

Singapore Physics Olympiad **2022**

Prannaya Gupta

22nd August 2022

Solution:

We know that for a standing wave, $L = n\frac{\lambda}{2}$. We can derive an expression by the velocity function of a string wave.

$$\begin{aligned}v &= \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}} \\ \frac{\lambda}{2} &= \frac{1}{2f} \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}} = \frac{1}{2f} \sqrt{\frac{mg}{\mu}} \\ n &= 2fL \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{mg}} \\ \mu &= mg \left(\frac{n}{2fL} \right)^2\end{aligned}$$

From this expression, we know that mass is inversely proportional to n^2 . Hence, we have the following:

$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \sqrt{\frac{447.0}{286.1}} = 1.24996 \approx \frac{5}{4}$$

Thus we have the values for n_1 and n_2 (which are both supposed to be integers). Thus,

$$\begin{aligned}\mu &= m_1 g \left(\frac{n_1}{2fL} \right)^2 \\ &= 286.1 \times 9.81 \times \left(\frac{5}{2 \times 120 \times 1.20} \right)^2 \\ &= \mathbf{0.84594}\end{aligned}$$