The mathematics and dynamics of exodus

Soumadeep Ghosh

Kolkata, India

Abstract

In this paper, I describe the mathematics and dynamics of exodus. The paper ends with "The End" $\,$

Introduction

Exodus is a phenomenon that has occurred many times in economic history. In this paper, I describe the mathematics and dynamics of exodus.

The definition of exodus

Exodus is defined as a population dividing itself between two areas.

The mathematics of exodus

The mathematics of exodus is

$$T = P + Q$$

$$A = M + N$$

$$\delta = \frac{P}{M}$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{Q}{N}$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{\delta}{1 + r_f + p_e}$$
whence
$$p_e = \frac{NP}{MQ} - r_f - 1$$

where

A is the area **before** exodus T is the population in area A **before** exodus P is the population in area M **after** exodus Q is the population in area N **after** exodus M is the area of population A **after** exodus N is the area of population B **after** exodus S is the **population density** in area S is the **population density** in area S is the **population density** in area S is the risk-free rate S is the **exodus premium**

The dynamics of exodus

- 1. When $p_e = 0$, exodus **does not occur**.
 - 2. When $p_e \neq 0$, exodus **begins**.
 - 3. When $p_e = 0$, exodus **ends**.

The End