

# N11 - teme lab01

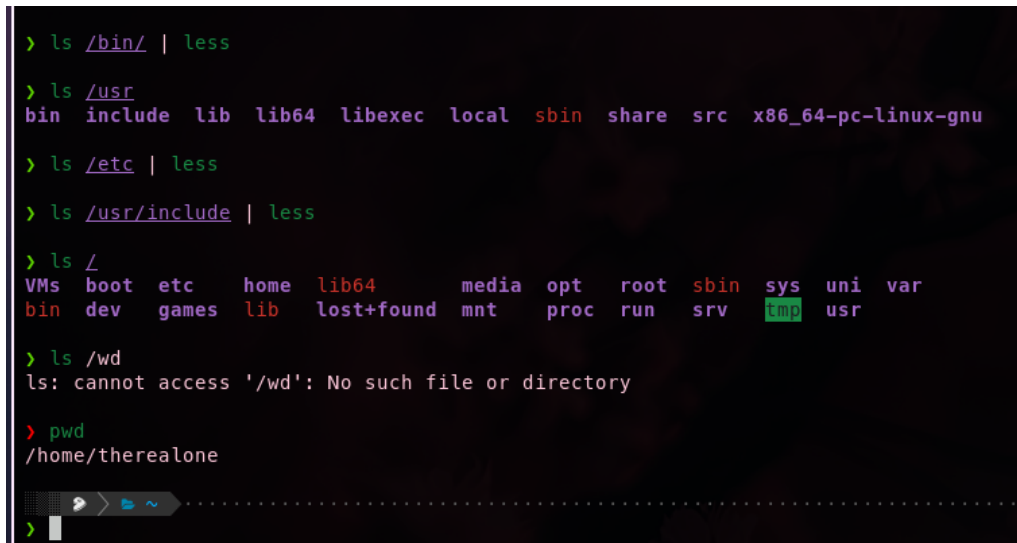
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2026-02-16 Mon

- 1 Listati continutul directoarelor `/`, `/bin`, `/usr`, `/etc`, `/usr/include`. Acolo unde este cazul, paginati listarea (`ls | less`). cautati, in fisierul `/usr/include/stdio.h`, textul `printf`.

## 1.1 List

```
ls /  
ls /bin | less  
ls /usr  
ls /etc | less  
ls /usr/include | less
```



```
> ls /bin/ | less  
  
> ls /usr  
bin  include  lib  lib64  libexec  local  sbin  share  src  x86_64-linux-gnu  
  
> ls /etc | less  
  
> ls /usr/include | less  
  
> ls /  
VMs  boot  etc  home  lib64  media  opt  root  sbin  sys  uni  var  
bin  dev  games  lib  lost+found  mnt  proc  run  srv  tmp  usr  
  
> ls /wd  
ls: cannot access '/wd': No such file or directory  
  
> pwd  
/home/therealone  
  
>
```

## 1.2 Concat

```
cat /usr/include/stdio.h | grep " printf "
```

```
> pwd
/home/therealone

> cat /usr/include/stdio.h | grep " printf "
/* Maximum length of printf output for a NaN. */
extern int printf (const char *__restrict __format, ...);

>
```

## 2 Creati, in directorul personal, urmatoarea structura de directoare si fisiere:

```
(dir. personal)
|
+-- abc
| +-- x (fisiere)
| +-- y (fisiere)
| +-- t1 (fisiere)
| +-- t2 (fisiere)
| +-- t3 (fisiere)
| +-- t (director)
| +-- a (fisiere)
| +-- b (fisiere)
|
+-- zz (director)
| +-- x (fisiere)
|
+-- tt (director)

mkdir -p abc/t zz/x tt

cd ./abc; touch x y t{1..3} a b; cd ..
```

```
> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env

> mkdir -p abc/t zz/x tt

cd ./abc; touch x y t{1..3} a b; cd ..

> find .
.
./tt
./abc
./abc/b
./abc/x
./abc/t2
./abc/t
./abc/t1
./abc/a
./abc/y
./abc/t3
./zz
./zz/x

9999_labs/1/env > on main ?
```

- 3 Copiati directorul abc cu tot continutul sau (recursiv) ca subdirector al lui zz (va rezulta un subdirector abc in zz)

```
cp -r ./abc ./zz
```

```
> cp -r ./abc ./zz

> ls zz
abc x

9999_labs/1/env > on main ?
```

- 4 Copiati continutul lui abc in directorul zz fara a suprascrie fisierele cu acelasi nume (x, in cazul nostru)

```
cp --update=none -r ./abc/* ./zz
```

```
> cp --update=none -r ./abc/* ./zz
```

```
> tree zz
```

```
zz
├── a
├── abc
│   ├── a
│   ├── b
│   ├── t
│   ├── t1
│   ├── t2
│   ├── t3
│   ├── x
│   └── y
├── b
├── t
├── t1
├── t2
├── t3
├── x
└── y
```

```
5 directories, 13 files
```

```
> 9999_labs/1/env > on main ?
```

