Tutorial



**Note**

In the sample:

The hidden numbers are  $a = 3$  and  $b = 1$ .

In the first query:  $3 \oplus 2 = 1$  and  $1 \oplus 1 = 0$ , so the answer is 1.

In the second query:  $3 \oplus 1 = 2$  and  $1 \oplus 2 = 3$ , so the answer is -1.

In the third query:  $3 \oplus 2 = 1$  and  $1 \oplus 0 = 1$ , so the answer is 0.

Then, we printed the answer.

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