

10 prominent civil buildings of Bengal

Soumadeep Ghosh

Kolkata, India

Abstract

In this paper, I describe 10 prominent civil buildings of Bengal.
The paper ends with "The End"

Introduction

There exist **many** civil buildings in Bengal with specific purpose and design.
Some of them are **naturally magical**, others are **esoteric** and yet others are **occult**.
In this paper, I describe 10 prominent civil buildings of Bengal.

10 prominent civil buildings of Bengal

1. Indian Bungalow

An Indian Bungalow is the original equivalent of the Greco-Roman House, lodging up to 20 individuals.

2. Durga Puja Mandap

A Durga Puja Mandap is the original equivalent of the Greco-Roman Pillared Hall, where Goddess Durga is worshiped.

3. Portuguese Villa

A Portuguese Villa is a modern smaller equivalent of the Greco-Roman House, lodging up to 10 individuals.

4. The Greek Embassy

The Greek Embassy is the original diplomatic link of Bengal to the Greco-Roman Empire, lodging up to 20 individuals.

5. The Chinatown

The Chinatown was the original Chinese settlement of Chinese individuals in Kolkata and continues to exist as of this writing.

6. The Last Nawab's Tomb

The Last Nawab's Tomb is the final resting place of the Last Nawab of Bengal, which marked the end of the Muslim rule in Bengal and the beginning of British-Indian rule in India.

7. The Late Nobel Laureate's Ancestral Home

The Late Nobel Laureate's Ancestral Home now houses a University and a Museum, both dedicated to the Late Nobel Laureate.

8. The National Library

The National Library in Kolkata is home to major works of academics, intellectuals and houses many tomes of knowledge.

9. The City Planetarium

The City Planetarium is home to the latest tools, models and equipment for Astronomy, Astrophysics and Space science.

10. The City Zoo

The City Zoo is home to many species of botanical and zoological interest, including flora, fauna, primates, snakes, birds, insects and cats.

The End