## 5 copiatii fisierele t1 si t2 din abc in tt (folosind specificator generic)

```
cp ./abc/t{1..2} tt
```

```
> cp ./abc/t{1..2} tt

> tree tt

tt
├── t1
└── t2

1 directory, 2 files

>

9999_labs/1/env > on main ?
```

**6 Creați un director pe care să vă dați dreptul x fără a avea dreptul r. Creați în el un fișier. Ce observați? Dați-vă apoi dreptul r și luați-vă dreptul x. Ce observați ?**

### 6.1 Execute, no read

```
mkdir -m 300 foo
touch foo/bar
```

Pot crea fișiere în directorul respectiv (deoarece în acest caz, mi-am dat și permisiunea de scriere [write]), însă nu pot lista fișierele.

```
> # +x-r
> mkdir -m 300 foo
touch foo/bar

> ls
abc  foo  tt  zz

> cd foo

> ls
ls: cannot open directory '.': Permission denied

> echo foo
foo

> cat foo
cat: foo: No such file or directory

> cat bar

> echo idk > bar

> cat bar
idk

> stat bar
  File: bar
  Size: 4             Blocks: 8          IO Block: 4096   regular file
Device: 259,3  Inode: 5243153    Links: 1
Access: (0644/-rw-r--r--)  Uid: ( 1000/therealone)   Gid: ( 1000/therealone)
Access: 2026-02-26 20:25:44.395988550 +0200
Modify: 2026-02-26 20:25:40.779988589 +0200
Change: 2026-02-26 20:25:40.779988589 +0200
 Birth: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.829989029 +0200

> stat .
  File: .
  Size: 4096          Blocks: 8          IO Block: 4096   directory
Device: 259,3  Inode: 5243152    Links: 2
Access: (0300/d-wx-----)  Uid: ( 1000/therealone)   Gid: ( 1000/therealone)
Access: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.829989029 +0200
Modify: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.831501857 +0200
Change: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.831501857 +0200
 Birth: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.829989029 +0200

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env/foo

1/env/foo > on P main ? at 20:26:02
```

## 6.2 Read, no execute

```
chmod 600 foo
```

Acum nu mai am cum să schimb directorul în “\$(pwd)/foo”, și nu am cum să creez conținut în el, deoarece drepturile de execuție în directorul respectiv îmi sunt blocate.

```

> # -x+r
> .+
> ls
abc  foo  tt  zz
> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env
> chmod 600 foo
> cd foo
cd: permission denied: foo
> stat foo
File: foo
Size: 4096      Blocks: 8      IO Block: 4096   directory
Device: 259,3  Inode: 5243152   Links: 2
Access: (0600/drw-----)  Uid: ( 1000/therealone)   Gid: ( 1000/therealone)
Access: 2026-02-26 20:26:31.093988035 +0200
Modify: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.831501857 +0200
Change: 2026-02-26 20:26:31.068988035 +0200
Birth: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.829989029 +0200
> touch foo/somefile
touch: cannot touch 'foo/somefile': Permission denied
> cat foo/bar
cat: foo/bar: Permission denied
> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env
>

```

## 7 Dati drepturile potrivite astfel incat oricine sa poata vizualiza con- tinutul directoarelor abc si abc/t, sa poata adauga fisiere in abc/t, sa poata citi fisierele x, y, t1, t2, t3 din abc dar sa nu poata citi fisierele a si b din abc/t

```

chmod a+rx abc abc/t
chmod a+w abc/t

for f in x y t{1..3}; do
    chmod a+r "abc/${f}"
done

for f in a b; do
    chmod a-r "abc/t/${f}"
done

```

```

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env

> ls
abc  foo  tt  zz

> chmod a+rx abc abc/t
chmod a+w abc/t

for f in x y t{1..3}; do
    chmod a+r "abc/${f}"
done

for f in a b; do
    chmod a-r "abc/t/${f}"
done

> ls
abc  foo  tt  zz

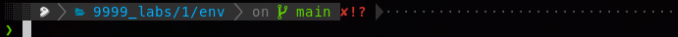
> stat abc
  File: abc
  Size: 4096      Blocks: 8      IO Block: 4096   directory
Device: 259,3   Inode: 5243125   Links: 3
Access: (0755/drwxr-xr-x)  Uid: ( 1000/therealone)   Gid: ( 1000/therealone)
Access: 2026-02-26 21:22:23.954951100 +0200
Modify: 2026-02-26 20:22:29.000000000 +0200
Change: 2026-02-26 21:22:23.924951100 +0200
 Birth: 2026-02-26 20:56:33.582968179 +0200

> stat abc/t
  File: abc/t
  Size: 4096      Blocks: 8      IO Block: 4096   directory
Device: 259,3   Inode: 5243129   Links: 2
Access: (0777/drwxrwxrwx)  Uid: ( 1000/therealone)   Gid: ( 1000/therealone)
Access: 2026-02-26 21:22:23.954951100 +0200
Modify: 2026-02-26 20:28:51.000000000 +0200
Change: 2026-02-26 21:22:23.926461818 +0200
 Birth: 2026-02-26 20:56:33.582968179 +0200

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env

> ls
abc  foo  tt  zz

