

# Infinite Stream of Electrons

Prannaya Gupta

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## 1 Question

Let's say you have an infinite stream of electrons spaced  $s = 1mm$  apart. These electrons are initially charged with an initial kinetic energy of  $E_k = 20keV$ . These electrons enter a changing magnetic field  $B_1 = B_0 \sqrt{e^{t^2-1} + 5}$ , where  $B_0 = 2.3232323232...T$  facing out of the page. Certainly, we can therefore gather that the stream tilts upwards, but let's just assume the radius  $r$  is constant.

After a time  $T = 5s$ , this stream exits the magnetic field to move an arbitrary distance upwards to enter a wire loop of mass  $M = 16kg$  and diameter  $d = 3cm$ . After exiting the loop, the electrons just leave to an electron storage, never to be seen again. Now, once there is assured to be absolutely no change in the current of the loop, a uniform magnetic field  $B_2 = 2.1111111...T$  facing downwards perpendicular to the electrons' motion before entering the loop is placed on the loop, and a torque is therefore exerted. Find the angular velocity of the loop when it rotates exactly  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  radians.

The moment of inertia of a hoop about any diameter,  $I_{hoop} = \frac{1}{2}MR^2$ .

The mass of an electron,  $m_e = 9.109383701528 \times 10^{-31}kg$ .

The elementary charge,  $q_e = 1.602176634 \times 10^{-19}C$ .

- A)  $3.26 \times 10^{-6} \text{ rad/s}$
- B)  $0.00181 \text{ rad/s}$
- C)  $0.00219 \text{ rad/s}$
- D)  **$0.0426 \text{ rad/s}$**
- E)  $1.37 \times 10^{13} \text{ rad/s}$

## 2 Solution

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{mv}{qB_o} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2m_e E_k}}{qB_o} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} qvB_1 &= \frac{mv^2}{r} \\ v &= \frac{rq}{m} B_1 \\ a &= \frac{rq}{m} \dot{B}_1 \\ F_{net} &= rq\dot{B}_1 \\ J &= \int_0^T F_{net} dt \\ &= rq[B_1(T) - B_1(0)] \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2m_e E_k}}{B_o} [B_o \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - B_o \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p_f &= p_i + J \\ &= \sqrt{2m_e E_k} + \frac{\sqrt{2m_e E_k}}{B_o} [B_o \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - B_o \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \\ &= \sqrt{2m_e E_k} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore v = \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= nAqv \\ &= \frac{N}{\pi d} q_e v \\ &= \frac{\pi d}{s} \frac{1}{\pi d} q_e v \\ &= \frac{q_e v}{s} \\ &= \frac{q_e}{s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\tau &= IAB_2 \\
&= \frac{q_e}{s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \cdot \pi \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \cos \theta \times B_2 \\
&= \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2 \cos \theta}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
E &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \tau d\theta \\
&= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \cos \theta d\theta \\
&= \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos \theta d\theta \\
&= \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] [\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) - \sin(0)] \\
&= \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \\
&= I_{loop} \omega^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
I_{loop} &= \frac{1}{2} MR^2 \\
&= \frac{1}{2} M \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \\
&= \frac{1}{8} Md^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
I_{loop} \omega^2 &= \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \\
\frac{1}{8} Md^2 \omega^2 &= \frac{\pi d^2 q_e B_2}{4s} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}] \\
\omega &= \sqrt{\frac{2\pi q_e B_2}{Ms} \sqrt{\frac{2E_k}{m_e}} [1 + \sqrt{e^{T^2-1} + 5} - \sqrt{e^{0^2-1} + 5}]}
\end{aligned}$$

Upon substitution, we get  $\omega = 0.042582009977078686 \text{ rad/s} \approx \mathbf{0.0426 \text{ rad/s}}$