(25 °C). In ethanol 530, acetone 800 (both in g/l, 25 °C). Soluble in methanol, isopropyl ether, and petroleum ether. Sparingly soluble in toluene. Stability Slowly oxidised in air. Acidic in reaction, and forms salts with aqueous alkalis. **PKa** pK_1 7.6; pK_2 11.6.

COMMERCIALISATION

History Its activity against mildew on cotton fabrics described by P. B. Marsh & M. L. Butler (Ind. Eng. Chem., 1946, 38, 701). Introduced by Sindar Corp. and by BDH Ltd Patents US 2334408 Manufacturer Pan Britannica; Rhône-Poulenc.

APPLICATIONS

Mode of action Algicide, fungicide, and bactericide with contact action. Uses Control of moss, red thread, Fusarium patch, and dollar spot in turf; and of moss on paths, walls, roofs, and non-crop land. Fungicidal, bactericidal and algicidal protection of horticultural benches and equipment, textiles, etc. for control of moulds and algae. Also used as an anthelmintic. Formulation type EC; SL. Principal tradename 'Super Mosstox' (Rhône-Poulenc).

ANALYSIS

Product analysis by colorimetry (AOAC Methods, 1984, 36.243-36.247; J. R. Clements & S. H. Newburger, J. Assoc. Off. Agric. Chem., 1954, 37, 190).

MAMMALIAN TOXICOLOGY

Acute oral LD₅₀ for rats 2690, mice 1000, guinea pigs 1250, dogs 2000 mg/kg. NOEL In 90 d feeding trials, rats receiving 2000 mg/kg diet showed no ill-effects.

Toxicity class WHO III; EPA III.

ECOTOXICOLOGY

Fish Toxic to fish.

1,3-dichloropropene

Nematicide

CICH₂
$$C=C$$
 H $CICH2 $C=C$ H $C=C$ H $C=C$ H (E) $(Z)$$

NOMENCLATURE

Common name 1,3-dichloropropene (BSI, E-ISO accepted in lieu of a common name), dichloro-1,3 propene (F-ISO).

IUPAC name (EZ)-1,3-dichloropropene.

C.A. name 1,3-dichloro-1-propene. CAS RN [542-75-6] (E)- + (Z)- isomers; [10061-02-6] (E)- isomer; [10061-01-5] (Z)- isomer.

1,3-dichloropropene