```


 9999\_labs/1/env > on main x!? at 21:22:54



```

> ls -lsa
total 24
4 drwxr-xr-x 6 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:25 .
4 drwxr-xr-x 3 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:22 ..
4 drwxr-xr-x 3 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:22 abc
4 drw----- 2 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:25 foo
4 drwxr-xr-x 2 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:24 tt
4 drwxr-xr-x 5 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:23 zz

> ls -lsa abc
total 12
4 drwxr-xr-x 3 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:22 .
4 drwxr-xr-x 6 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:25 ..
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 a
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 b
4 drwxrwxrwx 2 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:28 t
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 t1
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 t2
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 t3
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 x
0 -rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 y

> ls -lsa abc/t
total 8
4 drwxrwxrwx 2 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:28 .
4 drwxr-xr-x 3 therealone therealone 4096 Feb 26 20:22 ..
0 --w----- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:28 a
0 --w----- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:28 b

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1/env

> # POZA 2

```

## 8 Listati in format lung fisierele t, t1, t2, t3 din abc (sa se vada drepturile de acces asupra lui t, nu asupra fisiereilor din el)

```

ls -l "abc/t"
ls -l "abc/t{1..3}"

```

```

> # Listati in format lung fisierele t, t1, t2, t3 din abc (sa se vada drepturile de acces asupra lui t, nu asupra
  fisierelelor din el

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/SO/9999_labs/1/env

> for f in t t{1..3}; do
  ls -l "abc/${f}"
done

total 0
--w----- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:28 a
--w----- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:28 b
-rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 abc/t1
-rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 abc/t2
-rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 abc/t3

> ls -l abc/t
total 0
--w----- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:28 a
--w----- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:28 b

> ls -l abc/t{1..3}
-rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 abc/t1
-rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 abc/t2
-rw-r--r-- 1 therealone therealone 0 Feb 26 20:22 abc/t3

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/SO/9999_labs/1/env
>

```

## 9 Comanda copy /dev/zero /dev/null este un fel de 'ciclu infinit' (nu se termina). Lansati-o, mutati-o in background, listati procesele active, terminati comanda (in ambele variante: mutata in foreground si oprita cu ^C, sau cu kill).

```

cp /dev/zero /dev/null &
ps -aux | grep "cp /dev/zero /dev/null"

```

*# First variant*

```

fg
#C c

```

*# Re-run*

```

cp /dev/zero /dev/null &
kill $! # Kill last process ID

```

```

> # Comanda copy /dev/zero /dev/null este un fel de 'ciclu infinit' (nu se termina). Lansati-o, mutati-o in backgr
  ound, listati procesele active, terminati comanda (in ambele variante: mutata in foreground si oprita cu ^C, sau c
  u kill).

> cp /dev/zero /dev/null &
ps -aux | grep "cp /dev/zero /dev/null"

[1] 34144
thereal+ 34144 0.0 0.0 6264 2444 pts/0 RN 20:35 0:00 cp /dev/zero /dev/null
thereal+ 34146 0.0 0.0 6844 2416 pts/0 S+ 20:35 0:00 grep cp /dev/zero /dev/null

> fg
[1] + running cp /dev/zero /dev/null
^C

> cp /dev/zero /dev/null &
[1] 34506

> kill 34506
[1] + terminated cp /dev/zero /dev/null

> fg
fg: no current job

>

