# 數學常用公式 2

## 求n取m的排列

$$\bullet \quad P_k^n = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!}$$

## 本末倒置(數值反轉後的差必為 9 的倍數)

- 證明數值反轉後的差必為 9 的倍數:
  - o 反轉
    - 4321 ⇒ 1234
    - 96321 ⇒ 12369
  - 。 二位數的本末倒置

10 - 1  = 9	20 - 2  = 18	30 - 3  = 27	40 - 4  = 36	50 - 5  = 45	60 - 6  = 54	70 - 7  = 63	80 - 8  = 72	90 - 9  = 81
	21 – 12  = 9	31 – 13  = 18	41 – 14  = 27	51 – 15  = 36	61 – 16  = 45	71 – 17  = 54	81 – 18  = 63	91 – 19  = 72
12 – 21  = 9		32 - 23  = 9	42 – 24  = 18	52 – 25  = 27	62 - 26  = 36	72 - 27  = 45	82 - 28  = 54	92 – 29  = 63
13 – 31  = 18	23 – 32  = 9		43 - 34  = 9	53 – 35  = 18	63 – 36  = 27	73 - 37  = 36	83 – 38  = 45	93 – 39  = 54
14 – 41  = 27	24 – 42  = 18	34 – 43  = 9		54 – 45  = 9	64 – 46  = 18	74 – 47  = 27	84 – 48  = 36	94 – 49  = 45
15 – 51  = 36	25 – 52  = 27	35 – 53  = 18	45 – 54  = 9		65 – 56  = 9	75 – 57  = 18	85 <b>-</b> 58  <b>=</b> 27	95 – 59  = 36
16 - 61  = 45	26 – 62  = 36	36 – 63  = 27	46 – 64  = 18	56 – 65  = 9		76 – 67  = 9	86 – 68  = 18	96 – 69  = 27
17 – 71  = 54	27 – 72  = 45	37 – 73  = 36	47 – 74  = 27	57 – 75  = 18	67 – 76  = 9		87 – 78  = 9	97 – 79  = 18
18 - 81  = 63	28 – 82  = 54	38 – 83  = 45	48 – 84  = 36	58 – 85  = 27	68 – 86  = 18	78 – 87  = 9		98 – 89  = 9
19 – 91  = 72	29 – 92  = 63	39 – 93  = 54	49 – 94  = 45	59 – 95  = 36	69 – 96  = 27	79 – 97  = 18	89 – 98  = 9	

- 公式推導
  - 令 a = 10x + y
    - $0 < x \le 9$
    - 0 ≤ y ≤ 9
    - x ≠ y
  - $\blacksquare$   $\Rightarrow$  |(10x + y) (10y + x)| = |9x 9y| = 9|x y|
  - ⇒ 反轉後的差必為 9 的倍數
- 。 三位數的本末倒置

100 – 1  = 99	200 – 2  = 198	300 – 3  = 297		700 – 7  = 693	800 - 8  = 792	900 – 9  = 891
	201 – 102  = 99	301 – 103  = 198		701 – 107  = 594	801 – 108  = 693	901 – 109  = 792
102 – 201  = 99		302 – 203  = 99		702 – 207  = 495	802 – 208  = 594	902 – 209  = 693
:	:	:	:	:	:	:
197 – 791  = 594	297 – 792  = 495	397 – 793  = 396			897 – 798  = 99	997 – 799  = 198
198 – 891  = 693	298 – 892  = 594	398 – 893  = 495		798 – 897  = 99		998 – 899  = 99
199 – 991  = 792	299 – 992  = 693	399 – 993  = 594		799 – 997  = 198	899 – 998  = 99	

■ 公式推導

■ 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 a = 100x + 10y + z

■ 
$$0 < x \le 9$$

$$0 \le z \le 9$$

- $\Rightarrow$  |(100x + 10y + z) (100z + 10y + x)| = |99x 99z| = 99|x z| = 9 \* 11|x z|
- ⇒ 反轉後的差必為 99 的倍數,也就是 9 的倍數

#### 多項式

• 
$$(a+b)^k = x_1 a^k + x_2 a^{k-1} b + x_3 a^{k-2} b^2 + \dots + x_{k+1} b^k$$

### 平方和公式 + 等差級數公式

$$egin{align} ullet \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 &= 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = rac{n^3}{3} + rac{n^2}{2} + rac{n}{6} = rac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \ S_n &= rac{n}{2} \left( a + a_n 
ight) \ &= rac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d] \ &= an + d \cdot rac{n(n-1)}{2} \ \end{aligned}$$