```

## 10 Arhivati structura de directoare folosind utilitarul zip sau utilitarele tar si gz.

### 10.1 Zip

```
zip -r structure.zip src
```

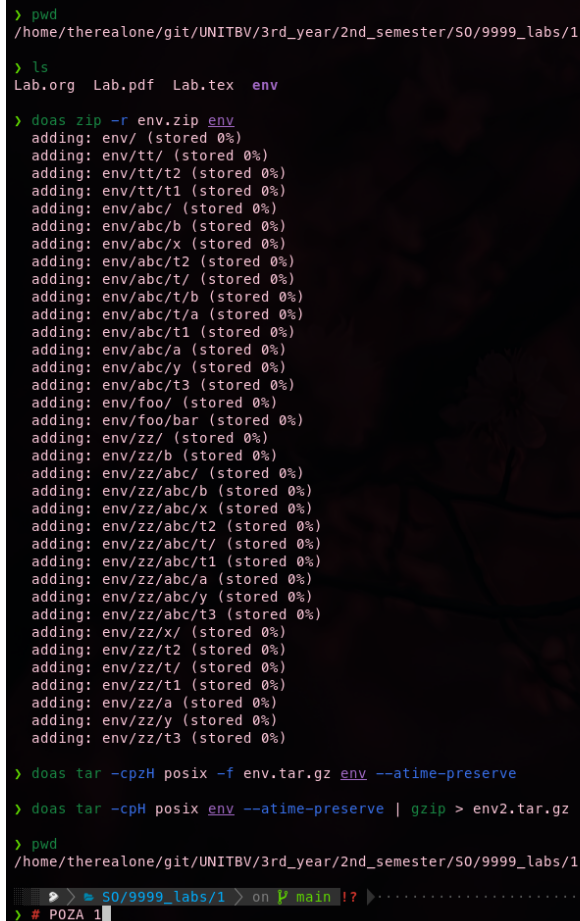
### 10.2 GNU Tar + GNU Zip

```
tar -cpzH posix -f structure.tar.gz src --atime-preserve
```

*# Or pipe*

```
tar -cpH posix src --atime-preserve | gzip > structure2.tar.gz
```

### 10.3 Screenshot



```
> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1

> ls
Lab.org  Lab.pdf  Lab.tex  env

> doas zip -r env.zip env
adding: env/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/tt/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/tt/t2 (stored 0%)
adding: env/tt/t1 (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/b (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/x (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/t2 (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/t/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/t/b (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/t/a (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/t1 (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/a (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/y (stored 0%)
adding: env/abc/t3 (stored 0%)
adding: env/foo/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/foo/bar (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/b (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/b (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/x (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/t2 (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/t/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/t1 (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/a (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/y (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/abc/t3 (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/x/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/t2 (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/t/ (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/t1 (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/a (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/y (stored 0%)
adding: env/zz/t3 (stored 0%)

> doas tar -cpzH posix -f env.tar.gz env --atime-preserve

> doas tar -cpH posix env --atime-preserve | gzip > env2.tar.gz

> pwd
/home/therealone/git/UNITBV/3rd_year/2nd_semester/S0/9999_labs/1

> # POZA 1
```

## 11 Stergeti directoarele si refaceti structura pornind de la arhiva. Verificati conservarea datei creerii si drepturilor de acces.

### 11.1 Remove dirs

```
for f in $(find src); do
    stat "${f}" >> old.txt
done
```

```
rm -rf src
```

### 11.2 Unarchive

#### 11.2.1 ZIP

```
unzip structure.zip
```

#### 11.2.2 GNU Tar + GNU Zip

```
tar -xzf structure.tar.gz
```

*# Or pipe*

```
gunzip -c structure.tar.gz | tar -xf -
```

### 11.3 Verify

```
for f in $(find src); do
    stat "${f}" >> new.txt
done
```

```
diff new.txt old.txt
```

## 11.4 Screenshot

```
> ls
Lab.org Lab.pdf Lab.tex env env.tar.gz env.zip env2.tar.gz

> for f in $(find env); do
  doas stat "${f}" >> old.txt
done

> tar -xzf structure.tar.gz
tar (child): structure.tar.gz: Cannot open: No such file or directory
tar (child): Error is not recoverable: exiting now
tar: Child returned status 2
tar: Error is not recoverable: exiting now

> tar -xzf env.tar.gz
tar: env/foo/bar: Cannot open: Permission denied
tar: Exiting with failure status due to previous errors

> doas tar -xzf env.tar.gz

> ls
Lab.org Lab.pdf Lab.tex env env.tar.gz env.zip env2.tar.gz old.txt

> stat env
  File: env
  Size: 4096          Blocks: 8          IO Block: 4096   directory
Device: 259,3 Inode: 5242905    Links: 6
Access: (0755/drwxr-xr-x)  Uid: ( 1000/therealone)  Gid: ( 1000/therealone)
Access: 2026-02-26 21:05:19.546962385 +0200
Modify: 2026-02-26 20:25:00.000000000 +0200
Change: 2026-02-26 21:05:19.522962385 +0200
 Birth: 2026-02-26 20:56:33.582968179 +0200

> for f in $(find env); do
  doas stat "${f}" >> new.txt
done

>

> diff new.txt old.txt

5c5
< Access: 2026-02-26 21:05:19.546962385 +0200
---
> Access: 2026-02-26 20:56:33.609968179 +0200
7c7
< Change: 2026-02-26 21:05:19.522962385 +0200
---
> Change: 2026-02-26 20:56:33.584215949 +0200
13c13
< Access: 2026-02-26 21:05:19.546962385 +0200
---
> Access: 2026-02-26 20:56:33.609968179 +0200
15c15
```